

THE BARNWELL PEOPLE.

VOL. XXXIV

BARNWELL, S. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1911

NO 34

WILL HELP SOME

Democrats First Reform Measure Formally Presented.

THAT FREE LIST BILL

Designed to Help the Farmers Reported to the House by the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee.

The majority report of the ways and means committee on the "farmers' free list bill," submitted to the house Wednesday by O. W. Underwood, chairman, is a merger of Democratic political argument and an analysis of the proposed duty exemptions.

The report shows that the bill would reduce the tariff revenue by \$10,000,000, based on the importations for the last fiscal year, an amount described as "inconsiderable in comparison with the great saving and advantages to all of our people from the additions to the free list provided for."

Quoting President Taft's recent Canadian reciprocity speech, the report seeks to convey the impression that the administration is convinced that protective tariff rates are too high.

In several public addresses, it says, "the president has admitted that tariff rates are too high, that such rates have resulted in excessively high prices for the people, and that they have not received the long promised benefits of domestic competition under high protective duties."

Referring to the president's statement that the Republican party had modified its tariff policy, so as to limit its purposes of protection to the difference in cost of production here and abroad with a reasonable profit to the American producer, the committee report says:

"This is a confession that the Republican platform of 1908, that the tariff of high protective duties as set forth by the Republican party has broken down, that such duties have been a burden upon the people, and that the tariff of protection American manufacturers have imposed upon the people is a burden upon the people. And the result is that the tariff of protection American manufacturers have imposed upon the people is a burden upon the people."

The committee report also states that the tariff of high protective duties as set forth by the Republican party has broken down, that such duties have been a burden upon the people, and that the tariff of protection American manufacturers have imposed upon the people is a burden upon the people.

The committee report also states that the tariff of high protective duties as set forth by the Republican party has broken down, that such duties have been a burden upon the people, and that the tariff of protection American manufacturers have imposed upon the people is a burden upon the people.

The committee report also states that the tariff of high protective duties as set forth by the Republican party has broken down, that such duties have been a burden upon the people, and that the tariff of protection American manufacturers have imposed upon the people is a burden upon the people.

The committee report also states that the tariff of high protective duties as set forth by the Republican party has broken down, that such duties have been a burden upon the people, and that the tariff of protection American manufacturers have imposed upon the people is a burden upon the people.

The committee report also states that the tariff of high protective duties as set forth by the Republican party has broken down, that such duties have been a burden upon the people, and that the tariff of protection American manufacturers have imposed upon the people is a burden upon the people.

The committee report also states that the tariff of high protective duties as set forth by the Republican party has broken down, that such duties have been a burden upon the people, and that the tariff of protection American manufacturers have imposed upon the people is a burden upon the people.

The committee report also states that the tariff of high protective duties as set forth by the Republican party has broken down, that such duties have been a burden upon the people, and that the tariff of protection American manufacturers have imposed upon the people is a burden upon the people.

The committee report also states that the tariff of high protective duties as set forth by the Republican party has broken down, that such duties have been a burden upon the people, and that the tariff of protection American manufacturers have imposed upon the people is a burden upon the people.

INVADE MEXICO

FOR US TO DO SO MIGHT BRING ON MANY COMPLICATIONS.

Congress Realizes That the Situation Is Very Complex, and Are Working With President Taft.

"An invasion of Mexico designed for a limited and temporary purpose might be like touching a match to a tinder house."

Senator Bacon of Georgia, ranking minority member of the senate committee on foreign relations, Wednesday thus epitomized the sentiment of leaders of both parties in the two branches of congress.

While recognizing the gravity of the situation in Mexico, congress is satisfied that the president is doing everything that can be done under the circumstances, and nowhere is there seen the slightest disposition to embarrass him or his programme.

It was learned at the close of a conference at the White House Wednesday, at which were Senator Culbertson, chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations, and Representative Sulzer, chairman of the house committee on foreign affairs, that President Taft for the present at least does not contemplate sending a congress a special message dealing with Mexican affairs.

The president, however, is keeping the leaders in both parties in congress thoroughly acquainted with developments, with the result that the closest co-operation exists between the capitol and the White House.

Senator Bacon, while admitting the situation was complex, was emphatic in declaring that the time for intervention not only had not arrived but that up to the present nothing of serious enough importance had occurred to warrant consideration of the subject.

"Our troops should go into Mexican territory only with the direction of a congress," he said. "Armed invasion would be an act of war and congress alone has power to declare war. I am entirely confident that the president will not order an invasion except under direction of congress."

I regard the situation as most delicate and embarrassing because of the danger of becoming involved in a deplorable conflict with the people of another country, and also because of the importance of protecting the interests of our people from such an invasion as those of Vera Cruz.

Under existing and threatened conditions very great care must be taken to prevent embroiling this government in a conflict with the Mexican people. I do not think that anything less than the most extreme necessity would justify an invasion. The consequences would be far-reaching in many respects and the end no one could foresee.

Positive assurance that the Mexican government will adopt a definite restrictive policy along the border and news from Douglas that the republicans have expected Vera Cruz did not mean to release the high tension under which President Taft and members of his cabinet have labored. The assurance from Mexico of a belated demand of the border towns must be stopped.

At Asheville Mrs. Hattie Fox, a fortune teller, and her blind husband were situated Wednesday when a fire broke out in the building in which they lived was swept by fire. The flames were started by an overturned oil stove. Firemen saw the woman at a window but were unable to reach her through the smoke, before she was dead.

Explosion of Gasoline. At All City, Ala. Elman Turner, white, and Harrison Curry, colored, were seriously injured, and the drug store of Dr. R. A. Martin was practically wrecked by an explosion of gasoline Wednesday. The two men went into the cellar of the drug store, and it being dark, they lighted a lamp. Gasoline from a leaking became ignited.

President Taft is again referred to the report quoting from his speech of February 26, 1911, in which he said: "By giving our people access to Canadian forests we shall reduce the consumption of our own, which in the hands of a comparatively few owners now have a value that requires the enlargement of our available timber resources."

Sewing machines, the report avers, are sold abroad by American manufacturers cheaper than at home, and should not be protected. The manufacturers would have by the proposed bill the additional advantages of free lumber.

A PAIR OF FOOLS

BOY AND GIRL LOCKED UP IN THE COLUMBIA JAIL.

Girl Attempts to Jump from Window Rather than Return Home or Testify Against Boy.

The State says that a pretty girl, Miss Lillian Reed, who says she is only a few months past 17 years old and a youth of 17, both from Augusta, are held in the Columbia county jail. It seems that the young man, whose name is R. H. Watson, has been in Columbia for several days. He and the girl were registered at a boarding house as Mr. and Mrs. Watson.

Everything went well for the couple until the landlady was told of the true state of affairs. She telephoned the girl's mother. In the meantime friends of the pair "tipped them off." They promptly moved to another boarding house. Chief of Police Cathcart was wired to arrest them. This was done on Main street, the two young persons going to headquarters with Detective Richardson without any trouble.

Watson endeavored to get a notary public of Columbia to marry them and he consented to do so. While he went after Miss Reed the officer appeared on the scene and nabbed the couple on their way to the notary's office.

C. C. Reed, the father of the young girl, came to Columbia and promptly went to police headquarters, where he secured his daughter's release. The young man was detained and turned over to Magistrate Fowles, being indicted under the charge of carrying a minor from her parents.

Sobbing as though her heart would break, Lillian Reed, said to be a mere child in age, although she looks much older, stated frankly to Magistrate Fowles that she would not return to her home with her father and she would not appear as a witness for the prosecution, should the case be brought to trial.

In the midst of the excitement she dashed for the window and would have jumped to the ground below, but was prevented from accomplishing this purpose. She tried to break away a second time and throw herself out of the window.

Miss Reed was required to give bond to appear as a witness, and not being able to do so was sent to jail with Watson. In Augusta Watson worked as a soda dispenser. The girl said that Watson bought a ticket and sent it to her to come to Columbia, while she stated that Watson said Miss Reed followed him to Columbia.

Wednesday night they both spent in the Richmond county jail and there they will stay until some satisfactory settlement can be made. C. C. Reed, the girl's father, went to Augusta Wednesday night.

HERO YIELDS UP LIFE. Young White Man Dies Trying to Save Negro Boy.

H. H. Brown, the brave sewerage inspector who died into the manhole in a high street in Charleston on Tuesday, has been the subject of a heroic deed. He was the only one who tried to rescue the boy, who was thrown into the manhole, without having received any assistance, in spite of the hard work of a number of others and nurses who stood over him from the time of his being sent into the institution. Dr. R. B. Bickel, the medical student, who finally effected the rescue of the boy's body and brought it to the surface, is himself in a bad way, according to the report made by the doctors of his condition. The verdict of the coroner's jury was accidental death in both cases. The body of Brown, who was well known in Northok, his home Wednesday afternoon, accompanied by Mr. Dunlap, sewerage engineer.

MORGAN WALKED TO FREEDOM. Mystery of Confederate General's Escape Finally Solved.

The General John H. Morgan, the Confederate leader, whose mysterious escape from the Ohio penitentiary at Columbus, November 27, 1863, together with five of his staff, has puzzled historians for almost half a century, walked out of the penitentiary to freedom through the front gate, either boldly or aided by officials at the institution, is the belief of the authorities at the prison. After 48 years of seclusion, the alleged Morgan tunnel was uncovered Tuesday by prisoners excavating for new cell blocks. Contrary to history it has proved not to have been a tunnel dug by the six men with spoons, but an air chamber built when the building was erected, and extending from the main building to the old chapel. It does not extend outside the walls.

Took His Own Life. John S. Hunt, agent of the Southern Railway and postmaster, at Brownsboro, Ala., shot himself Wednesday. A postoffice inspector went to Brownsboro to check him up. Hunt turned the office over to him, walked home and out to the barn, then climbed into the loft and shot himself in the breast, the bullet striking the heart. Railroad officials and postoffice inspector are checking up Hunt's accounts. Hunt has a wife and son.

TOWNS OF STATE

Their Population as Revealed by the Census Taken Last Year.

STEADY GROWTH SHOWN

Statistics for One Hundred and Fifty-five Cities, Towns and Villages in South Carolina Shows Steady Growth in Most of Them Since the Last Census.

Statistics of population of 155 incorporated towns and cities in South Carolina, as contained in the advance sheets of the census report for 1910, contain some features of considerable interest. Most of the statistics for larger towns have already been published, but for the sake of convenience they are reprinted along with the smaller places, which have not been given before. The statistics for towns and cities follow:

Town	1910
Abbeville	4,459
Aiken	3,911
Alcolu	458
Allendale	1,453
Anderson	9,634
Appleton	156
Bamberg	1,937
Barnwell	1,341
Batesburg	1,945
Beaufort	2,482
Beltone	1,652
Bennettsville	317
Bethune	196
Bingham	156
Bishopville	1,659
Blackburg	1,119
Blackstock	192
Blackville	1,278
Blenheim	228
Bluffton	577
Bolen	160
Boyan	327
Bradley	279
Branchville	1,471
Brunson	610
Calhoun	215
Calhoun Falls	296
Camden	3,569
Cameron	421
Campobello	255
Carlisle	367
Central	886
Chapin	345
Chapinville	150
Charleston	58,833
Cheraw	2,873
Cherokee Falls	591
Chester	4,754
Chesterfield	618
Cinton	3,272
Cho	780
Clover	1,207
Cokesbury	756
Columbia	26,319
Conway	1,228
Cope	174
Corona	199
Corryville	418
Cowpens	1,191
Cross Hill	558
Darlington	5,789
Denmark	1,075
Dillon	1,747
Donalds	298
Doswell	169
Due West	672
Duncan	190
Durham	2,983
Eastover	217
Eau Claire	1,234
Elizabethtown	190
Edgefield	1,771
Edgemont	112
Edgemoor	315
Elko	114
Ellenton	367
Ellerbe	540
Estill	460
Eutawville	405
Fairfax	499
Florence	7,057
Forestburg	115
Fork	134
Fort Lawn	204
Fort Mill	1,616
Fort Motte	392
Fountain Inn	979
Gaffney	4,767
Georgetown	5,530
Glenn Springs	178
Govan	111
Gray Court	284
Greenville	639
Greenville	15,741
Greenwood	6,614
Greer	1,673
Grover	67
Hampton	548
Hartsville	150
Hartsville	2,365
Heath Springs	452
Helena	425
Hendersonville	319
Hickory Grove	248
Hodges	266
Holly Hill	342
Honea Path	1,762
Inman	474
Irmo	287
Iva	894
Jacksonboro	54
Jefferson	390
Johnston	943
Jonesville	969
Kelton	92
Kemper	62
Kershaw	682
Kingstree	1,372
Kilke	199
Lake City	1,074
Lamar	592
Lancaster	2,098
Landerum	449
Latta	1,358
Laurens	4,818
Leesville	980
Leewardale	162
Lexington	709
Liberty	1,058
Lincolnton	341

Little Mountain	440
Little Rock	99
Livingston	168
Loria	229
Lowndesville	350
Lowryville	343
Lucknow	139
Lynchburg	466
McBee	187
McColl	1,628
McConnaught	279
McDonnell	613
Mallory	96
Mauldin	3,844
Marysville	473
Maysville	761
Midway	96
Modest	108
Moncks Corner	232
Monetta	122
Moultrieville	1,011
Mount Carmel	264
Mount Pleasant	1,346
Moutville	150
Mullins	1,832
Neeses	143
New Brookland	909
Newberry	5,023
Nichols	115
Ninety-six	758
Norris	180
North	561
North Augusta	1,136
Norway	315
Olanta	230
Olar	560
Orangeburg	5,906
Pacolet	410
Pageland	360
Pakes Mill	157
Parksville	197
Patrick	98
Paxville	175
Peak	182
Pendleton	822
Perry	119
Pickens	897
Pinewood	447
Plym Branch	145
Port Royal	363
Princeton	182
Prosperity	737
Reesville	205
Redville	177
Richburg	245
Ridge Spring	505
Ridgeland	330
Ridgeville	309
Ridgeway	370
Rock Hill	7,243
Rowesville	508
Ruby	194
St. George	957
St. Matthews	1,377
St. Stephens	408
Salem	139
Salley	311
Saluda	610
Scotia	189
Cranton	308
Sealingville	113
Sellers	458
Seneca	1,313
Shandon	795
Sharon	374
Simpsonville	521
Smyrna	109
Snelling	338
Spartanburg	17,517
Springfield	438
Summerton	678
Summerville	2,355
Summit	87
Sunderland	8,109
Swanee	523
Spartan	99
Spartan	225
Timmons	1,708
Tirzah	128
Townsville	225
Travelers Rest	60
Trident	257
Troy	198
Troy	233
Timers	190
Union	5,623
Vance	97
Varnville	542
Wagner	362
Walhalla	1,595
Walterboro	1,677
Wards	183
Waterloo	191
Wellford	370
West Union	328
Westminster	1,576
Westville	847
White Rock	85
Whitmites	1,045
Williamston	1,957
Willington	365
Williston	624
Winnabow	1,754
Woodford	196
Woodruff	1,880
Yemassee	256
Yorkville	2,326
Zion	195

MIGHTY SUBMARINE

SHE IS A VERITABLE UNDERWATER DREADNAUGHT.

Carries Hydroplanes, Wheels and a Heavy Rudder as a Safety Device. May Cross the Atlantic Ocean.

The largest and most formidable submarine ever constructed for the United States government will be given a trial trip soon. If the craft proves a success it will have a large bearing on the future of the navy, will tend to increase the importance of surface war vessels, and at the same time to lessen the importance of the great battleship. The experiment will be watched with the keenest interest in navy circles. It is the intention to cruise to New York with the boat on her trial trip and then to Bridgeport. Later it is expected the strange craft will be sent across the Atlantic.

Among the features of the new submarine are hydroplanes. These correspond to the planes of an aeroplane and are designed for the purpose of steadying the boat and holding it even when under water. Another feature is the drop keel, which weighs several tons, and can be released in case of an accident, thus adding to the buoyancy of the vessel. On the bottom of the boat are wheels calculated to protect the bottom when the vessel drops down to the bed of the ocean.

Various other features are important in the construction of this type of submarine. Enough storage air is provided for forty-eight hours under water. The vessel is provided with powerful gasoline engines, which propel her when running at the surface. But under the water the power is furnished by storage batteries.

Its length is 161 feet and its displacement about 535 tons. The Government contracts calls for 14 knots speed, but it is expected to make 18. This is when the submarine is traveling on the surface. The submerged speed called for by the contract is nine and a half knots.

It is designed to travel alone. The armament consists of six torpedo tubes and room aboard is provided for ten torpedoes. The crew will consist of about 22 members. Lieut. Kenneth Whiting of the navy is now in command.

If the Seal bears out all the representations made concerning it, it is easy to see that naval warfare will be to a large extent revolutionized.

SERVED THEM RIGHT. Storekeeper Made to Pay for Using Lady's Photograph.

Members of the Supreme Court of the United States Wednesday put their heads together to determine if a pretty woman, particularly a pretty New York woman may prevent the use of her photograph for advertising or trade purposes. Photographers, newspapers and moving picture men are said to be vitally concerned.

The Court was hearing the case of Mrs. Alda T. Rhodes, of Brooklyn, N. Y. One day, arrayed in her wedding gown, she had her photograph taken for a birthday present for her husband. Not long afterward, her sister-in-law remarked, "I saw your picture to-day in the window of a trading stamp store."

Mrs. Rhodes got from the company exhibiting her photo a \$1,000 judgment. Now the Supreme Court is asked to annul, as unconstitutional, the New York statute making it a misdemeanor to use a photo for advertising or trade purposes without the consent of the subject.

STEAMER IS WRECKED. Eight Persons Drowned in Transferring Passengers.

The Portuguese mail steamer Lusitania is piled up on Hellows Rock, two miles southwest of the Cape of Good Hope. Eight persons were drowned during the transfer of the 800 passengers and crew from the wreck to the British warship Forte and a government tug. Those lost were four men, two women and two children, occupants of two small boats which capsized. Their companions were rescued. The Lusitania was bound from Mozambique for Lisbon when she struck on the sunken rocks. There is no hope of saving her.

Two Killed by Gas. Two men were registered as John Costello of Salisbury, N. C., and Matthews McIntyre, Harrie house, Mount Airy, N. C., were found dead from gas in a Jersey City hotel Wednesday night. The men had registered at the hotel Tuesday night, and occupied the same room. The police believe that the deaths were accidental.

A BRAVE FIGHT

A Young Woman's Love is Trying to Batter Down Asylum Walls

VICTIM OF DARK PLOT

His Pretty Sweetheart Declares His Incarceration in a Madhouse Is the Work of His Business Enemies.—Girl Battling Alone to Get Out and Free.

Separated by the walls of an insane asylum, two sweethearts are fighting a pathetic, yet determined battle of love at Poughkeepsie, N. Y. The girl, Miss Carrie E. Billman, of Brookline, Mass., is fighting from the outside. The man, Frederick W. Savage, an inventor, of Boston, is fighting from within. He is confined in the Hudson River State hospital. Miss Billman declares that he is being kept there through powerful financial interests in Boston, which want him out of the way.

The plucky girl is conducting her battle single-handed. Up to a week ago, she says, Mr. Savage's parents were with her, but now they have become convinced, through covert misrepresentations that she is employed by the people who want Savage held in the asylum and is really working to keep him there.

Miss Billman and Mr. Savage met for the first time a year ago at a gathering in Boston. A few months ago they became engaged. On Jan. 21 Mr. Savage was taken into custody in his office and after being examined by two physicians, was committed to the Boston State hospital. But he was a native of Raceville, N. Y., and was transferred to the Poughkeepsie institution.

Two weeks ago Miss Billman arrived in Poughkeepsie and engaged Attorney George Wood to conduct her case. She visited her fiancé in the hospital, and together they planned the struggle for his release.

But a week ago Miss Billman, on arriving at the hospital, was informed that she could not see her fiancé because his parents had objected. She says she has learned that they received information from some unknown source to the effect that she was interfering in her efforts to free the man she loves.

Nevertheless she is going right ahead. Judge Hasbrouk, in the County court, has issued a writ of habeas corpus directing Dr. Pilgrim, superintendent of the hospital, to produce Mr. Savage in court on April 10. Miss Billman says that Mr. Savage for a good many years did business with a rubber manufacturing concern in Boston, which finally obtained control of his patents for making rubber boots. They broke off their business relations, she says, and then the company wished to get Savage out of the way.

GIVES THESE A TRIAL. The Ten Commandments of Profitable Agriculture.

1. Prepare a deep and thoroughly pulverized seed-bed, well drained; break in the fall to a depth of 8, 10, or 12 inches, according to the soil, with implements that will not bring too much of the subsoil to the surface. The fore-going depths should be reached gradually.

2. Use seed of the best variety, intelligently selected and carefully stored.
3. In cultivated crops give the rows and the plants in the rows a space suited to the plant, the soil and the climate.

4. Use intensive tillage during the growing period of the crops.
5. Secure a high content of humus in the soil by the use of legumes, barnyard manure, farm refuse, and commercial fertilizers.
6. Carry out a systematic crop rotation with a winter cover crop.
7. Accomplish more work in a day by using more horsepower and better implements.
8. Increase the farm stock to the extent of utilizing all the waste products and idle lands of the farm.
9. Produce all the food required for the men and animals on the farm.
10. Keep an account of each farm product, in order to know from which the gain or loss arises.

Dr. Seaman A. Knaapp. CRIME OF A WHITE BRUTE. For Which His Neck Should Be Cracked When Caught.

A dispatch from Spartanburg says the sheriff and his deputies, assisted by the police force and a posse of citizens, are scouring the surrounding country for Sam Davis, a white man, who, it is charged, Wednesday morning at ten o'clock criminally assaulted an eight-year-old negro girl in that city. The alleged crime was committed at the home of the child's mother and it is said that when Davis had accomplished his purpose he was frightened away by the screams of the victim. A number of men, both white and black, gave chase, but that night Davis had not been caught. He will be tried at the present term of the Criminal Court, if captured.</