THE BARNWELL PEOPLE.

VOL. XXXIV — BARNWELL, S. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6 1910. — NO 5.

HONORS HEROES

Laurens County Unveils a Monument to the Memory of Her

NOBLE, GALLANT SONS

A Beautiful Memorial Is Erected to Commemorate the Deeds of Heroism of the Gallant Men of Laurens County Who Willingly Laid Down Their Lives for Their State.

In the presence of fully 3,000 people, including 200 veterans and 500 school children the Confederate monument erected to the memory of Laurens County soldiers, was Wednesday unveiled after being formally presented to the county of Laurens by Governor Martin F. Ansel in behalf of J. B. Kershaw Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, under whose auspices the exercises were held.

The speech of acceptance was delivered by the Hon. R. A. Cooper, of Laurens, who in behalf of the people of Laurens pledged the care and protection of the shaft, which fittingly commemorates the valor of Laurens County heroes of the Southern Confederacy.

The Hon. C. C. Featherstone acted as master of ceremonies and made the address of welcome, dwelling sympathetically upon the auspiciousness of the occasion. The oration of the day was delivered by Dr. Lee Davis Lodge, president of Limestone College, and one of the most accomplished speakers of this State. The invocation was offered by the Rev. W. E Thayer, of Laurens.

Preceding the exercises the Veterans were given a ride about the city in automobiles, there being over 20 machines in the procession. Promptly at 10 o'clock the Daughters and Veterans assembled at the Opera House and there marched to the stand near the monument, headed by the Newberry Band. The thirteen girls selected to unveil the monument were joined in the line of march by the school children and their teachers. It was a most imposing and inspiring scene, one of the notable features of the day. The stand was decorated and from all the stores and other Buildings on the square flags and bunting were displayed in honor of the occasion. All stores banks and officers were closed during the ceremonies.

Upon concluding his speech Governor Ansel announced that the little girls who were to pull the cords unveiling the monument would come forward and he suggested that the old war-time yell be given as the veil fell, and the esuggestion was carried out with a will. In connection with the children who unveiled the shaft it is interesting to note that Beaufort Ball Copeland, youngest of the thirteen, is a granddaughter of the late Col. B. W. Ball and great-granddaughter of W. D. Watts, one of the signers of the Ordinance of Secession. She also participated in unveiling the monument at Cross Hill, erected by B. W. Ball Chapter, U. D. C., some time ago.

Dr Lodge was presented with some handsome bouquets, including one by Sarah Eliza Swygert, a little tot, who was held in the arms of Mr. Featherstone as she gracefully presented the wreath. Governor Ansel also received flowers. Another happy incident was the presentation of a beautiful wreath to the Laurens Chapter, U. D. C., by Stephen D. Elliott, of Clinton.

The monument is thirty-two feet high. The lower section is built of Winnsboro granite of a light gray color. Crowning the monument is the figure of a Southern soldier, a private, standing erect and almost in the attitude of "parade rest." This figure is of delicate carved white, Vermont marble and bears in its every curve the proud looks that the "Boys in Gray" rightly bear.

The soldier is facing the South, and on the main shaft below is carved the Confederate flag. The section underneath this bears the memorable dates 1861-1865. Below the dates is this inscription:

In memory of
The Boys in Gray
Erected 1910
By the Citizens of
Laurens County
Under the Auspices of
J. B. Kershaw Chapter
U. D. C.

On the top stone of the base, carved on the south and north sides, are the words: "Our Heroes."

The north side of the monument bears this inscription:

"On Fame's Eternal Camping Ground
Their Silent Tents are Spread,
And Glory Guards with Solemn Round
The Bivouac of the Dead."

"Who shall break the guards that wait,
Before the awful face of fate?
The tattered standards of the South
Were shrivelled at the cannons mouth
And all her hopes were desolate.
"Fold up the banners! Smelt the guns!
Love Rules. Her gentler purpose runs.
The mighty Mother turns in tears
The pages of her battle years,
Lamenting all her fallen Sons!"

FARMER IS ROBBED

ON A LONELY ROAD BY AN UNKNOWN FOOTPAD.

Mr. James Bonnett is Relieved of the Proceeds from the Sale of a Bale of Cotton.

A bold robbery has just been made public. With the proceeds from a bale of cotton that he had sold, in his pocket, James Bonnett, a well known farmer living between White Pond and Windsor, in this state, was robbed Tuesday afternoon by an unknown negro, who made his escape. The robbery was one of the boldest that has been reported in a long time, and was practically a hold up.

Mr. Bonnett went Tuesday to Williston, and there sold a bale of cotton. He started to drive home late in the afternoon, and had in cash $56. When some distance out of Williston, and driving along a lonely stretch of road, he overtook a negro, who was walking. The negro asked for a ride and Mr. Bonnett stopped his team and took the negro in the wagon.

He did not drive far until the negro, who was standing up behind Mr. Bonnett, caught him by the throat and bore him down to the floor of the wagon. Mr. Bonnett, who is between 60 and 65 years of age, was easily overcome, and when he was choaked into insensibility, the negro rifled his pockets, securing all the money he had.

The negro then made his escape. Mr. Bonnett was not injured seriously and soon recovered. He stated that he did not know the negro, but it is very likely that he could recognize him if he ever sees his assailant again. It is thought that the negro had been in Williston Tuesday, and seeing Mr. Bonnett selling cotton, deliberately planned to rob him.

KILLED FOR REVENGE.

Negro Committed Brutal Crime to Avenge Himself.

Robert L. Maguigan, Jr., 13-year-old son of Robert Maguigan, of Beverley, N. J., who was found hanging from the front stoop of his parents residence on September 23, was murdered, it is believed, by some enemy of his father, instead of having committed suicide, as was at first supposed. The facts came out at the inquest Wednesday night when the father took the witness stand.

The father is foreman of a large factory. He has had numerous differences with the men under him. His most recent trouble was on September 23.

"That day a colored man came to see me and demanded some money, said Maguigan. "I refused to give him any. He told me he would get even, and before the day was over I would know how he was to take revenge."

"I thought nothing of the threat until that night when I went home to find my boy dead. His little sister found him hanging to the front door steps, a strap around his neck.

"I am sure the man who made the threats did the deed. He killed my boy to revenge himself upon me. I have kept quiet to see if I could not run down the murderer and take the matter into my own hands."

CAUSE MANY TO FLEE.

Earthquake Shocks Depopulate Part of Arizona.

A dispatch from Flagstaff, Ariz., says a territory fifty miles square, extending from there to the grand canon of the Colorado, stands practically depopulated because of earthquake and rumblings, which, beginning Saturday, are steadily increasing in magnitude and violence.

Indians, of whom there were many in the region, fled when the quakes began, terrified by sinister imports which they imagined to be contained in the cracking of ground. The whites remained until their homes fell about them.

J. B. Shaves, the first of the refugees to reach Flagstaff, reported that his house was cracked. Others who came in later reported that volcanic stones had been torn from beds and sent down the mountain sides. They refused to go back. The whole district is of volcanic origin. The phenomena is attributed to a slip in the earth.

Some Big Fish.

One of the biggest catches of the fishing season at Long Branch, N. J., is credited to Capt. Hiram Lockwood and the little crew of his fishing smack Dinah. The boat Thursday brought in four fish which tipped the scales at an average of 1,000 pounds each. The catch included three sharks and a horse mackerel.

His Money Was Safe.

At Boston, Mass., upon being told his bootblack stand, in which he had $300, was a fire, Joseph Sesoneran Friday died of cerebral hemorrhage. The fire was extingushed before it reached the money.

Took Him for Thief.

Ash Armstrong, of Birmingham, Ala., was shot to death by George Jackson, a negro peddler, who mistook his victim for a highwayman. The negro is held on a charge of murder.

TEDDY IN THE SADDLE

PUSHES HIS TICKET THROUGH REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Whips the Old Guard to a Frazzle and Then Rides Rough Shod Over Them.

The New York Republican State Convention at Saratoga Wednesday evening nominated Henry L. Stimson of New York as its candidate for governor. The nomination of Mr. Stimson was one more victory for Roosevelt, who led the fight for the nomination of his candidate, completing the unbroken series of triumphs from the moment the convention was called to order until its final adjournment.

The vote for governor stood as follows: Henry L. Stimson, 684, Wm. S. Bennett of New York, 242; Thomas B. Dunn of Rochester, 33; James B. McEwan of Albany, 28, scatering, 23. The State as made up Wednesday for the balance of the ticket by Roosevelt. Root and his benchmen went through without a hitch.

With the exception of the nominations for governor and comptroller there were no contests. Representative Bennett, who has been conducting the only open campaign for the nomination of governor, kept up the fight to the end and his persistency and his strength with the New York delegation threatened to break the slate. It is understood that Roosevelt will stump the State for the ticket.

At the close of the convention James S. Wadsworth, Jr., speaker of the assembly, announced his withdrawal from the legislature. He said this determination was reached some time ago, and was due the entirely to his personal views as to the length of time a member of the assembly should hold that important and difficult office.

Wadsworth would not say that his retirement was due to the victory of the progressives in the convention. The close of the convention found the Roosevelt forces in complete mastry of the situation.

Following the first rout of the organization came Roosevelt's dramatic and successful battle for the adoption of the platform of the progressives, and his final victory in the nomination of Stimson. By the time the vote was taken the strength of the organization had been dissipated badly.

BLISTERS THE OLD GUARD.

Insurgents Pour Hot Shot Into Their Ranks.

The Wisconsin Republican State platform convention at Madison, spent Thursday listening to insurgent Congressmen make speeches. Esch rehearsed phases of the insurgent fight against the rules in the house of representatives at Washington and extolled Senator La Follette as the father of the progressive ideas, after erroneously, they declare, called the Roosevelt policies.

"They called us insurgents—I can't quite give the nasty accent—and then they called us Democrats," said congressman Lenroot. "Well, there are worse things than being a Democrat. The old line Senators left their chair with smiles of derision when Senator La Follette began to speak. He turned to them and said with a phophecy which has come true: "Those chairs, which you leave vacant temporarily will be made permanently so by the people. Where are former senators from North and South Dakota, from Kansas and from Iowa? Their seats are occupied by Cummings, by Borah, by Bristow.

"Yes, Hale is sick and Aldrich not feeling well," said Congressman Cooper, after submitting one plank pledging Republican legislators to return Senator La Follette to the senate at Washington.

Boat Keeled Over.

At Pensacola, Fla., August Wilena and Heinrich Star were drowned and five other men had a narrow escape from death when a small boat in which they were rowing to a steamer in the harbor capsized. All of the men had spent the night in the city and attempted to row back to the vessel in a boat which had a capacity of carrying three persons.

Fewer Deaths.

The mortality report of the census bureau shows a decrease in 1909 compared with 1908 of Deaths in this country from tuberculosis and typhoid fever. The rate of the former fell from 174 to 167 1-2 per hundred thousand, the rate of the later from 25 to 22.

Died After Waltz.

"I could die waltzing," said Miss Elizabeth Harris at the close of a dance late Thursday night at Chicago. As she seated herself she fell over. She died within a few minutes. She had been dancing continuously for four hours. She was 22 years old.

Killed in Battle.

Four thousand lives were lost in the recent war in Nicaragua, according to Jacob Weinberger, manager of the Bluefields Steamship Company, at Bluefields, Nicaraugue, who returned to New Orleans.

MADE HIS HAUL

Rawn, Who Committed Suicide in His Home Last Summer, Turns Out

FIRST CLASS GRAFTER

Former President of Car Repair Company Details the Payment of Large Sums of Former President of Monon Route, Who Was Mysteriously Shot at His Residence.

Henry C. Ostermann, former president of the Ostermann Manufacturing Company, who is said to have been a big factor in the Illinois Central car repair frauds, related a sensational story of the inside workings of his concern before Judge Bruggemeyer at Chicago on Wednesday.

Ostermann was called as a witness for the prosecution in the conspiracy hearing against Frank B. Harriman, Chas. L. Ewing and John M. Taylor, former Illinois Central officials, who are charged with participating in extensive car repair swindles.

The late Ira G. Rawn, former president of the Monon Route, who was "mysteriously" shot to death at his summer residence in Winnetka, Ills., last July, was named by the chief figures in the alleged graft ring.

Ostermann declared that as vice president of the Illinois Central, Rawn was given 1,500 shares of stock in the Ostermann Manufacturing Company, and that this was increased to 2,700 shares. He said that Rawn sold his stock to the manufacturing company at par, $5 a share. After Rawn had sold back his stock holdings in the car repair company for $13,500, the witness says the former Illinois Central vice-president demanded and got first $5 and then $10, and finally $15 for each car repaired or alleged to have been repaired at the Ostermann plant.

In this connection Ostermann testified that he personally made one payment of $10,500 to Rawn, which, he said, was for 700 cars upon which the repair concern had collected bills for repairs. The witness said that Rawn received $15 a car during the first six months of the year 1909. This was during the last six months that Ostermann was connected with the repair company.

According to Ostermann, three distinct kinds of payments were made in the passing of this alleged graft. In addition to the payment per car as to Rawn, said Ostermann, a fixed monthly sum was paid certain officials and a two per cent. monthly dividend was paid on all Ostermann Manufacturing Company stock held by Illinois Central officers. This stock dividend, amounting to 24 per cent a year, was paid on several blocks of Ostermann Company stock, said Ostermann.

"What Illinois Central officials held stock in your company?" was asked Ostermann by Attorney Fisher.

"Ira G. Rawn had 2,100 shares, Frank B. Harriman had 2,200 shares, John M. Taylor had first 1,000, and then 5,000 shares; Jos. E. Baker had 2,200 shares. Wm. Renshaw had 1,500 shares and W. J. Taylor had 500. S. B. and Mildred Harriman had 100 shares each, but I don't know who they are other than they were connected with the Illinois Central Company. Their stock was bought and paid for by Frank B. Harriman."

"What officers of the railroad company received monthly payments from your concern and in what amounts?" Osterman was asked by counsel for the prosecution.

"Frank B. Harriman received $8,100 monthly; Joseph E. Buker also got $1,000 monthly; Wm. Renshaw was paid $500 monthly; W. J. Leahy $100; H. N. Dunlay $100; R. G. Ransom $25; John Waters $25; Matthew Morgan $75, and F. A. Jones $100 on at least one occasion that I personally know of."

Ostermann then entered into a recital of the organization of the manufacturing company.

"I did not think of going into the car repair business at first, said Ostermann. "The idea was first suggested to me by a Mr. Considine, whom I met while selling stock in the grain door enterprise. He suggested the matter to me and later I took it up with John M. Taylor, of the Illinois Central. He discouraged me first and later assisted me. John E. Baker took me to Ira G. Rawn to arrange for a contract to do repair work for the Illinois Central.

"Mr. Rawn asked me how many cars I thought I could turn out in a day, and I replied about 25."

"'You are the man we are looking for', he said, and the deal was arranged."

The witness then related how in 1907 he was told by John M. Taylor that Frank B. Harriman wanted to see him; that Harriman wanted to buy more stock in the Ostermann concern.

"I refused to sell Harriman a block of stock at that time because I would thereby lose the controlling interest in the company. Instead of selling Harriman stock, we came to an agreement whereby I was to pay Harriman $10,000 a month. I paid this amount in person, sometimes in check and sometimes in cash.

"Sometime after this I had a talk with Bucker and he suggested that I pay over some money to the 'old man,' Mr. Rawn. I asked him how much and he said about $5 a car for every car repaired. Later, Bucker came to me and said that Mr. Rawn felt they ought to have a little more money on the cars. Bucker said I ought to know what it would mean if I didn't give it. Bucker said that other repair car companies were doing it and that he had to take his orders regarding the placing of repair contracts from those above him. In this way the payment per car was raised to $10 and then to $15.'

During the period that the alleged grafting was going on Ostermann said he handled each deal in person and thereafter made the payments of money to the railroad officials. He declared that he frequently passed $1,000 bills to certain of the men mentioned and upon one occasion he handed over a $5,000 bill.

CHINESE BANDITS

CARRY OFF FIFTEEN MEN TO BE HELD FOR RANSOM.

They Stole Thirty Thousand Dollars from a Bank and Then Escaped to the Mountains.

Dispatches from Victoria, B. C., says Manchuria bandits made a raid on the town of New Chwang,, at the mouth of the Liao river, early this month, and carried away fifteen Chinese merchants to be held for ransom, according to advices received by the steamer Sado Maru, which has just arrived from the Orient.

The bandits stole $30,000 from a bank and secured large stores of arms and ammunition. The brigands, of whom there were 300, retired to a stronghold in the mountains near Antanshien.

When the steamer left Japan the bandits were surrounded by 600 Chinese troops and police from Hai Cheng and Liao Yang. Operations against the brigands began on September 5, when a number of pickets and two entrenchments were captured.

The brigands have a large store of food in the temple buildings in the mountains and have settled down to withstand a seige.

Artillery was being sent from Mukden. A company of Japanese frontier guards who joined the Chinese and sought to assist them in the attack were ordered to return by the Chinese.

TEDDY GETTING RIGHT.

Bryan Says He Is Advocating Democratic Doctrines.

In an address before a mass meeting at Pueblo, Col., W. J. Bryan on Monday charged Theodore Roosevelt with having advocated old time Democratic principles in many of his recent addresses on his Western tour. Referring to Roosevelt's Osswatomie, Kan., speech on "New Nationalism," Mr. Bryan said:

"The Democratic party has preached this doctrine for fourteen years and in 1900 incorporated it in its platform, quite in contrast with the distinguished gentleman who appears to have just made the discovery that this doctrine is correct and progressive and just.

"In his expressions regarding railroad regulation, the income tax, swollen fortunes and publicity of campaign contributions, Mr. Roosevelt has merely followed a well established Democratic lead. For years Democratic platforms have been clamoring for legislation in this direction."

Br Bryan also said the former President's conversion to the income tax had been "recent."

FATALITIES IN PITTSBURG.

One Day's Record in Police Courts of That City.

This rather exceptional record of a day's tragedies was compiled by the police of Pittsburg, Pa., on last Thursday:

Mrs. Sarah Welsh, aged 32, was found fatally burned in her apartment at 19 Penn street north side. She died after saying that her burns were received in an explosion of a gas range, but the range was found intact. The police scented mystery in the case and are investigating.

George Stewart, aged 50, was found dead on the steps of the Herron Hill Methodist Episcopal church. He had taken carbolic alid.

George Ogden fell from the window of a Carson street hotel and was instantly killed.

W. S. Hertsberger, aged 21, was killed by electricity while repairing light at the Pressed Steel Car company's plant in McKees Rocks.

John Ross, aged 19, of Homestead, fatally shot himself through the lungs and will die. The police declare it suicide.

Myrtle King, aged 21, attempted suicide by drinking poison at a Second avenue rooming house. She is expected to recover.

Woman Was the Cause.

Mack Wright, a negro, was committed to the Aiken jail on Monday for ambushing John Gilliard, another negro, Sunday morning on the farm of Capt. J. M. Cobb at Silverton, and fatally shooting him about a woman.

DEAD OR STOLEN

MAN LOOKING FOR SON MISSING SIX MONTHS.

With His Companions Lad Was Playing.—"Madman" Scared Them and They Ran.

Charles H. Adams district superintendent of the United Natural Gas company, a Standard Oil subsidiary, at Kane, Pa., is in New York city to invoke the aid of the New York police in his search for his little son, Edward Patrick, who has been missing since last April 15.

Adams told a remarkable story of the boy's sudden and mysterious disappearance and of the efforts that searching parties, often numbering more than 100 persons. He has carried the search as far est as St. Louis. Mrs. Adams is prostrated from grief and believes her son murdered by a madman. The father still hopes that little Edward was only kidnapped and may yet be found.

Edward will be ten years old next December. On April 15 last he went out with three other boys of his own age to fish in a creek about ten minutes' walk fom home, through the woods. There was not sufficient water in the creek to drown a kitten in. The lads were fishing for minnows with bent pins. It is impossible that Edward was drowned.

Another party of slightly older lads was fishing nearby. One of these thought it would be fun to try to scare the younger boys. He went up to them and pretending he was the son of the fish warden, told them they had no right to fish and would be arrested.

The little chaps had been there too often to be frightened in that fashion.

On his way back to his chums, this lad met a rough looking man, who bounded out of the woods at him, swearing and looking as though insane. The boy ran, shouting warning to both fishing parties. All fled.

As they ran they missed Edward. They shouted for him and dodged around several paths to look for him. They could find him nowhere. The last place he was seen was the spot where the rough looking man jumped out upon the path. One of the boys hastened to tell Mrs. Adams that Edward was lost in the woods.

Within an hour Adams was scouring the woods, a hundred neighbors helping. Every day for weeks the search was kept up. Every part of the woods and all the country were examined. It was thought the boy might have been killed and buried, perhaps in the woods. Every foot of the ground was gone over time and time again, with the utmost system. No trace of any newly turned earth was discovered.

Frequently the search parties numbered more than a thousand men and women. Pinkertons were engaged. The police and all the local authorities in Pennsylvania have done their utmost.

COVER CROP CAMPAIGN.

Various Agencies Work for the Betterment of Agriculture.

There will be more winter cover crop planted in South Carolina this fall than ever before. The work of the various agencies for better agriculture in this State is quite noticeable. Last year notwithstanding the dry fall and spring, there were hundreds of successful fields of vetch, bur clover, crimson clover, red clover and alfalfa. The majority of these were planted under the supervision of a government agent, and were so satisfactory that the area will be greatly extended this year.

A. G. Smith, scientific assisstant of the United State department of agriculture gave specific directions for planting over 300 fields of these crops last year, and this year he is continuing the work in practically every section of the State. Specific directions for planting any of these crops can be secured by addressing him at Columbia. He has already given directions for over 150 fields this season. These advise the farmer every step in the process, and tell him where to secure the seed and the soil for inoculation.

The aim of the department of agriculture is to get a winter cover crop on every acre of land in South Carolina. It will take many years to accomplish the desired result, but the people are waking up to the opportunity and the benefit of winter cover crops, and it is believed that great results will be accomplished in the next few years. Farmers are advised to plant rye or oats on the larger part of their farm if they have never grown any leguminous winter cover crop, but it is advisable to plant a small area of vetch, bur clover, red clover or crimson clover, following the directions given, and then in another year by having plenty of soil for inoculation, the farmer can extend his area as he sees fit. Most of the failures with these crops and also with the alfalfa, has been due to lack of proper knowledge of planting. Where the proper methods have been followed there has been practically no failures whatever.

Dies From Hurt.

George Chavez, aged 28, the Peruvian aviator, who was injured in alighting after his flight over the Alps last week, died at 2.25 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

FEAR FOUL PLAY

Young Man From Brooklyn Mysteriously Disappears and His

FRIENES ARE ANXIOUS

Edward J. Boyd, a Traveling Agent for an Advertising Firm, is Missing from Augusta, Ga., Where He Was Last Seen Some Weeks Ago, and Cannot Be Found.

The Augusta Herald says Edward J. Boyd, of Brooklyn, N. Y., connected with the advertising firm of Shearman & Ryan, of that city, has mysteriously disappeared and all efforts, so far, to locate him have proven unavailing. Mr. Boyd arrived in Augusta from Savannah on the 26th of August, intending to do quite a good deal of advertising in that city, for certain brands of teas.

On his arrival in Augusta he went direct to the Marks-Grocery company and made arrangements with that firm for the placing of certain signs and display cards. A short while after his conversation with Mr. Marks, two boxes of advertising matter and a grip arrived at the store and Mr. Marks signed the express receipt for them.

It is also stated that Mr. Boyd signed in person for another grip which was forwarded to him from Savannah. Mr. Boyd later went to the Marks store and talked with Mr. Marks about some window signs and on leaving him stated that he would return on the following morning and place them. This was the last seen of him and the boxes and the grip are still at the store, awaiting instructions as to their disposition.

Mr. Marks stated Wednesday morning to a Herald reporter that Mr. Boyd seemed to be in a happy humor and that there was nothing to indicate about him that he might be ill or despondent. He described him as a young man about 22 years of age of medium height, with dark hair and a very interesting talker.

No trace of him has been found at any of the hotels of the city but inquiry at several grocery stores developed the fact that a man answering the description of Mr. Boyd called on a number of the merchants of the city in regard to placing some advertising matter.

The last letter which the young man wrote to his employers was from Augusta and was dated on September 1st and on the same date he also wrote to his mother, in Brooklyn. He was on his way toward Columbia, S. C., to which point his firm had sent him a registered letter containing a sum of money.

The police department has received a letter asking information about Mr. Boyd but so far they have been unable to ascertain anything about him. They state that letters of this description are received every day and that they do not attract any great attention at headquarters.

Mr. Marks, of the Marks Grocery company, stated that Mr. Boyd, as the letters received in Augusta state, did not appear to be a drinking man. His beatures were clear cut and refined and he did not seem dissipated. Mr. Marks fears that the young man is the victim of foul play.

HUNDREDS DROWNDED.

Severe Storm Takes Heavy Toll of Human Life.

Several steamship disasters with heavy loss of life resulted from severe storms in Japan and China waters shortly prior to the sailing of the steamer Sado Mara which has arrived at Victoria, B. C.

The steamer Tayei Kise Maru, plying between Amoy and Chuan Chow, went down and two hundred passengers, many of them Chinese, were drowned.

The river steamer Andsein Maru in the Shinana river foundered, fifty persons were drowned.

The Osaka Shosen coasting steamer Kilikiua Maru, went ashore on September 8 near Chino Islands, Wakayama, but no lives were lost.

Cut His Head Off.

Jacob Foreman, aged 37 years, was decapitated and two other men injured, one seriously, by the bursting of a steam pipe at the Orient coke plant, at Orient, Pa., Thursday. The three men were at work in the engine, when, without warning a 6-inch steam pipe burst, fragments of the iron being hurled with terrific force in all directions. One piece cut off Foreman's head.

Gave Fortune Away.

Geo. W. Patten, the millonaire grain operator, of Chicago, died on Thursday night from tuberculosis, left a fortune estimated at $5,000,00. The greater part is said to have been left to public charities, including a large donation for the furtherance of the anti-tuberculosis campaign.

Struck the Church.

At Nashville, Tenn., while services were in progress at Donelson church were in progress at Donelson church building, killing Howard Sullivan the 19 year old son of Dr. W. B. Sullivan. Several other persons were stunned.