#### ANSWERS TEDDY

(Continued from page 1,) cond. He charges that I have rted my official influence and worked as a Senator for my personal nefit alone to secure the passage of a resolution and to press the De partment of Justice to bring suit against the corporations which hold so much of the public domain in the West and will not sell it to settlers under the terms of their grants from the Government.

He has prepared his indictment with consummate ability and skill. He is even cunning in the apparently innocent pretence that in making search through the Secret Service for one kind of malefactor he had run down another; and the case of that one of such serious importance that his sense of official obligation compelled him to prompt action. Mark you, he has been in the possession of all the facts in this case since July last, and men will be curious to know why, if his zeal was honest, he did not make then known

The President announced in his special message to the House on January 4.

I have made no charge of corruption against Congress nor against any member of the present House. If I had proof of such corruption affecting any member of the House in any matter as to which the Federal Government has jurisdiction, action would at once be brought.

This would simply be doing

my duty in the execution and enforcement of the laws without respect to persons. But I do not regard it as within the province or duties of the President to report to the House "alleged delinquencies" of members, or the supposed "corrupt action" of a member "In his official capacity." It therefore follows that he has found ne grounds for indicting me in the courts, which, no doubt, would have rejoiced him overmuch, and all this fuss, fury, and fustian about the seriousness of the case and the gravity of the offense with which he charges me can be attributed to per-

sonal malice alone. On January 4 the President declared what he conceived to be his relationship to the House and that he would not do certain things. On January 5 he wrote a letter to Senator Hale, doing the very thing io regard to a Senator which he had edined to do toward a member of he House. Why this difference? my public work here I have not

hesitated to criticise and comment on

official actions and utterances of President Roosevelt, and I have doubtless given him good cause to seek revenge. I have at various times arraigned him in the Senatfor tyranical invasion of the rights of Congress, for usurpation of au thority not given him by the Constitution, for disobedience of the law and neglect of duty, and particularly in the case of Mrs. Morris, for brutal and cruel conduct toward a helpless woman. I was not aware that these darts of mine had quivered in the Executive hide and stung him so, but the eagerness and intensity with which he has presented his case against me, his making a preceden. where none has existed heretofore. his taking from the committee to which he had forwarded them the papers and giving them to the press before that committee had consid ered them, indicate that Theodore Roosevelt enjoys to the limit the feeling of getting even with Ber Tillman, and lays on the big stick with the keenest relish, doubtless believing that the pitchfork has gone

In his letter to Senator Hale I find on page 3 the following:

out of business.

But a case has just arisen of a different kind, which it seems to me I should put before you as illustrating in striking fashion the way in which investigations begun by any of these various agents in the strict line of their duty may develop facts of high importance, which the investigators would not in the first instance have sought to discover, which, when discovered, ought not to be hidden or suppressed, but the development of which may tend to create an erroneous impression that the agents in question were being used for purposes not within the line of their lawful duty. It is well to note that the Presi-

dent recognizes the extraordinary character of his action as well as the unlawful use he has made of the Secret Service. He pretends that his case against me has been worked up facts has felt called upon to attack by accident, by reason of the discovery of the inspectors in investigating the fraduluent transactions of one Bryon R. Door, and that the facts bught not to be hidden or suppressed." The President says:

Senator Tillman denied the statements of this circular, and expressed a wish for an investigation; and on his request the Postoffice Department, through its inspectors, made such an investigation. He stated in reference to this circular:

"I have not bought any land anywhere in the West nor undertaken to buy any. I have made some inquiries, as one naturally would, in roaming through the West. I simply want the people of the country to be put on notice that this swindler at Portland has o warrant whatever for endeavoring to inveigle others into his

The President then goes on to

This is a confidential report of s type usually not furnished, but in this case the matter is so serious that I feel I should put it fore you. I enclose you also as exhibits D1, D2, D4 and D5, photographic fac-similies of letters and envelopes and telegrams from Seastor Tillman and his agent, William E. Lee.

the letter or the telegram, of which photographs were made. I presume the letter from William E. Lee is also a correct copy, but I was not aware of its existance until now, and I am not in anywise respon! sible for Mr. Lee's ideas express in it. The President says:

On October 20, 1907, Senator Tillman wrote a leter (Exhibit D3) to Messrs. Reeder & Watkins, of Marshfield, Oreg., who were attorneys representing people who were applicants for the purchase of certain wagon-road and grant land; Dorr was a land agent making his filings through Reeder & Watkins. Senator Tillman's letter runs, in part, as fol-

"I wired you from Wausau, Wis., as follows, and write to confirm it; 'William E. Lee, my agent, will see you about land. I want nine quarters reserved. Will forward signed applications and money at once. Members of my family are entrymen. Letter follows. (Signed) B. R. T. I write now to say I wired Mr. Lee, who resides at Moscow, Idaho, to go at once to Marshfield and see you about the land, to locate quarters for the seven members of my family who are of age, and one for my private secretary, J. R. Knight, whom I desire to let into the deal, and, of course, he wants a quarter for himself."

The letter continued, stating in detail what was to be done, in order to enable the Senator to get the land.

It will be noted that I accused Dor in the Senate of being a swindler and asked the Postoffice Departmen to issue a fraud order against him Dorr declared in his circular:

So sure is Senator Tillman of our success that he has subscribed and paid the necessary fees for a quarter section for himself and 10 other quarter sections for 10 of his nearest relatives. It was this bold and outrageou:

falsehood, mainly, that caused me to denounce Dorr as a swindler, a. well as to declare in the Senate that he had no warrant for the assertion. The sleuths which the Presi dent put upon my trail have made their report, and a perusal of it wil show to any fair mind that so far from endeavoring to justify th fraud order against Dorr, they were really put to work to investigate me, and endeavor, if possible, to liscover something to my discredit while the President directed the investigation. I say this becaues i is hardly possible that a postoffice inspector would set about gettin: photographich copies of the latter of a United States Senator and trying to convict him of lying if the order-

did not come from a high source. Let us suppose for a moment the I was guilty of a falsehood in de claring that I had not undertaken to purchase any land. What did that have to do with Dorr's transparen and open use of the mails to in fuce men to send him money to pur hase land? Door's declaration that f had paid the fees is an absolute falsehood, and the postoffice inspetors, while they searched the record for entries at Coquille and notes that Reeder & Watkins had file "several hundred applications, nowhere mentioned that any .hu been filed in my name or for me Therefore the falsehood is proven or Dorr, and yet the President declar-

The assault which Senator Tillman made upon Mr. Dorr was. according to the inspector, a wanton assault made to cover up Senator Tillman's own transactions. No such statement was made by he inspector. In fact, so earnestly Intent on convicting Senator Tillman is the President, he actually com mits himself to this proposition, to wit: Tillman voluntarily and with out any compulsion from any source and with nothing to conceal brough ip a matter in the Senate which no need not have done to cover a: ransactions which were absoluteiv inknown to anyone except himself

and his correspondents, Reeder & Watkins, and were entirely honorable and clean. My exposure closed out the swindlers. Forr, when his mail was not delivered, retired from the land business and became i fruit grower, as reported by the xspectors. The swindlers had secured a good

many thousands of dollars before the exposure in the Senate stoppe people from being duped, and yet Theodore Roosevelt, who poses as. the only remaining honest man in with other papers in this case, probpublic life, in the face of these the character of a man whose integrity has never before been ques tioned, and whose official position is second only to his own.

In doing this he makes a false leclaration, for the inspectors no where say any such thing as above quoted, which can be proven by an examination of their report.

Now, about the lying: My letter of February 15, of which the President secured a photographich copy, antedates by four days my statement in the Senate that I nad not bough any land, or undertaken to buy any, say I had not considered the pur & Watkins' attitude or expectations chase of land; I did not say I had and I was in no way influenced by but acting in the interest of the pubnot contemplated purchase of land, them. because I had done both. In my

Turner, of Washington, that in at- and their ability to locate quarter affecting his personal interest. I I do not deny the authenticity of tacking the holders of those land sections which were well timbered, fall to see any sense or reason in grants no one would have any stand- as they were in the possesion of a this position, but I must submit that ing in court except the grantor, the cruiser's map. Porr, of whom I had to the judgment of the Senate and Government itself. See Nichols v. never heard before, was evidently the country. I had not become a Southern Oregon Co., Federal Re- pushing his scheme of getting suck party to any litigation; I was not inporter, vol. 135, p. 234.)

I was perhaps disingenuous; but

a moment's thought will convince

any honest-minded man that—as had not signed any papers, had not paid any money, had taken nobody receipt usual processes by which one 'undertakes' to buy land-I was speaking accurately and not falsely. Everything hinges on the meaning order. of the word "undertaken" and my use of it. Did I mean to conceal the fact that I was anxious to buy some of this land? Not at all. Bld 1 mean to attack Dorr as a swindler when I myself was engaged in a dishonest and dishonorable transactton? That is what the President would have the people believe. Can be justly charged with falsehood when if I had told the Senate of the entire transaction it would have nade no difference whatever, while I would have been charged with inruding my private affairs into a regard to the Secret Service. public discussion? Just what law did I break? What wrong did I lo or contemplate? According to he report of the Attorney-Genera. in answer to the resolution which I introduced and which passed the lear friend, still holds in defiance vears. of law upward of 2,000,000 acres of he best lands of Oregon and Cali fornia and refuses to sell them at any price. I never expected, and could not under the terms of the law as I construed it. get more than seven greater sections for myself and family, one for my private secetary, and one for Mr. Lee, making wine in all. This, in the aggregate. would mean that I would obtain hrough my activity here, as the President's charge is, nine quarter ections, or fourteen hundred and orty acres, at a cost of \$4,500. W !! he President undertake to say that I have lost my right to buy land because i am a Senator? Can the President deny that my activity se ured the passage of the resolution instructing the Attorney-General to oring suit for the recovery of this and for the use of actual settlers? If Harriman and others like him are nade to disgorge by reason of these suits, shall the fact that I was enleavoring to buy a little pittance of the land be used as the basis of a charge of being a liar and a corrup; Benator-to be digraced?

To sum up, this is a brief resume of the entire transaction: While in Spokane, Wash., in October, 1907, I first heard that there were timber lands in Oregon which were being bought through Reeder & Watkins, of Marshfield. On Oc ober 5 I wrote to Reeder & Watkins, asking for information, teliing them of my desire to purchase some of the land if possible. Desiring to find out if the conditions of the grant to the State of Oregon made, it possible for "purchasers" and not "actual settlers" to buy at \$2.50 per acre, I wired the librarian of the Senate for a copy of the act. Finding that that part of the statement received from a gentleman in Spokane was correct, I notified Reed er & Watkins on October 20 that Mr. Lee, whom I had seen at Mos-

never went beyond an examination Company should convey the title, was filed, to see that I got good imber lands instead of rocks and marshes. He wired me not to be in a hurry, as there were obstacles in the way. In the meantime I had talked with lawyers who were familiar with the military road land grants, and they informed me that under a decision of the circuit court private parties were not permitted o sue for these lands. Still doubting whether I could purchase the ands with any hope of successful itigation, I wrote to Senator George Turner, of Washington, to get his opinion and incidentally to make inquiry about lands on the Columbia river, in that State. He gave the same opinion that I had already re

ceived from the other lawyer. Realizing after I got to Washingon, D. C., in December that it was a very doubtful proposition, I let the matter drop until Mr. Lee showed me a letter from Reeder & Watkins, which has been stolen from my lesk in my committee room along ably by some of the Secret Service the other (the joint resolution).

to institute suits. My official activity then is shown and the President considers this pos- to have taken form in the Senate beitive proof of falseh od. I did not fore I knew anything about Reeder

I was still anxious to obtain some Mr. Lee's letter till sent in by the conversation with the Attorney-Gen- of the land if it could be done le. President. At the same time I was eral in regard to the resolution gally, and wrote Reeder & Watkins willing to use them in locating dewhich I introduced, and which he to that effect, but my faith in them sirable quarter sections, if later on himself prepared after we had talked and in the whole scheme died when I found that the action of Congress over the whole land situation, I dis. I received the circular of Dorr, which would make it possible to restore the finctly remember telling him that came to me on February 17 and 13 land to the public domain by the my interest in the matter had been from three different directions, show first aroused by my desire to pur- ling the widespread distribution chase some of the timber land, and made of them. Also Mr. Lee's rehat my coming to him was due to port to me had led me to believe the fact that I discovered upon in that Reeder & Watkins were not of vestigation that I could not buy it the caliber and character to be emeven by a lawsuit, because I was ad- ployed in a matter of such magni- were unlawful, immoral, or improper vised by very able lawyers in the tude, except probably as to their for a Senator to buy any land or to

applications. I therefore felt it incumbent on me to expose the swindle have done something very discreditable and outrageous. He hates me in the Senate, which I did on the and would destroy me if he could. 19th of February, and asked the postoffice authorities to issue a fraud

I pressed the passage of the joint resolution in the Senate, and on I was taken Ill, and on May 10, after a partial reciperation I sailed for Europe, returning October 21. The President's sleuths, set to de

the dirty work of spring on a Sena tor when that Senator had exposed a fraud which was being perpetrated on the public, reported to him of July 27. I had nothing whatever to do with the change in the law of which the President complains it

So the President's animus is no against me on the same ground for which he has attacked Messrs. Taw ney, Smith and others in the House but one of personal malice engender ed by hatred because of my course Senate. Harriman, the President's in the Senate during the last sever

I have not attempted to deceiv anybody; I have not told any false hoods; I have not broken any law I have not been guilty of any im moral conduct. I had the right t purchase the land if I could, bu my judgment told me it was unsafe as an investment. I would like to get some of it yet, and if the At torney-General and his successors shall not die of old age before any thing is done it may be possible that I will have the opportunity to purchase some of those timber lands of which he made mertion in his re port. (S Doc. No. 279, 60th Cong. 1st sess.) Through my action at rention has been directed in a com pelling way to the need of promp action by the Department of Jus ice. Whether I ever get any of th land or not does not mater if Har riman and others of that ilk are made to disgorge the large holdings which they have stolen and are attempting to hold.

The President says:

On October 20, 1907, Senator Tillman wrote a letter to Messrs. Reeder & Watkins, of Marshfield. Oregon, who were attorneys representing people who were applicants for the purchase of certain land-grant land. Dorr was a land agent making his filings through Reeder & Watkins.

This statement is misleading and. calculated to deceive. The report of the postoffice inspectors gives the actual truth. It says: Among the most active agents in

this matter is the firm of Reeder & Watkins, of Marshfield, Oreg. Mr. Reeder is a real estate agent and Mr. Watkins an attorney, They have associated themselves together in locating applicants on these lands Further, Reeder & Watkins, by circulating a shrewdly worded circular long before Doir appeared on the scene, sought to make money by having persons pay them \$21 in cow, Idaho, in the meantime and cash for filing an application with alked with on the subject, would the clerk of court and tendering to to to Marshfield and investigate in the company \$400 per quarter secperson. I authorized Lee to draw tion, which the law originally con on me if he found that the lands templated as the price of land.

were what they were represented to They were to receive \$100 additional be. Lee's authority as my agent whenever the Southern Oregon of the land and, if the application and they knew that no one could compel this conveyance except the United States Government, becams a similar case had been decided in the United States court so declaring (See Nichols v. Southern Øregon Co., Federal Reporter, vol. 135, p 234.)

I commenced to investigate on the

5th of October, and I made direct application to Reeder & Watkins, by telegram and by letter, on the 20th of October. Dorr aid not appear until early in 1908, as shown by the report of the postoffice inspectors, and his career as a swindler was brief, as I exposed the whole thing in the Senate on February 19. Th. President had the papers and knew all this. Reeder & Watkins were receiving \$21 for the insignificant work of making a tender to the holding company/and filing a notice with the clerk, of the court. Dorr was to share in this commission, or whatever you term it, for whatever bus iness he brought, and yet the Presi dent would convey the impression that these filings were merely such as are usual in purchasing governsleuths, and when they indicated ment land; when he knew or could their desire that I should exert my have easily found out from the Atinfluence in the Senate, I wrote the torney-General, that all such propos letter of February 15, of which the ed purchasers could not thus bring Presdent obtained a photographic any suit. In the light of the evicopy. In the meantime and before dence as presented to the President rent. that letter was written, from my himself, the scheme was a swindle investigations and after a confer- to obtain \$21 in cash, and must be ence with the Attorney-General, I apparent to all. But the President introduced the two resolutions of acquitted Dorr and convicted me. January 31, one calling on the At- By this time I had found out the torney-General for information, and legal status, and decided I would not sign a contract, file an application, which became a law, instructing him or pay any money, and my only reason for writing to Reeder & Watkins on February 15 was to have then understand that Lee misconceived my attitude in the Senate, and that I was not to be considered as a tool, ic. Remember I knew nothing of

cancellation of the patents. The President lays great stress on the statement of mine made the 15th of February in a letter to Reeder & Watkins. He italicizes the words "as well as myself," as though it West, among them the Hon. George familiarity with the local conditions act in this Chamber on any question

ers to invest and using my name, as terested except as a private individ-I have indicated, without authority ual wanting to purchase, and as a because I had not paid any fees to Senator desiring to enable others to him or written to him or filed any have the opportunity to do so. Of course, the President is sure that I

The President gloats over the fact hat my letter was written "just four days before he announced in the Senate that he had not undertaken April 30 it became a law. March 18 to buy any land in the West" as clinching his contention that I have led to the Senate. The records show that in the interim the Dorr circular had been sent to me, for on February 19, when I made the ex-

posure of Dørr., I said in the Senate: In the last day or two I have had my attention called to a scheme of swindling, etc. It is easy for those who are them

selves vulnerable to convict other on the most flimsy evidence, and the President seems to work on that

On reading Dorr's circular th whole scheme and combination of windlers-Reeder & Watkins, in Marchfield, and Dorr, in Portland; i lid not know anything about Conro and Schaefer-flashed on my mind; and remembering Lee's somewhat lubious report as to the character and qualifications of the firm of Reeder & Watkins, I decided at once to see to it that my name should not e used to inveigle others into their ame. Hence my action in the Sen-

The President dismisses with wave of the hand any possibility of ny honestly by saying:

It is unnecessary to comment an his proposal made in this letter to use his influence as a Senator to force the Government to institute a suit which would make it easy for him personally to obtain some of the land.

It might be well to inquire whethr or not the Attorney-General has een ordered not to obey the law of Congress passed last April-which l all the "Tillman-Bonaparte" lawordering suit to be instituted for the recovery of these lands. My culpaoility is of such magnitude in con templating the purchase of 1,440 acres of land at \$2.50 an acre in he eyes of this stickler for official rectitude in others that it may be 'ound that he is determined to block

The man who announces to Congress that he, Theorore Roosevelt, assumes the right to permit the Steel trust to absorb its greatest rival contrary to law would doubtless not hesitate to help his dear friend Har riman in holding 2,000,000 acres of the public domain, because Ben Tillman has contemplated and wanted to buy 1.440 acres. The President having convicted Tillman, proceeded to clear Dorr in both cases contrary to the facts and smilingly retires from the center of the stage, which it is his greatest delight to occupy, and complacently looks to have the American people and the Senate give their approval to his verdict. await the verdict calmly and without fear, and will gladly abide by it.

In conclusion, Mr. President, I court the most searching investigatop. Nay, I demand it. I declare most emphatically I have never sought to conceat my efforts to buy al about it; I explained to the agent to the secret service the whole transaction when I gave him the Dorr circular and the letters which had been sent me concerningit. The question of motive will at last control and it cannot be shown that I had any reason to conceal anything. I invite comparison of my private life and my public work as a man and a Senator with Theodore Roosevelt or any other man and feel absolutely sure of the ground upon which I

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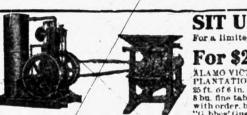
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