

FIEND CAUGHT

Man Who Assassinated Ussey at Barnwell is Arrested.

WAS PAID TO DO IT

He is a Negro by the Name of Quitman Johnson, and Lives at Aiken, Where He was Apprehended—Taken to the Penitentiary for Safe Keeping.

Columbia, Dec. 2.—Quitman Johnson, the negro who was arrested at Aiken for assassinating W. Perry Ussey at Barnwell on last Saturday night, was brought to Columbia yesterday morning and placed in the penitentiary for safe keeping.

Governor Ansel was notified of the capture of the negro, at Aiken Tuesday night by the State and his excellency at once communicated with the authorities there, instructing them to lose no time in bringing the prisoner to Columbia.

There was considerable feeling in Barnwell over the homicide and while no direct evidence had been secured against Johnson it is said that the circumstances surrounding the case show that he at least knows something about it.

What is Said in Aiken.

A dispatch from Aiken says the suspicion toward Johnson for the killing is very strong, and the parties interested believe that they have the right man without a doubt. Certain statements made by Johnson before the tragedy are very incriminating.

He went to Barnwell last week, but before going he is said to have told a gentleman at Aiken that what he would do in Barnwell would be heard about and also that he supposed he would get into trouble yet about the white people.

It is said that he was seen a few minutes before the shooting with a gun and that he was seen a few minutes after with a gun. The parties interested are confident of having the right man.

The case has excited a great deal of interest in Aiken and is the topic of conversation among many groups on the streets and any developments will be watched closely.

Johnson is an Aiken negro, having been a resident there for several years. He is said to have been raised in Barnwell county.

Right Man Caught.

A dispatch from Barnwell says the local authorities are sure that they have the man who assassinated Mr. Ussey last Saturday night. The officers and citizens have been unremitting in their efforts to get the guilty man, and all are confident that sufficient evidence has been secured to lay the guilt on Quitman Johnson.

It seems that Johnson left Aiken the latter part of last week to go to Barnwell and before leaving stated to some of his pals he had a special mission to perform and that they would hear from him in a short time. He stated that he would carry out his plans, but might have a shadow of a doubt.

There is a strong desire on the part of many of the citizens to have Johnson tried at this term of criminal court, which is now in progress. As to whether this will be done can not yet be stated. Solicitor Davis is of the opinion that a trial at this time will injure the case as it is likely to develop in such a way as to implicate outside parties. He wired Governor Ansel to this effect late this afternoon. It is not known now whether Johnson will be allowed to remain in Columbia or whether he will be brought back to the county jail.

Johnson is a Barnwell county negro and has a very unsavory reputation wherever he is known.

NEW INSURANCE COMPANY

Orangeburg in Columbia With Home Capital Entirely.

Columbia, Dec. 1.—The Gulf and Atlantic Insurance Company, was organized here today at meeting of stockholders. Comptroller General Jones being made president and Mayor Remain treasurer.

It was chartered with a capital of \$100,000 to do a general fire, casualty and bonding business, and today put up \$10,000 security with Commissioner McMaster for the license to do business in this State.

The directors consists of A. W. Jones, W. S. Reamer, C. K. Henderson, J. T. Simons, P. H. Gadsden, George S. Mower, James A. Jones, D. O. Herbert and S. M. Jones.

Seven Hundred Drowned.

Chefoo, China, Dec. 1.—Two Japanese steamships collided off this port Tuesday. Details are lacking but it is reported that a total of 700 persons have been drowned.

WAR IN HAYTI

THE PRESIDENT FLEES TO A FRENCH SHIP.

Loyal Citizens and Soldiers Disperse Angry Mobs Who Pillaged Stores and Residences.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The revolution is on in Hayti, and the insurgents are about masters of the situation. Port au Prince is in the hands of the revolutionists now, but before the city fell there was great trouble and strife. The troops Friday morning fired into a mob, that began to loot stores and dwellings, just as soon as it was known that President Alexis had fled from the city. Twelve men were killed.

The trouble began shortly after the president had been escorted to the French cruiser by the French minister.

The people from the Belair and the Salines sections of the city invaded the business quarter and began pillage. They divided into bands and worked their way down one street and up another.

By 10 o'clock eleven stores were looted, nine belonging to Syrians while Haitians owned the other two stores. Their proprietors stood by helplessly.

The loot was hauled into the street, where its division resulted in fights among the mob, in which four were killed.

It is feared that the disorder would spread over the entire city but General Poidevin saved the situation. He armed a body of citizens and a small detachment of loyal troops and with them fired on the looters.

The general then got together a number of courageous citizens and rounded up also a small detachment of loyal soldiers, and marched on the looters.

The pillagers were unaware of his approach and their first intimation that they were to meet any opposition came to them in the shape of a volley from General Poidevin's band. Eight of the looters fell at the first fire.

The crowd quickly dispersed. While this was going on in the business district, another mob was looting the rich residence section of the city.

This success seemed to satisfy the crowd in the suburbs, for they then dispersed without committing any further depredations.

At 11 o'clock a seminary of priests was surrounded by the menacing crowd demanding that General Colcon be turned over to them. The priest's reply was that the general was not there. Word reached General Poidevin of the threatening situation at seminary and he hurried forward at the head of his detachment of citizens and soldiers and on his arrival the crowd dispersed. At midnight the city was comparatively quiet.

RECTOR GETS CHECK

He Receives Substantial Token From His Congregation.

New York, Dec. 1.—When the Rev. Dr. William Huntington, rector of Grace church, of this city, sat down to his breakfast he found under his plate a check for more than \$40,000.

This sum was voluntarily contributed by members of his congregation as a token of their esteem for his long and faithful service.

Dr. Huntington recently celebrated his seventeenth birthday, and on Sunday, the twenty-fifth anniversary of his coming to Grace church, was observed.

He thought at the time that he would resign, but instead of accepting the resignation he was urged to remain and the handsome testimonial of good will and regard followed.

ACCIDENT OR SUICIDE?

Chief of Police Lost Overboard From Patrol Boat.

San Francisco, Dec. 1.—William T. Biggy, chief of police, was lost overboard from the police boat, Patrol, between Belvidere and San Francisco, shortly before midnight.

The only other occupant of the police launch was William Murphy, the engineer. Murphy missed the chief when the boat was about half way across the bay, back to the city. A search of the small launch showed no trace of the chief and Murphy put on full speed and made for the dock. He reported the loss of the chief as soon as his arrival and was taken into custody.

KILLED BY TRAIN

Young Man Ran Down on Way to Dance.

Montreal, Ga., Dec. 4.—Struck and killed by an Atlanta-bound passenger train as it whirled past the station at 8 o'clock Wednesday night. Victor E. Henderson, a young man was so badly mangled so as to make identification possible only by his hair and a book with his name written in it, and a letter he had addressed to a brother in Louisiana and failed to mail. Henderson was twenty-four years old and farms near here. He was on his way to a country dance, a mile from Montreal.

MANY ARE LOST

Steamer Soo City Founders Off Newfoundland Coast

IN A SEVERE STORM

Ten Fishing Vessels Are Sunk and Most of Their Crews Are Lost. The Crew of the Steamer, Which Numbered Eighteen, Were Also Drowned.

St. Johns, N. F., Dec. 4.—Wreckage which has come ashore at Cape Ray leaves little room for doubt that the sturdy little steamer Soo City, which for 20 years plied an excursion vessel on the great lakes, went down with her crew in the midst of the gale that lashed the Newfoundland coast for two days this week. The steamer was in command of Capt. John G. Dillon, of Brooklyn. It is known that not less than 18 men were on board.

The Soo City was recently sold by the Indiana Transportation Company to Felix Jackson, of Velasco, Texas and was being taken to New Orleans, where it had been planned to put her in service between that city and Texas ports. She carried 60 passengers. She was to be first overhauled in New York.

The Soo City sailed from Michigan City on November 1 and reached Ogdensburg, N. Y., November 11. Up to that time the steamer was in charge of Capt. F. V. Dority, of Milwaukee, but at Ogdensburg the command was turned over to Capt. Dillon. She was last reported at Quebec November 14. On Wednesday last the vessel was listed by the maritime exchange among the missing. The steamer's first mate was John Casey, of Chicago.

Today a dock cabin and fittings and 16 life preservers came ashore. These all bore the name "Soo City." During the day life buoys, deck boards and other gear unquestionably belonging to the steamer were washed in.

The storm that wrecked the Soo City was one of the severest in recent years. It began Tuesday night with a northerly gale that continued for 48 hours, assuming at times the proportions of a blizzard. The same gale caught and drove to pieces no less than 10 Newfoundland fishing vessels, and while seven of the crews escaped their lives were lost, with a total of 17 persons drowned.

CLAIMS ANOTHER VICTORY

Second Death in Atlanta From the Pellegria Disease.

Atlanta, Dec. 1.—Mrs. Sarah C. Smith, wife of R. Smith, died at the Grady hospital Saturday morning at 10 o'clock of Pellegria, a disease resulting from the eating of corn improperly cured.

Mrs. Smith was 35 years of age, and was originally from Chatfield, Texas. She has been under treatment at the hospital since October 19, the curious disease, which though known to the medical profession since 1755, is very uncommon and said to be in most cases fatal.

It will be remembered that Miss Emma Payne, aged 37 years, of 65 McDonough street, died of the same disease in Atlanta on November 21 making, with Mrs. Smith, the second death resulting from the disease, within the past two weeks.

BURNED SCHOOL HOUSE

Prominent Farmer Trailled by Dogs and is Arrested.

Hackensville, Ga., Dec. 1.—A sensation was created by the burning of Dorminey Hill school house, ten miles below here, this morning; and the arrest of John P. Knight, a prominent farmer, charged with being the incendiary.

Sheriff Rogers and a posse went immediately to the scene of the fire, with track hounds, which followed the trail to the residence of Knight. Suspicion is said to have fallen on Knight from the first, because he was known to be hostile to the school. He is now in jail here, but denies the crime. The value of the school house and furniture was about \$3,000.

Kisses Come High.

Huntington, W. Va., Dec. 3.—Miss Estelle Johnston, a stenographer, brought suit against G. C. Ricketts, a wealthy merchant, for \$15,000 because the latter, as she alleges, slipped his arm about her waist and stole a kiss. At the trial the young woman testified she had had nervous dyspepsia for eight months as a result. She was awarded \$200 by the jury.

Crum Once More.

Washington, Dec. 2.—At the expiration of his term of office early this month Collector Crum, of Charleston, will be reappointed. There was a long and bitter fight on the original appointment of Dr. Crum, who is a negro. For several years his name was hung up in the Senate and the people of Charleston stubbornly fought his confirmation.

A WRECKED LIFE

A BEAUTIFUL AND WEALTHY GIRL JUST DIVORCED

Who Was to Have Been Married Again Last Week, Took Her Own Life.

New York, Dec. 3.—The beautiful young woman who was found shot to death in her room at the Clarendon hotel in Brooklyn yesterday was positively identified today as Mrs. Lillian Falconer Doty, who recently returned from Sioux Falls, S. D., where she secured a divorce from her husband. The woman comes of a rich and fashionable New York family, where Alexander Falconer, the father, made a great fortune.

New developments occurred today, which showed conclusively that the woman had committed suicide and concurrent with these came other revelations.

The woman secured a divorce from Mansfield Doty, a Wall street broker, on November 13, at Sioux Falls, and was to have been married this week, but the name of her fiancé is being guarded with jealous secrecy by the family.

Owing to the fact that the woman could not be identified when found the body was taken to the morgue, where it was examined. The garments were found to be of costly texture and fashionable in design; the jewels found upon her person were such as to indicate wealth, refinement and culture. The examining coroner's physician found a number of bruises on the body, which have not yet been accounted for.

Mrs. Doty registered at the Clarendon on Tuesday as Mrs. Falconer, Sioux Falls, S. D. When the maid found herself unable to arouse the inmate of the room yesterday, she notified John Hill, the manager of the hotel. A bell boy was sent up the fire escape to the window to take a survey of the room, and when he peered into the apartment he nearly fell from the aerial perch from astonishment and horror.

The body of the woman was found on the floor, a gaping bullet wound in her right temple and her garments soaked in blood. The room was littered with cigarette butts and a cigarette box nearly empty was found in her Russian leather satchel.

Mrs. Doty was married after a rapid first courtship in "The Little Church Around the Corner," in 1902. Her married life was stormy and in her divorce petition she alleged cruelty.

KILLED HERSELF

Rather Than Endure the Tortures of a Living Death.

St. Louis, Dec. 3.—Mrs. Adelaide Benz, who claimed to have discovered a sure destroyer for the Mexican cotton boll weevil, is dead, the victim of a self-inflicted bullet wound in the heart. She was known all over the Southwest. She was a sufferer from cancer, which developed as the result of a blow received while conducting experiments on the farm of Charles P. Taft, at Taft, Texas, two years ago.

Knowing that her malady was incurable, Mrs. Benz had spent the last few months of her life laboriously reducing the results of her experiments to writing. The formula of the compound, which she claimed was a sure destroyer of the scourge of the cotton field, and all knowledge she had acquired through years of study and experiment, were carefully written out in the form of a letter to her son. The secret of the compound she guarded to the last.

While her sister was out of the house, where they lived alone, for a short time, Mrs. Benz secured a revolver. From a small casket in which she kept her treasured writings and other valuables, she took her wedding ring and placed it on her finger, then fired a bullet through her heart.

SLAIN IN HIS CAB

Southern Railway Employee Assassinated at Durham.

Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 3.—The police authorities of Durham are baffled and the city is excited over a recent series of crimes which reached its climax early today in the assassination of Engineer Jas. Holt, of the Southern Railway, who was shot to death while in the cab of his engine in the suburbs of that city today. No cause has been assigned for the deed, and no clue has been found to the murderer. Holt was shot in the back and died half an hour afterwards.

PERISH IN THE FLAMES

One Carried Down and Two Jump Out of Window.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 3.—A fire started from an overheated kitchen stove at midnight, burned the Shapiro block in Princeburg near here, and the following perished in the flames: Abraham Shapiro, merchant, his son, Arthur, and daughter, Anna, and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Sarah Blatski. Mrs. Shapiro was carried safely down the ladder and her two sons were saved by jumping from windows. The loss is \$15,000.

MORE TAXES

To Be Levied To Meet The Treasury Shortage.

SPECIAL TAXATION

Will Be Resorted To To Meet The Extravagance of the Republican Administration, Which Has Squandered the Money of the People With a Lavish Hand.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Now that the election is over Republican politicians are speaking frankly concerning the nation's finances. A renewal of special taxation is considered essential by Republican leaders in congress to meet deficits and constantly growing expenditures, and an internal revenue duty may again be imposed on many, if not all articles so taxed during the Spanish-American war.

A deficit that today aggregates \$50,000,000, and by June 30 next will total \$100,000,000, has brought Representative Tawney, chairman of the house appropriations committee, and others charged with formulating the great money measures here in advance of the assembling of congress to consider the situation.

Mr. Cannon, Tawney and Payne have conferred on the subject. Mr. Tawney has talked the matter over with President Roosevelt and Secretary Cortelyou.

He has requested Mr. Cortelyou to prepare some data indicating the revenues derived from articles subjected to the war revenue tax and to indicate others that may eventually be placed in the list. It has become evident to the leaders that a revision of the tariff will not materially increase the revenues. While lower duties may bring larger imports in some instances, in others there will be a falling off of imports, and thus the books will about balance.

Secretary Cortelyou has given no intimation as to what his suggestions will be, but they are certain to include a tax on coffee. Three cents a pound is the figure mentioned. This was the rate imposed up to 1882, when it was placed on the free list. It is also the almost unanimous sentiment that the tax on beer should be doubled, making it \$2 a barrel. It is already virtually settled that there shall be no diminution of the rate on sugar, as it is the best revenue producer the government has. A renewal of the war revenue act would almost exactly offset the deficit.

It brought into the treasury a trifle more than \$100,000,000 a year. In four years \$46,000,000 were collected on legacies, or an average of \$11,000,000 per annum. Beer was the big money-bringer of the war revenue law. The added dollar a barrel realized \$30,000,000 a year. The tax of ten cents a pound on tea was the next item in importance, bringing in \$10,000,000 a year. It is desired to avoid, if possible, all the numerous stamp taxes, not because of their expense, but because of their inconvenience.

A two-cent on telegrams and telephone messages. Life insurance policies were taxed six cents for every \$100 of value. Chewing gum was assessed four cents for every dollar's worth. One cent was collected for each palace or parlor car seat sold or berth occupied. Railroad and steamship tickets were taxed from \$1 to \$3. Bonds, certificates of stocks, proprietary medicines, notes, bills of exchange, bucket shops and brokers' transactions, bills of sale, agreements, drafts, express receipts, bills of lading, leases, protests, almost every form of legal document were compelled to bear a tax stamp.

National banks with a capital stock of \$25,000 paid \$50, and \$2 for each additional thousand dollars of capital. Brokers and pawnbrokers were taxed \$50 and \$20 respectively. Theatres, concert halls and museums paid \$100. A circus paid \$100. All other shows, contributed \$10. Each billiard table or bowling alley was taxed \$5. The tax on tobacco and snuff was doubled, being raised from six cents to twelve cents a pound. The tobacco dealers were taxed from \$6 to \$24, according to volume of business. The tax on cigars and cigarettes was proportionately increased.

HOLDS RECORD FOR DIVORCES

Peoria County, Ill., Takes Palm for Breaking of Marriage.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—According to the statistics of Peoria county, Illinois, beats the record for divorces. From November 1, 1907, to November 1, 1908, there was one divorce filed for every four and two-thirds marriage licenses. The United States census report gives Illinois the palm for divorces, the State average being one divorce for every twelve marriages.

Mad Dog Bite Fatal

Molena, Ga., Dec. 4.—Zeke Owen, a prominent farmer, died Thursday morning of hydrophobia. He was bitten on the hand by a dog he had found on his porch.

BANK WAS LOOTED

BY FIVE DARING ROBBERIES WHO ESCAPED

In an Automobile, Carrying Fourteen Thousand Dollars in Cash Away With Them.

Pepperell, Mass., Dec. 3.—Although the police of every city and town within a radius of fifty miles were keeping a sharp outlook for traces of the five burglars who early yesterday blew open the safe of the First National Bank here and escaped with \$14,000 in cash, no clue to the identity or whereabouts of the safe blowers has been discovered.

So confidently were the burglars that their preliminary preparations were effective that they fired two charges of nitro glycerine in the safe after they knew that they had been discovered. Then, gathering the bills together hastily, but overlooking about \$3,000 in gold and silver coin, they made their escape in an automobile with about \$14,000.

The bank vault was blown open about two o'clock, at which time the last of three explosions was heard by Ernest Tarbell, who was sleeping next door. He reached the bank just as the robbers were leaving. After shouting an alarm, Tarbell fired several shots at the burglars, but there is no indication that any of them took effect.

He found a quantity of bills and silver scattered about the vault, giving evidence of the hurry with which the burglars secured their booty.

DREADS TO MEET TILLMAN

Because of the Massacre of Negroes at His Home.

Washington, Dec. 4.—A dispatch from Springfield, Ill., says Shelby M. Cullom, dean of the United States Senate and for years one of the prominent members of that body, recently left Springfield for Washington with trembling flesh and with fear in his heart.

The venerable statesman is terror-stricken over the prospect of his coming meeting with Senator Tillman.

For years Cullom and Tillman, as widely separated as the poles in their political ideas and methods, have been warm personal friends. Outside the halls of Congress the two, by mutual consent, have avoided all political discussion, save one subject—the negro. The Illinois Senator, from the home of Lincoln, the emancipator, has taken delight in lambasting his Southern friend on the floor of the Senate, in committee, and in private, because of his hatred of the blacks.

Just before Cullom left Springfield, he was talking to United States District Judge J. Otis Humphrey, of the meat packers' "immunity-bath" fame.

"Well, Senator," said the judge, "I suppose you will be glad to get back to Washington, where you can busy yourself with the affairs of state?"

"Not by some sight," emphatically responded the Senator.

"Why, I thought you found your greatest pleasure in your official duties," said the surprised judge.

"Official duties be blown," exclaimed Cullom, with emotion. "Since this Springfield race riot, I have not spent a happy moment, sleeping or awake, because of dread of what Ben Tillman is going to do to me the remainder of my life."

NO WEDDING BELLS

Pickpocket Got Both Marriage License and Railroad Tickets.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—Love may laugh at locksmiths on occasion, but a pickpocket is a different proposition. And when the pickpocket gets the marriage license and the honey moon railroad tickets—well this was the experience of Marion G. Lewis, of Indianapolis. Lewis is a traveling man. He also is a successful suitor for the hand of Miss Estelle Elizabeth Lawrence, 55½ Madison avenue. The wedding was set for yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the church of the Redeemer, Fifty-sixth street and Washington avenue.

Shortly before the appointed hour Lewis notified Miss Lewis he had lost his wallet on the train, also the tickets and the marriage license.

"Postpone the wedding? Well, not if Lewis knows what he is doing." If Mr. Forsythe, the best man would just see that the church arrangements were all right, he would get another license, and be right out. But at the county building Marriage Clerk Salmonson insisted that the bridegroom was not known to him, and it took Lewis 15 minutes to establish his identity. It was just 5 o'clock when the bridegroom reached the church. He had negotiated some loans, more tickets were bought and the couple departed for New Orleans after the ceremony.

Cat Found in Mail

Augusta, Ga., Dec. 3.—Among the many strange things found in the local mails was a cat. The feline was mailed to an address in Michigan without sufficient postage and has been adopted by the postal employees. The animal was packed in a small box with very little food and no water.

SERIOUS CHARGE

Made Against a Prominent Citizen of Thomasville, Ga.

WHO IS BEING TRIED

For Abducting and Attempting a Criminal Assault Upon a Popular and Wealthy Young Lady of the Same Town—The Case is Shrouded in Mystery.

Thomasville, Ga., Dec. 1.—The trial of the Hon. W. H. Mitchell, one of the most prominent citizens of Thomasville for abduction and criminal assault upon Miss Lucile Linton, a very popular and wealthy young lady, also of Thomasville, commenced on Monday. It is one of the most sensational cases ever tried in the courts of Georgia on account of the extraordinary crimes charged and the prominence of the parties connected with it. The following is the story of the case:

Late in October Miss Linton received a telegram supposed to have been sent by her brother from Moultrie, stating that he was coming across the country to her home. Later in the afternoon an alleged negro woman handed Miss Linton a note saying that her brother had been the victim of an accident and was injured and in a house about four miles from Thomasville, and asking that she come with all possible haste to him.

Miss Linton left Thomasville in a buggy, driven by what she supposed was a negro woman, but whom many believe was a white man in disguise.

Some miles out from the city, Miss Linton became suspicious and is said to have demanded that her driver return to her home. An attempt is said to have been made to smother her with a lap robe or a blanket and the screams of the woman brought to her assistance a farmer and a negro man.

The driver sprang from the buggy, and escaped in the woods when help came, and though possum and dogs scoured the woods, no one was trailed. It is said a paper found in the buggy bore the name of William H. Mitchell, who is connected with Miss Linton by marriage. Other discoveries, it is said, were placed at the disposal of the grand jury which returned the indictment. It is said Mr. Mitchell unhesitatingly admitted that it was his horse and his rented buggy that Miss Linton was carried away in from Thomasville.

It is also known that Mr. Mitchell was energetic in the pursuit of the "woman" who fled and was active in the matter of locating the alleged assailant.

Mr. Mitchell has explained that his horse and buggy had been stolen from him. He has also admitted that he was in the locality where the assault took place, claiming that he was looking for thieves who had been giving him trouble on his country place in that vicinity.

Other startling discoveries, admissions and circumstances linked together gave an added mystery to the case and when all of the circumstances are reviewed there is promise of the unraveling of sensation after sensation.

Following the abduction only forty-eight hours Mr. Mitchell, while seated in his room, was fired upon, he says, from the outside. The same bullet penetrated both legs and his right hand. This chapter added more interest in the mysterious and sensational chapter of the case and only more confusing the situation.

Motives of many kinds have been ascribed by interested people who have watched the case. Theories have been advanced and speculation has been constant, but probably not until the verdict is returned in the case and probably never will the whole truth be known.

The fact that Miss Linton refused to swear out a warrant or to take an active part in the prosecution only baffled the officers all the more. Then it was that a Pinkerton detective was called in upon the case and it is said to have been due to his unceasing efforts that the mystery has been brought before the courts.

What Miss Linton Says.

The feature of the first day of the trial was the testimony of Miss Linton. She told the whole story of the trip through the woods and of the attempted assault. She said that a supposed negro woman brought her a message supposedly from her brother-in-law asking her to come to his house. She got into the carriage with the supposed negro woman. Her suspicions became aroused and finally she was certain that the woman was a man disguised.

When the solicitor general asked her if she recognized the man, she said, "Yes, it was Will Mitchell." She said she did not let him know that she recognized him. She pointed a pistol at him, but was unable to pull the trigger. She fought with him desperately. He tried to throw a blanket over her face to keep her eyes from being heard, and then tried bandages. She said she offered him money and property to take her to her sister's house. Finally her screams were heard and she was rescued. She was cross-examined and when court adjourned the cross-examination was not half over.