THREE HUNDRED BURNED TO DEATH.

Shocking Scenes at a Temple in China.

The People Assembled at a Theatrical Performance in Honor of the Heathen Gods.

CAUSED BY A CIGARETTE.

To Escape the Flames Many Jumped from Dizzy Heights.

The Women Became Paralyzed With Fear and Fixedly Awaited Their Terrible Doom.

New York, Jan. 14 .- A Sun special from San Francisco says: The latest advices from Shanghai to Dec. 13, rece'ved yesterday by the steamer City of Peking, gives details of an appalling calamity at Ningko which resulted in the horr ble death by fire of nearly 300 Chinese women and children. On Dec. 8th, an annual theatrical performance the women and children being on the balconies of the two stories of the temple, while the men were in the yard. The performance was on a large stage in the temple yard.

ing and many were smoking. A boy carelessly threw a cigarette which be had been smoking into a heap of straw at the foot of the stairs leading to the second story of the temple. The straw was dry and instantly blazed up, burning the stair case and cutting off all escape from the top floor. There was a wild rush for safety. Some were trampled to death, some jumped out of the windows and were dashed to pieces on the stone pavement below. while the greater part of the women sat in their seats paralyzed by terror and were burned alive or suffocated by

The fire engines from the foreign settlement in Ningko were promptly on hand, but could do nothing to stop the flames. In an hour and a half the temple was in ruins. Many bodies were so badly burned as to be unrecognizable.

LOOKING AT THE FIGHTERS. Great Crowds Go to Corbett's and

Mitchell's Quarters: Jacksonville, Fla, Jan. 14.—Excursion trains today carried large crowds to Mayport and St. Augustine, where the training quarters of Corbett and Mitchell appear to be in the pink of condition. Delaney said that Corbett was never in better trim, and Billy Thompson expressed the same opoinion about Mitchell. Both men will train up to the very day set for their meeting. the very day set for their meeting, whether the fight takes place or not, as they cay they propose to carry out their part of the contract. The Southern Associated Press cor-

respondent learned today that Governor Mitchell has been having the Adjutant General of the State militia notify captains of companies to hold their men in readiness for a call to action. Not only has the subject been mentioned to the Jacksonville captains but also to the officers, who command companies in the officers who command companies if

Journalist Stier Is Wise. If the negroes Harris and Watkins meet at the Opera House tomorrow night, as advertised, some action may be taken by the authorities that will relieve the exceeding doubtfalness of the situation. It is probable, however, that the negroes may be allowed to meet without interference, as the Governor may choose to save himself for the bigger game, namely. Corbett and Mitch-

George Siler, of the Chicago NewsRecord, will not referee the contest
between the negroes as has been stated.
Siler got into trouble through refereeing
matches at Roby, Ind. He has not cettled his little differences with the Governor of Indiana yet and he, therefore,
does not care to take the chances of
getting into trouble with the Governor

Corbett has not been well for ous results are anticipated in her

LEWIS WAS MCCOY.

The Cincinnatt Marderer and Sul-

M'KINLEY ON THE TARIFF. The South, He Says, Needs Protection More than the North.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 14.-The Louisville nercial will tomorrow publish the folowing interview with Governor McKinley, given a representative who went to Columbus to ask the Governor's view on the Tariff question as affecting the South: "Governor McKinley, will you tell me what the Wilson bill means to the South?"

asked the Commercial's representative. "The Wilson bill," said the Governor, "4s the assertion of the policy of the old South | The Water Was Waist Deep in the and an utter disregard of the whole policy of the new South with its new conditions. It is running to where Buchanan left, and I don't believe any Southerner wants to go back to that, do you?

"The same industrial methods that swered thirty years ago will not serve now, and just so the legislation of thirty wears ago does not meet the requirements of the South today. "But, said the Governor, with great firmness, "this is not a sectional question, it is not a question of North and South, it is a question of patriotism and a question of enlightened self-interest, of naional and individual prosperity. The South needs protection just as the North needs it, and it is even more important to the South just now than to any other section, because of the natural conditions existing there. Its natural resources are just peginning to develop and need the encouragement of the same protective system that has stimulated the growth of the Northern and Eastern States. One phase of the ques-tion is that of the interests of American

"Are the laboring men of this country too well paid? I don't think that the contion of the American laborer is too high for the natural conditions of this country. know it is not. The Southern people have the facts before them and they are doing their own thinking, and will reach their own conclusions. I am intensely interested in the attitude of this question of the men of the new South. They have the power to stop this legislation, which is unfriendly to their section. I sincerely hope they will do it for their own sake and that of the whole country."

PEACE MAY REIGN IN RIO. The Insurgents not Getting the Aid They Looked For.

Rio de Janeiro, Jan. 14.-News from the South is more encouraging to the Brazilian Government and dishearten- sued among the passengers. Several ing to the Insurgent's Admiral. It men and women had been hurt. and much relied upon reinforcements from Santa Catharina, are unlikely to give anything like prompt assistance to their fellow Insurgents. In fact, it looks now as if the Revolutionary leaders at Santa Catharina would be unable to lend any aid to Admiral de The audience were eating and drink- de Mello on board the Republica, has had an apparently disastrous effect upon the Insurgent's force in the South-

. Seige Has Been Raised.

In Rio Grande do Sul the Insurgents the Revolutionists have suffered defeat | sea meant the foundering of the Peking and many of de Mello's men have been with the loss of all hands, they stuck wounded or killed. Unless de Mello to their posts. apidly recovers from his illness and his men, the outlook for the Insurgents is very dark, indeed. Discontent is said to prevail to a large extent in their ranks, and desertions are said to e numerous.

Fever is also thinning the Insurgen army, and unless something be quickly done de Mello will lose fully one-half of his entire force in the South. It is very probable that this news will lead to greater activity than ever on the part of Peixoto, and that a battle of decisive character between his troops and the Insurgent's squadron and the forts will be fought within a very short time. The inhabitants of Rio, partially tired of the war and the epidemics now raging here make the desire for restoration of peace all the stronger on the part of the citizens generally.

ANARCHISM RAMPANT IN ITALY

The Preachers of Chaos Making the Most of Conditions. Rome, Jan. 14.-Socialists met last

vening to debate the recent events in sicily. They protested against the sending of troops to the island, called the dead Sicilian rioters martyrs, and appealed to Italian workingmen to de-clare on Monday a general strike as a demonstration of their brotherhood with the Sicilian workingmen.

A riot was caused in Massa di Car-ara, near the Gulf of Genoa yesterlay afternoon, by the attempt of anarchists to cut the cables. Two companies of soldiers were called out, and mob of workingmen gathered to re sist them. In the fight a carbineer was killed, and many on each side were wounded. A band of anarchists while passing tonight from Massa di Carrara to Carrara, both hot-beds of anarchism, fired on a patriot and be fired back. Other anarchists fired on the barracks late in the evening and disarmed the Octrol guard.

The prevalence of anarchism in the narble district near the two towns excites much apprehension. A violent outbreak may come at any time.

Philadephia, Pa., Jan. 14.—In response to a call issued by the United Labor League for a mass meeting to take measures for the amelioration of the present condition of the workingmen of Philadelphia, a large number of delegates and members of various trades unions assembled in the hall Eighth and Chestnut streets. nd Chestnut streets.

The general sentiment of all the

STEAMER IN

THRILLING REPORT MADE CITY OF PEKING.

New York, Jan. 14.-A special from San Francisco says the City of Peking which arrived here yesterday from China and Japan by way of Hon was caught in a typhoon off the coast of Japan an November 22, and was all but wrecked. A wave smashed her Peking had been having bad weather all that morning and Captain Searle remained on the bridge until noon, when he went aft to his state-room, leaving the first officer in charge of

children were already in the diningroom at their noon day meal when about twenty minutes after twelve o'clock a huge wave was seen coming towards the ship on the starboard beam. The first officer gave orders to bring the steamer around, but the immense wave was travelling with lightning speed. It struck the steamer abaft the main rigging.

Like an Avalanche.

The shock was terrific. Five lifeboats were torn from the davits and hurled along the deck. The water poured over the ship and into the cabin and dining room, flooding everything. The skylight over the engineroom was smashed, and the engine room deluged with tone of water. The life-boats were swept down the deck into the deck-saloon and that structure and Capt. Searle's were smashed into bits and the wreckage was carried into the engine-room.

The roof of the saloon was carried away and then the sides followed. Capt. Searle was caught in the debris and carried into the starboard scup-

The stewardess was in the diningroom with the children, and her first. care was to protect the little ones. As soon as she had them in a safe place she went to the assitance of the women. The officers and passengers went to the aid of the Captain and extricated him from his perilous position, not a moment too soon, for scarcely a minute after he had been rescued the sa-In the cabin the water was waist deep, and in the engine-room Chief have raised the seige of Bage and have Engineer Stewart and his men were left that city in triumphant possession up to their necks in water. The fate of the Government garrison. In a num of the ship depended on these men, ber of other engagements in the South and although they knew that another of the ship depended on these men.

> MURDER IN A BAGNIO. Terrible Tragedy in a House of Ill

Cameron, Tex., Jan. 14.—This morning about 3 o'clock a terrible murder occurred at the resort of Emma Carleton, known as the "Blue Goose," in which W. D. H. Myers, of this city, who is the

. Meyers, is in jail, charged with the spected to die. made a statement about in a room adjoining the sitting room, where Brinkley and Jones were. Jones was trying to get Brinkley to go away from the house. Brinkley was sitting in a wocking chair. Brinkley did not want to leave. Emma Carlton and Meyers

ting an artery from which he bled to death. When the shooting began the light was put out, and Jones says he crouched down by a trunk, when Meyers streek a match and shot him through tions reported all the Hawaiian resolutions reported to them. The mass of the lower beyond. the lower bowels. Jones states that he was unarmed, and begged Meyers not to

Nothing was found on Brinkley except

THE POPE AND THE KING. Relaxation of Tension Between the

Rome, Jan. 14 .- Newspapers comment at length on the announcement made yesterday that a conference between Cardinal Rampolla, Papal Secretary of State, and Premier Crispi is impending. It is believed that the relaxation of the tension between the Vatican and the Quirinal is due largely to the influence of Mgr. Carrini, who, while enjoying the confidence of the Pope, approves of many features of Osispi's policy. Mgr. Carrini has visited Crispi recently and conferred with him at great length. It is significant that in the last few days the tone of Catholic journals in speaking of the Government has changed completely. They now declare their confidence that Crispi will restore order in Sicily and pacify the island permanently by introducing needed reforms. resterday that a conference between

forms.

There are many indications that a partial understanding between the Quirinal and the Vatican is not far distant.

ormation of an independent politiormation of an independent political political

CONGRESSIONAL PROGRAM.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Debate, and not action, will mark the proceedings of both Houses of Congress this week. In the House the feature will be the Tariff debate and in the Senate the bill to repeal the Federal Election laws.

The week is expected to open in the Senate with an executive session after the morning perhaps, to consider the Hornblower nomination. It is the expressed determination of the Senators who sustain the majority report of the Judiciary Committee, adverse to confirmation, to insist upon final action, so in view of the extent to which Senators have interested themselves in this case it may occupy the attention af the body in executive session for two days, otherwise Senator Gray, of Delaware, conformable to notice will call up the Elections Repeal bill Tuesday. The bill will be made the unfinished business, and be kept before the Senate until it is passed or defeated.

It is understood that the Democratic Senators have decided to refrain from extended debate on this subject and will speeches, which may be made by Senators Gray, Bate and Hill. The Republican speakers this week will be Senators Lodge, Frye, Chandler and Hoar, and perhaps others, and it is the hope of the Republicans that their speeches vill oblige the Democrats to reply at

The present expectation is that the debate will consume at least two weeks. Some time during the week coming events will cast their shadows before in the shape of a Tariff speech to be delivered by Senator Gallinger, of New

Hamisphere.

Tariff will be the almost exclusive talk in the House this week. The general debate brought out a long demonstration on Saturday night when the hall was thrown open to the public, and in the presence of more people probably than ever gathered within its walls before. Representative Bryan delivered pefore: Representative Bryan delivered his speech of two hours and forty minutes in favor of the Wilson bill, advocate it as an approach to Free Trade Beginning with tomorrow's session, the House will take up the consideration of the bill under the five minute rule, and the paragraphs will be open to amendment. Already the desk of Chairman Ricbardson is covered with amendments that will be proposed by various members who want to make sure that their bers who want to make sure that their propositions will receive proper attention. The probabilities are, however, that few, there will be none. But it would not be some changes desired by the Com-

ments has been under consideration by more Chairman Richardson. He was inclined ment to hold, so he stated to those who asked him in regard to the matter, that amendments would be considered as they were proposed without reference to the relation of the schedule which they affected to the order of the bill. Unless he has changed his mind, therefore, there will be no priority given to amendments to will be thus discussed and open amendment this week and next and then a vote taken on its passage Mon-day, the 29th instant. Night sessions will be held, at which

gentlemen will have an opportunity to express their views at length upon the measure and the time is already nearly all spoken for.

next by Chairman Wilson as an inde pendent separate measure. The friends of the income tax proposition will en-deavor to attach it to the pending bill and upon the motion may come one of the most interesting struggles of the debate unless the matter is settled

The bond question has been referred to the Ways and Means Committee, but no action whatever has been taken and the bill of Representative O'Neill, of Massachusetts, for a loan in anticipation of revenues are both before the Committee, but Mr. Wilson says that he has not had time even to refer them

to the respective sub-committees which will consider them. The Elections Committee will continue came nto the sitting room and asked Brinkley to leave. Brinkley did not go, and said he would go when he got ready. Then Meyers pulled his pistol and began shooting Brinkley. Brinkley was shot while sitting in the chair, once in the arm and through the thigh, the latter cutting an artery from which he bled to

correspondence submitted by President Correspondence submitted by Freshight
Cleveland has been referred to this Committee, and it will determine at the
meeting next Thursday what course is
to be adopted in reference to it.
The Coinage Committee having agreed
last Friday to report the Bland Seignior-

age bill will now give their attention to the Bland Free Coinage bill. C. W. Stone, of Pennsylvania, is drafting the report of the minority against the Bland Seiniorage bill, but neither the majority nor minority reports will be present until after the tariff debate is closed.

London, Jan. 14.-A dispatch dated at Rio Janeiro yesterday says: The ed by the launch Guana Bara, yesterday bombarded the Government shore batteries, killing a few soldiers, but otherwise doing little harm. The Insurgent warship Aquidaban, in entering the harbor last evening, opened fire on Ponta de Ariia. An engagement feated. The Insurgents are preparit for a general attack. Admiral Mello is not aboard the Aquidaban, but, it is reported, is on the Republica. Yellow fever is spreading in the city.

PLEADING FOR VAILLANT

etition for Clemency for the Anchist of Paris.

Paris, Jan. 14.—Deputies Rouanet and Piviani, both socialists, took to the Elysee yesterday the Deputies plan for clemency in the case of Auguste Valliant, who was convicted to death for throwing the bomb in the Chamber. They handed it to Col. Chamon. It is understood that the petition has been submitted in accordance with official procedure to the Pardons Committee. At least a fornight must clapse between the signature of the appeal and the committees report to President Carnot.

THROWN IN THE TEETH OF LORDS.

THEY DO NOT LIKE THE PARISH COUNCILS BILL.

NOT DARE TO REJECT IT. Chamberlin Is Mad Because He Was

Not Consulted. Lordon, Jan. 13.—Unless the House of Lords disregards the compact made in the House of Commons and adopts an

the middle of February. his compromise with the Government House Tuesday. Peers in any way is only a polite fiction. In theory the leaders in the any course of action. In fact no compact between the Government and the champions of the Upper House in the Commons is over-reached without the assent of the leaders in the Upper House. Lord Salisbury assented explicitly to the Balfour arrangement with Mr. Gladstone.

Chamberlin's Sly Hand.

What caused Balfour to deny that the What caused Balfour to deny that the Lords must accept the compromise was the omission to consult with the Duke of Devonship and Joseph Chamberlain, the Liberal-Unionist leader, who resented the agreement as behind their backs.

Taking advantage of the Conservative discontent with Mr. Balfour's compromise Mr. Chamberlain is inciting among Unionist-Peers opposition to the passage of the bill. Unless it be materially altered the clause placing London vestries under the operation of the bill must be withdrawn, he says, and the must be withdrawn, he says, and the Unionist-Peers regard this porposal as

The Lords Wont's Dare. The probabilities are, however, that few, if any amendments, except such as the Committee on Ways and Means approve will receive sufficient support in the House to secure their adoption. What amendments the Committee will propose have not yet developed—it may be that ure with the covert purpose of destroying its efficacy. The great question is "Will the Peers dare to assume the responsibility of an attitude so offensive to assume the responsibility of a solution to a solution the responsibility of a solution the responsibility of a solution to a solution the responsibility of a solution to a solution the responsibility of a solution to a solution the responsibility of a solution the responsibility of a solution to a solution the responsibility of a solution the responsibility of a solution the responsibility of a solution the respons to popular sentiment?" It now seems more probable that after much vehetalk they will allow the bill to The Spectator, after analysing

situation from the Liberal-Unionist point of view, reaches the conclusion that Lord Salisbury will not invite another collision with the House of Commons, as it would imperi the existence of the House of Lords. TWO MORE BODIES FOUND.

Five Men Still Missing Since Newtown Bridge Collapse.

Laurel Hill, L. I., Jan. 14.-The bodes of John Cook and August Blaum who went down in the collapse of the temporary draw-bridge across Newton The scheme of internal revenue will Creek, at Penny Bridge, Friday evenbe reported to the House Thursday ing of last week, were recovered by dredgers this afternoon, and removed to Conway's morgue, in Long Island

This makes four bodies in all so far recovered. Five men are still unaccounted for, and are supposed to be at the bottom of the creek. They were Bernard Boyle, John Kerwin, Hugh Markey, William Martin and Charles B. McGruder. The missing are all resfor the first time since the accident

the Queens county authorities this afternoon began taking a hand in the search for the bodies of the unfortunate men. Six boats with crews were set to work dragging the creek. The bodies of Cook and Blaum were found under the same raft where the bodies of the two men were discovered

PATRIOTISM UNAPPRECIATED.

Confederate Veteran Wanted Union Soldiers at the Banquet.

New York, Jan. 14 .- A special to The Times from New Orleans says ex-Congressman H. Dudley Coleman, although a gallant Confederate veteran, has been making matters lively for compades of the Army of Northern Virgin's of late. Recently he was given a vote of censure for public strictures on the management of the Soldiers Home. At that time there was a motion for his expulsion, but it was not put

Last night he created a sensation by introducing a resolution that the arrangement committee for the annual banquet lavite twelve Union veterans to the feast to assist in making it significant, indicative of the cordial and patriotic relations now existing between the two sides. The resolution was the two sides. The resolution was voted down. Mr. Coleman then ten-dered his resignation.

THERE WAS FIGHTING But Peace Now Reigns Among Ma-

hometans, Protestants and Catholics, London, Jan. 14.—Dispatches which left Uganda on August 4th, arrived here this evening. They report fighting between Protestants, Mohometan natives at Toroto. The Protestuats were trying to drive the Mohometans from the county and pushed to a river where the fugitives were obliged to turn and fight. The Protestants were victorious, killing more than thirty and the protestants were victorious, killing more than thirty and the protestants were victorious, killing more than thirty and the protestants were victorious, killing more than thirty and the protestants were victorious, killing more than thirty and the protestants were victorious, killing more than thirty and the protestants were victorious, killing more than thirty and the protestants were victorious, killing more than thirty and the protestants were victorious, killing more than thirty and the protestants were victorious, killing more than thirty and the protestants were victorious, killing more than thirty and the protestants were victorious.

MURDERED HER HUSBAND Sensational Charge Against Mrs Core

V. Hendricks, of Lynchburg. Lynchburg, Va., Jan. 14.-The Hendricks murder sensation assumed a new phase today by the arrest of Mrs. Cora V. Hendricks, the pretty young wife of the murdered man, her father, J. HOUGHT, HOWEVER, THEY WILL H. White, and John H. MacMaster at whose house, near Bocook, Va., the scene of the tragedy was. Mrs. Hendricks first met her husband

last October. The warrant was sworn out by Eze kiel Hendricks, a brother of the man

It is stated that a detective has been independent course on the Parish Coun-cils Bill Parliament and the country will set the measure completed about of the accused parties will be forthcom-The denial of Arthur Balfour, leader ing at the preliminary investigation, of the Unionists in the Commons, that which will take place at Campbell Court

> Created a Sensation. The case has created a sensation this, city, and the outcome is awaited

It will be remembered that four negroes arrested at the time of the murder charged with the crime were released last week, the Grand Jury of the county failing to indict them.

MURDER IN BEAUFORT.

Washington. Beaufort, S. C., Jan. 14 .- (Special) .-A murder was committed here at mid-night, last night. A negro killed a

Ned Washington is the murderer and Mr. McFee, a Scotchman,, who was in charge of the acid chamber of the Baldwin Fertilizer Co. was the murder-

Washington had been employed by the Fertilizer Co. until yesterday, when he was dismissed from service. negro thought Mr. McFee had been

of his pocket and fired at Mr. McFee Both shots took effect. One struck him in the heart and the other in the

After the shooting the negro ran off and has escaped, but he is being pursued, and there are hopes of his being captured.

The killing was wilful, for Washington had no provocation to assault Mr.

The dead man is about forty years old and unmarried. He was a quiet citizen and was well liked.

ONE DESPERADO KILLED, Two Notorious Outlaws Put Beyond Doing Further Harm Weston, W. Va., Jan. 14.—Information was received here today of the apprehension of Calvert and Hennon Pleming, 1970. Meming, two notorious outlaws for whom the State of Virginia offers a reward of \$2,000 and the county of

The Fleming brothers have been rugitives from justice for a long time. They successfully evaded the officers of the law, and made their way to Boggs, this State, in the mountains of West Virginia. They had been traced here by four officers from Virginia, and while the Flemings, who were going under different aliases, were engaged in making some purchases at the store, the officers came in and surrounded them. They demanded an immediate surrender, but the desperadoes resisted arrest, and opened fire upon their pursuers. Shots were retives from justice for a long time. The fire upon their pursuers. Shots were re-

Calvert Fleming was killed outrigh Calvert Fleming was killed outright and his brother Hennon mortally wounded with three shots in his left breast. He is still alive but cannot recover. Two of the officers, John Kranham and Doc Swannel, were seriously wounded. The injuries of the former are considered fatal. Swannel is badly injured.

A clerk in the store was also shot in the struggle but is not thought to be dangerously hurt.

Calvert Fleming is one of the men Calvert Fleming is one of the men implicated in the murder of Mullens and others at Pound Gap in 1892.

THE OHIO LYNCHING It Was Taken Part In by Leading

New York. January, 14.-A Special to the World gives the particulars of the lynching of a negro in Ohio by promi-nent citizens, which was briefly told in yesterday's Chronicle. It says:
"Hanged by best Citizens. Parker,
the Young Ohio Murdered, Strung Up

the colored boy who four weeks ago last Sunday night murdered aged Mr. Rhine and his wife, was hanged by a mob of the best citizens of Winchester and adjacent points in Adams county, Ohio, at 1 o'clock this morning, about four miles

1 o'clock this morning, about four miles from Winchester.
Parker was only 16 years old. He worked for the old couple, and knew of Mr. Rhine receiving money for some stock. The boy confessed his crime, and implicated one Sam Johnson, but Johnson easily proved his innocence. Lynching was threatened, and Parker was taken to Tortungently for safe keeping.

and 400 men met at the Pan Handle cross and rode to West Union.

At the juil they tried the ruse of patending that they had a prisoner. It is sheriff Dunlap, seeing a mask, shut is door and fastened it securely. The monoid force, and despite the Sheriff ad fense, soon had Parker, and were on their way to Winchester. Parker still maintained that Johnson did the marder, and finally, when the place of execution was reached and the roos was sround his neck, he said his was not at the olers of the murder that mister, and could tell actions whatever about it. He satured to wray, and was tike historic and rid.

IN KANSAS

Terrible Exhibition of Prairie Justice at Russell

Earnest and Who'ly Heart less Mob.

NO TIME TO EVEN PRAY.

Make a Sure Job

Mr. MeFee Killed Last Night by Ned No Attempt at Concealment, But Coroner's Verdict Reads, "Death at Hands of Persons Unknown."

Russell, Kas., Jan. 14.-At 1 o'clock this morning there was a terrible ex-hibition of prairie justice here, and three men met death at the hands of Judge Lynch.

No such outbreak of the old swift frontier justice has been witness in Kansas for years. The mob was of the quietest and most dete that ever came together. It was a fearless earnest and wholly heartless mob also, for the victims were not given time to pray before they were

The victims were J. G. Burton, Wm. who have lived together on Burton's farm. The men were confessedly guilty of the murder of Fred Dinniny last July, Dinning fived with Burton, Burton had his team and even gone to Okla with young Gay. Gay to turned a short time ago, and on close questioning confessed that Burton has poisoned Dinniny. The elder Gay as tempted to point out the place of but but failed. Burton then made & c fession that the Gay's killed tim, a Thursday took the sheriff to a coruft

Twas a Picked Nob. Excitement ran high and it was wid the county. The party appearance have been picked for there were about 130 in all when at midnight surrounded the little jail and demanded the prisoners. They easily forced their way into the jail and dragged out the terrified tro from the cells.

he streets and guarded thes talous care, leading them to the road track, a short distance fro town, where a little prairie stream is crossed by the railroad, about ten rods east of the Russel depot. To the bridge over this stream the mob wear the men and ued to the stringe

There was no time given for pe or pleadings, but at a signal all three were pushed off the edge, and droppe eight or ten feet, with all the precision of a professional hanging.

of a professional hanging.

To make sure of carrying out the purpose the mob fired two shots in each body, although death came quickly by the rope. Then the lynche rode away quietly, and the body swung cold and stiff.

Always the Unknown When morning came perso ehst-bound passenger train he view of the bodies as they the bridge. Hundreds of per dict that deceased came at the hands of persons

Conditions on Sale of the