

## The Barnwell People.

JNO. W. HOLMES, Editor & Prop'r.

LARGEST COUNTY CIRCULATION.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 3, 1853.

### History Repeats Itself.

The controversy between Gen. Farley and Senator Irby reminds us of the fight and fate of the Kilkenny cats: "Each cat thought there was one cat too many."

So they quarreled and fit.

They scratched and they tallied,

Till, excepting their tails,

And some scraps of their tails,

Instead of two cats, there was only one.

Clemson College had three hundred and fifty students in attendance last week, and the number increases daily. The Board of Trustees decided that no new students will be admitted after the 10th.

The first bale of Georgia cotton of this year's crop was received at Albany on the 26th ult. It was grown on the Lee county plantation of H. J. Lamar, Jr., classed low middling and was sold at auction for 40 cents a pound.

The Charleston Sun of Saturday says that it has been informed by a well posted gentleman from the interior of the State that "the improvement of crops is marked, and its effect is already beginning to be felt to a considerable degree."

We would like to know from what county the aforesaid well informed gentleman hailed. We have seen no such good news in our country exchanges, nor have we heard any such pleasant reports from any part of the country.

We are constrained to think that our contemporary's crop knowledge is about as accurate as its statement that Florence is in the Western part of the State.

Congress will meet in extra session next week, called by the President to relieve the existing distressing financial condition of the country. Those best informed expect the session to be long, to continue a year and to be correspondingly stormy.

It is understood that Mr. Cleveland will advise the unconditional repeal of the Sherman Act, which requires the government to buy so much silver every month, as the first remedy.

The West and South are opposed to repeal unless it be coupled with a provision restoring the free coinage of silver, while the Eastern Democrats are in hearty sympathy with Mr. Cleveland's views.

Nobody seems to know how the Republicans will stand—it would not be at all surprising if there should be a general breaking up of party lines on this question, confined to Congressional action.

There is another important factor in the case. The Republican Senators from the silver States who assisted the Democrats defeat the force bill, and without whose help it would have become law, may call on the South to remember that turn about is fair play and that they need aid just as badly as we did a few years ago.

The Pension roll of the United States is said to contain 370,000 names. As nearly all these beneficiaries of the government live up North it would seem that times should be easier in that portion of the country than in the tributary provinces. It is not so, however. Failures of banks, railroads and old established houses that were considered as strong as the rock of Gibraltar are every day occurrences above Mason and Dixon's line. The boom has gotten away from the hustlers there while in the conservative South the people, though pinched are gamely enduring hard times and working out their own salvation.

Secretary Hove Smith of the Interior Department is probably the most heartily hated man living by the pensioned thousands of our Northern brethren so called. He and Commissioneer Lochren, a Union soldier, have begun at the beginning to reform the corruption fastened upon the country by Republics rule. The statement is made that 10,000 pensions allowed by Commissioner Rains under the disability act of July 27th 1850 will be suspended, and that it is probable that fully 30,000 will be dropped from the rolls, saving to the government \$10,000,000 a year. It is only by such reform that tariff reduction will be made possible.

### Clemson College.

The delegates from thirty-four Counties to the annual meeting of the State Alliance at Walhalla, stopped at Clemson College on the 25th ult. They were met by two thousand people from that section of the State, who are in love with the College. The News and Courier Correspondent writes of the exercises held in Memorial Hall:

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cess to the Farmers' Alliance, which had worked for such education.

One President Evans made a happy response to the address of welcome, in which he outlined the work of the Alliance in Carolina and its interest in Clemson. President Donaldson had a brief task introduced Prof. J. S. Newnam, professor of agriculture at Clemson, who was the orator of the day.

He selected as a topic "The Means and Methods of Agricultural Education."

Though the oldest of sciences, it has been the last to have scientific methods applied to it, the first, and the last, to be taught in schools and colleges. This is explained by the general ignorance of the people upon agriculture, and the prevailing idea that "any fool can farm." Science fifty years ago had not contributed to the development of agriculture. Today it is aided by every one of the sciences. Agriculture must properly have a place in any college or school. If we desire to understand agriculture and want to make it profitable we want to know at least something of all of the sciences. They all contribute to that fact. There is no study which does not contribute to agriculture. The literature of the plant cannot be studied without awakening the interest of the work. He who takes up the cultivation point of view sees the connection that for all these reasons agriculture should taught in every school.

In the study the first thing to take up will be the soil, next the plant.

How are we to go about this work unless we understand the soil and plants? He knew of nothing more aesthetical in its results than the study of the plant. Next, he thought came the study of the animals of the farm. He then went over this study. The propagation of plants is a most prolific part of agriculture. He put in a plea for the beautifying of the home. He wanted the homes made attractive and pleasant. The only means of agricultural education at present we're through Alliances and Friends, but he was sorry to say that they did very little such work. These organizations were inclined to the use of the telescope more than the microscope; they looked too far away.

Voluntary agencies could be made valuable. Good lectures could be secured and circulating libraries purchased for use.

In Warrenton over 17,000 farmers attended schools. We have one agricultural school, and only one, where agricultural topics are discussed. We can make a beginning and ought to establish one agricultural school in each county. France has nearly 30,000 in which agriculture is some form is taught. In Austria there are 8,753 agricultural schools. We have been going down grade long enough, and the only way by which we can change things is to educate. When Clemson College sends out its boys the effect will be instantaneous. They will act as a lever in every community.

### Tribute of Respect.

At a meeting of "The Woman's Baptist Missionary Society," the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, 1st, That our Society has recently dealt a heavy blow in the loss of Mrs. T. J. Martin, who was one of our most active members, and we now feel that her place can not be filled.

Resolved, 2d, Our great sorrow at her early death, when every prospect in life was bright with hope, is only mitigated when we think of her Christian resignation and patience. She had exerted all to make her cling to this life, but no morn when the message came escaped her lips.

Resolved, 3d, While we are heartbroken at our loss, we must bow in humble subjection, as she did, to God. Commiring his goodness to the great comfort, may they when God calls them to reign, her as willing to meet their God as she was.

Resolved, 4, The Secretary of this Society will please send a copy of these resolutions to the bereaved family. A copy of mourning will be worn thirty days as a mark of respect by her sister co-workers.

### Mrs. L. PADGETT, LUCILLE HEDGES, LIDA STONE, Committee.

Tribute of Respect.

Whereas, God in His infinite wisdom and goodness by His mysterious ways and workings has seen cause to raise His dear Earth to Heaven, our beloved Sister and Friend in the Peltzer Baptist Sunday School Mrs. T. J. Martin, whose great excess of manner and tact, and largeness of her Christian duty, has endeared herself to the whole school and whereas it is the earnest wish of the entire school to express our deep sense of loss in the death of our beloved Sister and teacher because of the great promise of usefulness she had displayed by her eminent fitness which God and the Church had called her, therefore let it be known that

Resolved, 1st, That our School has lost a most faithful, zealous and earnest worker, and one who has done much to advance the Sunday School cause, Christianity and our beloved church.

Resolved, 2d, That we extend to the family of our deceased Sister and teacher our heartfelt sympathies in their deep affliction, and pray God's highest blessings upon the broken hearted husband and the two little motherless children and direct them for comfort to Him who said, I will never leave nor forsake thee.

Resolved, 3d, That a page in our minute book be devoted to her memory, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family and to the Baptist Courier, the Anderson Intelligencer and The BARNWELL PEOPLE for publication.

### J. A. AUSTIN, MISS EMMA MERRIDITH, MISS LULA COOPER Committee.

8100 Reward, \$100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one treated disease that science has hitherto been unable to cure in all its stages, and that is Cataract. Hall's Cataract Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Cataract being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Cataract Cure is taken internally acting directly on the blood and nervous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have much faith in its curative powers, so much so that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for letter of testimonials.

Dr. F. J. CHENEY & CO.,  
Greenville, O.

Mr. S. M. Clark, the obliging purser of the steamer Africa, who has been to the World's Fair and a tour through the North, has returned to duty—Port Royal Post.

Sold in Barnwell and elsewhere by all responsible druggists.

### Lynching in Lexington

On Monday night, July 24th, Mrs. Archie Seigher was at her home in Gaston, a station on the South Carolina Railroad, 10 miles South of Columbia, with her little daughter, her husband being away. About half past eleven o'clock three negroes entered the house by the back window, found Mrs. Seigher asleep, and struck her a blow on the head and she was choked almost into unconsciousness. The little boy escaped from the house, ran blindly through the woods and came upon some fox hunters, but before they could reach the house the three brutes had accomplished their devilish crime and fled.

The white men laying aside every occupation began a tireless search for the felons. Handy Kaliger, who had been told by Mr. Seigher to take care of the place during his absence, was arrested on suspicion, and carried to the Sheriff at Lexington for safe keeping until Mr. Seigher should return him.

Near the house a pair of shoes was found, belonging to Will Thompson, a negro boy sixteen years old, a companion of Kaliger.

For five days and nights the hunt for Thompson was kept up and Saturday afternoon he was caught sixteen miles east of Columbia. Without any compulsion he confessed the crime committed by himself, Tom Preston and Handy Kaliger.

His confession left no doubt of the guilt of himself and his companions. He admitted having committed the same crime in three different neighborhoods recently. He was carried to Gaston Sunday morning, where he called God to witness that his confession was true. He was tried down. Mr. Seigher struck him herculean blows with a buggy trace until exhausted, when a relative of Mrs. Seigher took his place. Then he was hanged to an oak tree and allowed to strangle slowly. When he ceased struggling his body was riddled with ball and shot and left hanging on the oak. Tom Preston was caught at a house some miles away, brought to Gaston and lynched in the same manner. Handy Kaliger was brought from Lexington on Monday and tried best results.

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