

THE SOUTHERN SERVES THE SOUTH

Will the South join in financing its own railroad needs?

Southern capital is being invested in many new enterprises along the lines of the Southern Railway System.

An even greater gain in production and prosperity in the South in the next ten years than was witnessed in the last ten seems inevitable.

But industry can expand no faster than the railroads that bring fuel and raw materials, and carry the finished products to the markets of the country. Money must be invested in railroads as well as factories, if industry is to be efficiently served.

That much of this new railroad capital should come from the South itself seems a natural result of the growing investment wealth of the South.



SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM

FOUND DEAD IN HOTEL

Wealthy Birmingham Young Woman Thought Victim of Poison

Chicago, Nov. 15.—Mrs. Florence Manly Hood, 28, wife of Walter M. Hood, wealthy Birmingham, Ala., lawyer, died in a hospital here today after she had swallowed poison in her hotel. The police believed she committed suicide, but an inquest will be held tomorrow.

John Cashion, official of a couch manufacturing company, who told the police he had registered at her hotel as her husband, was left for questioning.

He said Mrs. Hood came here Friday to invest in some property and that he had been with her since her arrival. Mrs. Hood's husband was notified in Birmingham and was expected to attend the inquest.

Mrs. Hood was wearing jewelry valued at \$10,000 when a physician found her in her room after she notified the hotel manager that she was sick. Before becoming unconscious she told him she had drunk a poisonous solution, a bottle of which was found lying on the floor.

Cashion said he last saw Mrs. Hood at supper in his hotel last night, when he had reprimanded her for drinking.

Cashion said he had met Mrs. Hood several years ago through her sister, Mrs. Olive Richardson of Birmingham. He maintained that their friendship was purely platonic and said he registered at the hotel as Mrs. Hood's husband merely to be able to see her on business at any hour. He admitted that both had been drinking Saturday night.

Mrs. Hood, he said, has an eight-year-old son by a former marriage. The woman's husband had contemplated making an extensive business venture here and she preceded him to Chicago to transact some business.

Met Death While Hunting

Union, Nov. 16.—John Garner, who lives at Excelsior Mills, went out hunting Saturday afternoon and did not return at bedtime.

His family became worried about him and a search was begun which continued through Saturday night and Sunday night, and this morning his dead body was found on a branch near the corporate limits of Union with a gunshot wound through the neck. It was plainly a case of accidental shooting, for his gun was entangled in a grape vine and he was clutching the vine.

He is survived by his wife and two sons.

Attention, Cotton Growers!

Nitrate of Soda Test Right in Your County

Dr. S. F. Brasington, Camden, S. C., applied 150 pounds Nitrate of Soda per acre to his Cotton before planting time, in addition to sufficient Phosphate and Potash results:

With Nitrate 1,240 lbs. per acre
Without Nitrate 800 lbs. per acre

INCREASE 440 lbs. per acre

Write for information how to use Nitrate and state crop you are interested in.

W. LAMBERT MYERS, District Manager
EDUCATIONAL BUREAU
CHILEAN NITRATE OF SODA
1128 Hurt Building Atlanta, Georgia

ROCK ATTACK ON TEACHERS.

Members of Blacksburg Faculty Victims of Assault.

Gaffney, Nov. 15.—Four members of the Allison clan of Blacksburg stand charged with assault and battery and rioting as the result of an attack early Saturday night on Major Isadore Ussery, superintendent of the Blacksburg schools, and Prof. C. O. Borts, member of the school faculty and athletic coach. The assault took place in front of Culler's drug store, according to reports reaching Gaffney.

Major Ussery was struck on the face with two rocks and Mr. Borts had a large hole knocked in his scalp by a bludgeon or some other instrument during the melee. Major Ussery was rendered unconscious, it was stated, and both men were treated by physicians.

The men charged with the attack are J. Matt Allison, Confederate veteran and former coroner of Cherokee county; his son, Hogue Allison, former police chief of Blacksburg; Walter Allison, son of Hogue, who was recently expelled from the Blacksburg school, according to Professor Ussery, and Harold Leech, son-in-law of Hogue Allison.

Major Ussery's car was parked in front of Culler's drug store. The school superintendent left the store and approached his automobile, when suddenly Walter Allison is alleged to have stepped from behind another car and flung a rock that hit Major Ussery on the left temple. Ussery remonstrated, and while talking to the youth a stone, said to have been flung by another member of the clan, struck him behind the ear, rendering him unconscious.

Professor Borts, who had been on the other side of the street, hastened to Ussery's rescue, but Matt and Hogue Allison also joined in the altercation and by overwhelming numbers overpowered the school men, according to reports to officers.

The pressure of outflowing sap in injured trees in the spring may reach as high as 150 pounds to the square inch, or equal to the steam pressure in an ordinary locomotive.

TAX NOTICE

County Tax Books Open at Treasurer's Office October 15th

Notice is hereby given that the books will be opened for the collection of State, County and School Taxes from October 15th, 1925, to March 15th, 1926. A penalty of 1 per cent will be added to all taxes unpaid January 1st, 1926, 2 per cent February 1st, 1926 and 7 per cent March 15th, 1926.

The rate per centum for Kershaw county is as follows:

Mills State Taxes	5 1-2
6-0-1 School	4
County Taxes	5 1-2
Hospital	3-4
School Taxes	3

Total DeKalb Township Road Bonds, for DeKalb Township, only 23-4 Dog tax \$1.25. All dog owners are required to make a return of their dogs to the County Treasurer, who is required to furnish a license tag. All dogs caught without the license tag the owners will be subject to a fine of Twenty (20.00) Dollars.

The following School Districts have special levies:

School District No. 1	23
School District No. 2	30 1/2
School District No. 3	23
School District No. 4	15
School District No. 5	8
School District No. 6	15
School District No. 7	17
School District No. 8	8
School District No. 9	4
School District No. 10	5
School District No. 11	15
School District No. 12	18
School District No. 13	8
School District No. 14	8
School District No. 15	8
School District No. 16	4
School District No. 17	8
School District No. 18	4
School District No. 19	8
School District No. 20	4
School District No. 21	23
School District No. 22	11
School District No. 23	8
School District No. 24	6
School District No. 25	4
School District No. 26	8
School District No. 27	8
School District No. 28	8
School District No. 29	8
School District No. 30	8
School District No. 31	8
School District No. 32	14
School District No. 33	8
School District No. 34	8
School District No. 35	8
School District No. 36	8
School District No. 37	8
School District No. 38	8
School District No. 39	8
School District No. 40	25
School District No. 41	8
School District No. 42	8
School District No. 43	4
School District No. 44	8
School District No. 45	8
School District No. 46	8
School District No. 47	8

The poll Tax is \$1.00. All able-bodied male persons from the ages of twenty-one (21) to fifty (50) years, both inclusive, except residents in incorporated towns, shall pay \$3.00 as a road tax except ministers of the gospel actually in charge of a congregation, teachers employed in public schools, school trustees, and persons permanently disabled in the military service of the State and persons who served in the War between the States, and all quarantine service of this state and all residents who may be attending school or college at the time when said road tax shall become due. Persons claiming disabilities must present certificate from two reputable physicians of this county. All information with reference to taxes will be furnished upon application. D. M. McCASKILL, County Treasurer.

PEACEFUL BERMUDA.

No Automobiles or Motorcycles to Disturb Its Inhabitants.

Permission has been granted for the construction of a tramcar line in peaceful Bermuda and, according to recent dispatches, work on it is to be started in the next few months. The ban has not yet been lifted on automobiles and motorcycles, so the single motor truck to carry freight remains the only representative of the automotive family.

"Antiquity, even in transportation facilities, is part of the stock in trade of Bermuda," says a bulletin from the Washington, D. C., headquarters of the National Geographic Society. "To the visitor this is one of the chief sources of its charm."

There are no industries other than agriculture and catering to the tourist trade. The steamboat whistle and the clatter of horses' hoofs on the smooth hard roads are the only foreign noises that disturb the Sabbath-like quiet of the island.

"Politically Bermuda is one of the oldest colonies of the British empire, antedating Plymouth by 11 years. Geologically it has been traced by some authorities to the same great eruption along the Atlantic seaboard that gave birth to the Palisades, Mt. Holyoke and the Meriden Hills."

"The islands were discovered by a Spaniard, Juan de Bermudez, in 1515, but it was the shipwreck of an Englishman in 1609 that led to the British claim and their colonization. During the Revolution, although sympathetic with the American colonies, Bermuda remained loyal to the Mother country. A shortage of food led to an exchange of large stores of powder, seized in the dead of night from the garrison by citizens, for several shiploads of food supplies from the American Colonies. It was this powder, received at an hour of great need, that the Continental army employed to compel the British to evacuate Boston."

"Not only powder, but salt and other necessities were sent to America by Bermudians during the Revolution, despite the embargo placed on American ports by the King. These acts so incensed the Governor of the islands that he publicly upbraided many citizens for treason. Feelings ran high for a time, the Governor was removed, but in the end the islands retained their allegiance to England."

"During the Civil War Bermuda enjoyed a brief era of unparalleled prosperity. As one of the chief goals of the Confederate blockade runners its main ports, Hamilton and St. George, seethed with continuous excitement and activity. Cotton was worth two shillings a pound at the time, and great risks were taken to obtain it. It is said that ship captains received as high as \$5,000 for a single successful trip, while others were paid proportionately. Everyone was rich and sympathy for the southern cause was more or less openly expressed."

"Today Bermuda often has nearly as many Americans within its shores as natives. Less than 700 miles from New York and connected with America's principal port by frequent and speedy steamers, the American tourist has lately supplanted the production of onions, potatoes, and lily bulbs as the principal 'industry'. The islands of which there are said to be 365 in the group (one for every day in the year) provide delightful playgrounds dotted with green cedar trees, and with charming combinations of water and shore."

"In many respects Bermuda is an England in miniature. The names of many of the shores and towns are lifted bodily from those of the Mother country, without even so much as a 'New' in extenuation. Warwick, Southampton, Devonshire, Watford, Ireland and Somerset are examples. Surface irregularities and hundreds

CAPT. SIGG, OF WINSTON SALEM, PRAISES KARNAK

"It's Fine—It Beats Anything I Ever Saw—And A Man Don't Have To Be Sick To Be Benefited By It," Says Prominent Man.

"I feel that one cannot invest a few dollars to better advantage than in taking a few bottles of Karnak," declares Capt. John J. Sigg, Superintendent of the Southern Public Utilities Co., and prominent citizen of Winston-Salem, N. C., residing at 205 N. Main St. "I have found that when a man reaches my age of sixty-three he generally feels the need of something to keep up his vim, vigor and

vitality, and to ward off a general run-down condition into which he might otherwise fall.

"It has been my custom for several years to take a bottle or two of some good tonic for this purpose, and I do not hesitate to say that I have never felt so much good from various other tonics I have ever taken as I have from this new medicine, Karnak."

"In a very short time it just seemed to give me a new appetite, made my food taste good to me, and built me up in strength and energy all over. It's fine—beats anything I ever saw—and I don't hesitate to recommend it to anybody."

Karnak is sold in Camden exclusively by Zemp & DePass and by the leading druggist in every town.

Diamond Ring in Cabbage

Arthur Butler recently sent to his home a cabbage, purchased with an order from M. H. Feider of Orangeburg and when the cook was cutting she struck an object and found that it was a small diamond ring. The jeweler who examined it said that it was a genuine diamond. It had possibly been dropped by some child in the cabbage head when quite young and the leaves enwrapped it.—Walterboro Press and Standard.

MASTER'S SALE

State of South Carolina, County of Kershaw, (Court of Common Pleas)

Jasper Lawhorn, Harmon Montgomery and Leford Montgomery, Ellen Montgomery, Richard Montgomery and Jesse Montgomery, by their guardian ad litem Mat McLeod and Mary Jane Lawhorn, Julia Ann Lawhorn and Ellen Lawhorn, by Jasper Lawhorn, their guardian ad litem, Plaintiffs,

against John Heyward Truesdel, Henry Montgomery and Joe Miller, Jr., and Minnie Miller, Minor, Defendants.

"Under an order of his honor, T. S. Sease, dated November 5, 1925, I will sell to the highest bidder at public auction, for cash, before the Kershaw County Court House door, in Camden, in said State, during the legal hours of sale on the first Monday, being the seventh day of December, 1925, the following described real estate:

"All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, situate, lying and being in the County of Kershaw, State of South Carolina, containing three hundred (300) acres, more or less, bounded North by Sanders Creek; East by lands of W. L. Jackson; South by lands of Lydia V. Elliott and by lands of J. D. McLester and West by lands of J. D. McLester."

R. H. HILTON, Master for Kershaw County, November 14, 1925.

666

is a prescription for Colds, Grippe, Flu, Dengue, Bilious Fever and Malaria It Kills the Germs.

Just Received

CAR LOAD

Fulgrum Seed Oats
Red Rust Proof Seed Oats
Winter Rye
Abruzzi Rye

Plant Oats and Rye Early this Fall

SPRINGS & SHANNON, Inc.

CAMDEN, S. C.