

**THE CAMDEN CHRONICLE**

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Camden, S. C., March 14, 1919.

The closing hours of congress were not unlike those of the South Carolina legislature in one respect at least. There was nothing done.—Lancaster News.

Secretary of Agriculture Houston has asked congress to appropriate \$500,000 to be used in combating the spread of the European corn borer. The pest made its first appearance in Massachusetts and has spread to New York and Connecticut.

Trade journals call attention to the fact that wholesale prices of commodities entering into the necessities of life are falling faster than retail prices. For instance, they cite pork, beef and other products the wholesale prices of which in one day declined on an average of five cents a pound, while retail prices remained practically the same.

**Need of Highways.**

The future of civilization, of material moral and educational progress in America, depends upon the highways.

Bad highways—mud or deep sand roads—spell backwardness. Good highways make certain the advancement of religion, education and wealth.

Bad highways will drive men and women from the farms into cities, thus reducing the number of food producers and increasing the number of mouths to be fed from a steadily diminishing food supply. That road leads to anarchy and Bolshevism, for a decreasing food supply and increasing population congestion breeds discontent, poverty and ultimately anarchy.

The good highway is the straight road that opens the way to better schools, better religious activities in country churches, better dwellings, and that means better homes, more contentment on the farms, larger food production, with more profit justly earned by the grower and yet a lower cost to the consumer.

On one side—the safety of civilization, increased food supply and the rounding out of the nation's life; on the other side—civilization endangered, food riots a certainty of the future, with a nation sunk in its own bottomless mud-holes, sometimes called roads.—Manufacturers Record.

It is reported that in Russia the people are dying by the thousands of starvation. Diseases due to under nourishment are rampant and food so scarce in Petrograd and Moscow that cats sell readily for \$3.00 each.

Before the war England produced sufficient food within her borders to feed herself for ten weeks of the year. Last year, with her man power reduced to the minimum, the country produced enough to meet home consumption for forty weeks. Thus England under the strain of necessity increased the food production four times. Part of this increase came from the tilling of land included in the large estates which had been kept as game preserves and shooting grounds by the aristocracy.

**The South's New Day.**

"When every farmer in the South shall eat bread from his own fields and meat from his own pastures and disturbed by no creditor, and enslaved by no debt, shall sit amid his teeming gardens, and orchards and vineyards, and dairies, and barnyards, pitching his crops in his own wisdom and growing them in independence, making cotton his clean surplus, and selling it in his own time, and in his chosen market, and not at a master's bidding—setting his pay in cash and not in a receipted mortgage that discharges his debt, but does not restore his freedom—then shall be breaking the fullness of our day."

—Henry W. Grady, 1888.

**The Negro in The North.**

With the signing of the armistice the tide began turning for the negroes who have been flocking North for wartime employment. It is noted in the press dispatches that the Philadelphia idea of getting rid of the negro who has been thrown out of work is to deport him. A large number of negroes who have been engaged in war industries in Pennsylvania have found themselves thrown upon the charity of the cold North, and the "constabulary" of the State has set about sending them away. Colored organizations in Pennsylvania have sent protests to Secretary of Labor Wilson against these heartless deportation proceedings, and have offered cooperation in finding employment for them. It is little the Department of Labor can do, however, in aid of these out-of-work negroes, and they are being made to feel every day that their Northern friends when the test comes, care very little about their bodily comfort or salvation of soul. The negro's dream of a paradise in the North was but shortlived.—Charlotte Observer.

**Hermitage Mill News.**

Camden, S. C., March 12.—Last Saturday night at the conclusion of lessons at Night School, the pupils were served cocoa and raisin sandwiches. This comes as a surprise once every two weeks, no one knowing just what night it will come. We can assure you it is highly enjoyed by all.

The ladies of the village are busy making refugee garments for the French and Belgian children. They are all so willing and anxious to help, even though they have their hands full with a large family and no servant.

We are very interested now in getting up a class in Home Nursing through the Red Cross Chapter at Camden. We feel it will be of lasting benefit to our folks.

Mrs. LeGrande has as her guest, her sister, Miss Sanders, of Columbia. News has been received in the village that Mr. Tom Sweat is at present in New York. Mr. Sweat has been in France for several months. He now awaits his discharge from the army. At the receipt of which he intends to return to the village.

Beginning with Monday, the mill will begin operation at seven instead of six in the morning. The mills have all agreed on forty-five hours a week instead of sixty.

**Major League Ball Game at Rock Hill.**

Rock Hill, S. C., March 7.—A most enthusiastic meeting of the baseball committee was held Thursday afternoon in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, and the prospects are bright for the biggest major league game between the Boston National and Detroit Americans ever staged in this section of the country on Wednesday, April 9th, at 3:00 P. M.

Reserve seats, also general admission tickets, will go on sale next week at all of the banks and drug stores in Rock Hill, and all out of town orders will be filled promptly. In case of rain and the game is not played money will be refunded.

The game will be played on the York County Fair Grounds, and the line-up will consist of Ty Cobb, the world's greatest ball player, "Hank" Gowdy of world series fame, "Rabbit" Maranville recognized as the best of the present day short stops, and a host of other big league stars with whom the public is well acquainted, will be on the job.

The grounds will be put in the best of condition and additional bleachers to hold several thousand spectators will be built to accommodate the crowd. Inquiries are being received already from near-by cities, and as this is the first time that a real major league game has ever been played here, the baseball fans are confident that no less than three or four thousand people from this and adjoining counties will be here to see the big stars in their Spring "warm-

up" games should be referred to the Chamber of Commerce. Regardless of what your neighbor does, your cotton acreage this year.



No fiction has ever presented more amazing tales of physical prowess and gallantry under fire than are disclosed by the following official reports of deeds of American fighters in France for which the Distinguished Service Cross has been awarded. These were selected by General Pershing's staff out of hundreds of reports telling of remarkable bravery and fortitude displayed by American soldiers in action.

**SIDNEY E. MANNING,**

Corporal, Co. G, 167th Infantry. Corporal Manning received the Distinguished Service Cross for conspicuous gallantry near Breuvannes, France, July 28, 1918. Corporal Manning was in charge of an automatic rifle squad during an assault by his battalion on the strongly fortified heights overlooking the Ourcq river for the purpose of exploiting the successful passage of the stream. During the advance on the hill his platoon commander was killed and just as the crest was reached the platoon sergeant was wounded. Corporal Manning then assumed command of the platoon, which was near the center of the assaulting line and was meeting with desperate resistance. Though he himself was severely wounded and was the only survivor of his squad, this soldier led forward the 85 effectives remaining in the platoon against an enemy strong point which was wired, entrenched and defended by machine guns and dominated the entire Ourcq valley. He was repeatedly wounded, but he succeeded in getting a foothold at this strong point with but seven men remaining with him. While the latter consolidated their position under his direction, with the platoon on the flank, he held off a considerable number of the enemy 50 yards away by fire from his automatic rifle. He remained in this position until the entire line had been consolidated, when he crawled back to shelter, having received nine wounds. Mrs. Lizzie Manning, his mother, lives in Flomatin, Ala.

**JOHN C. VILLEPIGUE,**

Corporal, Company M, 118th Infantry. For unusual bravery displayed in action at Vaux-Audigny, France, October 15, 1918, Corp. Villepigue was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross. Having been sent out with two other soldiers to scout through the village of Vaux-Audigny, Corp. Villepigue met with strong resistance from enemy machine gun fire, which killed one of his men and wounded the other. Continuing his advance, without aid, 500 yards in advance of his platoon and in the face of artillery and machine gun fire, he encountered four of the enemy in a dugout, whom he attacked and killed with a hand grenade. Crawling forward to a point 150 yards in advance of his first encounter he rushed a machine gun nest, killing four and capturing six of the enemy, and taking two light machine guns. After being joined by his platoon, he was severely wounded in the arm. Corp. Villepigue's home is with his mother, Mrs. P. T. Villepigue, 1517 Lyttleton street, Camden, S. C.

**GEORGE DILBOY,**

Private, Company H, 103rd Infantry. Private Dilboy won the Distinguished Service Cross for conspicuous gallantry near Belleau, France, July 18, 1918. He died from wounds received at that time. After his platoon had gained its objective along a railroad embankment, Private Dilboy, accompanying his platoon leader to reconnoiter the ground beyond, was suddenly fired upon by an enemy machine gun from one hundred yards. From a standing position on the railroad track, fully exposed to view, he opened fire at once, but failing to silence the gun, rushed forward with his bayonet fixed, through a wheat field toward the gun emplacement, falling within twenty-five yards of the gun with his right leg nearly severed above the knee, and with several bullet holes in his body, with undaunted courage, he continued to fire into the emplacement from a prone position, killing two of the enemy and dispersing the rest of the crew. Private Dilboy's home was in Boston, Mass.

**JAMES C. DOZIER,**

First Lieutenant, Company G, 118th Infantry. For conspicuous bravery after being wounded near Montbrehain, France, October 8, 1918, Lieut. Dozier was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross. In command of two platoons, Lieut. Dozier was painfully wounded in the shoulder early in the attack, but he continued to lead his men, displaying the highest bravery and skill. When his command was held up by heavy machine gun fire, he disposed his men in the best cover available and with a soldier continued forward

to attack a machine gun nest. Creeping up to the position in the face of intense fire, he killed the entire crew with hand grenades and his pistol, and a little later captured a number of Germans who had taken refuge in a dugout nearby. Lieut. Dozier's home is with his father, John H. Dozier, 624 Asnafrel street, Rock Hill, S. C.

**GEORGE G. M'MURTRY,**

Captain, 308th Infantry. Captain M'Murtry received the Distinguished Service Cross for conspicuous gallantry in action at Charlevaux, in the Forest d'Argonne, France, October 2 to 8, 1918. Captain M'Murtry commanded a battalion which was cut off and surrounded by the enemy and, although wounded in the knees by shrapnel on October 4, and suffering great pain, continued throughout the entire period to encourage his officers and men with a resistless optimism that contributed largely toward preventing panic and disorder among the troops who were without food, cut off from communication with our lines. October 4, during a heavy barrage, he personally directed and supervised the moving of the wounded to shelter before he himself sought shelter. October 6 he was wounded in the shoulder by a German grenade, but continued personally to organize and direct the defense against the German attack on the position until the attack was defeated. He continued to direct and command his troops, refusing relief, and personally led his men out of the position after assistance arrived, before permitting himself to be taken to the hospital October 8. During this period the successful defense of the position was due largely to his efforts. His wife is at 22 East 70th street, New York.

**HAROLD A. FURLONG,**

First Lieutenant, Company M, 353rd Infantry. Lieut. Furlong won the Distinguished Service Cross for bravery in action near Bantheville, France, November 1, 1918. Immediately after the opening of the attack in the Bois de Bantheville, when his company was held up by severe machine gun fire from the front, which killed his company commander and several soldiers, Lieut. Furlong moved out in advance of the line with great courage and coolness, crossing an open space several hundred yards wide. Taking up a position behind the line of machine guns, he closed in on them, one at a time, killing a number of the enemy with his rifle, putting four machine gun nests out of action, and driving twenty German prisoners into our lines. Lieut. Furlong's home is at 2950 West Grand boulevard, Detroit, Mich.

**MICHAEL J. PERKINS,**

Private, First Class, Company D, 101st Infantry. Private Perkins (deceased) was decorated for conspicuous gallantry in action with the enemy at Belleu Bois, France, October 27, 1918. He voluntarily crawled alone to a German "pill box" machine-gun emplacement, from which grenades were being thrown at his platoon. Awaiting his opportunity, when the door was again opened and another grenade thrown over him, he threw a bomb inside, bursting the door open, and then, drawing his trench knife, rushed into the emplacement. In a hand-to-hand struggle he killed and wounded several of the occupants and captured twenty-five prisoners, at the same time silencing seven machine guns. Michael Perkins, his father, lives at 247 E street, South Boston, Mass.

**CARL F. PAYSON,**

Sergeant, Company C, 125th Infantry. Sergt. Payson (deceased) received the Distinguished Service Cross for conspicuous gallantry in action with the enemy at Clerges, northeast of Chateau-Thierry, France, August 1, 1918. During the attack made by his company on the village of Clerges, Sergt. Payson was mortally wounded in the head by a machine gun bullet. He succeeded in keeping his feet, however, and with the attacking wave, encouraging them. By his strong will power he instilled in them all the spirit of fearlessness. Mrs. Minnie Timberman, his mother, lives in Monroe, Mich.

**GARY EVANS FOSTER,**

Sergeant, Company F, 118th Infantry. Sergt. Foster, whose home is at Inman, S. C., was decorated for conspicuous bravery displayed near Montbrehain, France, October 8, 1918. When his company was held up by violent machine gun fire from a sunken road, Sergt. Foster, with an officer, went forward to attack the hostile machine gun nests. The officer was wounded, but Sergt. Foster continued on alone in the face of the heavy fire and by effective use of hand grenades and his pistol killed several of the enemy and captured eighteen.

**WILLIAM M. FEIGLE,**

Sergeant, 8th Regiment, U. S. Marine Corps. Sergt. Feigel upheld the traditions of the marines and was decorated for conspicuous intrepidity at Beaumont, France, November 10, 1918. While an ammunition train was passing through the town one of the trucks was struck by a shell and set on fire. Knowing that it would soon explode and kill all those in the vicinity, Sergt. Feigel jumped on the truck and drove it to the outskirts of the town, thereby saving the lives of at least thirty-five people.

**OFFICERS AND COMMITTEES**  
Of Camden Red Cross Chapter For 1919 and 1920.  
Mrs. S. K. von Tresckow, Vice Chairman; Mrs. Margaret Miller, Recording Secretary; L. T. Mills, Treasurer.  
Committee Civilian Relief—T. K. Trotter, chairman; Miss Mary Villepigue, Miss Willie Watkins, Mrs. W. D. Barrett, Mrs. C. R. Lewis, Mrs. Leroy Davidson, Mrs. W. J. Dunn, Misses Katherine Zemp, Ethel Yates and May Martin, Secretary pro tem, Mrs. Margaret Miller, Mrs. Cora Ancrum, and Mrs. A. D. Kennedy, Jr. The Canteen Committee officials being made members of this committee.  
Director of Woman's Work—to be announced later. Committee—Mrs. E. E. Sill, Mrs. Edwin Muller, Mrs. F. L. Zemp, Mrs. C. H. Yates, Mrs. E. W. Bond, Miss Charlotte Shannon and other Junior Red Cross—Mrs. Edna Team, Miss Lal Blakeney.  
Committee on Finance—Mr. C. J. Shannon, Jr., Mrs. C. M. Coleman.  
Committee on Publicity—Miss Louise Nettles.

Committee on Extension—Miss S. Parris, Mrs. S. E. Burrier.  
Committee on Membership—Capt. M. Beallford, chairman; Miss G. Mumford, Mrs. Ralph Shannon, May Boykin, of Boykin.  
Committee on Educational Work—Miss Helen Phelps, Miss Tillie Geheimer, Mrs. Caroline Burnett.  
Executive Board—Officers and Chairman of Standing Committees.  
Auxiliaries—Antioch, Mrs. Brown; Bethune, Mrs. J. M. For Beulah, Mrs. C. N. Humphries; Bo Miss May Boykin; Detachment 12, Mrs. McCallum; Liberty Hill, M. P. Hay; Lugoff, Mrs. James T. Mt. Zion, Mrs. Brown; Westville, Luther Bell; Colored, Rev. J. W. Kin; Assistants at Mills, Misses C. Jones and Cornell.  
Services at Baptist Church. At the morning service at 11 o'clock a memorial service will be held everybody is invited to attend. We anxious to see a large number of diers present. Sunday School at 10.

**No. 9083.**  
**REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CAMDEN**  
at Camden, in the State of South Carolina, at the Close Business on March 4, 1919.

Resources	
Loans and discounts	\$415,364.32
Total loans	415,364.32
Notes and bills rediscounted	2,500.00
Overdrafts, unsecured	4,049.40
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1-2, 4, and 4 1-2 per ct., unpledged	40,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds pledged to secure State deposits	27,550.00
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits	2,000.00
Collateral Trust and other notes of corporations issued for not less than one year nor more than three year's time	1,784.57
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)	2,850.00
Value of banking house	29,891.98
Furniture and fixtures	2,986.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	45,481.00
Cash in vault and net amounts due from National Banks	40,600.00
Net amount due from banks and bankers	4,982.00
Checks on banks in the same city or town	2,477.00
Total	48,133.23
Outside checks and other cash items	80.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer	2,500.00
Interest earned but not collected	500.00
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	20.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$632,500.00</b>
Liabilities	
Capital stock paid in	75,000.00
Surplus fund	20,000.00
Undivided profits	8,449.83
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	2,528.24
Interest and discount collected, in advance of maturity	1,500.00
Amount reserved for all interest accrued	1,800.00
Circulating notes outstanding	48,600.00
Net amount due to National Banks	1,570.00
Certified checks outstanding	121.00
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding	630.00
Total of last 3 items above	2,322.81
Demand deposits:	
Individual deposits subject to check	263,467.00
Dividends unpaid	30.00
Total demand deposits	263,497.00
Time deposits:	
Postal Savings Deposits	701.00
Other time deposits	185,000.00
Total of time deposits	185,699.00
Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank	27,000.00
Other liabilities	60.00
Total	632,500.00
Liabilities for rediscounts	2,500.00
Total contingent liabilities	2,500.00
Of the total loans and discounts shown above, the amount on which interest was charged at rates in excess of those permitted by law, exclusive of net upon which total charge not to exceed 50 cents was made, was \$17,490.00. Number of such loans was 44.	

State of South Carolina, County of Kershaw.  
I, John T. Mackey, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
JOHN T. MACKEY, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of March, 1919.  
Correct—Attest:  
C. J. Shannon, Jr.  
G. H. Baum  
L. A. Wittkowsky  
Directors.

Just arrived Car Load of the New **HUPMOBILES**  
Also a Shipment of both **Chalmers and Franklins**  
**GEO. T. LITTLE, Camden, S. C.**

**NOTICE**  
Timothy Hay is retailing in Camden at \$42.00 per ton. We are selling Cotton-Seed Hulls at the Mill at \$16.00 per ton. We quote Prof. W. A. Henry, a recognized authority on Foods as follows:  
In Cotton Seed Hulls In Timothy Hay  
Crude Protein 4.20 Pct 5.90  
Nitrogen Free Ext. 33.40 45.00  
Fat 2.20 2.50  
Fibre 46.80 29.00  
Can you afford to feed hay, when we can sell you hulls at relatively the same feed value at about one-third the cost?  
**Camden Oil Mill**

**REAL ESTATE FOR SALE**  
DESIRABLE HOMES

Eight room frame dwelling on DeKalb Street, practically new building with all modern conveniences, lot 98 x 202 \$4,500.00

Eight room dwelling corner DeKalb and Lyttleton Streets, all conveniences lot 110 x 204, barn, garage and other buildings in yard, large garden and orchard \$6,300.00

Eight room dwelling on Lyttleton St., with all modern conveniences, lot 100 x 573, barn and stables. This property is well worth \$4,000.00 but is offered for immediate acceptance for \$3,300.00

Four room cottage on Lyttleton Street \$1,650.00

Eight room dwelling on Laurens St., one of the most desirable pieces of property in Camden, the house being practically new and containing bath, sewerage and electric lights. Large front and back yards and garden.

Seven room dwelling in Kirkwood, lot 110 x 220. With very little improvement could be made an especially attractive place, and is listed at \$2,500.

**Building Lots**  
Lot 80 x 300 on Kirkwood Heights \$1,000.00  
Lot 42 x 360 on North Main Street \$1,500.00  
Two very desirable building lots on Mill Street \$1,200.00  
Lot 90 x 110 on Mill Street \$550.00

**Business Property**  
Five Store Buildings on DeKalb St., each \$100 per month \$11,000.00  
Large warehouse \$1,000.00. The land not included in this price.