

THE CAMDEN CHRONICLE

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Add to list of shortages that of one gallon jugs. Also a scarcity of soap pernings.

Don't look so grumpy because watermelon time is almost over. Pumpkins will soon be ripe.

If you have a grudge against a fellow man tell him about it. Don't act like a "submarine."

Our idea of a useless undertaking is that of trying to sell a married man a talking machine.

If you are polite you'll pretend to enjoy these paragraphs—whether they're good or not.

There is a man in this town so crooked that he is putting off dying just to cheat the undertaker out of a job.

The chances are when a man says he doesn't know a woman's age he is lying. He just hasn't got the nerve to tell it.

There are two things that will make a blind man see. One is a well shaped leg, and the other is another one" says an exchange.

When a government official steals money he usually goes to jail, but when a Kershaw county official "coops" a few hundred he says "taint so" and that seems to end it.

An exchange says that the only way to secure a lasting peace after this war is to lick the enemy so hard he'll be glad to crawl into his hole and stay there until the hole caves in on him.

The announcement that the postmaster of Pontiac had misappropriated \$1,400 of government funds came as a surprise, as few people believed that there was that much money in Pontiac and Jacobs combined.

Be sorry for John Golden Musser; He has a wife Who is a fussy.—Greenville Piedmont. And sympathize With my friend Jim; He has a wife Who henpecked him.—Greenwood Index.

The foul murder committed near Camden two weeks ago still seems a mystery and it looks as if an outsider that many of the witnesses in the case know a great deal more than they dare to tell. One of the main witnesses in the case made the shocking admission on the witness stand after being duly sworn that he had for eighteen years practically lived in adultery with the woman now in jail accused of complicity in the murder. And it seems that it was upon his past conduct that the whole trouble hinges. Might we not give a tip to the grand jury to get rid of this mountback from that community by bringing an indictment against him according to his own admission.

Officers and Bondsmen. As a matter of information and to see if the people of Kershaw County will note the significance of the information below, The Chronicle submits the following: Clerk of Court—James H. Clyburn, bonded in the sum of \$10,000 by Fidelity & Deposit Co., Baltimore. Sheriff—L. C. Hough, bonded in the sum of \$10,000 by National Surety Co., New York. Supervisor—M. C. West, bonded in the sum of \$5,000 by National Surety Co., New York. Judge of Probate, W. L. McDowell, bonded in the sum of \$5,000 by Gulf & Atlantic Insurance Co. Supt. of Education—L. J. McKenzie, bonded in the sum of \$1,000 by National Surety Co. Master—L. A. Wittkowsky, bonded in the sum of \$5,000 by American Surety Co., of New York. Auditor—W. E. Russell, bonded in the sum of \$1,000 by Gulf & Atlantic Insurance Co. Magistrate—S. N. Nicholson, no bond required. Constable—J. F. Bateman, bonded in the sum of \$500 by the National Surety Co.

D. M. McCaskill bonded in the sum of \$20,000 by R. A. McCaskill, A. M. McCaskill, Ida N. McCaskill, S. M. McCaskill, R. T. Holland, E. F. Yarbrough, J. A. McCaskill, N. K. McKinnon, A. B. McLaurin and "Doctor" G. J. Baker.

Henry Ford is now being called America's greatest patriot and Henry seems to deserve it. The Government wanted to rent his big Boston plant for storage of shells and war material generally, and he was asked how much rent he wanted for it in a telegram from Secretary Baker last Thursday. He answered in four words "No rent. Take it." He has given half a million dollars to the Red Cross and has turned over plans for his new tractor to all the Allies to make tractors without any royalty to him. His place in history is fixed, both as an inventor of the highest rank and as a patriot.—Greenwood Index.

Ten chances to one that girl with the freckled face has a clear conscience.

Events of The Week. The past week has been marked with exposures of German intrigue in this country with the mobilization of the great selected army and with active work in Congress toward forwarding war preparations. The events in our own country have been of a sufficiently acute character as to divert attention somewhat from the progress of the war, and along that line, indeed, there were no occurrences of an unusually important nature. The Russian situation appears to have been fast resuming the normal, order being worked out of disorder, and the Russian Government regaining its equilibrium. There has been a cessation of the disturbing reports of Russian retreats. On the other hand, the Russian army seems to be making a good account marked by its recovery from its first disastrous defeat and retreat. The western front continues the scene of principal interest. Within the past few days both the British and French have captured positions that are regarded as of great importance to the fortunes of the Allies, and are holding them, certain positions having been consolidated so as to make recapture by the enemy a remote possibility. A notable feature of the closing days of the week was the dispatching of peace notes by the Central Powers to the Pope. Austria, in her note, pleaded openly and with manifest sincerity for peace on the best terms that could be secured. The German note, on

the other hand, was in the nature of a defense of the German Government and assertion of its efforts to maintain peace, the Emperor advancing the claim that he had endeavored to avert plunging the Nation into war. The proposition is laid down in connection with the bringing about of peace through arbitration that the German Government is ready to support every proposal in that direction "compatible with the interests of the German Empire and people." The Washington Government does not find these peace notes worthy of consideration, and the British Government openly ridicules them. Meantime, the food blockade, the continuous arrival of United States troops in France, the growing futility of U-boat operations, the inexorable advances and murderous execution by the Allied forces on the western lines, are all combining to the further discomfiture of Germany, giving token of the speeding of the day when serious discussion of the ending of the war will be appropriately in order by the newspapers.—Charlotte Observer.

PERMITS ISSUED BY COUNTIES Figures Compiled by Dillon County Judge of Probate.

Dillon, Sept. 22.—Joe Cabell Davis, Judge of Probate for Dillon County, has just completed an interesting tabulation of the number of permits issued in South Carolina for the purchase of liquor under the quart a month law, passed at the last session of the general assembly. Dr. Davis, tabulation covers the period from April 25 to September 1, this year. The number of permits issued is given by counties and in each instance the figures were secured from the office of the Probate Judge, except in Richland county, where they were furnished by a state official. Compilation of the statistics involved some expense and considerable work, but Mr. Davis feels that the time and money were well spent. The tabulation follows:

Table with 2 columns: County and Permits. Includes Abbeville (750), Aiken (702), Anderson (2,100), Bamberg (949), Barnwell (1,293), Beaufort (1,384), Berkeley (174), Calhoun (989), Charleston (6,061), Cherokee (381), Chester (1,305), Chesterfield (524), Clarendon (1,503), Colleton (375), Darlington (2,140), Dillon (260), Dorchester (210), Edgefield (533), Fairfield (1,580), Florence (5,921), Georgetown (3,520), Greenville (7,393), Greenwood (1,024), Hampton (345), Horry (1,784), Jasper (142), Kershaw (306), Lancaster (1,304), Laurens (1,989), Lee (838), Lexington (441), McCormick (151), Marion (497), Marlboro (440), Newberry (1,914), Oconee (42), Orangeburg (1,291), Pickens (35), Richland (20,352), Saluda (210), Spartanburg (1,100), Sumter (1,726), Union (2,007), Williamsburg (389), York (265).

Jim McDowell, employed at a cotton gin of E. L. Brooks fifteen miles south of Greenwood, was caught in a gin and received wounds to his arms from which he bled to death.

William J. Harris, chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, is being talked of as the man to run against Hardwick for the United States Senate.

BOTH HOUSES FAVOR BREAK Military Support May Not Be Given But Economic Aid Important.

Buenos Aires, Sept. 25.—The chamber of deputies today voted in favor of a rupture with Germany. The vote was 53 to 18. The Argentine senate last week voted almost unanimously in favor of a break over the revelations brought out by the exposure of Von Luxburg, the German minister at Buenos Aires, by the American state department. Would Strengthen Allies. Washington, Sept. 25.—Besides further consolidating the Americas in the war for democracy, the addition of Argentina to Germany's list of enemies would mean the partial relieving of the United States and Brazil fleets in the patrol of the South Atlantic and even if there should not be more spectacular co-operation by sending an army to France.

Advised as they have been of the sentiment of the republic in Argentina, the action of the senate and the chamber of deputies with Germany created little surprise among officials of the state department, and it is believed here that the break will be followed by war. President Irogoyen has been consistent in his determination not to permit his country to take any other than a neutral position, but it is considered improbable that he will veto the action of the legislative branch of his government. A political danger would face his administration in such a course since the majority of the people appear to feel keenly the ridiculous position in which their country has been placed by the duplicity of the German minister. The discovery today that the strikes and riots in Buenos Aires was instigated and supported by German agents only makes the situation worse.

Entry into the war will enable Argentina to regain her prestige in South American affairs, damaged when Brazil formally broke relations with Germany and then sent her fleet to sea to co-operate with that of the United States. Brazil did not formally declare that a state of war existed, and it is believed that if forced to break relations President Irogoyen will seize the opportunity to step ahead of Brazil in declaring war.

Although great military support might not be given the allies by Argentina, her economic aid would be important. Perhaps the largest producing country in South America, she could contribute plentifully to the food supplies of the fighting nations.

ASHAMED OF LaFOLLETTE Roosevelt Declares He Disgraces Body of Which He is Member.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 24.—"If I were this minute a member of the United States Senate I would be ashamed to sit in that body until I found out some method of depriving Senator LaFollette of his seat in that chamber which he now disgraces by his presence there," Col. Theodore Roosevelt declared in a talk today at a luncheon given for Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood and himself as a part of the middle western patriotic celebration of this city.

Continuing his remarks concerning Congress, Colonel Roosevelt asserted that if Congress had taken the action three years ago that it has since the declaration of war, the war would have been over.

"If we take heed of any peace utterance Germany prepares, we will show that we are not prepared yet to go out into the world without a guardian," the colonel added, "America must make good the words of President Wilson (make the world safe for democracy.) For this reason, we should declare war against Austria and Turkey."

Major General Leonard Wood, in a speech following the former President, said: "It is utter foolishness to say that America can win the war in the air or with chemical devices; it can only be won with men and by sacrifice."

Read the column of want ads today.



Advertisement for Buckeye Hulls. Text: 'Would you mix your cattle-feed with cotton? YOU know that such a combination would be carried through the digestive tract without giving the milk-producing and fat-producing food a chance to be assimilated. The lint on old style hulls acts the same way. It forms a pad or cushion-like covering around the concentrates that prevents the digestive juices from extracting the full amount of protein.' Includes 'Other Advantages' and 'Book of Mixed Feeds Free'.

ANOTHER BLOW BY BRITISH Many Important Positions Have Fallen in British Hands.

Field Marshal Haig's men again are striking in Flanders and the force of their blow like those that have preceded, is meeting with good results on a front of nearly six miles. Notwithstanding the necessity of carrying the battle to Crown Prince Rupprecht across uninviting ground—virtually a morass owing to recent rains and against the inevitable concrete and steel redoubts and woods and shell craters teeming with rapid fire guns—the English, Scotch and Australian troops have snatched valuable vantage points from the Germans but not without terrific opposition.

The battle at last accounts was still raging with the greatly reinforced Germans, who had anticipated the new thrust, to fighting with unusual bitterness to hold back further British advances or to recapture terrain already wrested from them. Gen. Haig's new thrust was delivered from the base of front line positions captured and consolidated last week, before which the Germans held numerous vantage points of strategic value, barring the way to further inroads by the British or for harassing the British line by machine gun and rifle fire.

As on previous occasions Gen. Haig loosed a veritable inferno of artillery, launching his attack in the early hours of Wednesday morning and when night fell many important positions had been cleared of the enemy, but with the Germans at numerous other points savagely contesting the right of way. Probably the most significant gain of the British, which the Germans as-

sert was to a depth of two-thirds of mile at certain points, was near Zonnebeke, to within a few hundred yards of the western outskirts of which village they penetrated, placing the about six miles from the railroad running from Ostend through Roulers and Roubaix to Lille. The cutting of this line, which seems to be the objective of Field Marshal Haig, would seriously affect the transport of the German from their naval bases at Ostend and Zeebrugge to the south. Prior to the land attack British naval forces heavily shelled Ostend and again Wednesday afternoon repeated the bombardment, meanwhile naval airplanes dropped bombs on towns in Northern Belgium with visible effective results. On the other fronts, except in the Champagne and Verdun sectors, of the line in France, no hostilities of great importance are in progress. Before Verdun the big guns again are roaring in a mighty duel, evidently the forerunner of further big infantry operations. In Champagne the French are heavily shelling the positions of the German Crown Prince, with the German artilleries answering them energetically. In the Austro-Italian theater the Italians continue to carry out successful engagements against the Austrians and to drop large quantities of explosives from airplanes on military establishments behind the lines.

Congressman Adamson, of Georgia, author of the famous eight hour road law, has been named by President Wilson as appraiser for the Port of New York. Ed. A. Reynolds, a prominent farmer of the Liberty Hill section of Edgefield county, lost his right foot by the accidental discharge of his gun while out dove shooting.

Advertisement for The Kershaw Motor Co. featuring a car and the slogan 'NO CRANKING—JUST RIDING'. Text: 'Motoring loses its lure when a woman has to perform the hard labor of cranking. Where the powerful sinews of electricity attend to the cranking, the joys of motoring are multiplied and driving becomes all pleasure. Electric-cranking of Ford cars attain its highest perfection in the new, but already famous Simple, compact, easiest to install, longest lived. Puts Ford starting in the same class with the highest priced cars. Weight evenly distributed on both sides of engine by units. No drag or strain on motor from starting or generating. Noiseless in operation. A fibre, leather and metal belt, moving in a V-type pulley, gives the highest pulling contact. Guaranteed efficient and mechanically correct. THE KERSHAW MOTOR CO. Genuine Ford Parts and Goodyear Tires'

Advertisement for Pearce-Young Hardware Co. featuring 'BUILDERS' and 'FROM TACKS UP'. Text: 'This is a Hardware store, and we sell hardware exclusively. But we handle everything in Hardware, from a tack up. BUILDERS will find it to their advantage to consult us before placing their orders for Builders' Hardware. Workmen and Mechanics in all trades will find all necessary Tools in our stock. If it's Hardware, we sell it. Pearce-Young Hardware Co.'

Advertisement for Miss Mattie Gerald featuring 'Every Woman' and 'COME EARLY'. Text: 'Is invited to call at our store and see the new creations in our beautiful line of Fall Millinery. They are worth seeing—each model is a gem in its class. COME EARLY We ask you to come early and make your selection while we have a large number from which you can choose. Some of the patterns this Fall are along lines never before put out, and will excite your admiration. The sooner you come the more exclusive will be your selection. Miss Nelle Haynes, will be with us again this Fall, and will be pleased to show you just the hat you are looking for. Miss Mattie Gerald'