

LAW ENFORCEMENT ERA IS BEGINNING

Governor is Bending His Efforts To Close Up Illicit Liquor Dealers.

Columbia, March 21.—South Carolina is facing a period of law enforcement as the result of the campaign promises last summer and the verdict of the people at the election which placed Richard I. Manning in the governor's chair. And those promises are now being redeemed by Gov. Manning.

For the first time in many years social clubs in several of the larger cities of the state are without liquor. It has been felt for some years that it was perfectly legitimate for clubs, that is bona fide clubs, to have lockers in which a member could store any liquor which he might care to have. The member had his locker and carried a key to it and bought his own liquor or beer as the case might be, brought it to the club and placed it in his own locker. The club porters served drinks to members from their individual lockers and all these clubs which observed this practice never sold liquor across the counter and only club members could get the benefit of the lockers. Thus the system grew over the state, especially in the larger cities where the leading business and professional men formed the club membership.

But under the "Gallon-a-month" law there is a special provision preventing the storing of liquors in clubs and it was because of this fact that the clubs of Columbia, the Metropolitan, Columbia, the Elks and the Ridgewood country club this week discontinued the permission to store liquid refreshments in individual lockers and the clubs are now "dry." Nothing but soft drinks, such as lemonade, can now be had in the clubs mentioned. They took the action in renovating the lockers because these clubs will do nothing which is unlawful for their membership is made up of men who are law-abiding and the leaders of the community in all lines of business. And it is worthy of note that probably the overwhelming majority of the membership of these clubs voted for Gov. Manning and they are going to back up every step he takes for law enforcement.

Reports from Spartanburg, Greenville and Sumter say that the clubs have removed all intoxicants and have gone "dry." Similar action has been taken. It is reported, by the locker clubs in practically all the other towns in the state.

There has been no report from the clubs in Charleston but it is presumed that they will follow suit and remove all intoxicants. It is shown that the administration confidently expects this action.

It is stated that several of the alleged "blind tigers" in Columbia and elsewhere made a pretense of following the locker system and had membership cards but it is claimed that these so-called "clubs" have no bona

fide membership. However, they are going to have to go out of business for the "lid" is going on not only in Columbia but throughout the state. Gov. Manning is determined to stamp out all and every form of violation of the new rigid liquor laws of South Carolina. The governor has said that he was not responsible for the passage of the law but he is responsible for its enforcement and he proposes to do his duty without fear and without favor. He is going to enforce the laws impartially "letting the chips fall where they may."

It is expected that where the mayors of the cities fail to do their duty satisfactorily to the governor in the matter of law enforcement he will summon the sheriffs of the counties and put the matter up to them. It is believed that in the case of Charleston and Columbia a certain time will be given for the local officials to enforce the laws, and in the event they fail the governor will put the matter up to the sheriffs, and if they fail he will very probably remove them and put men in their places who will enforce the laws. This is his announced intention. It is known. The governor will have nothing further to say for publication over his plans for law enforcement but it is known that he is bending his energies to closing up the illegal liquor dealers throughout the state, and is holding the sheriffs especially accountable for results. Just what action he will take in Charleston is not known but there is a general impression in well informed circles that the governor is ready to move swiftly in the matter and that his next announcement will be through results.

With the situation in Charleston and Columbia, the trouble in Barnwell where all the dispensaries have been closed indefinitely by the governor and where the grand jury has employed a firm of expert accountants to check the books of the old dispensary board, and the Kershaw county matter, the governor having summoned Sheriff W. W. Huckabee to show cause before him on March 30 for alleged failure to enforce the laws against liquor selling, the hands of the governor are full. However he is keeping a close eye on every county and is in constant touch with the sheriffs and other law enforcement officers throughout the state.

In several of the counties, notably in Saluda and Berkeley, the sheriff held a conference with all of the magistrates over efforts to stamp out the blind tigers and in Berkeley county a certain territory was assigned to each one to look after and in this way a close watch can be kept and it is hard for the "tigers" to break through such a cordon or to run such a blockade. Sheriff J. H. Lightsey of Hampton county who is making a determined effort to stamp out illicit dealers under his jurisdiction favors the plan of having a convention of magistrates and may call one of his county. In those counties which have the rural police it is not so hard for the sheriff to

patrol his bailiwick but many of the counties have no police and in this case it is well nigh impossible for the sheriff and his deputy to keep down all violations especially where some sections of the county are remote. As was pointed out by one of them. It is in such counties that the active cooperation of the magistrates and their constables is necessary.

It is believed that blind tigers will find rough sailing before juries and with the possibility of facing a term on the roads this "gentry" will take to their lairs.

Top-Dress Oats and Wheat.

Clemson College, Mar. 23.—"Top-dress oats and wheat and do it without delay. That is, the message, I should like to get to every South Carolina farmer," said W. W. Long state agent of demonstration and director of the extension division of Clemson College.

Top-dressing, said Mr. Long, will be especially necessary this spring "This is true because of the excessive rainfall of the past winter, which has served in great measure to wash the nitrates from the soil."

Mr. Long advises the use of nitrate of soda as a top-dresser, because of its ready availability and because it is not too high in price at present.

Can You Spell?

At Kokomo, Indiana, a few days ago the superintendent of the schools held a spelling contest. Every person of the city was eligible and six hundred took the test. Of that number only fifty-two made a perfect score.

Newspaper men, doctors, lawyers, merchants, teachers and scholars submitted lists of twenty words each and from that total, twenty words were selected. The complete list with the number of times each word was misspelled, follows: Miscellaneous, 394; calendar, 324; parallel, 273; privilege, 270; superintendent, 248; principle, 242; piece, 223; loss, 201; separate, 196; disappoint, 177; disease, 164; principal, 142; necessary, 137; business, 130; relieve, 125; receive, 109; truly, 85; government, 84; grammar, 79; believe, 73.

One woman, who made a perfect score, had been a servant for sixty-three years and had had only eight weeks schooling. A county official, who had been in business all his life, missed every word. Another man only got one right. One woman missed all but three.

Here are the words, arranged in the form of two sentences. Hand to a friend, ask him to dictate the sentences to you, write down the words and see how many you misspell:

"The privilege of separating ninety miscellaneous calendars, arranged in two parallel lines, was against the principles of the superintendent, so his niece, not to disappoint the government, nor cause it to lose business, removed the principal calendars and thus relieved her uncle of a strain which might have brought on a disease. Then she believed it had become truly necessary for her to receive her instruction in grammar."

THE COW AND HER PRODUCT.

Clemson College Weekly Notes for the Farmer and Dairyman.

(These notes are prepared weekly by the Dairy Division of Clemson College, which will be glad to answer any questions pertaining to dairying.)

More feed can be housed in a silo than in any other form of building of equal cost.

Keeping records for each cow is indispensable to the dairyman who would be really successful.

To make good butter it is necessary to have clean milk and healthy cows. Milk from unhealthy cows is not a safe article of food, even though there is no visible dirt in it.

Fiber brushes for washing milk utensils should replace the common dishrag. They do better work and are more easily kept clean.

It is a good practice to let the calf suck the cow for about forty-eight hours after birth, after which it should be taken from its mother. In the case of a weak calf, however, it is better to let it remain two or three days longer.

Calves should never be fed from a trough and in groups. The Dairy Division of Clemson College will furnish upon request plans for making simple little calf stanchions. Use these and feed each calf by itself.

The only way to increase the number of pounds of butterfat produced by a cow is to increase the number of gallons of milk she gives. This is best done by feeding some succulent feed such as roots or silage. Fresh spring grass has the same effect.

Milk begins to sour within a few minutes after it is taken from the cow if it is not cooled. The bacteria that cause souring do not thrive in cold milk. Therefore, to keep milk or cream sweet, cool it without delay.

If cream has an unpleasant taste or odor before it is churned, it will make butter of poor quality. It is impossible to make good butter with dirty, sour cream.

Where you have two or more gallons of milk or cream to handle and keep cool, about the best and cheapest vessel for keeping it is what is called the shotum can. This can is light, strong and easy to keep clean.

THREE BATTLESHIPS SUNK.

Operations in Dardanelles Costly For Allied Forces.

London, March 19.—The British battleships Irrisistible and Ocean and the French battleship Bouvet were blown up by floating mines while engaged with the remainder of the allied fleet in attacking the foris in the narrows of the Dardanelles Thursday.

Virtually all the crews of the two British ships were saved, having been transferred to other ships, under a hot fire, but an internal explosion took place on board the Bouvet after she had fouled the mine and most of her crew was lost. The Bouvet sank three minutes after she hit the mine.

The waters in which the ships were lost had been swept of mines but the British admiralty asserts that the Turks and Germans set floating contrabands of explosives adrift, and these were carried down by the current on to the allied ships gathered inside the entrance of the straits.

All the ships sunk were old ones. The Bouvet was built nearly 20 years ago and the Ocean and Irrisistible in 1898. They were useful, however, for the work in which they were engaged in the Dardanelles. The sunken British ships are being replaced by the battleships Queen and Implacable, vessels of a similar type. They are said to have started some time ago in anticipation of just such losses as have now occurred. Two other ships, the British battle cruiser Inflexible and the French battleship Gaulois, were hit by shells and damaged. British casualties, according to the British official report, "were not heavy considering the scale of operations."

The damage done to the Turkish forts by the heavy bombardment has not been ascertained. It is said that operations against them are continuing. The forts attacked are those on each side of Kephez bay and on Kephez point outside the narrows and those on Kaldhabr and Chanak in the narrows.

The Kephez forts replied strongly when the battleships advanced up the Dardanelles and all the ships were hit. It is asserted that these forts finally were silenced and a bombardment of those in the narrows was under way when the three battleships hit the mines. The blowing up of the ships did not cause a cessation of the fighting, which continued until darkness intervened. It is understood the engagement was resumed today.

SUNDAY AT TRINITY.

Colored Methodist Had Chaffin Quartette to Furnish Music.

Sunday, March 21st, Inst., was indeed a great day for the members and friends of Trinity M. E. Church. At 11:30 the morning service was conducted by the pastor, who preached an interesting sermon. In the afternoon a large congregation of white and colored people packed the church to hear the Chaffin University Glee singers.

The singers, a trio, with a pianist, gave a high grade sacred concert for the benefit of their school.

The pleasure of hearing these noted singers is attested by the fact that several selections requested were repeated by special requests from members of the audience. The entire success of the concert was very appreciatively evidenced by the eagerness of the people to give to the cause of christian education. In a short time the collection which amounted to \$36.20 was received and the benediction was announced.

Dr. L. M. Dunlow, the president of Chaffin, is a believer in, and a substantial benefactor of christian and industrial training for colored people, and we should show him our best appreciation. He would have preached the morning sermon but illness prevented and caused him to return to Orangeburg without meeting his engagements. This was regretted by all.

At 8:30 in the evening, health services were conducted at which time addresses were delivered by our doctors, trained nurses and others.

The special feature of the evening was the address delivered by the layor, Hon. C. H. Yates. This was an instructive and excellently rendered speech.

The happy response to this address was delivered by C. C. Lowery, and it ended with the tendering of a rising vote of thanks to Mr. Yates by the audience. Dr. J. P. Pickett's address "Man's Alotted Days," attracted much attention. Dr. J. H. Thomas was mas-

ter of ceremonies. Respectfully, C. C. Lowery.

Program of Convention.

Following is the program of the Township Sunday School Convention which will meet at Buffalo Baptist Church, Sunday, April 10, 1915:

10:30 a. m. Devotional exercises conducted by Grover Jones.

10:45 a. m. Address of welcome by T. J. Cupstid. Response by J. B. Catoe.

11:15 a. m. Enrollment of delegates.

11:25 a. m. Reading of minutes of last meeting.

11:30 a. m. What kind of amusement can a Christian indulge in without injury to others. Rev. Forbes, A. E. Fulmer, John I. Bowers and S. A. West.

12:15 p. m. The importance of early training. Rev. W. F. Estridge, Alex. Brown, D. M. Kirkley.

1 p. m. Dinner on the ground.

2 p. m. Song service conducted by E. L. Catoe.

2:15 p. m. The law of scriptural giving. Opened by A. F. Young, Rev. S. D. Balley, W. D. Seegars, W. B. Elliott.

3:00 p. m. What is the relation of the Sunday School to the church? Opened by T. J. Cupstid, D. M. Bethune and R. F. Adams.

S. A. West for Committee.

The dispensaries in 14 counties of the state sold \$233,861.87 worth of liquor during February according to a statement issued by Mose H. Mobley, State dispensary auditor. The operating expenses amounted to \$17,047.20.

SEED CORN

FIELD SELECTED

WE HAVE ABOUT 75 BUSHELS

PRICES:

1 Bushel	\$2.50
1/2 Bushel	1.50
1/4 Bushel	1.00

A poor stand of corn means a poor crop. Plant good seed and have two ears where you have been getting one. Have Corn to sell.

We offer 500 to 600 bushels in the shuck at our farm at a little above market price of shipped corn. It will feed further on the ear than shelled corn and is better feed.

WORKMAN & MACKAY

WANTED---To Buy Cattle

Highest cash price paid for good cattle—fat or poor—all must be free from cattle tick.

Camden Beef Cattle Farms

FRED E. PERKINS, Special Partner L. I. GUION, Proprietor

Galvanized Corrugated and V Crimped Roofing

1,000 SQUARES IN STOCK

Write us for prices

Columbia Supply Company

823 WEST GERVAIS ST. COLUMBIA, S. C.

Ford

Buy a Ford Car.

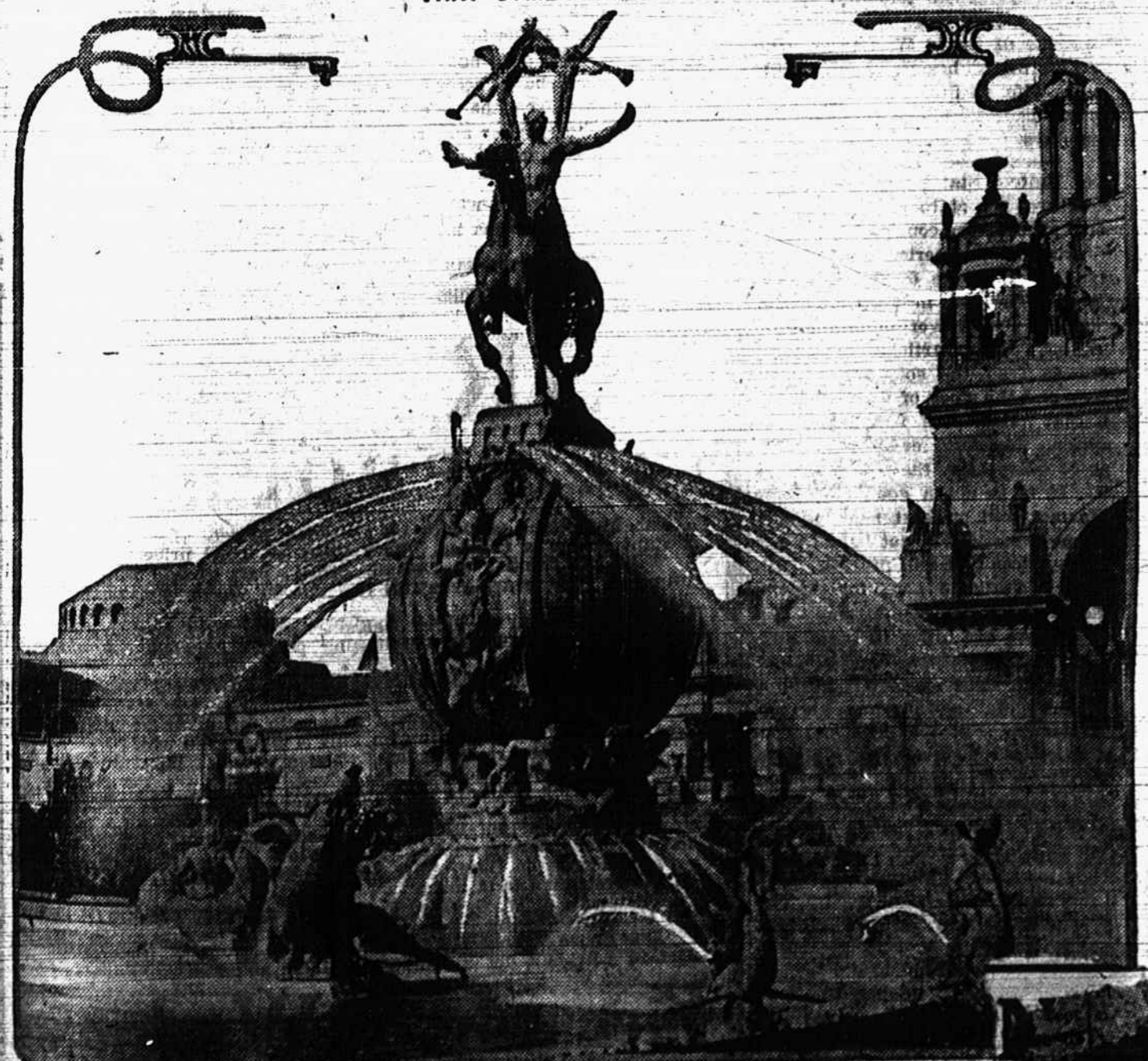
We have accepted the agency from the Factory and offer this year a Ford Roadster for \$474.00 delivered, and a Touring Car for \$524.00 delivered.

People laughed at the Wright's with their airship. They scoffed at Marconi and his wireless. They poked fun at McCormick and his reaper. They called Columbus a fool. It seems odd now doesn't it? Hundreds of people saw a teakettle lid teetle, yet only Watt and Newton actually cashed in on the experience.

Now is the time for you to cash in on a Ford. Lots of men told you that a Ford was too light. They did not see its future. Now they realize that the Ford has become an absolute business necessity. Come in and see the new Fords, you will find what we tell you worth your attention, and that it will set you thinking.

Smith's Garage

THE FOUNTAIN AT THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION THAT SYMBOLIZES THE BUILDING OF THE PANAMA CANAL



The labor that went into the building of the Panama canal is symbolized in the Fountain of the Stirling Calder. This heroic sculpture stands in the center lagoon of the South Seas the main entrance gates. The waters were first released on opening day, February 20, coinciding with the opening of the portals of the exhibit palaces and by the same means: the electric spark transmitted across the water when President Woodrow Wilson opened the great exposition at San Francisco by wire.

...er Babb, white, was acquitted in Greenville this week. He was... for the burning of C. P. ... the barn, a capital crime, since ... within a few feet of the ... of Barnett, the lives of ... are endangered by the ...