

Hon. D. E. Pinley has his announcement in this week's Chronicle asking re-election to Congress from this district.

A clean-up week for Camden is a move in the right direction. Nothing adds more to the health and beauty of a town than attractive sanitary premises and it is hoped that all property owners will enter the contest.

The Chronicle is in receipt of a letter from Hon. Glenn W. Ragsdale, candidate for Congress, at the close of which he says: "Please straighten the type in your humble servant's name, as it appears in announcement card. It might suggest to the mind of some uncharitable fellow, that there was something crooked about Ragsdale, which is really not the case."

Read the ads in The Chronicle and trade with the merchant who advertises. Publicity is the sunshine that brightens up a bargain and makes a purchase twice as valuable. An article that is not worth the newspaper space to put it before the public is not worth your money and time to look at it much less to buy. Buy that which is up-to-date; that which everybody is acquainted with, and that which is well aired by the sunbeams of publicity. Trade with our advertisers.

The baseball fans of Greenville were treated to some real baseball Friday afternoon when a team from the Greenville Daily News met a team from the Daily Piedmont. It seems that Charlie McJunkin was responsible for the defeat of the Piedmont team, for at the end of the game he was handed the following release: "You are hereby given your release as a player on the Piedmont team. You run like a one-legged man on banana peels, couldn't hit a slow moving balloon and couldn't stop a watermelon rolling up hill. You throw like a woman."

**NO PAY IN ADVERTISING.**

Don't advertise if you believe you are wasting money. Let your competitor waste his money on advertising, and perhaps in this way you'll soon put him out of business. Fix his clock work for him. Just stand back and laugh at him when you see him squandering his money for printers' ink. Once there was a boy named John we think his last name was Wanamaker anyhow his name was John, with some sort of a maker attached to his last name. He owned 500 yards of calico, three bolts of jeans and a half dozen pairs of boots. He called this a dry goods store through a Philadelphia paper, and offered to sell a pair of socks for 37 cents. The don't-believe-in-advertising merchants laughed. Young John spent \$65 with the Philadelphia Ledger to advertise just one time, and had less than \$100 worth of goods. He was cautioned by those merchants who knew it didn't pay. It was through sympathy that they gave him advice. But John didn't listen to them, and went and blew his money in foolishly, and today poor John sees his misdoings. He has so many large dry goods stores he can hardly find time to study his Sunday school lesson.—Exchange.

**Many Fish Were Blind.**

More than 17,000 yellowtail were caught by Japanese fishermen at the long wharf recently. This is the largest catch for one day's fishing ever recorded in the bay district. Among the fishy specimens were several deep sea fish, which, when brought to the surface, were found to be totally blind.—Los Angeles Tribune.

**MAGISTRATES SUMMONS**

State of South Carolina,  
County of Kershaw,  
In the Magistrate Court.

M. Barnish, Plaintiff,  
Against  
W. O. Foss, Defendant.

**Summons.**

To the Sheriff of Kershaw County or any Lawful Constable:  
Complaint having been made unto me by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendant, that the defendant, W. O. Foss is indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of Ninety-one Dollars (\$91.00) on account of cash advanced to him by the plaintiff on the 29th day of May, 1912, which is past due and owing and unpaid, as more fully appears by the affidavit hereto attached, and that the said defendant, W. O. Foss is a non-resident of the State of South Carolina, and is attempting to receive his property within this County and State from the same for the purpose of defrauding the said plaintiff.

You are hereby commanded to summon the said defendant before me to answer the said complaint on the 21st day after the service hereof, in my office Camden, S. C., at 12 M., or judgment will be given against him by default.

Given under my hand and seal, this 4th day of June, 1912.  
H. M. Fincher,  
Magistrate.

**SUCCESS IN TRUCKING.**  
Growth of Industry in Charleston County.

Forty-one years ago W. C. Geraty and F. W. Towles began truck farming in Charleston county, South Carolina, at Martins Point. They planted half an acre in cabbage and 8 or 10 acres in potatoes. From that pioneer effort the trucking industry in the county has developed until today 14,000 acres of land are in cultivation, which, it is estimated will this year yield \$2,562,500 worth of crops, netting the growers \$1,302,500. In a carefully prepared study of the industry published in the News and Courier, D. G. Spencer estimates that this year 5,000 acres have been planted in cabbage, yielding \$800,000, an average of \$160 an acre; 4,000 acres in potatoes, yielding \$700,000, an average of \$175; 2,000 acres in cucumbers, yielding \$600,000, an average of \$300; 2,000 acres in beans, yielding \$312,000, an average of \$156, and 1,000 acres in asparagus, lettuce, turnips, beets, radishes, etc., yielding \$150,000, or an average of \$150 an acre. In the early days commission men of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, who advanced money to the truckers, practically controlled the distribution of the crops, but in the past six or seven years a number of brokers' firms have been established in Charleston with the results of a far wider distribution of the crops, and the readiness of local bankers to supply any funds for the growing that may be needed. The Atlantic Coast Line and Southern Railway furnish the facilities for shipments, which at the height of the season aggregate from 75 to 100 cars a day, and which this year will amount to 4,000 carloads of cabbage, 1,000 of potatoes, 800 of cucumbers, 600 of beans and 500 of miscellaneous vegetables.

An attractive feature of this industry in the neighborhood of Charleston is that the truck crops are followed, without additional fertilization, by second crops and sometimes by third ones, cabbage by corn, and potatoes by cotton, hay turnips, etc., and one development of cabbage raising, which claims N. H. Blitch as its king, is the raising of cabbage plants, which are sent for setting out to 37 States, as far west as Iowa and Idaho and as far north as Michigan and Massachusetts. This year from 346 acres 145,000,000 plants of the kind were sold.

It is not surprising that the value of these trucking lands have increased under cultivation from \$25 to \$100 and \$200 an acre. One of the successful growers paid \$7,000 for 209 acres of land less than 30 years ago which now would cost more than \$250 an acre, and another bought 405 acres of land in 1896 for \$1,150 which is now worth \$50,000 or \$60,000. The second generation of truckers in this region have now entered the field, which has been created through the application of hard work and common sense to a naturally productive soil, and their work has been reinforced by liberal use of fertilizers. The field is by no means exhausted.

There is still room upon uncultivated land for as many growers as are already at work, and at many other points in the South there is opportunity in the industry, which is now bringing at least \$100,000,000 annually to that section.—Manufacturers Record.

**Fundamental Error.**

We suffer, in teaching, from the means being exalted and the end forgotten.

**AN ORDINANCE**

To Raise Supplies For The City of Camden, S. C., for Year 1912.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Camden, S. C., and by the authority of the same that the following taxes be, and the same are hereby levied for the current year from the 1st day of January, 1912, to the 31st day of December, 1912.

Sec. 1. A tax of 12 mills on each and every dollar of real and personal property within the corporate limits of the City of Camden, S. C., on the 1st day of January, 1912.

Sec. 2. That all able bodied male persons between the ages of twenty-one and fifty-five years, residing within the corporate limits of the City of Camden, S. C., not exempt from road duty under the laws of the State, shall work the streets, ways and bridges under the direction of such overseers as may be appointed for such a space of time not exceeding six (6) days in one year. Provided, that at the time of receiving the notice any person may pay to the person giving such notice three (\$3.00) dollars (commutation, which shall be received in lieu of the work, and that person refusing to work on said streets or to pay said commutation, shall be fined not less than five (\$5.00) dollars nor more than ten (\$10.00) dollars or be imprisoned not less than ten (10) days nor more than twenty (20) days, in the discretion of the City Recorder.

Sec. 3. The tax books for the collection of City taxes will be opened in Council Chamber, Camden, S. C., on the 15th day of July, and remain open each day except Sundays, from 9 a. m. to 1:30 p. m., and from 3 p. m. to 4 p. m., until Saturday, August 3rd inclusive, after which time the penalty will be attached to all delinquents.

Attest: G. G. Alexander, Clerk.

**More Than That in Life.**

It would be a bad day for humanity if a man's debt to his fellow-men should come to be calculated and paid solely in rates and taxes.

**EXCELLENT EXERCISE.**  
Swimming, as an All Round Healthful Exercise is Hard to Beat.

No intelligent or sensible person, after giving the subject a serious thought, can offer a good reason why knowledge of the art of swimming should not be made part of the education of every boy and girl attending school, for, if such were the case we would soon have a grown-up community of better developed people.

There could never be a better thing done for the boys and girls of the grammar schools of the state than to have it arranged so they could take one or two lessons in swimming every week, says The Philadelphia Ledger. It would not cost the city more than a few dollars a month to furnish an instructor for the grammar schools, and I think the matter should be taken up for the benefit of the school children.

As a means of recreation and for bodily development, swimming is exercise par excellence, there being no other form of exercise that tends to more develop the symmetry of the body or add more health and pleasure, when properly indulged in. No one knows when he or she may be called upon for a practical test of their knowledge of the art of natation, and when such emergency arises a knowledge of swimming is not only needed, but there is a great risk of loss of life in a majority of instances where there is a lack of knowledge of this useful accomplishment.

It is obvious, therefore, that instruction in swimming and life saving should be made a part of the curriculum of all educational institutions.

While those now unacquainted with the art should at once be taught, in order that they may not only take care of themselves in times of accident, but lend assistance to others who may be in distress.

We occasionally hear the statement made that good swimmers are frequently drowned, but if you will look up a few drowning cases you will see that nine out of every 10 either could not swim well or were just learning. These are the ones that get into trouble, as they always take more chances than a person who has had lots of experience, and the consequence is they are drowned.

Many of these so-called good swimmers are really not proficient at all in the sense of being able to take care of themselves under all conditions, and usually lose their lives in some foolhardy attempt that a more competent person would not think of trying.

But how shall we accomplish the object of a general instruction in swimming in our country as a part of the education of the youth of the land? Fortunately the remedy is simple. The art of swimming is easily acquired and if we will build proper swimming baths in connection with every school house, or as many such separate and properly equipped baths as will meet with demand and make it a matter of compulsory education along with reading, writing arithmetic and other studies, we provide competent instructors to carry on the work, the knowledge of this valuable art will soon become as common as the art of walking or talking, and almost as universally acquired.

Where possible, a swimming pool scientifically built and maintained in strict hygienic condition by the exercise of constant care, should be provided in all school buildings.

Where this is impossible from the character of the building or from want of room, bath houses should be erected for the common use of a number of schools and instructors provided to teach the children.

With proper care the swimming pool can be made a valuable adjunct of the school house, and its use will go far to insure health, while its beneficial results in the physical development of the body will be correspondingly shown in the increased development of the mind.

Let swimming, therefore, become as much a part of the studies of the public schools as reading, writing and arithmetic.

Too much can not be written in favor of swimming. So many illustrations can be given of the beneficial results of practice at this form of recreation and branch of sport that a recital of them would become tiresome. Suffice it to say, and I say it without fear of contradiction, that there is no other form of exercise that tends to a more uniform development of the entire body and brings more muscles into play, including the development of the heart and lungs, than swimming.

Besides, the practice at swimming has the effect of toning up, invigorating and quickening the entire muscular circulation and energy, rendering the moving masses pliant, supple and responsive, as swimming muscles are usually long and quick of action and not hard, bunched, or knotty, heavy muscles.

There are also other species of physical exercise that are lopsided in their tendencies. Baseball, beautiful game as it is, tends rather to develop that side of the body which the person most uses. Lawn tennis is a capital sport. I can tell a lawn tennis player generally when he is stripped before they put the tape on him. But what are good exercises for all round development? Running, if not done to excess; wrestling, if not done to excess.

But the exercise that beats them all for all round development and general physical benefit is swimming.

While it is not always convenient to swim for exercise and development in the summer time, in open water, at the inland towns there is no reason in the world that the children and adults of Los Angeles and other towns that are near the ocean should not take advantage of this chance and do all the swimming in the ocean.

A plunge in the open water, followed by a sun bath, is one of the

finest things for toning up the nerves and invigorating the whole system. The reaction that follows such a bath quickens and increases the circulation and the whole body is thereby strengthened and fortified against colds and suddenness of changes. Every swimmer will tell you that when the temperature is not too low they can swim four times as far in open water with less exertion than in an indoor pool.

This is due to the purer air and general invigorating surroundings which make the exercise a greater pleasure under these conditions. You can take any swimmer out of a hot plunge and put him in the surf and he will do just twice as much swimming in the surf than he would in a plunge.

**For Sale.**

Light six cylinder OLDSMOBILE, fully equipped, run about six thousand miles, cost \$5,300 with special five passenger body. Will sell to quick buyer, \$2,000. William Bloomfield, 495 Spring Street, Atlanta, Ga.

**AN ORDINANCE**  
Declaring the Result of an Election on the Question of Issuing Bonds of the City of Camden for the Purpose of Establishing Water and Light Plant in Said City.

State of South Carolina,  
County of Kershaw,  
City Council of Camden.

Be it ordained by the City Council of Camden, South Carolina, and by authority of same, that the election held in the City of Camden, on Tuesday, the 11th day of June, 1912, on the question of issuing coupon bonds of the City of Camden, S. C., for the amount of One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) bearing interest at the rate of five per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, in any legal tender of the United States, forty (40) years after date, with the privilege of redemption after twenty (20) years from date, for the purpose of establishment and ownership by the City of Camden of a

water works plant and electric plant, for the use of the said city and its citizens, was duly held, and a majority of the voters voting at said election, voted said issue of bonds.

Be it further resolved that the same day—Tuesday, the 11th day of June, 1912, the election in the said City of Camden, on the question of a Board of Commissioners of Public Works, in the following three (3) classes of Camden being duly elected: Public Board of Commissioners: J. Dunn and Henry Savage. Ratified in Council assembled this 17th day of June, 1912.

S. F. Brasington, Mayor.

Attest:  
G. G. Alexander, Clerk.

Advantage of Truth.  
"When one has no design to speak the plain truth, he may get a great deal in a very narrow compass."  
—Steele.

Real Estate

Real Estate

# Farming Land FOR SALE

The farming lands in Lee County have long been recognized as the best in the State, and sell readily for \$30.00 per acre.

We offer for quick sale two tracts at Smithville—one containing 163 acres and one 10 acres at a price far below the \$30.00 mark.

Both tracts are ideally located, being on the public road, within a few miles of the railroad and having every advantage of the average town.

Phone 29, or write us for further information.

## BELK & McDOWELL

Real Estate

CAMDEN, S. C.      LANCASTER, S. C.

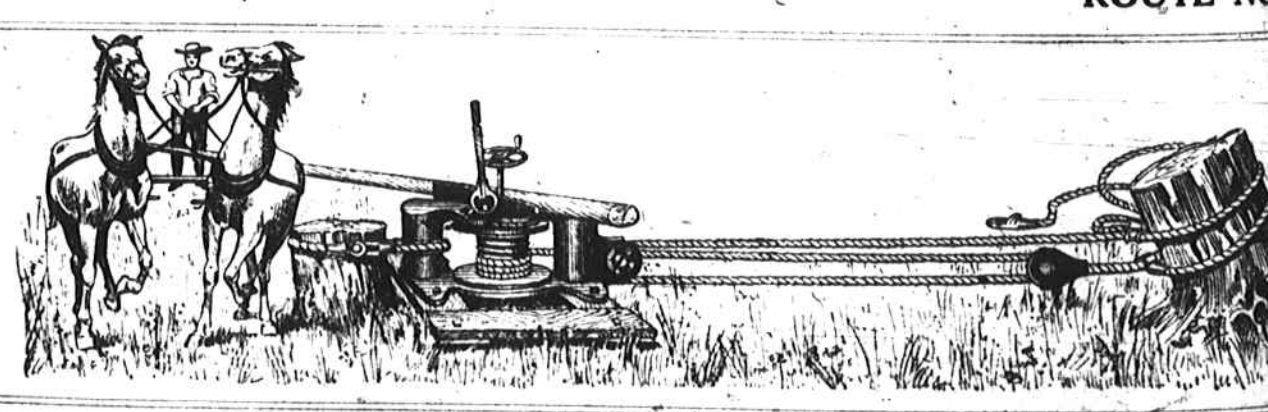
Real Estate

Real Estate

# Hercules Stump Puller

L. C. SHAW, Agent.

JEFFERSON, S. C.      ROUTE NO. 2



**The Most Wonderful and Complete Machine for Stump Pulling on the Market.**

No farmer can afford to be without it. Several have already been sold in Kershaw county, including one now in use by the county. Price very reasonable. Will be glad to demonstrate this wonderful machine to any one wishing to purchase. Guaranteed for three years to work every day. Mr. Gilman Raley, of Buffalo, bought one last fall and he says he would not be without it for \$500.00. Let me sell you one and rid your farm of all stumps.

**L. C. SHAW, Sole Agent for Kershaw County**