

SOUTH CAROLINA ITEMS

Newsy Items Gathered From the Different Sections of South Carolina.

Compulsory Law For Education.

Columbia State. One of the most interesting of the bills to be debated at the coming session of the general assembly is the proposed compulsory act. There were two of these bills, one by Representative Aull of Newberry and another by Representative Kershaw of Florence. It was decided to report back a substitute bill taking some of the features of the two and merging them with a few amendments.

As there has been considerable discussion over the merits of such a law the text of the bill to be brought up in the house and senate will be of interest. It is as follows:

"Be it enacted by the general assembly of the State of South Carolina:

Section 1. Every parent, guardian or other person in the State of South Carolina having control or charge of a child or children between the ages of 8 and 14 years, shall be required to send such child or children to a public school for a period of at least 12 weeks in each school year, at least four weeks of which shall be consecutive, unless such child or children are exempted from such attendance by the board of school trustees of the school district in which such parents or guardians reside, in their discretion, upon his being shown to their satisfaction that the bodily or mental condition of such child or children has been such as to prevent his or her attending at school or application to study for the period required, or that such child or children are taught in a private school or at home, in such branches as are usually taught in primary schools or have already acquired the ordinary branches of learning taught in the public schools.

"Sec. 2. For every neglect of such duty, as provided in section 1 of this act, the person offending may be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$10 or imprisonment not exceeding ten days provided, the person so offending all not be prosecuted except as provided in section 3 of this act.

"Sec. 3. The board of school trustees in the school district shall, at the time of appointment or election of teachers each year, appoint one of their number, whose duty it shall be to ascertain all persons that he may deem to be violating this act, and no person shall be prosecuted until reasonable warning has been given, as provided in this section, and only by order of the said board of trustees, and on oath of the member of such board who has been appointed by such board to prosecute the same; provided, that if the person so offending shall agree to comply with the provisions of section 1 of this act, the case may be discontinued, or sentence suspended, in the discretion of the magistrate issuing the warrant.

"Sec. 4. Whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of the board of school trustees of any school district in this State that the parents, guardians or other persons having control and charge of any child or children in attendance upon the public school of said district, in accordance with the provisions of this act, are unable to procure suitable books, stationery, etc., for such child or children, it shall be the duty of such board of school trustees to procure, or cause to be procured, for such child or children, all necessary books, stationery, etc., the same to be paid for out of the fund of said school district in the same manner that other claims

Physician Kills Himself.

Gaffney, Special.—A damper was thrown over the Christmas festivities when it was learned that Dr. J. C. Thorn, of Gaston Shoals, had committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. Dr. Thorn retired apparently in his usual health, but about 10:45 he told his wife that he was oppressed by the weight of the cover. She suggested that he throw some of it off. He then arose and went into the next room. His wife, hearing water dripping on the floor, asked him what was the matter. He replied, "Come and see." As she entered the door he sank to the floor, dying in a few seconds. Dr. J. N. Nesbitt testified before the coroner's jury that he came to his death by his own hands, and the jury's verdict was in accordance with this testimony. Dr. Thorn was about 40 years of age and had been doing the practice at Gaston Shoals since the work commenced at that place. He leaves a wife and two small children. He was a native of Arrowwood, Spartanburg county, and formerly practiced his profession at Cowpens. It is said by the people who knew him best that he was addicted to the use of morphine.

Mysterious Killing.

Sumter, Special.—Coroner S. F. Flowers returned Tuesday afternoon from the Stateburg neighborhood, where he investigated the death of Walter Blanding, colored. The negro was the owner of a store and was found brutally cut up in his store. No one appeared to know anything of the affair, and Coroner Flowers did not empanel a jury. From all appearances the murder was done for the purpose of robbery, as only 38 cents was found in the store and the deceased was said to have been doing a good business and to be well off. The body was terribly mutilated with gashes inflicted with a hatchet and knife that were found near the body covered with blood.

Accidentally Shoots Nephew.

Aiken, Special.—While taking part in a dove drive near Aiken Friday B. F. Tyle accidentally shot the top of his nephew's head off causing instant death. The dead boy was the 12-year-old son of C. A. Humphrey, of Atlanta. Tyle afterwards tried to kill himself.

Death of Mrs. R. S. Agnew.

Aiken, Special.—Mr. R. S. Agnew, an aged and highly esteemed citizen of this city, died Monday morning at the home of Mrs. D. L. Johnson, where she had resided for several years past. Mrs. Agnew was 85 years old on last Tuesday. She had lived in Aiken for a great part of her life and was highly regarded for her kindly Christian character. She was an aunt of Mr. G. C. Edmondston of Aiken and she has a number of nieces and nephews living in Augusta.

Robbery Near Darlington.

Darlington, Special.—The house of Mr. J. A. Walker, near the city limits, was broken into last week and \$97.50 in cash, a watch valued at \$10, and about \$25 worth of clothing were stolen. Mr. Walker and his wife were at his store, which is situated about 50 yards from the house, where they were busy selling goods, when the house was broken into and the things mentioned were stolen.

An Accidental Killing.

Sumter, Special.—Niek W. Britton, while handling a pistol Tuesday night accidentally shot in the head and immediately killed a colored man named Hagannine Washington, near Brogdon Station. An official investigation exonerates Mr. Britton of any intention to shoot Washington. Mr. Britton is very much depressed over the accident.

DEATH OF DR. THORNWELL

One of the Most Prominent Presbyterian Ministers of the South Goes to His Reward—A Faithful Soldier from Early Life to the End.

Fort Mill, Special.—Rev. Dr. James Henley Thornwell died suddenly at his home in Fort Mill, at 5 o'clock Monday morning, from an affection of the heart, from which he had been suffering for several weeks. The news of his death was a great shock to his friends. He had shown some improvement in the few days, and had apparently recovered his normal health, when the fatal attack came on. Dr. Thornwell was 64 years old. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Florence Earle, of Greenville, S. C. His surviving children are Florence Thornwell, Earle Thornwell, Nannie Thornwell, James H. Thornwell, Mrs. R. C. McLeod, Robert Thornwell, Allison Thornwell, and Frances Thornwell. The deceased was born in Lancaster, S. C., and studied for the law in Kentucky. The breaking out of the civil war, however, changed his plans. His father, one of the most notable men in South Carolina, went to the front, as did one of his brothers. Young Thornwell saw his duty and also joined the army, entering Hampton's Cavalry when only 16 years of age.

"Sec. 5. All fines collected under the provision of this act shall be paid into the county treasury on account of the county school fund for the district in which they are collected.

"Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of the county superintendent of education in each county of this State to cause this law to be published in some newspaper in his county, if there be one, for four consecutive weeks, annually, for a period of two years, the expense of such publication to be allowed and paid out of the general school fund of the county. The board of school trustees in each school district shall cause to be posted, annually, for a period of two years, in three public places in their school district, notices of the requirements and penalties of this law.

"Sec. 7. This act to take effect September 1, 1908."

The original bill provided that the law should go into effect September, 1907, but its continuance will run the time up one year.

Negro Killed.

Laurens, Special.—The only holiday killing in this county so far is reported from Goldville, which occurred last night about 8 o'clock. Dave Hunter, a negro originally from Union county, being the victim. It seems that Hunter was standing out about the railway track, in front of the stores, when he was shot through his head, being instantly killed. Just who fired the fatal shot is not known and as there had been a good deal of promiscuous shooting around during the night, it is difficult to say whether Hunter was killed by design or whether he was the victim of an accidental stray shot. Sheriff Duckett was notified of the killing and two officers were sent to the scene to make an investigation. It is understood that no arrests have been made in connection with the tragedy.

Shot by Accident.

Batesburg, Special.—As the result of an accident Mr. Henry Hall was very seriously shot in the side about the eighth rib by a 38 calibre Colt's pistol ball. It seems that Mr. George W. Nobles, who was in an adjoining room, had pulled off his coat containing the pistol and hung it on a chair and that the weight of the pistol caused it to fall to the floor causing the pistol to explode, the ball going through an open door, between the rooms, striking Mr. Hall as he was in the act of stooping down to pick up a chair that had fallen over. While it is not thought that Mr. Hall's injuries will prove fatal, he is very seriously hurt, and will be confined to his bed for some time.

Shooting in Florence.

Florence, Special.—Dan Brown, a negro man, was shot and wounded in a shooting scrape at Rankin's Mill near Mars Bluff in this county on Christmas day and he died from the wound. Coroner Cooper empaneled a jury and went to the scene and held the inquest, the verdict being that Brown came to his death by a pistol shot wound in the hands of Jerry Johnson. Duane Harris was also held as an accessory. Both parties have been lodged in jail to await trial. From the testimony all inquest it seemed to be a hard matter to ascertain whether or not the shooting was accidental or done on purpose. Both men charged with the deed are negroes.

Killing Near Yorkville.

Yorkville, Special.—The Christmas holidays passed off very quietly and without anything to mar the pleasures of the occasion. On Christmas day most of the business houses were closed and the streets presented rather a Sunday appearance. There was no drunkenness noticeable and no arrests made by the policemen. On Christmas night the "boys" had a good time shooting fireworks and giving a general serenade with tin horns, cow bells, etc. Next morning there were several gates and signs noticed out of their places, but no damage was done.

Heavy Quake Recorded.

Washington, Special.—A very heavy earthquake was recorded on the instruments at the Coast and Geodetic Survey observatory at Cheltenham, Md., Tuesday morning. It commenced at 33 minutes 30 seconds past midnight and lasted over one hour.

Death of Mr. C. W. Mann.

Florence, Special.—Mr. Columbus W. Mann, a well known young planter of the Evergreen section of this county, died very suddenly at his home Friday morning. He leaves a young wife and two small children and a host of other relatives in this section to mourn his death. The funeral was held at old Tabernacle Methodist church Saturday afternoon and was largely attended.

SECRETARY TAFT SPEAKS

The Secretary Gives Views on Public Questions

NO MENTION OF HIS CANDIDACY

Secretary of War Delivers His First Speech Since Returning From Tour of World Before Notable Gathering in Boston.

Boston, Special.—Greeted with cheers as "the next President of the United States," a topic which he carefully avoided in his own remarks, however, Secretary of War William H. Taft, delivered his first public speech since his world-circling tour, at the annual banquet of the Boston merchants' association at the Hotel Somerset.

The banquet closed a long and strenuous day for the Secretary of War, during which he delivered a brief address before 400 ministers in the morning and attended a reception and spoke before a large gathering of the Jews of the city at the Elysium Club in the afternoon. During his visit to Boston, which ended Tuesday morning, Secretary Taft is the guest of Samuel Carr, a Boston banker, and a relative of Mrs. Taft.

As Mr. Taft rose all the guests stood up with him and filled the air with long-continued cheers.

Secretary Taft read his speech from manuscript throughout, making no mention relative to his own candidacy for the presidency.

Mr. Taft's speech was in the main a broad defense of President Roosevelt and the administration in dealing with the trusts and with the recent financial crisis. Those responsible for the panic he said, were the "guilty managers of some of the large railroad and financial enterprises," and not those who in the course of their official duty, have made known to the business world the facts and commented on them. He denied that the administration had arraigned the whole business world as dishonest. The President had condemned the law breakers, and convinced those who had unlawfully accumulated enormous power and capital, that they were not immune. The President, he declared, had never said otherwise than that the business men of the country as a whole were honest and their methods sound. "Indeed," said Mr. Taft, "it is chiefly in the interest of the great body of honest business men that he has made his great fight for lawful business methods."

That the railroad rate law was responsible for the financial panic, Mr. Taft characterized as absurd, and as for the shrinkage in the value of railroad stocks, he said that neither Mr. Roosevelt nor his administration were responsible for State legislation against railroads. "Instead of making a panic," he said, "the national policy of ending the lawlessness of corporations in inter-State commerce and of taking away their power of issuing, without supervision, stock and bonds, will produce a change in their management and remove one fruitful cause for loss of public confidence."

The action of the State Legislatures against railroads, he declares, was occasioned by the same relations of lawlessness and discrimination in railway management that made the Federal rate bill a necessity, but he said, "if the State measures have been too drastic the cause of the injustice is not with the national government."

Mr. Taft launched upon the serious government ownership of railroads and declared that he was opposed to the idea, because it meant State socialism and an increase in the power of the central government that would be dangerous.

On the subject of the United States currency system Mr. Taft commented upon the fact that it was not so arranged as to permit its volume to be increased temporarily. He believed that had there been such a currency the money stringency might, in part, have been alleviated.

Out Through Heart With Knife.

Roanoke, Va., Special.—A dispatch from Floyd, Va., says: James W. Rierison, of near Locust Grove, Floyd county, was cut through the heart with a knife and killed Saturday night. Rierison, two men named Aldridge and another named Boyd, were drinking when they got into a row. When the men separated Rierison was on the ground dying. Other parties nearby said they could not tell who struck the fatal blow. Boyd and the Aldridges have disappeared.

Druce Coffin Is Opened.

London, By Cable.—The body of Thomas Charles Druce, in Highgate Cemetery, was exhumed Monday morning, just 43 years to a day after his burial. The coffin was found to contain the remains of a human body, thus exploding the romantic tale told by Robert C. Caldwell and others during the recent hearing of the Druce perjury case that it contained a roll of lead.

Broke Pledge; Killed Himself.

Frank Amos, ex-Hastings, Pa., made a pledge because he had broken a tobacco lease, shot and killed himself. His wife and children, coming home from Clearfield County for the Christmas celebration, found the body.

London's Famous Murder Trial.

The trial and acquittal of Robert Wood, accused of the murder of a girl, covered the deeper interest in London and has given rise to a remarkable characterization of the defendant by Hall Caine.

NEW YORK OVERRUN WITH HOMELESS MEN

Federated Unions to Ask Government Aid For Unemployed.

LABOR IN DEMAND ELSEWHERE

Central Federation Moves to Draft Plan of Relief For the Army of 125,000 Out of Work—Whole Country Needs Workers.

New York City.—The army of homeless and unemployed men that has crowded into New York in the last few weeks has grown to such an extent that a conference of men representing all the charity organizations that have to do with such cases was held to consider some co-operative plan of dealing with the problem.

The charity workers have found, they say, that a large percentage of the army of unemployed men that is crowding into the city is made up of young men from the small towns within a radius of fifty miles of New York. They come because the small factories which formerly employed them have either closed down for a while or have laid off some of their employees.

Being out of work and having nothing particularly to hold them in their little towns, they have decided that now is the time to make a trial jump into the industrial life of New York City.

It was decided to give out a statement to all the papers setting forth the industrial conditions of New York at this time, and advising young men in the little towns within striking distance of New York to stay at home unless they have funds to sustain them while they are looking for employment here. As for the professional tramps, the police will be asked to care for them.

With 125,000 persons out of employment in New York City, the Central Federation of Unemployed Workers declares that it is time for the Government to come to their relief.

The city's army of the unemployed, say labor leaders, who know what is the actual condition of industry, is from three to four times as large as it usually is at this season. A conservative estimate of the idle was given as follows:

Skilled mechanics . . . . . 25,000  
Unskilled laborers . . . . . 50,000  
Every winter New York has thousands out of work, not because work is entirely lacking, but from unwillingness or inability of many to do anything except the task to which they have been trained. But now it is different. Thousands of men, young, strong and willing to work, are walking the streets, unable to find enough to do to keep them out of the breadlines. Two thousand to 2500 men, nightly applicants for this form of charity, with 500 to 1000 turned away, testify to the condition of many of the poor.

Pronounced Socialist delegates to the Central Federation Union declared that the warehouses should be thrown open and the poor fed and clothed, that the Government instead of closing its navy yards and throwing thousands of mechanics out of work, should supply more work for the idle.

The Socialists declared that John D. Rockefeller predicted two years ago that 7,000,000 men would be idle by now and might have to go to breaking stones.

CALL FOR ARMIES OF WORKMEN

Hundreds of Thousands Needed to Meet Continued Prosperity.

Washington, D. C.—American employers have recovered entirely from their recent scare in the dark, judging from the announcement of Terence V. Powderly, Chief of the Immigration Bureau's information division, that hundreds of thousands of workmen of all kinds were wanted again throughout the country. Between July 1 and the October panic the demand reached a total of 200,000 men, but the money fright caused many cancellations, accompanied by word that the former applicants not only found they needed no new employes, but were laying off those they had. Renewals of the old applications and a large number of new ones received in the last ten days show employers everywhere now realize there is no danger of the country going to smash and that they are eager to meet the continued prosperity with an adequate supply of help.

Good reports coming as they do, from every State and Territory, the Union, are accurate barometers of the material welfare of the country, says Mr. Powderly. They all point one way, in the direction of a revival of the marvellous prosperity that was checked but not halted by the excitement that prevailed for a time in the large money centres.

Hundreds of thousands of men will be needed in the spring in the agricultural States alone as farm laborers, letters to the division show.

Fall River's Richest Year.

Cash dividends of \$2,701,876 have been paid out to stockholders by Fall River (Mass.) cotton mill corporations for 1907. On the total capital of approximately \$25,476,000 this dividend is about 10.77 per cent. In addition the cash dividends there have been stock dividends of \$1,900,000.

American Bishop Appointed.

Monsignor Kennedy, rector of the American College at Rome, was consecrated Titular Bishop of Adrianopolis, Italy.

About Noted People.

Paquin, the famous man dressmaker of Paris, is dead.  
Speaker Cannon says he never feels better than when he is smoking.  
Premier Wakerly of Hungary, and ex-Minister of Justice Polony fought a duel.  
Admiral Evans is said to be an expert in fine embroidery and "tidies."  
The King of Spain has never yet witnessed "Garmen," which is regarded as rather "taboo" in his own kingdom.

GRIP EPIDEMIC IN MANY LARGE CITIES

More Prevalent Throughout Country Than Since 1889-90.

OPEN WINTER IS THE CAUSE

Numerous Cases in Chicago—One Person Out of Every Ten in Boston Said to Be Suffering From the Malady.

Chicago, Ill.—Not since the epidemic of 1889-90 has there been so much grip in the cities of the United States as at present, according to reports gathered from the various large cities. Mild, open weather, unreasonable now, is held responsible by many physicians and health authorities.

One death, the only one of the last week here from grip, was reported to the Health Department, but it is predicted that more will follow unless real winter weather comes. Pittsburgh, New York, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, Boston, Cleveland, Milwaukee and other Eastern cities are reported as wrestling with the disease, with several deaths in each city daily.

Cases have been arriving at the county hospital here at an average of about six or seven a day, although the other large hospitals throughout the city have had no cases brought to them as yet. At the county hospital Warden Hoppel says that the cases treated have not been serious.

"Keep up your vitality; get plenty of fresh air and exercise in the daytime, and sleep with your bedroom window open. These are the only precautionary measures which can be taken in regard to the grip," is the warning issued by Health Commissioner Hoppel.

Philadelphia reports the whole number of deaths during the week as 601, of which 61 were attributed to tuberculosis of the lungs, 20 to bronchitis, 35 to broncho-pneumonia, 65 to pneumonia, 1 to pleurisy, 11 to influenza and 5 to congestion of the lungs.

Physicians in Boston say that grip is more prevalent there than ever before. A careful estimate places the number of cases at 60,000 in the city, or about one in every ten of the population. Few of these cases are serious. Thus far not above fifty deaths from grip have been recorded.

In Baltimore the Health Department's report shows eight deaths directly due to the grip, while in addition the disease is given as contributory cause in twenty-seven cases of pneumonia. In Pittsburg the disease threatens to be worse than that in 1889-90, according to City Physician H. S. Evans. He says there is only one way to get rid of this epidemic, and that is to isolate the cases.

In Milwaukee few cases of grip have been noted this time and none of a serious nature. The first death caused by the disease has just been reported. Officers of the Cleveland Health Department give the opinion that close to 300 cases of grip were included in the physicians' returns. Sixteen deaths occurred in the week now at an end.

GRIP IN NEARLY EVERY HOME IN WASHINGTON

Washington, D. C.—Twenty thousand cases of grip are under treatment in Washington, local physicians declare. The present epidemic, they say, is the most dangerous since the disease made its appearance here sixteen years ago. Cases are to be found nearly every home in the city, and the disease has invaded all the hospitals and public institutions, where patients and inmates alike are suffering from the complaint. Stores and factories, Government and municipal departments, offices, schools, police and fire departments all show the effect of the epidemic. In many places business is seriously hampered by the large number of sick among employees.

"The most remarkable feature of this season's epidemic of grip," said Dr. M. M. Moffitt, "is the character of its after effects. The patient is left weak and exhausted, his nervous system impaired to a great extent, and with mental symptoms which sometimes develop a serious aspect. I have found symptoms of mental affliction in many cases I have treated this year."

MAJOR W. A. MERCER RESIGNS.

Head of Carlisle Indian School Gives Up His Position.

Carlisle, Pa.—Major William A. Mercer, Second United States Cavalry, superintendent of the Carlisle Indian School, has requested the Federal authorities to accept his resignation as the head of the famous Carlisle training school for Redskins, and has been notified by Commissioner of Indian Affairs Leupp that the Secretary of War will immediately close his detail at Carlisle.

Major Mercer is asking to be relieved gave as his reasons, "Though in good personal health, I find the daily annoying responsibilities more than I can stand. I am advised that a few months' leave of absence would be a benefit."

FOREIGN.

General Lianty reported the junction of two French columns on the Algerian frontier, adding that the tribesmen were becoming convinced of the futility of resistance.

The Portuguese Government has issued a decree fixing April 5 for the election of popular representatives.

The wheat acreage in the Punjab has shrunk from nine million to five million, owing to the prolonged drought.

Advices from Tokio say that Mr. Lemieux, Canadian Minister of Labor, is satisfied with the negotiations regarding immigration; the Japanese adds that Japan is expected to take measures which will prevent practically all immigration to America.

Many German manufacturers here that a new tariff regulation not so favorable to Germany will be adopted by America.

A long edict was issued in Padua warning the people to make no further demands and authorizing the framing of a law for the restriction of political societies.

Mail advices from Lisbon said that the Portuguese Republicans were indulging in hopes that the recent troubles would result in the overthrow of the monarchy.

The body of Lord Kelvin was buried in Westminster Abbey.

Late News BY WIRE

WASHINGTON.

The President signed a proclamation creating the Arkansas National Forest of 1,000,000 acres in the west central part of Arkansas.

Bills for the creation of the rank of vice admiral in the navy were introduced in the Senate and House.

Colonel Benjamin C. Lockwood, commanding the Twenty-ninth Infantry, has been placed on the retired list on his own application after forty-three years of service.

The Navy Department's estimate of expenditures for the coming fiscal year were placed at \$125,000,000.

The Italian Embassy at Washington has taken measures to investigate the recent killing of Italians in Louisiana.

The Navy Department, rearranging the order of merit for gunfire in the Atlantic fleet, based on the rapidity of fire instead of number of hits, awarded first place to the Geographical.

After a talk with the President Senator Hansbrough said he had given up hope of passing his central bank bill during the present session of Congress.

Admiral Dewey in an interview urged an early revival of the grade of vice admiral, favoring the creation of three such planks.

Navy officers in Washington resented the action of President Roosevelt in giving command of hospital ships to surgeons, which resulted in Rear Admiral Brownson's resignation.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

The Havana Post is actively engaged in its campaign in favor of higher agricultural education in Cuba.

The first bill passed by the Philippine Assembly appropriates \$1,000,000 for the construction of schools throughout the provinces. The bill was passed unanimously.

The Western Railway strikers in Cuba are returning to work and this strike now is practically over.

Hindoo laborers on Puget Sound, who have been driven from town to town by anti-Asiatic societies, will be shipped to the Hawaiian Islands for work on the sugar plantations.

The fruit growers of Porto Rico, representing over \$4,000,000 of American capital, met at San Juan to organize a protective association. Their aim is particularly to secure immediate relief from their treatment by the steamship companies.

Hawaiian hotel rates have been increased. United States Attorney Bricekron will, it is said, make an investigation with a view to ascertaining whether the anti-trust law has been violated.

DOMESTIC.

Coffin of C. Woodbury, U. S. A., acting commander of the Department of the Pacific, said that should the United States be unable to prevent the landing of 15,000 foreign troops on any coast would be helpless.

Harry C. Currier, temporary receiver of the Jewelers' National Bank at North Attleboro, Mass., alleged sequestration of the bank's property.

Mine owners of Goldfield will petition the United States Court to enjoin the miners' organizations from interfering with operations.

The State Legislature of Oklahoma has passed, as its first act, a measure transferring from the United States Treasury to the State Treasury, as a permanent school fund, the \$5,000,000 which has accumulated in the Federal Government's hands as trustee.

Stephen J. Sharpe testified at the Caleb Powers trial at Georgetown, Ky., that he was informed that Governor Geobels' friends had ordered 2000 guns to be sent to the purpose of ejecting Republican holders.

John W. Strieder, sixty-eight years old, president of the German Veterans Association in America, died at the Carney Hospital in Boston.

The new jetties in the Southwest Pass of the Mississippi River will be finished this week, giving the Gulf one of the deepest harbors in the world.

American Tire Company, of Akron, Ohio, will establish a branch in Paris, collecting directly with the French manufacturers.

A demand for a constitutional convention and a new State Constitution was issued at a meeting of Mississippi legislators at Hattiesburg.