useless operations will be great. H. M. Comer was elected president of the Central Railway of Georgia at a meeting of stockholders at Atlanta.

The express office of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company at Boston was burned. The loss s estimated at \$50,000.

At Philadelphia the soap and spice works of P. C. Temson & Co. and the plant of the Philadelphia Cooperage Company was destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$250,000.

At Martin's Ferry, O., the Buckeye Glass Works, owned by A. D. Seaman, of Wheeling, W. Va., one of the largest plants of the kind in the country, was ourned. Loss \$150,000.

The Mardi Gras carnival is in full swing at New Orleans. The city was turned over to Rex and his subjects

Sentation has been caused at Mobile, Ala., by the arrest of David Henry Hearne, a leading light in the Baptiet church, who is accused of causing the death of his wife by the administration of pitric seid, which he had obtained from a local physician for alleged analytical purposes,

George W. Vanderbilt is establishing on his estate at Biltmore, a scientifle collection of dried plants in connection with an arboretum and scientifically managed forest. As a nucleus he has recently purchased Dr. Chapman's herbarium of Southern American plants, which formed the foundation for the "Flora of the Southern States.

The property known as Edgewood, the Washington home for many years of the late Chief Justice Chase, has been purchased by subscriptions among the friends of Mrs. Kate Chase-Sprague, who intend to hold it in trust for her, and upon good opportunity for its sale to present the proceeds to administrators for Mrs. Sprague's use. At public sale a year ago the property brought \$46,954, which was only the amount of the mortgage upon it.

There are clandestine 'possum rau-ches in Suffolk county, N. Y. A bounty of 25 cents is paid of 'possum's ears, which explains the origin of the

There is a very rare mummy at a Vienna museum. There is doubt as to whether it was an itis or a human being. A picture of it was taken by the Roentgen process, which showed plainly the Releton of a great bird.

Some of the Blackburn supportersat Frankfort, Ry., have signed a petition to Secretary Carlisle, asking him to use his influence to induce the five sound-morey Democrats, who refuse to vote for Blackburn, to come back into the Blackburn ranks.

A Hold Robbery.

Burglars broke into Dennett's Park Row restaurant, in New York City, Sunday, and wrecked the safes, carrying away \$1875 in the street and under an electric light. proprietor is such a strict Sabbatarian that he would not employ a watchman on that

Where Did You Get This Coffee?

Had the Ladles' Aid Society of our Church out for tea, forty of them, and all pronounced the German Coffoeberry equal to Rio! Salzer's catalogue tells you all about it! 55 packages Karliost vegetable seeds \$1.00 post

IF YOU WILL OUT THIS OUT AND SEND WITH 18c. stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Orosse, Will, you will get free a package of above great coffee seed and our 148 page outalogue! Catalogue alone 5c.

Beware of Cintments for Carrh That Contain Mercary, as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derang othe whole system who I cherring it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from repatable physicians, as the lamage they will do is ten field to the good you man possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarria Jure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., roloids, O., contains no mercury and is taken micrously, acting directly upon the blood and macous surfaces of the system. In buying tall's Catarria Cure be sure to get the genuine. nations surfaces of the system. In buying fall's Catarra Cura be sure to get the genuine. It is taken intermally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials tree. Sold by Druggasts, price 75c. per bottle.

Are You Troubled? And do You Want Your Troubles to Fly Away? Your Troubles to Fly Away?
You have suffered worlds of trouble, anxiety and pain, and you hardly know what ails you. Sometime your husiness goes wrong, and for a long time you have been feeling physically very badly. Don't know what is the matter? Of course you don't, else you would get some meticine. The trouble is with your stomach and liver. Tyner's Dyspenyla Remely will do a vast amount of goed believe that trouble if you will use it. peptla Remedy will do a vast amount of good in helping this trouble if you will use it Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by all drug gist.

Forty-nine per cent. of London days are

Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap is 100 per cent. pure. Made of Beray. It fleats, Costs you saide as poorer flexing soap. Worth more, if all talk is true you need it. Order one cake of your green, you'll want a box next. There are 459 patents covering masonry

"Brown's Brownist, Troches" are unequaled for clearing the voice. Fulfir speakers and singers the world over use them.

Bismarck is largely interested in the manu-

Mothers Appreciate the Good Work of Parker's Ginger Tonio, with Its reviving qual-ities - a boon to the pain-stricken and nervous

FIT3 stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RINGEORER, Nofits after first day's use. Marvelous ourse. Treatise and \$2.00trlat bet-tle free. Dr. Kline, 2ll Arch St., Phila, Pa.

Ifafficted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thomson's Eye water. Druggists sell 1025c per hot

Werit

popularity, increasing sales and wonderfu cures. The combination, proportion and process in preparing Blood's Sarsaparilla are anknown to other medicines, and make it peculiar to itself, it note directly and posi-tively upon the blood, and as the blood s every nook and corner of the human system, all the nerves, muscles, bones and tis-

sues come under the beneficient influence of Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Hood's Pills eure Liver lils; cary to perate

HIS FAVORITE THEME. Senator Tillman Talks Dispensary to New England Audlence.

PALMETTO BRIEFS

Senator B. R. Tillman was the guest of the Commercial club of Providence. R. I., and spoke before a largely attended meeting on his famous dispensary system. The famous ex-governor was an agreeable surprise to the assembly and spoke in a forcible and consistent manner on his subject, giving an interesting and simple description of the plan and execution of the liquor business as carried on by the State government of South Carolina.

This was the first visit of Senator Tillman to New England, and was of additional interest on that account. At the end of his address, which was warmly received by the club, President Andrews, of Brown University delivered a brief address in commendation of Senator Tillman's talk.

Major W. H. Lockwood Paymaster of Gen. Stoppelbein's Brigade.

Brig.-Gen. Joseph L. Stoppelbein, of the 1st brigade of cavalry, has issued an order appointing Mr. William H. Lockwood, of Beaufort, to a position on his staff. The order is as fol-

Headquarters 1st Prigade Cavalry, Charleston, S. C., Feb. 18, 1896. General Order No. 7.

William H. Lockward, of Beaufort, is this day appointed paymaster of this brigade, with the rank of major, vice T. H. Barrett, resigned. He will be beyed and respected accordingly. By command of

Brig. Gen. Stoppelbein. Major Lockwood is one of the best known men in the State. He is the president of the Bank of Beaufort, past grand dictator of the Knights of Honor of South Carolina, and holding prominent positions in other secret orders, and is one of the leading financiers of South Carolina. |He is an onthusiastic militiamen, having been identified with the military for fifteen

State Dalry-Association.

Prof. J. W. Hart, of Clemson Colege, South Corolina, is connected with the State Experiment Station. He wishes to form a State Dairy Association, and every man engaged in the business in South Carolina should correspond with Prof. Hart. He says: The following would be some of the

aims of a dairy association: First-To increase our knowledge of the different factors concerned in the

economical production of milk. Second-To know how to place our dairy products before the consumer at

the lowest cost. Third-To enleavor to secure legislation regulating the sale of olcomar-

Fourth-To secure the benefits of co-operation in purchasing dairy machinery and supplies.

Fifth-In connection with the State Experiment Station to conduct experiments designed to throw light upon the obscure points in dairy practice.

He also suggests that as many of the dairymen in the State as can should come together at Columbia, while the Legislature is in session, or write him their ideas about such an organization. Here, then, is the opportunity for South Carolina dairymen to organize a Dairy Association, and they uld, one and all, hasten to reap the benefit of it. You must pull together if you hope to accomplish anything, and the quicker you get about it the better. Write the professor a postal card, or, better yet, a long letter.

The Solons Invited to Charleston. The City Council of Charleston have

manimously adopted the following: Whereas, it is understood that the board of visitors of the Citadel Academy will invite the Logislature of South Carolina to visit and inspect the Citadel on the 22d instant.

Resolved, That the City Council of Charleston cordially seconds this invitation.

Resolved. .. That the sum of two hundred dollars is hereby appropriated as a contribution to the board of visitors to assist them in entertaining these gnosts

Will Meet in Rock Hill.

The executive committee of the State Teachers' Association has accepted the invitation tendered them to hold their next meeting in Rock Hill. The authorities of the Winthrop Colloge have offered the use of that build-This is fitted well for this end. The three meetings held in Converse College have been much enjoyed by those who attended. Those in charge there have been very courteous and attentive, and those who have attended have always felt that they were wel-

The operatives of the Spartan and Pacolet mills, or Startanburg county. have held meetings to condemn the proposed factory legislation. Of the 500 at the Spartan and - more than 400 were present

Attorney General Egrier decides that the General Assembly may buy the State - exhibit from the Governor who went not the action on his own account, and make a contract.

WEYLER DISGUSTED.

The Demoralization in Caba Provokes the

Captain-General. A despatch from Havana gives a report of an interview with Captain-General Weyler in which he expresses with great emphasis his disgust at the condition of affairs which he

With the enemy only nine miles from the capital, the courage of the spanish drooping, the army uselessly split into small sections and a powerful for a of cavalry scattered into minute detachments, things, he said, could not have been much ware said, could not have been much worse General Weyler decared that while he might meet wih momentary difficulties, he would nevertheless, conquer by constant work and

ceaseless activity. It was his intention, he said, to close up the infantry corps with reinforcements from Spain, and to suppress all the existing small detatements. A despatch from Havana states that the Mayor of Managna and other residents of that place have joined the insur-

Professor Von Holst, of the University of Chicago, is a native of Livonia. He was forced to leave Russia in 1866 on account of some of his political writings. His wife is an American and a graduate of Vassar Col-

COL. ELLIOTT ON CURRENCY. I ac Only Member of the South Carolina Delegation Who Opposed the

Free Silver Substitute. In the House of Representatives, before the vote was taken on the Senate free silver substitute for the Dingley bond bill Col. Wm. Elliott addressed the body in opposition to free silver. He is the only member of the delegation who is opposed to free silver. The following is a brief synopses of his

"He said he was against the Senate amendmens as he had voted against all propositions for the free coinage of silver in past years whenever the question came up on its merits. He added that the people of his district are much divided upon his question, yet a great majority of them are altogether opposed to any depreciation of any part of our currency. . They have very bitter recollections of the evils of a depreciated currency, and they insist that every dollar of our money shall be kept of the same value as every other dollar of it.

Mr. Elliott alluded to Senator Till man's speech delicately, saying: "I will take occasion here to say, in view of what has been said elsewhere, that they thoroughly endores and approve the course of the President in the action which he has deemed it necessary to take for the preservation of the financial honor of the country. They endorse and approve all that he has done; and they do not believe that any executive has ever surpassed him in his determination to upold the honor of this country and protect in all respects its interests, I say this not only in behalf of the great majority of the people of my district, but as voicing the sentiment of thousands of people throughout my State who thoroughly approve his course.

He said he could not understand why the representatives of the cotton producing districts of the South should think that this measure is of such importance to them. "With whom do we deal?" he inquired, "Whate do we send our products, the enormous crops that we produce every year, far exceeding what can be consumed in this country? Do we deal with silver countries? Do we deal with China, Japan and Mexico? Why, no. Aft our surplus product is substantially sent to the gold countries of Europe-England, Germany and France. When we consider the vast amount of cotton alone that is ship ed to those countries I cannot understand how gentlemen can maintain that it is to our interest to advocate a system of currency entirely ogposed to that which they are n ing. During last year we shapped to those countries the following enormous amounts: United Kingdom, 3,468,255 bales, worth \$101,686,650; Germany, 1,500,309 bales, worth \$43.075,399; France, 773,734 bales, worth \$21,583,-890; total 5,732,298 bales, worth \$166,-845,939.

"Now what will be the result if we go upon a silver basis? The distinguished Senator from Nevado (Mr. Stewart) said over twenty years ago in the Senate, advocating the declaration that all the bonds should be paid in gold: 'By this process we shall come to a specie basis, and when the laboring man receives a dollar it will have the purchasing power of a dollor, and tions, figure upon the gambling in New York; but he will know what his money is worth. Gold is the universal standard of the world. Everybody knows what a dollar in gold is worth. "Now what would the people of the

South, the cotton producers, do if this country were put on a silver basis? They would have to hamper themselves in the way Senator Stewart describes, They would have to figure upon the gambling.'. We could not have a beter description of the condition that would come upon the South if free coinage of silver is adopted than what was said by Senator Stewart in this statement, when speaking on another

"The gentleman from Texas in speak . ing on this subject, advocated the free coinage of silver because gold, he said, was appreciating in value and had been for twenty years past, sinco 1873, and he proved that, he claimed, by the fact that cotton had fallen in price," from 1873 to the past year, from about 22 cents to about 7 cents. But why did the gentleman start at 1873? Why did he not go back farther and see what were the facts as to the price of cot-

A Sure Cure for Rheumatism.

Messrs. J. H. Bobbittand J. L. Ramsey, of Raleigh, have organized the Bobbitt Drug Company with hendquarters in that city. They will memufacture what they claim to be a superior remedy and a certain constitutional cure for rheumatism, called "Rheumacide," an entirely new discovery. The proprietors state that sales have already been made in three States and cures effected in every case.

The remtdy is said to be entirely vegetable and non alcoholic. The method of marofacture and ingredients are different from any proprietary medicine on the market.

Greenville's Disastrous Fire.

Half the busines portion of the town of Greenville, N. C., was destroyed by fire early Sunday morning. The lock is estimated at \$150,000, with insurance for but one-third the total amount. Ten two-story brick stores with the opera house, four one-story brick stores, and eleven frame buildings were burned. The fire broke out in a barber shop in the opera house block.

SURGERY AND X RAYS.

An Operation Performed as a Result of the New Photography.

What is believed to be the first surgical operation in the United States as a direct result of the revelations of Roentgen's rays, was performed in Ward C of Mercy Hospital at Chicago, Ill. The operation consisted in removing a buckshot encysted between the ones of the third and fourth fingers and about bones of the third and fourth fingers and about an inch and a half back from the knuckles. The operation was performed by Dr. James Burry, assisted by Dr. J. S. Rankin and Dr. J. L. Miller. The subject was Louis Burkhardt. His hand was first "photographed." A buckshot was discovered and Burkhardt assented to an operation. When the ancesthetic had produced the desired effect, Dr. Burry made an incision about an inch Dr. Burry made an incision about an inch long, and his knife struck the bullet at the exact point indicated by the bromide print taken from the Roentgen plate. The encysted missile was extracted without difficulty.

THE FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

A Synopsis of the Proceedings of Both Houses THE SENATE

WEDNESDAY.

In the Senate Wednesday a bill for a In the Senate Wednesday a bill for a bridge across the Potomac from the naval of servatory grounds, Washington, to the Arlington estate, was taken up and passed. A resolution was offered by Mr Peffer for appointment of a select committee of five senators to inquire and report upon all the facts and circumstances connected with the sale of the United States bonds by the secretary of the Treasury in 1894-95 and '96. A bill for the admission of Arizona as a state was introduced and referred, after which the urkent deficiency bill was taken up and some progress made in it.

THURSDAY. In the Senate on Thursday the free ship bill, to theourage American shipping, was reported back adversely from the committee on commerce and was indefinitely postponed.
A bill making 'Jackson's birthday" a legal
holiday was introduced by Mr. Hill, Denocrat, of New York, and referred to the jud-

lary committee.
The resolution declaring Alonzo Stewart.

The resolution declaring Alonzo Stewart, of Colorado, assistant book-keeper of the Benate was taken up and passed.
The originate bill, carrying appropriations to the amount of \$5,000,000, was passed.
The following were taken from the calunder and passed: Benate joint resolution authorizing the National Dredging Company to proceed with the work of dredging the Channel of Mobile harbor; Senate bill for the issue of patents to land in Florida under an act of 1842.

an act of 1842.

Mr. Quay offered a resolution, which was agreed to, instructing the finance committee to inquire respecting the alleged invasion of American markets and the menace offered to American manufacturing industries by products of cheap Oriental labor and to determine what is the cause of such menace, and what means should be adopted to prevent injuty to domestic producers.

After a short executive session the Senate adjoined till Monday next.

MONDAY.

In the Senate Monday the senatorial election case from the State of Delaware was reported back from the committee on privileges and elections by Mr. Mitchell, Republican, of Oregon, its chairman, the report being in favor of the right of Mr. Dupont to the seat. The views of the minority adverse to that proposition are to be submitted Tuesday, and the question is to be taken up for the action

of the Senate as soon as possible.

Another proposition for a national holiday was presented in the form of a memorial. It is to be the 24th of June, and is to common orate the first sighting of the North Atlantic coast by John and Sebastian Cabot, in 1497. It was reported to the judiciary committee to It was reported to the judiciary committee to which has already been referred Mr. Hill's bill for a "Jackson Day"—the 15th of March. A resolution was offered and agreed to, calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to the amount in the Treasury on March 4, 1889, and March 4, 1899; whether there has been any diminution of revenue;

and if so, from what causes.

Mr. Morgan offered resolutions which were agreed to calling on the Scoretary of the Treasury for reports of Treasury agents in the year 1894, as to the hunting and destruction of fur seals on the Pryblioff Islands and in Behring Sea.

A message was received from the House of A message was received from the Bonate that its amendment to the House bond bill (the free colonge substitute) had been disagreed to by the House. No suggestion as to a conference was made. TUESDAY.

In the Senate on Tuesday the chairman of the finance committee stated that the com-mittee was waiting for some action on the part of the Fouse on the bond bill amend-The Military Academy appropriation bill was then taken up, considered for three

nours and passed. The pension appropriation bill for the

The pension appropriation bill for the coming fiscal year was taken up and passed as quickly as the clerk could read it, in less than eight minutes. Mr. Gorman, in reference to this bill, which carried an appropriation of \$142,000,000, said it was one of those appropriations which added to the great expenditures of the government and hung like a government and hung like a overnment and hung like all over the country. He recalled the prediction that he had heretofore made that the receipts of the government would not meet

its expenditures. Mr. Call introduced a resolution which he will not be called upon to do what is impossible for him or the producing classes to do, figure upon the fluctuations, figure upon the gambling in clusing in the bids such as have been received. ed up to the time of the passing of this resolution, when such bids shall be opened by the Secretary of the Treasury."

After a short executive session the Benefe

> THE HOUSE. In the House Wednesday the appropriations committee reported with its unanimous approval, the Senate joint resolution appro-

> approval, the Senate joint resolution appro-priating \$75,000 for the expenses of the sur-vey of the line between Alaska and the British possessions.
>
> The bond-silver coinage bill was then taken upsis committee of the whole and the proceedings were among the most interesting of the protracted discussion. The general of the protracted discussion. The general debate on this bill will close Thursday at

noon. After nearly two weeks of almost continuous debate, the House Thursday, in committee of the whole, by a vote of 190 to 80, recommended to the House non-concurrence in the Senate free colonage amendment to the House bill providing additional revenue for the government, the issue of bonds to protect and mattriath the gold reserve. And the tect and maintain the gold reserve, and the cary deficiencies in revelue. The report of the committee on elections

To, 2, upon the contest of Van Horn vs. Tarsney, from the flith Missouri district, in favor of Van Horn, was presented by Chairman Johnson. FRIDAY. By a vote of 215 to 90, the House Friday, after debating the matter for almost two weeks, decided that it would not concur in the Senate free silver coinage substitute for the bill of the House authorizing bond sales

to maintain the gold reserve, etc. Nothing clac was presented in the course of he five hours' session. The debate was a very ineresting one. There was an evening session of the House, devoted to the consideration of private pension bills only. Mr. Talbert, of South Carolina, objected to restoring a pension to a widow who forfeited her right to it by remarrying. It made Mr. Hardy, Republican, of Indiana, and. He jumped up and said South Carolina has made trouble in the United States ever since the days of John C. Calhonn, whom Andrew Jackson threatened

to hang in 1832. I am tired of coming here every Friday night to be dictated to by the State of So th Carolina, which has not had a constitutionally elected Represe tative on the floor since 1827." This outbreak failed to disturb Mr. Taibert's good nature. SATURDAY.

It the House on Saturday the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill gave

judiciary committee's subs'ituie for Mr. Boatner's resolution regarding the re-fusal of Comptroller Bowler to certify the fueal of Comptroller Bowler to certify the sugar bounty claims for payment was adopted. It reads: Resolved, That the committee on the judiciary be, and hereby is, authorized and directed to inquire as to the condition of the law on the subject of the executive officers of the government in the several departments thereof to refuse to enforce, execute or comply with the provisions of any act of the Congress of the United States on the ground of alleged necessity or for other reasons and to report to the House in a bill or otherwise."

The Senate amendments to the bill incor-porating the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution were concurred in.
The House then went into committee of The House then went into committee of the whole upon the agricultural appropriation bill. Mr. Willis stated that the bill was the natural born child of a company of farmers. [Laughter.] It carries a total appropriation of \$3,153,192, which was \$145,358 less than the total of the bill for the current year. That bill, he said, "was passed while the famous Holman, of Indiana, was a member of Congress. The reduction from a standard which passed his scrutiny and approval should commend itself to the economical spirit of the House. I believe the bill will meet your approval until you tome to the seed distributing paragraph and tome to the seed distributing paragraph and chave no doubt you will be able to manage that to the satisfaction of men and angels."

In the House on Monday the Appropriations committee reported the ungent defici-ency bill with the amendments made by the onimen ing concurrence in a fev denate, recommen ing concurrence in a few of the amendments and non-concurrence in the remainder. The report was agreed to

and a motion to sak a conference upon the disagreeing sotes of the two houses passed. The committee on ways and means, re-orted a substitute for the resolution referred to that committee, calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for information in detail as to the proceeds of the sales of bonds under the resumption act of 1875, of the reunder the resumption act of 1875, of the re-demption of greenbacks, national bank notes and Treasury notes since July 1, 1879; the movement of legal tenders in bank reserves, and in the Treasury; what became of the proceeds of the bond sales, and from what source the Treasury derived the money to meet the excess of government expenditures over receipts. The resolution as reported by the committee was adopted.

the committee was adopted.

The House then went into the committee of the whole to consider the agricultural appropriation bill under the five minute rule.

In the House on Toesday under requests In the House on Toesday under requests for manimous consent several bills and resolutions were passed, among them the resolution directing the committee on ways and means to inquire into the effect of the difference of the exchange between countries having the gold and sliver standard of value upon Americae industries, and to report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Sherman, of New York, reported the Mr. Sherman, of New York, reported the

Indian appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1897.

And Mr. Cannon was given leave to file the legislative and judiciary appropriation bill sold the above. oill with the clork.

Mr, Biugham from the committee on appropriations, reported to the House the leg-slarive, executive and judicial appropriation bil/for the coming fiscal year. The bill carried an appropriation of \$21.444,195, which is \$925,855 below the estimates submitted and \$925,582 less than the appropriation for the current fiscal year.

The House in committee of the whole again

esumed consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill, the paragraph governing the purchase and distribution of seeds being the pending tople of discussion. Several speeches on the bill were made and several endments adopted.

The House entered upon the consideration of the bill to extend the time within which the government may bring suit to recover title to lands fliegally or erroneously patent-sisted, but adjourned without emping to a

SOUTHERN DEVELOPMENT.

Business Enterprises Reported to the Manufacturer's Record. A special dispatch to the Baltimore "Manu-

facturers' Record" states that the steel works at Fort Payne, Ala., built several years ago at a cost of \$800,000, but never put into operation, started up experimentally on Tuesday. Two heats were made successfully, using basic iron produced at the Birmingham furnaces. If experimental operations are successful, the entire plant will be started-sufficleat working capital having been provided. The success of this plant will mean a full development of the steel making possibilities of Alabama. A \$50,000 cotton mill company will build a mill at Oxford, "Ala, Milledgeville, N. G., reports a 6,000 spindle mill; a mill frew under construction at Gastonia will have 10,000 spindles and 260 looms. Waxhaw, N. C., will build a 7,-000 spindle mill. Philadelphia people have purchased iron and brass works at Newport News; a flour mill with a daily capacity of 900 barrels and a 50.000-bushel elevator. 900 barrels and a 50,000-bushel elevator will be built at Texas City, Tex., by Hitnois people. Among other enter prises reported for the week were a \$25,000 lumber plant at St. Francis, Ark.; \$25,000 lumber plant at St. Francis, Ark.; a 125-barrel flour mill at Jonesboro, Ark.; a 30 ton fee plant at Pensacola, Fla.; a knitting mill at Athens, Ga.; a 40-barrel flour mill at Atherville, Ky.; a 25-ton fee factory at Plaquemine, La.; a \$300,000 electric works company at New Orleans; a \$20,000 eotton seed oil mill at Barnesville, S. C.; a \$150,000 quarrying company at Go dibwaite, Texas, organized by Kansas people; a \$590,000 wharf and wareh use company at Norlolk. A general survey of the entire business situation of the south shows a remark-

A general survey of the entire basiness situation of the south shows a remarkably favorable outlook. Manufacturing enterprises are being organized by local and by outside people. The movement of western grain and provisions through southern ports, instead of through eastern ports as formerly, is assuming very large proportions and indications, point to a very rapid development of the south's foreign trade. The tendency of railroad building, of trade interests and of population are all southward, indicating very material and wide-reaching changes during the next few years.

reaching changes during the next few years. The Sub-Treasury Eliminated.

The Columbia State prints an interview with J. W. Bowden, a prominent Populist of that State, in which Mr. Bowden, who has returned from the meeting of the National returned from the meeting of the National Farmers' Alliance in Washington, says that that body eliminated from its platform its famous demand for an agricultural sub-Treasury system, and also the demand for the expansion of the currency to \$50 per capita of population. The land plank and the railroad plank were made to read as they did originally.

they did originally.

This signifies that the Alliance has abandoned the financial features of its platform which would have stood in the way of its coalescone th other free silver parties in the coming presidential campaign.

High Price for Polatoes.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., pay high prices for new things. They recently paid \$300 for a yellow rind watermalon, \$1000 for 80 bu. new oats, \$300 for 100 lbs. of potatoes, etc., etc.! Well, prices for potatoes will be high next fall. Plant a plenty, Mr. Wideawake! FYou'll make money. Salzer's Earliest are fit to eat in 29 days after planting. His Champion of the World is the greatest yielder on earth and we challenge you to produce its equal (A.C.) IF YOU WILL SEND US 10c. in stamps to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis. you will get, free, ten packages grains and grasses, including Teosinte, Spurry, Giant Incarnate Clover, etc., and our mammoth catalogue. Catalogue alone 5c. for mailing,

The successful farmer has learned by experience that some grains require far different soil than others. He knows that a great deal depends on right planting at the right time. No use complaining in summer that a mistake was made in spring. Decide before seed-time. The best time to treat coughs and colds is before the seeds, or germs, of consumption have begun their destructive work.

Scott's Emulsion of Codliver Oil, with Hypophosphites, promptly cures lung and throat troubles. Do not neglect your cold.

The bottom of the Atlantic forms a sort of terrace along the continent, sloping gradually for several miles, then suddenly descending to a far greater depth. In general about 100 miles from the shore there is a depth of 100 fathoms, but in ten miles the depth exceeds 1.000 fathoms.

Wishbone parties are the latest thing in England. A card with a wishbone painted in the center and a quotation written beneath is torn in halves and a piece given to a lady and gentleman, respectively. Partners are secured by

matching the pieces.

Commends itself to the well-informed, to

pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleas-ant after effects, use the delightful liquid la fative remedy, Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by California Fig Syrup Company.

The Modern Way

When You Come to Realize that your corns are gone, and he pain, how grateful you feel. The work of Hindercorns, La We think Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only medicine for Coughs.—JENNIS PINOK-ARD, Springfield, Ills., Oct. 1, 1894.

Mrs. Winslow's Southing ayrup for children teething, softens the gume Deduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colle. To, a bottle.

Rattlesnakes, Butterflies,

Washington Irving said, he supposed a certain hill was called Rattlesnake Hill" because it abounded in butterflies. The "rule of contrary" governs other names. Some bottles are, supposedly, labeled "Sarsaparilla" because they are full of . . . well, we don't know what they are full of, but we know it's not sarsance rilla; except, perhaps, enough for a flavor. There's only one make of sarsaparilla that can be relied on to be all it claims. It's Ayer's. It has no secret to keep. Its formula is open to all physicians. This formula was examined by the Medical Committee at the World's Fair with the result that while every other make of sarsaparilla was excluded from the Fair, Ayer's Sarsaparilla was admitted and honored by awards. It was admitted be-cause it was the best sarsaparilla. It received the medal as the best. No other sarsaparilla has been so tested or so honored. Good motto for the family as well as the Fair; Admit the best, exclude the rest.

> Any doubt about it? Send for the "Curebook." It kills doubts and cures doubters, Address: J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. .)

A Perfect Food

That is what Baron von Liebig said

Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

RIPANS

TABULES

and business writer of 502 Third

street, Brooklyn, relates that he

recently had occasion to consult Dr.

J. S. Carreau, a well-known physi-

cian of 18 West Twenty-first street,

which was pronounced a type of

dyspepsia. "After consultation,"

writes Mr. Moses, "the Doctor gave

me a prescription, and I was some-

what surprised to note that the

had, on more than one occasion

formula was nearly identical with

that of Ripans Tabules, for which I

prepared advertising matter. I had

it proved satisfactory, giving quick

relief. A week later, when I had

on the Doctor and mentioned the

taken all the medicine, I again cuited

similarity of his prescription and the

provietary remady spoken of, show-

ing bim both the remedy itself and

the formula. The Doctor was at

first somewhat inclined to criticise

appeared to be surprised when he

noted to what extent his own pres-

Tahowed him. It was practically

the same. After a short time devo-

ted to noting the careful manner in

which the proprietary medicine was

prepared, he wound up by prescrib-

ing it for my case. Of course I had

to pay him for telling me to do this, but it was worth the cost to have

such high professional assurance

that the advertised article was, fu-

fact, the scientific formula that it

taken the proprietary medicine in

Doctor's fee, but I think the confi-

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cure in 10 to 20 days. No pay till unred.

dence I have acquired in the efficacy

rurported to be. I might have

the beginning and saved the

scription conformed to the formula

what he called patent medicines, but.

Dr. Carreau's prescription filled, and

New York City, for a stomath trouble

Mr. Bert M. Moses, the advertisment

and exhausted fields which were once productive can again be made profitably fertile centages of

Potash.

Strikingly profitable results

Our pamphiets are not advertising circulars boom-ing special ferbilizers, but are practical works, contains ing latest researches on the subject of ferbilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for

THE AERMOTOR CO. does half the world's windmill business; because it has reduced the cast of wind power to 1.6 what it was. It has many branch housed, and supplied its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than others. It makes Pumping and Geared, Sieel, Galvanisad-after-Compilotton Windmills, Tilling and Fixed Steel Towers, Steel Bruz Saw Frames, Steel Freed Cutters and Feed Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until January '4st at 1/3 the usual price. It also makes Tauks and Pumps of all kinds. Sond for catalogue, Pectery 1 lith, Rockwell and Pillmere Streets, Chicage.

OSBORNE'S Business College School of Shorthand No text books used. Actual business from day of



OPIUS and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent

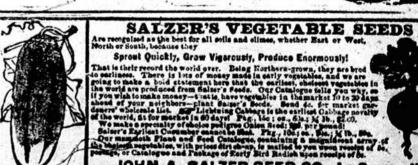
of the remedy, through the Doctor's indersement of it, is well worth the fee. Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mall if the price (5) dynts a box) is suit to The Rip as Chemical County, No. 10 Spruce at, New York. Sample vial, 10 cduis. TAKES LIKE FIRE Our New Novelly. Ever body wonts it. Enclose 10 cents [steer] for 35 ample. Big money for agents. 6000 & CO. De S. N. U .-- 8.

Tell It

To Everyone that Brown's Iron Bitters is the symbol for health, strength and happiness. It cures all diseases arising from impure blood, and is a boon to poor Suffering Woman in her daily cares and troubles. It eliminates the impure blood from the system. Cures stomach, kidney and liver complaints. Are you afflicted?

Brown Chemical Co.,

Baltimore, Md.







JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., Le Crosse, WI

>>>**** Oppression and an analysis and an analysis of the second analysis of the second analysis of the second and an analysis of the

> of good chocolate. All of Walter Baker & Co.'s Cocoas and Chocolates are good, - the best, in fact.

Poor soil

by a proper rotation of crops and by the intelligent use of fertilizers containing high per-

have been obtained by following this plan.

the asking. - GERMAN KALI WORKS,