The Camden Chronicle.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

—BY—

W. L. McDOWELL

The only Reform Paper in Kershaw County.

CAMDEN, S. C., JAN. 10, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:—One year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

RATES FOR ADVERTISING:—Ordinary transient advertisments, first insertion $1.00 per square; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Cash rates for Wants, Lost and Found, &c., not exceeding five lines, 25 cents each insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional line.

Business locals, 5 cents per line each insertion.

Official and legal notices at the rate allowed by law.

Rates for contract advertising will be announced upon application at the office.

Communications will be published when of interest to the general public and not of a defamatory nature. No responsibility will be assumed for the views of correspondents.

Remittances by checks, drafts and postal money orders should be made payable to W. L. McDOWELL, Camden, S. C.

The Legislature will meet next Tuesday, the 14th inst.

The way in which new subscribers are coming in is gratifying.

Coxey, the commander-in-chief of the army of tramps that marched to Washington, will lecture in Columbia on the 18th inst.

The annual report of the State penitentiary has just been rendered. The penitentiary makes a most excellent showing for the past year.

Publishing to-day the address of the President one hour after the time appointed for the meeting of the Alliance is another "scoop" for The Chronicle.

The probabilities of a war with the United States and England seems to be lessening. Five men, sketches of whose lives will be found on our first page, have been appointed by President Cleveland a commission to investigate and determine the Venezuela boundary.

The Monroe Doctrine.

There seems to be a persistent misconstruction of the Monroe Doctrine on the part of some of our citizens who are bent upon a policy of peace at any price. Peace is always desirable when it can be maintained with honor, and at no sacrifice of National dignity or selfrespect. But resistance is frequently the essential condition and pre-requisite of peace. Self-preservation is the first law of nature, and is recognized and reaffirmed by all forms of government and codes of civil jurisprudence. In organized social life, the individual has commited his interests largely to the protection of the government. The government in protecting itself, is only protecting its citizens. Its honor, dignity and self-respect are essentially the aggregrate of those qualities inhering in its people.

That is what the Monroe doctrine means. It means that this government is pledged to resist the organized selfishness of other governments, in so far as the interests of this country and its people are thereby endangered. It does not mean that this government is the legal guardian of the South and Central American republics That question was definitely disposed of by the action of Congress relative to the Panama Mission. But it does mean that no foreign or European government shall be permitted to abuse our neutrality, much less make it a pretext for its own aggrandizement, by seizing South or Central American territory, and thus establish political principles and influences in this hemisphere which are directly antagonistic to our form of government and essentially inimical to the prosperity and perpetuity of our institutions.

The following is the full text of President Monroe's utterance which is known as "the Monroe doctrine."

"We owe it, therefore, to candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and those powers to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system on any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European power, we have not interfered, and shall not interfere. But with the governments who have declared their independence and maintained it, and whose independence we have, on great consideration and on just principles acknowledged, we could not view any interposition for the purpose of oppressing them, or controlling in any other manner their destiny, by any European power, in any light than as the manifestation of an unfriendly disposition towards the United States. But in regard to these contingents, circumstances are eminently and conspicuosly different. It is impossible that the allied powers should extend their political system to any portion of either continent without endangering our peace and happiness: nor can any one believe that our Southern brethren, if left to themselves, would adopt it of their own accord: It is equally impossible, therefore, that we should behold such imposition, in any form, with indifference."—New York Exchange.

President Magill's Address.

Dear Brethren:—At the last meeting of our State Alliance important changes were made in our State Constitution. Instead of 5 cents per quarter for each member of the alliance in the county, we were required to pay 35 cents per annum for state and national dues, together with such dues as the county may levy for county purposes. Secretaries of sub-Alliances were required to make annual reports, and send annual dues therewith to county secretary at least 2 days before county meeting in January County secretaries were required to inform sub-Alliance presidents of the financial status of their sub-Alliance with the county alliance 10 days before each quarterly meeting. Many other changes were made requiring our prompt action. We have been encouraged by reports of the reorganizations of several of our sub-Alliances. We hope the good work will go on until every suspended alliance in the county and state will become active and zealous workers in the good cause of industrial progress. The necessity for organizing the industrial classes was never greater, within twenty years many separate organizations of the industrial classes has been formed in the United States; the oldest of these is the National Grange, with over twenty thousand subordinate Granges in the states and territories, also the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association which claims a half million of members mostly in the Western States, then there is the National Farmers' League in the Eastern States, and the Patrons of Industry in the Northern States. And our Farmers Alliance and Industrial Union which is numerically strongest in the Southern States. The combined membership of these organizations is estimated at three million, and represent the largest industrial class interest in the United States.

Class organizations rule political parties. Through such organizations the capitalistic classes rule the commercial nations of the world, and thus accumulate the earnings of the industrial classes. The democratic party has been most favorable to the industrial classes True democracy means government by the people. When a few democratic states in the Fall elections went Republican, cotton declined in price and has continued to decline, our national executive is nominally democratic, but is really dominated by capitalistic combines. It ignores the principles of democracy, and the platform of the party and follows the dictates of plutocracy. A great flurry was created by our national executive about the boundary of Venezuela. War was declared to be imminent between England and the United States. Congress was called upon to issue one hundred million gold bonds to foreign syndicates, she promptly complied, and the war cloud vanished, there was never any danger of war. The boundary of Venezuela has been contested by England in behalf of British Guianna for 40 years, yet nothing was heard of war with the United States about this disputed boundary of two South American states until Congress refused to issue more gold bonds to foreign syndicates. We were then threatened with war, the price of cotton declined and a panic was created in American securities. This shows the power of money to oppress. We have become a nation of debtors. The money changers have polluted our temple of liberty and ere long we will be a nation of serfs unless we use the power of numbers secured to us by our National Constitution. This power can only be used by unity of action. And unity can only be secured by organization, hence the industrial classes (whose power lies in numbers) should not only preserve the numerical strength of their organizations, but increase it until it embraces every member of their classes. They cannot depend on political parties to protect their interests against special privileges granted to capitalists. Political parties are often influenced by money rather than by principle. Therefore having no money with which to control parties, we are solely dependent on our numbers, we do not propose to antagonize other classes, but simply to protect our own. Our motto is: "Equal rights to all and special privileges to none." Other classes organize to get special privileges, we organize for protection against these classes. Less than half the people of the United States are engaged in agriculture, yet in 1894 our agricultural exports amounted to $628,363,038, out of a total for the United States of $869,204,937. These exports show the value of surplus farm products after supplying the 70,000,000 people in the United States, yet farmers are impoverished, and those that handle their products are enriched. Farmers furnish 72 per cent of our exports and pay 75 per cent of our national expenses, yet the mortgages on their farms amount to two thousand million dollars and their crop liens and chattel mortgages to six hundred and fifty million dollars. Why are they so indebted when they produce so much and live so poor? It is the result of class legislation adverse to their interests. How can they secure the repeal of such legislation? By unity of action resulting from thorough organization. The 52nd Congress was composed of 332 representatives and 62 senators, there was only one farmer in the Senate and 43 farmers in the House of Representatives, only 44 out of 394. Is it any wonder that farmers are discriminated against? All wealth is produced by labor, classes that do not labor secure a part of this wealth in various ways, they exploit the producers out of their earnings to a great extent by partial laws, and thus accumulate nearly all the wealth produced by others. The value of farms, livestock and farm implements in the United States is estimated at $15,982,267,609. The capital invested in manufactures is estimated at $6,139,397,785, less than half that invested in agriculture, yet the product of the mills in 1890 was valued at $4,211,239,271, and of the farm only $2,400,107,454. Notwithstanding so much more labor and capital employed in agriculture than in manufactures, manufactures are well organized, they are well represented in Congress by lawyers and lobbyists, thus they secure tariffs that taxes the farmers for their enrichment. Railroad companies, bankers and manufacturers control the national government, combines fix rates of freight as high as the traffic will bear, and thus get all the profit out of the products they transport that Shylock (the banker) has left in it. The Manufacturer destroys competition by a tariff tax on foreign products, and then fixes his own prices which home consumers are forced to give for home products, when farmers sell their products they have no tariff tax to enable them to fix prices. They must compete with cheap foreign wheat and cotton produced by pauper labor, is it any wonder they are impoverished? How long will the industrial classes slumber and sleep while shylock is riveting their chains of bondage? Our demand for "equal rights to all and special privileges to none," can only be secured by thorough organization, "United we stand, divided we fall."

James R. Magill, Pres't,
K. C. F. A.

Untold Agonies

Every Limb Ached With Muscular Rheumatism

A Perfect Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The cause of rheumatism is lactic acid in the blood, which accumulates in the joints, and gives the victim such dreadful pains and aches. Hood's Sarsaparilla neutralizes the acid, purifies the blood and thus cures rheumatism.

"Five years ago I had my first attack of lumbago or muscular rheumatism.

Mr. Thomas S. Palmer
Abbeville, S. C.

I was in bed two weeks. I had a good physician but he did not do me any good. A friend recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla and I sent for a bottle. At that time I ached in every limb, especially in my back and hip. I felt as though I had a fever and for a few hours at night it was impossible to sleep. I suffered untold agonies. Constipation was not the least of my troubles. I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and felt a decided change in three days. I was able to get out of bed and sit at the fire in course of a week. I can recommend it as the best remedy for indigestion and dyspepsia I ever tried." T. S. PALMER, Abbeville, S. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation.

"The Charleston Line."

South Carolina And Georgia Rail Road.

Charleston, S. C., May 26th, 1895.

Passenger Department.

Lv. Charleston	7 20 a m	5 30 p m
Ar. Summerville	7 56	6 10
" Pregnalls	8 28	6 50
" Orangeburg	9 38	8 24
" Kingville	10 20	9 20
" Columbia	11 05	10 10
Lv. Columbia	7 00 a m	4 05 p m
Ar. Kingville	7 45	4 44
" Orangeburg	8 32	5 27
" Charleston	11 10	8 00
Lv. Charleston	7 20 a m	5 30 p m
" Branchville	9 25	7 50
" Denmark	10 02	8 31
" Blackville	10 20	8 50
Ar Augusta	12 01 p m	10 45 p m
Lv. Augusta	6 25 a m	3 23 p m
" Blackville	8 14	5 05
" Denmark	8 28	5 17
" Branchville	9 05	5 55
Ar Charleston	11 10	8 00

Fast Express, Augusta & Washington With Sleepers to and from New York.

Lv. Augusta	2 25 p m
Ar. Aiken	3 05
Denmark	4 12
Lv. Denmark	6 16 a m
Aiken	7 19
Augusta	8 00

Daily Except Sunday.

Lv Camden	8 55 a m	2 25 p m
Ar. Kingville	10 20 a m	4 35
Lv Kingville	10 35	6 00 a m
Ar Camden	12 05 p m	8 15

Connections:

Clyde S. S. Line Charleston, So. Ry., Columbia, Through Wagner Sleeper between Charleston and Atlanta.

L. A. Emerson, Traffic M'g'r.
E. S. Bowen, Gen. Manager,
General office, Charleston, S. C.

OHIO RIVER & CHARLESTON RAILWAY COMPANY

Schedule in effect Dec. 1st, 1894.
Standard Eastern time.

Northbound. 33		Southbound. 34
	1st Class. Daily except Sunday.	
P M		P M
1 00	Camden	12 15
1 20	DeKalb.	11 55
1 32	Westville	11 42
1 45	Kershaw	11 29
2 00	Heath Springs	11 15
2 15	Pleasant Hill	11 10
2 20	Lancaster	10 50
2 40	Riverside	10 32
2 55	Springdell	10 20
3 05	Catawba Junction	10 10
3 15	Leslie	9 55
3 24	Rock Hill	9 45
3 34	Newport	9 35
3 44	Tirzah	9 20
3 59	Yorkville	9 13
4 15	Sharon	8 58
4 24	Hickory Grove	8 38
4 35	Smyrna	8 23
4 50	Blacksburg	8 10
5 03		7 45
5 25		
P M		P M
35		34
2nd Class, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.	2nd Class. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.	
7 15	Camden	6 30
7 45	DeKalb	5 50
8 00	Westville	5 25
8 40	Kershaw	5 00
9 00	Heath Springs	4 15
9 10	Pleasant Hill	4 05
9 50	Lancaster	3 35
10 15	Riverside	2 55
10 32	Springdell	2 45
10 47	Catawba Junction	2 25
11 32	Leslie	2 10
11 52	Rock Hill	1 00
1 40	Newport	12 40
2 10	Tirzah	10 45
2 25	Yorkville	10 30
3 05	Sharon	10 07
3 34	Hickory Grove	9 18
3 55	Smyrna	8 55
4 12	Blacksburg	8 40
4 40		8 00
P M		A M
11		12
	2nd Class. Daily except Sunday.	
A M		P M
8 15	Blacksburg.	8 45
9 05	Earles	8 28
9 15	Patterson Springs.	8 10
9 43	Shelby	8 03
10 11	Latimore.	7 16
10 23	Mooresboro	7 06
10 45	Henrietta.	6 50
11 13	Forest City	6 23
11 40	Rutherfordton.	5 50
11 57	Millwood	5 35
12 20	Golden Valley.	5 17
12 27	Terminal City	5 14
12 30	Glenwood.	4 48
1 05	Gardners	4 31
1 15	Marion.	4 25
P M.		P M

No 32 has connection with Southern Railway at Rock Hill.
No. 33 Dinner at Kershaw.
Nos. 34 and 35 will carry passengers.
Nos. 11 and 12 have connection at Marion with Southern Railway.

SAMUEL HUNT, Gen. Mr'g'r.
A. THIPP, Supt.
S. B. LEMKIN, Gen. Agt.

DELICATE WOMEN Should Use BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

IT IS A SUPERB TONIC and exerts a wonderful influence in strengthening her system by driving through the proper channel all impurities. Health and strength are guaranteed to result from its use.

My wife was bedridden for eighteen months, after using BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR for two months, is getting well.—
J. M. JOHNSON, Malvern, Ark.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
Sold by all Druggists at $1.00 per bottle.

BBB -BOTANIC- BLOOD BALM.

A household remedy for all Blood and Skin diseases. Cures without fail, Scrofula, Ulcers, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Salt Rheum and every form of Blood Disease from the simplest pimple to the foulest Ulcer. Fifty years' trial with unvarying success, demonstrates its paramount healing, purifying and building up virtues. One bottle has more curative virtue than a dozen of any other kind. It builds up the health and strength from the first dose.

WRITE for Book of Wonderful Cures, sent free on application.

If not kept by your local druggist, send $1.00 for a large bottle, or $5.00 for six bottles, and medicine will be sent, freight paid, by

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

B.B.B. Always Cures.

.....Botanic Blood Balm

The Great Remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Ulcers, Eczema, Eating and Spreading Sores, Eruptions, and all SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES. Made from the prescription of an eminent physician who used it with marvelous success for 40 years, and its continued use for fifteen years by thousands of grateful people has demonstrated that it is by far the best building up Tonic and Blood Purifier ever offered to the world. It makes new rich blood, and possesses almost miraculous healing properties.

WRITE FOR BOOK OF WONDERFUL CURES, sent free on application.

If not kept by your local druggist, send $1.00 for a large bottle, or $5.00 for six bottles, and medicine will be sent freight paid by

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

WONDER STORE

PRICES ON FIRE WORKS.

ROMAN CANDLES.

3 Ball	1 cent	each	8c dz.
4 "	2 "	"	15c dz.
6 "	2½ "	"	20c dz.
8 "	3 "	"	25c dz.
10 "	4 "	"	35c dz.
12 "	5 "	"	45c dz.
15 "	6 "	"	60c dz.
20 "	8 "	"	90c dz.

SKY ROCKETS.

3 oz 3c 2 for 5 or 25c dz.
4 oz. 5c each or 45c dz.
6 oz. 8c each 75c dz.
8 oz. 10c each $1.00 dz.

Fire Crackers.

2 packs Gold Chap for 5c.
Torpedoes 4 and 8c box.
Toy Pispols and caps 5 and 10c.

C. S. DRAKE.

Attention, Wheat Growers,

I have recently overhauled, and added 8 feet to, my bolting chests, and am better prepared than ever to make good flour. Every effort will be made to satisfy my customers. A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.

J. A. WATTS.

May 17th, 1895.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We wish to announce to the public that we have opened up a fresh line of Heavy and Fancy Groceries, Canned Goods, Flavoring extracts, Teas, &c.

Also nice line of Tinware, Lamps, Coffee mills, Washboards, &c., &c.

Tobacco and Cigars a specialty.

"Quick sales and small profits," our slogan; "Honesty and square dealings," our motto.

Chronicle Office in rear of our store where all visitors will receive a hearty welcome. Polite attention to all.

Yours for business,

R. MOSELEY & CO.

SOUTH CAROLINA

CO-EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE,

(Formerly known as the Williston High School.)

WILLISTON, BARNWELL COUNTY, SO. CAROLINA.

Next Session Begins Thursday, September 26, 1895.

For the past four years this School has been known as the Williston High School. Year by year its patronage has steadily increased, during the past session students attending from almost every section of South Carolina and also from Georgia. The patronage being so large the Board of Trustees at their last annual meeting decided to put up larger buildings, increase the number of teachers, raise the standard of the School and change the name to the South Carolina Co-Educational Institute. The Institution has been granted a charter by the State and is the largest boarding school between Augusta, Ga., and Charleston, S. C.

Last December our Dormitories were destroyed by fire. We take pleasure in announcing to the public that larger and commodious buildings of modern architecture are now being erected on a beautiful Campus of eight acres. These buildings will be completed and comfortably equipped in time to accommodate 150 boarding students by the opening of the session. Our boarding arrangements for the next session will be far better than ever before and will not be excelled by any school in the State. Separate buildings for boys and girls. Teachers live in same building with students. Our teachers are all specialists in their branches. Faculty consists of five Professors and four Lady Teachers. All students are required to attend the church and Sunday school of their choice.

The Institute is divided into five classes, Freshman, Sophomore, Intermediate, Junior and Senior. Besides the usual English Course, instruction is given in the following branches: Ancient and Modern Languages, Music, Art, Elocution, Typewriting, Calisthenics and Military Tactics.

We guarantee that any young man can enter the Literary Department of our School and attend the entire session of nine scholastic months for from $105.00 to $125.00 according to class enterred. This amount covers Board, Tuition, Washing, Lights, Fuel and in fact, every expense except books and clothing. $115.00 to $125.00 covers similiar expenses for a young lady.

Reduced rates given to two or more students from same family and also to the children of ministers.

One scholarship of free tuition is given in each county. One scholarship worth $100 is given in the State at large. Competitive examination will be held in each county between the 1st and 20th of September. If you desire to try the examination apply to the President of the South Carolina Co-Educational Institute. By paying cash at beginning of session for the whole nine months students can get a discount of 15 per cent. off of the above price, which will reduce the expenses to an amount less than $100.

Music, Vocal or Instrumental, per session	$35.00
Art	$35.00

PALMETTO BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Connected with the South Carolina Co-Educational Institute is the Palmetto Business College. The course of study is the same as in any first class Business College.

Tuition, full Business Course, unlimited scholarship	$60.00
Tuition, complete Course Stenography	$30.00

Send for circulars and write for full particulars to R. B. CAIN, Sec., Williston, S. C.

H. F. RICE,
Supt. Military Department.

F. N. K. BAILEY,
President.

P.P.P.

(LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY)

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior TO ALL Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man. W. F. TIMMINS,
of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex.
Indorsed by B. W. FEAKENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position. A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me." J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me." CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS,
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK-SAVANNAH, GA.

CURES DYSPEPSIA CATARRH MALARIA KIDNEY—TROUBLES PIMPLES BLOTCHES & OLD SORES BLOOD—POISONING RHEUMATISM SCROFULA &c. A WONDERFUL REMEDY.

SEND FOR BOOKLET.