As President Waves To Teddy's Grandchildren



Grandchildren of former President Roosevelt returned to the White House lawn Easter Monday, when they participated in the annual egg-rolling contest. Shown in the picture are President and Mrs. Harden greeting the kiddies from the White House porch. Insert shows the children of Secretary of Navy Deniand Ass't. Secretary Theodore Roosevelt receiving a salute from the President.

NEWS NOTES FROM WASHINGTON CITY

(Special Correspondent)
Washington May 8.—The fourteen
points which Senator Simmons (Dem.,
N. C.), made against the Coloring points which Senator Simmons (Dem., N. C.), made against the Calamity Tariff bill epitomized the main objections to the measure and formed the basis for the masterly discussion of the principal features of the bill and the economic situation by the Senator from North Carolina former chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, which followed mittee, which followed.

Senator Simmons' fourteen points in turn may be epitomized as follows:

1. The bill was framed with a view of maintaining present prices and to enable protected industries to further advance high prices without the side. advance high prices without the risk

of foreign competition.

2. Leads to higher prices higher cost of living and further monopolization of American industries.

3. Many rates are absolutely prohibitive, especially on highly specialized products which constitute the bulk of dutiable imports.

4. The proposed rates applied to proceed in the proposed rates applied to proceed in the proposed in the proceed in the proceed in the process of the proc

present import prices—expressed in terms of equivalent ad valorem— average from 40 to 50 per cent higher than the average Payne-Aldrich rates

5. The volume of imports have now reached almost a normal basis and are not excessive, and compared with our exports are relatively low.

6. If a reduction of imports under the much lower rates of the present law have taken place, it is obvious

that the drastic increases of the pending bill will reduce them to a point where it will be utterly impossible to sell our large exportabe surplus of manufactured and avricultural products in foreign markets because our drawing custowers will continue to the bill. The rates of the bill foreign customers will continue to be unable to purchase except thtrough the exchange of merchandise.

The two greatest economic problems of the American people today are (1) Foreign markets for our surplus products, and (2) the question of unemployment, which unless the first problem is wisely solved will plus products, and (2) the question of unemployment, which unless the first problem is wisely solved, will rapidly grow. Labor can only be employed to the extent to which the employer can find a market for his products products.

8. Duties on agricultural products will mostly be inoperative or ineffective because of (1) practically no importations or (2) such meagre importations as could not affect the domestic price or (3) on account of our large exportable surplus the domestic price of the particular article is based upon and fixed by the world selling

9. The effective duties will tend to advance the price of agricultural and manufactured products in the domestic market, but the benefit to the farmer through such increases will be almost incorporated by almost inconsequential by reason of the increases in the prices of the things he must buy and consume.

protection violates every theory or principle of protection heretofore ad-vocated by the Republican party. The superadded rate-making powers con-

11. The rates of the bill upon the export price of incompared with the America

12. The Reynolds report which prices of imports are based on foreign prices of 1921, mainly imports from (which seem to have been accethe standard. Since then prices have largely increased the rates have been already out of balance and will be still thrown out of balance.

13. The uprising against the Aldrich bill forced the Reparty to adopt a fixed rule furing the protection to be which this bil lignores, and

Adoption of this bill prohibitive rates based on a tain and dangerous principle uring differences in competi ditions here and abroad will addition to higher prices, his the increases in the prices of things he must buy and consume.

10. The rule followed by the Committee in ascertaining the measure of mittee in ascertaining the mittee in ascertaining the mittee in ascertaining the measure of mittee in ascertaining the mittee in ascertaining the measure of mittee in ascertaining the mittee in ascertaining the mittee in ascertaining the mittee in ascertaining the measure of mittee in ascertaining the mittee in ascertaining th

our past and present economic and conditions.

All of these points Senat mons clearly demonstrated and arguments.

CENTUCKY FARMERS P BY STAYING OUT BU CO-OPERATIVE ASSOC

Mr. James C. Stone, pre the Burley Tobacco Growers ative Association is credited

following statement by Presout of Lexington, Ky.:

"There can be little dou'
the formation of the Burl
sociation was a factor in t sociation was a factor in t ter prices this year on th pendent markets. This generally recognized now by those who, remaining the Association profited by ganization."

The independent markets their floors at auction, as years, around eighty millio of tobacco, the Co-operative tion received around one hur

tion received around one hur twenty million necording to ports. The auction sales according to best information d fine, good, medium and obaccos and left practically baceo in the farmers hands ried over. The Co-operati ried over. The Co-operativation, according to reliable as advanced it members at of between seven and eight pound on the tobacco d them. They have on hand

million pounds of tobacco, a tobacco is common thee the tobicco is common thee the control tobicco is common tobicco they are liable to have it on hand a long time as there is very little demand for common tobacco. These figures would indicate that the Association has sold around sixty million pounds of tobacco, a large per cent. of which was very probably the best tobacco delivered to the association, and only advanced the farmer a few cents a advanced the farmer a few cents a

It can be readily seen that the farnter who did not sign with the As-sociation, has profited by not doing so, while the farmer who did sign has only received a smal ladvance and can't receive all his money until all the tobacco is sold and there is no way to tell when it will be sold. A eport from reliable sources in Kentucky states that large numbers of farmers have no definite idea when they will draw more money. This same report refers to the news items sent out by the association, as fol-

"The managers of the pool are publishing pieces to the effect that the farmers are well pleased, and the pool a great success.

I understand they are printing the same dope there (in North Carolina) but if farmers there (in North Carolina) could talk to some of the people here (Ken-tucky) I expect they would doubt some of the dope they seen in the

It would appear from the above statement that the farmer who remained out of the association by re-fusing to sign and thereby bind his crop for five years, has sold his tobacco at a very satisfactory price over the auction floors, received his money in cash and in full as he sold his tobarco and is now ready to go the farmer who 000 bales will have been signed

400,000 campaign to sign up 400,000 by May 1st is declared by many ave been one of the greatest camere has been much publication those interested in the move-over the wonderful victory

The larger percentage of crop the abintion signs, the more effective the the results obtained," says a tement issued by the association in Those who do not sell their can through the association sell ir appetition with the association and the self their with the association and the self their with the association and the self the self their with the association and the self their self their

every bale in the association we can because it helps the situation for the farmers of the State that much. We believe that there are many farmers who are now read, to sign up. They will have the opportunity during the next three weeks of lining up with their brother farmers instead of lining up against them."

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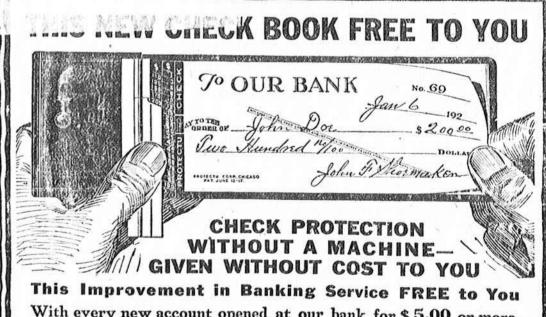
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