

**Got Skin Disease?**

**Purify Your Blood**

A great part of the maddening and mortifying skin troubles that plague humanity are due solely to disorders of the blood. Relief from these can be had only by removing from your blood stream the impurities that cause the itching.



For this you must take an internal blood remedy. Ointments, applications have no effect on the cause of the torture. Their relief is shortlived. You must

get right after the blood itself. S.S.S., the famous old herb remedy, has helped enrich the blood of thousands, and relieved their itching skin torture, during the last fifty years.

Get S.S.S. from your druggist today, and after starting with it write us a history of your case, addressing Chief Medical Advisor, 837 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Georgia.

**LIQUOR VIOLATORS**

**GIVEN HARD BLOW**

Supreme Court Hands Down Opinion UPHOLDS STATUTES

High Tribunal Says State Laws Not Repealed or Superseded by Federal Amendment.

That the 18th amendment to the federal constitution or the Volstead act does not repeal the existing statutes of the several states and that a violator of the prohibition laws in South Carolina may be tried in both the state and federal courts on any one and same violation is the opinion of the state supreme court, a decision to this effect being handed down yesterday in the case of the state, respondent, vs. Bill Hartley, appellant.

Hartley was tried and convicted of violating a state statute on liquor in Barnwell county. He appealed to the supreme court, contending that the 18th amendment superseded and repealed the state statutes. The court dismisses the appeal and says that the amendment does not repeal the state statutes.

By the ruling of the court, the opinion written by Chief Justice Gary, a man may be tried in a mayor's or city court for the violation of the whiskey laws. He then can be tried by the state court on the same charge and when the state has finished he can be tried by the federal court for the same violation, one and the same incident. The decision of the court will have a far reaching effect, a number of appeals being before the court at this time which will automatically be dismissed by this opinion.

"This defendant was convicted on a charge of manufacturing and having in his possession of liquor unlawfully," the supreme court says. "The question in the case is whether the statutes of this state in regard to the manufacture, sale and transportation of liquors for beverage purposes were repealed by the 18th amendment," the court continues. The court cites two state statutes prohibiting the sale, manufacture and transportation of liquors, etc., these having been passed in 1917. "The question under consideration is not whether are certain provisions therein that render these statutes unconstitutional on the ground that they are repugnant to the 18th amendment, but whether they were repealed by the 18th amendment," the court says and then quotes the first two sections of the amendment to the United States constitution.

The second section says that congress and the several states shall have concurrent power to enforce the amendment by appropriate legislation. The court holds that this amendment can not be made effective by the several states unless they enact statutes making the sale, manufacture, transportation, etc., of liquors an offense against the state. "The amendment contemplates independent legislation, both on the part of congress and the several states, and the constitutionality of a state statute must be determined alone by a resort to the provisions of the amendment," the court says. The court here cites a recent decision of another court.

"There is nothing in the amendment indicating an intention to repeal or supersede the legislation of the several states, whenever the enforcement of such legislation would aid in carrying into effect the provisions of the amendment." The court concludes by saying that the only question before it is whether or not the 18th amendment repealed existing legislation in the state and adds, "Whether the statutes under which the defendant was convicted contained provisions that render them unconstitutional will be determined when that question properly arises." The appeal is then dismissed.

**SELLING LIVESTOCK CO-OPERATIVELY PAYS**

Clemson College, April 4.—That selling livestock co-operatively through the aid of the marketing agents of the Extension Service is reaching handsome figures and showing good profits to the South Carolina farmers is shown by a report from L. H. Lewis, Extension Service marketing agent, who says that during the two weeks from March 7 to March 19 inclusive the co-operative sales of hogs and cattle reached a to-

tal value of \$45,074.14, on which there was an estimated saving of \$2462.80. Some of these sales were made directly to the buyers in the field and others by shipment to packing houses upon consignment.

Five hundred and thirty-four head of cattle, averaging 951 pounds, were sold at an average of 7.42 cents per pound net, or \$37,681.28. The estimated saving on these cattle was \$1884.05. One care of mixed cattle containing canners, steers, heifers, etc., averaging 725 pounds, netted \$1674.17. On this car alone there was an estimated saving of \$350.00 for the four farmers represented in the shipment.

During the same period there were sold 521 hogs averaging 155 pounds at an average of 8.9 cents per pound net to the farmers, or a total of \$5718.69, on which the estimated saving was \$228.75.

The savings resulting from the above sales were made by keeping the farmers posted as to market conditions and furnishing assistance in grading, securing bidders, etc. Other farmers who desire the assistance of the Extension Service marketing agents may secure this assistance by furnishing a list of livestock ready for sale, with information as to the number, class, weight, and quality of the animals. This information will be placed before as many buyers as possible and assistance given in disposing of the material to the best possible advantage.

**ADVERTISE IN THE TIMES**  
**WHAT ABOUT THAT PASTURE FOR THE PIGS?**

Clemson College, April 4.—If we want to succeed with hogs we must have some good fences and grow some real forage crops, suggests L. V. Tlarkey, professor of animal husbandry, for we cannot make the hog business go in this state unless we make good use of our grazing season. A pig in a pen is lazy and expensive, while the pig on pasture is happy, thrifty and profitable. Every experiment station, every extension department, and every prosperous hog raiser in this country believes in good pastures for hogs.

What can we grow in South Carolina that hogs will pasture? Rape, rye, soybeans, cowpeas, Bermuda, lespedeza, velvet beans, and many other pastures do well in this state. Suppose we try some of these pastures and cut our grain ration in two.

Will hogs do well on pasture alone? No, it is best to feed a little grain while the hogs are on the pasture. Two or three ears of corn to each shote per day will work wonders. The pasture will maintain the animal and the grain will make gains in weight.

An acre of good pasture will return from 30 00 to 600 pounds of pork. Forty dollars per acre is not bad when the pigs do the work.

**ADVERTISE IN THE TIMES**  
**PRUNE TOMATO PLANTS**

Clemson College, April 4.—A thrifty tomato plant left to itself will spread over a space from 4 to 6 feet in diameter and will produce a peck or more of tomatoes. If staked and pruned it will yield almost the same quantity of fruit, the tomatoes will be larger, cleaner, better flavored, and superior in every respect, and enough space can be conserved to accommodate several other plants cared for in the same manner, say garden specialists. The staked and pruned plants are easily sprayed, and will continue to produce later in the fall. As a rule the pruned tomatoes will mature earlier. On the scale on which tomatoes are grown in the home garden, staking and pruning require little trouble, and will fully repay the effort.

100% PURE  
GOOD TO THE LAST DROP  
SEALED TINS ONLY AT YOUR GROCERS  
**MAXWELL HOUSE COFFEE**

When the plants are to be staked they may be set 2 feet apart each way, or every 18 inches in rows 3 feet apart. Any substantial stake of sufficient size to bear the weight of the plants and 4 or 5 feet long is suitable. Sawed strips or laths may be used. A stake is driven about 3 inches from each plant, which is tied to it at intervals of 8 to 10 inches as the stem develops. Soft strings or narrow strips of cloth are used for this purpose.

When the plants begin making a vigorous growth, shoots will appear in the little pockets where each leaf joins the stem. Later the blossoms appear on the opposite side of the stem. In pruning the plant, remove all these side shoots and those around the base of the plant, being careful not to disturb the blossom clusters. The shoots, sometimes called suckers, should be pinched off shortly after they appear. The main stem can be carried to the full height of the stake, then allowed to hang over. By this time six or seven blossom clusters, on which the fruit is developing, should be set on the stem.

**ITCH!**  
Money back without question if HUNT'S Salve fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, BURNING WORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Try a 75 cent box at our risk.  
**DICKSON'S DRUG STORE**

**CROP NOTES**

Owing to unusually favorable weather conditions during the past thirty days more farm work has been accomplished to date than at this time for many years past.

**Cotton**  
Some cotton has been planted as far north as the central counties and good stands are reported in many cases. Of course this is not general but as the weather has been so favorable the early planting is largely experimental and limited. Fertilizers began to be hauled from market to farm about ten days ago. The present indications are to the effect that the commercial fertilizers used this season will be less than half of that used last year.

**Corn**  
Good stands are reported in many localities of the coastal counties. Some plantings may be found throughout the State, but the planted acreage in the northern tier of counties is of course small at this time.

**Wheat**  
Weather conditions have been very favorable and, while conditions are fair to good the prospects are not

**NOTICE OF DISCHARGE**

I will apply to the Judge of Probate for Clarendon County, S. C., on the 18th day of April, 1921, at 11 o'clock A. M. for Letters of Discharge as Administratrix of the Estate of William W. Johnson, deceased.  
Ellie T. A. Johnson, Administratrix.  
Alcolu, S. C., March 16, 1921—pd.

**Renew your health by purifying your system with**



**Quick and delightful relief for biliousness, colds, constipation, headaches, and stomach, liver and blood troubles.**

The genuine are sold only in 35c packages. Avoid imitations.

what might be expected. On well fertilized lands conditions is excellent.

**Oats**  
Oats that received early application of soda are making seasonal growth and condition is very promising. Those

on highly fertilized lands indicate a normal crop. Otherwise condition only fair.

**Potatoes**  
Commercial growers in the coastal counties report good stands with very favorable prospects. Most farmers have planted their usual acreage for home use and it appears that stands will be obtained much earlier than usual.

**Truck Crops**  
Shipping of lettuce and other early truck crops has been well under way for two weeks or more.

Good stands of peas and beans for home use are reported from various sections to date.

**B. B. Hare, Agricultural Statistician for S. C. GOVERNOR TO EXAMINE INTO THE WADFORD CASE**

Columbia, April 2.—Governor Cooper has announced that he will have a hearing at an early date on the question of the fate of Harvey Whaley the negro in the death house of the state penitentiary awaiting execution on April 8, for complicity in the murder of Earl Wadford, Calhoun county farmer, on January 13. Richard Fogle, another Calhoun negro, paid the death penalty a week ago for the murder of Mr. Wadford, and just before his electrocution he stated that Whaley was not guilty, and that the statement he had made during the trial, that Whaley was guilty, was not true. The governor will hear interested persons and will look carefully into the records of the case.

Red Star Bird Eye,  
24-inch .....\$1.89  
27-inch .....\$1.98

**MONEY RAISING**

**SALE IS STILL GOING ON AT McCollum Bros.**

One Lot Ladies' and Children's Slippers at 98c

*The Dollar is Doing Full Duty at this Sale and by all Means You Should Supply Your Needs.*

**\$35,000 worth of Dry Goods, Notions, Ready-to-Wear and Shoes offered Regardless of Cost.**

**A Cut of 25 per cent. of our already Reduced Prices on Children's Gingham Dresses. Better come early.**

**All Warner and Redfern Corsets at One-Fourth Off.**  
**All Oxfords and Pumps at One-Fourth Off.**  
**Royal Society Package Goods at One-Fourth Off.**

**A Cut of 25 per cent of our already Reduced Prices of Muslin Underwear.**  
Ladies' Gauze Vests .....12, 15c, 21c, 23c, 32c, and 36c

- Children's Gauze Union Suits, 3 to 10 years, sizes at .....23c
- Dozen 18x33 Huck Towels, sale price .....12½c
- Durham L. L. 36-inch Homespun, sale price, per yard .....8c
- Berkshire L. L. 36-inch Homespun, sale price, per yard .....10c
- 36-inch good quality Sea Island, sale price, per yard .....10c
- Advertiser Extra Bleach, 36-inch, sale price, per yard .....12½c
- 33-inch Linonette, sale price, yard .....19c
- 36-inch Blarney Linen, sale price, yard .....19c
- 22 Middy Twill, 36-inch, sale price, yard .....18c
- 55 Middy Twill, 36-inch, sale price, yard .....25c
- 9-4 Pepperell Sheeting, sale price, yard .....39c

- 10-4 Pepperell Sheeting (Bleached), sale price per yard .....41c
- Blue Bird Mull F. F. 36-inch, sale price, yd. ....21c
- 8 ounce Feather Tick, sale price, yard .....22½c
- Utility Gingham, sale price, yard .....15c
- Kiddie and Laddy Lassie Cloth, all going at, per yard .....19c

- SILKS**
- Radium Silk (40-inch), sale price, yard .....\$2.19
  - All Messaline and Georgette, sale price, yard .....\$1.35
  - Black Peu de Soir, 36-inch, sale price, yard .....\$1.75
  - Black Peu de Soir, 36-inch, sale price, yard .....\$1.98
  - Charmeuse, 40-inch, sale price, yard .....\$1.98
  - Crepe de Chine, sale price, yard .....\$1.19
  - Crepe de Chine, sale price, yard .....\$1.19
  - Silk Poplin, 36-inch, sale price, yard .....78c

Holeproof Hosiery arrived this week. They go in this sale. Silk faced 98c; Silk \$1.59 and \$1.9.

As the New Goods arrive they go in this Money Raising Sale.

**McCollum Brothers,**

Children Gauze Union Suits, Sizes 3 to 10 years, 23c  
SUMTER, S. C.  
No Charges  
No Approvals  
Ladies' Gauze Vests, 12c, 15c, 21c, 23c, 32c, 36c.

**OWEN BROS. MARBLE and GRANITE CO.**  
DESIGNERS  
MANUFACTURERS  
ERECTORS  
Dealers in everything for the cemetery.  
The largest and best equipped monumental mills in the Carolinas.  
Greenwood, S. C.