

## U. S. ATTORNEY GENERAL ESCAPES ANARCHIST BOMB

Attempts Also Made to Blow Up Homes of Judge in Boston and Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio

### ALL WITHIN THE SAME HOUR

Radical Agitators Apparently Try to Inaugurate Another Reign of Terror Throughout the Country.

Washington, June 2.—Attempts on the life of Attorney General Palmer were made tonight through the planting of a bomb which wrecked the lower portion of the Palmer residence in the fashionable northwest portion of Washington. Mr. Palmer and all members of the family escaped without injury, being on the second floor at the time of the explosion.

One man thought to be the person who planted the bomb, was blown to bits by the force of the explosion. Police believed that the bomb exploded prematurely before it could be placed under the house.

The bomb, the police said, was contained in a suit case filled with clothing. Portions of the clothing of the man killed, it was said, indicated that he was roughly clad.

The force of the explosion was sufficient to shatter the window glass in residences for a block on each side of the Palmer home. The residence of Senator Swanson of Virginia, next door to that of the Attorney General, was not badly damaged.

Police picked up along with bits of clothing of the man killed a copy of "Plain Words," a radical publication. This, in connection with the report of an explosion at the home of Justice Albert F. Hayden in Boston caused authorities to fear another widespread bomb plot similar to that which radicals attempted to carry through about a month ago.

Radical agitators tonight apparently attempted to inaugurate another reign of terror throughout the country through the planting of infernal machines near the residences of prominent men.

Within a few minutes after explosion of a bomb at the door of Attorney General Palmer's residence here, with the killing of one man, evidently the person planting the bomb, reports were received from Boston and Cleveland of similar attempts.

The explosion evidently was internal, as there was little exterior damage. The interior was badly wrecked. All windows were broken. There was no fire. The police said that if a bomb had been used it probably was done as a result of Judge Hayden's decisions in the recent Roxbury riot cases.

An empty suit case found near the entrance and a hand bill signed the "The Anarchistic Fighters" printed on red paper, worded in inflammatory fashion and serving notice of intent of its author to begin general war on leaders of society, was the only clue available at a late hour tonight.

The remains of the man killed were literally shredded over the block and driven into the asphalt pavement.

### In Boston.

Boston, June 2.—The home of Justice Albert F. Hayden, of the Roxbury municipal court, at 11 Wayne street, was severely damaged by an explosion of unknown origin shortly before midnight tonight. No one was in the house at the time, the judge and his family being at their summer home at the seashore.

### In Cleveland.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 2.—An attempt was made to blow up the home of Mayor Harry L. Davis here tonight. No one was injured, but a part of the house was wrecked. First reports were that it was a gas explosion, but the police later declared a bomb or infernal machine had been planted.

### In Pittsburgh.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 2.—A bomb explosion, which occurred two days from the residence of United States District Judge W. H. Thompson late tonight, damaged the residence of the jurist and other houses in the vicinity. The homes of three prominent business men of the city were damaged by the force of the explosion, which occurred on the porch of C. J. Carrady's residence, in the fashionable Highland district.

## SURPLUS FOOD TO BE SOLD RUSSIANS

Secretary Baker Authorizes Disposal \$25,000,000 Worth

### CONSULTED THE PACKERS

War Chief Tells House Committee Packers Advised It Be Sold Abroad.

Washington, June 3.—Secretary Baker told the House military committee today he had authorized the sale of \$25,000,000 worth of surplus food stocks held by the army to the Cooperative Purchase Society of Russia. The Society is composed of 20,000,000 heads of families, he said, and will give in exchange for the food raw materials badly needed in the United States.

Secretary Baker was asked by Representative Anthony, Republican of Kansas, if the War Department was holding huge quantities of canned, frozen and cured meats because the packers had protested against "dumping it on the market and causing meat prices to fall to a lower level."

The secretary emphatically answered that the packers had not protested against such a course. The department consulted the packers, the secretary said, as it does other manufacturers and producers when it has a large quantity of goods to dispose of, to ascertain whether the market could absorb them. The packers advised that the meat be sold abroad because it was unsuited for domestic consumption, being packed in too large containers or cured differently than the American people want it cured.

### REPRESENTATIVES WHALEY AND LEVER WIN FIGHT

Washington, June 3.—Representatives Whaley and Lever and others who made a fight for a steering committee of the minority in the House to assist in the leadership have apparently won their fight to a large extent, although former Speaker Champ Clarke was unanimously made party leader.

The special committee appointed to consider and report on the steering committee proposition has decided to advise the establishment of what is to be called an advisory committee to assist Mr. Clarke, and this recommendation will undoubtedly be adopted.

### MANY STRIKES IN FRANCE

Subways Idle; 50,000 Miners Walk Out in North.

Paris, June 3.—The Paris subway employees, at a meeting lasting all night, voted unanimously for a strike, and this morning Parisians found the doors of the subway stations closed and the lines not operating.

Meanwhile the strike in the metal trades, which includes the automobile industry, is steadily growing. There also are strikes on at sugar refineries and among house painters and dress-makers, and the walk-out declared in the coal mines of Northern France has already brought out 50,000 men.

Strikes of more or less importance are reported in other parts of France.

### Congressman's House Wrecked.

Newtonville, Mass., June 3.—The house of State Representative Leland W. Powers, a son of former Congressman Samuel L. Powers, was partly wrecked by a bomb soon after midnight tonight. Mr. Powers with his family was on the second floor and no one was injured so far as is known.

### Explosion in New York.

New York, June 2.—A number of persons were injured late tonight when a bomb exploded at Lexington avenue and 67th street, according to reports received at police headquarters. An ambulance has been hastened to the scene.

### In Patterson, N. J.

Patterson, N. J., June 2.—An explosion from which the police believe to have been caused by a bomb, wrecked the home of Max Gold, silk manufacturer, 331 East Thirty-first street, at 12:30 o'clock this morning, partially wrecked an adjoining house and broke the front door and windows of a residence across the street. Most of the houses within a radius of 200 feet had windows broken. Capt. Ryan, of the police, declares it his belief that a bomb was planted in a driveway close to Gold's residence. No one was injured.

## NEW DEVELOPMENT IN DOUBLE TRAGEDY

Woman Swears Crowd of Farmers Shot Marley

### UPSETS FIRST REPORTS

Just After Tragedy It Was Claimed Hogg and Marley Killed Each Other.

Aiken, June 2.—Apparently new light has been thrown upon the mysterious killing of Jim Hogg and H. D. Marley, the two well known planters in the Allendale section last week. The report first sent out broadcast over the country that Hogg was shot by Marley, and then while Hogg was wounded and lying on the ground that he shot and killed Marley, has been completely upset, according to the testimony of Carrie Stanley, at Aiken before Hon. Robert L. Gunter, the solicitor of the circuit.

From the evidence of Carrie Stanley, who is separated from her husband and has been Marley's housekeeper, it appears that a crowd of white farmers of the Allendale section shot Marley to death after coaxing him out of his house with the promise of protecting him on his way to surrender to the sheriff.

### Woman's Testimony.

Carrie Stanley appeared before Solicitor Gunter here and has sworn that a crowd of men, consisting of Herman Lee, John Dunbar, George D. Kirkland, Henry D. Best, Paul Black, Hughes Reeves and Buck Lewis, came up to the Marley place after the shooting of Hogg by Marley, and after getting him to come out on the ground, John Dunbar shot him twice with a pump gun which he (Dunbar) had taken from the hands of Buck Lewis.

According to the report it appears that a gathering of ten farmers were attending a fish catch and dinner at Cohen's Bluff. Jim Hogg and Buck Lewis, whose home is on the Georgia side of the river near Briar Creek, went down to the home of H. D. Marley, about three-quarters of a mile from Cohen's Bluff, to pay a visit. As Hogg reached the Marley gate he was attacked by Marley's dog, and being afraid of a bad bite from the animal, is alleged to have shot and killed it forthwith. Marley, seeing the dead dog, and Hogg with his gun in his hand, came out of his home and is said to have fired one load of shot in the breast of Hogg, who fell face down on the ground. Lewis then dodged behind a tree until Marley entered his home, when he ran to the other members of the fishing party and told them of the shooting.

### Marley Fatally Shot.

It is testified by Carrie Stanley further that the whole party, some eight in number, then hastened to the Marley home, and after coaxing him outside shot him to death.

The affidavits of each member of the party conflict with the woman's statement, the party claiming that Marley was standing over the prostrate body of Hogg when the party arrived, and that Marley appeared in a threatening manner.

The testimony of the woman states that whiskey was on the breath of several members of the fishing party; she especially designates John Dunbar, whom she charges with firing the two shots into Marley's body.

### Physician's Statement.

Dr. Johnson Peoples, sworn, stated: "I find nine shot holes from the back of Marley's body. Five in the front and complete laceration on the lower part of the skull at the back, as if from a number of shot. Some of the wounds were due to shot going through from the front."

(Signed) "Johnson Peoples, M. D. The people in the Ellenton section and many in this locality are well acquainted with all the parties concerned and great interest is being taken in the ferreting out of the killings.

The men are under arrest but will apply today for bail.

### POLES REPULSE HUNS

Paris, June 2.—A German detachment, 1,200 strong, from East Prussia, crossed the Polish frontier and attacked the Polish advance guards according to a Havas dispatch from Warsaw. Polish reinforcements were hastily summoned and counter-attacked between Oso vice and Grajevo. The Germans were repulsed with heavy losses.

## HINES OUTLINES RAILROAD PLANS

Would Form Dozen or More 'Great Systems'

### UNDER FEDERAL CONTROL

Sufficiently Attractive for Private Capital and Afford Protection to Weak Roads.

Washington, June 3.—Director General Hines outlined to the American Short Line Railroad Association Convention here today his plan for a permanent solution of the railroad problem, under which the railroads would be consolidated into from twelve to twenty great systems, under government regulation sufficiently definite as to attract private capital and afford protection to the weaker roads.

The only alternative to such regulation, he declared, would be public ownership, for under any other plan private management would be doomed to ultimate failure.

The director general said that under the plan of consolidation each system must be made up of some of the stronger roads and some of the weaker ones, be of a highly competitive character and have government representation on its directorate.

A workable basis on which a proper return on the valuation of the railroad properties could be ascertained was essential, Mr. Hines declared, adding that excess earnings should be divided between the railroads and the government. Earnings put back in the properties, he asserted, should not form the basis for an increased valuation. Prompt action by Congress in providing for the future of the railroads was necessary, in Mr. Hines' view, as the present situation causes the public to suffer.

### UNIT'S OF THE 81ST SAIL

Two Transports With 8,000 Bound for Newport News.

Brest, June 3.—Eight thousand men of the Eighty-first division (North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, national army) sailed for Newport News last night on the transport Siboney and Orizaba. The Mount Vernon with 6,000 regulars from the Sixth division sailed this morning for New York.

The liner, George Washington, in which President Wilson has three times crossed the Atlantic has been ordered to be ready to sail on twelve hours' notice at any time after midnight June 5.

### VAST GRAIN STOCKS

#### NEEDED IN EUROPE

Mr. Hoover Estimates the Exports From United States at 476,000,000.

Paris, June 3.—A preliminary survey of the import necessities of Europe, except Russia, shows that the area will need 700,000,000 bushels of wheat and rye at a minimum, or 800,000,000 bushels as a possible maximum. Herbert C. Hoover, head of the Allied relief organization, said in a statement issued today. The export surplus of wheat and rye from the larger exporting countries indicate that the needs of Europe can be met. Mr. Hoover estimates the exports of the United States at 470,000,000 bushels. Consumption in the United States has increased to a remarkable degree, he says.

"Through our organization and in cooperation with the various governments," the statement says, "we have completed a preliminary survey of the food prospects of Europe and the import necessities, outside Russia for the harvest year, beginning August 1, and the world's supplies available to meet these needs.

"We estimate the total prospective European yield of wheat and rye outside Russia as of May 1, after deducting seed, at 1,559,000,000 bushels. This indicates a crop of about 77 per cent of pre-war normal. The pre-war consumption outside of seed, was about 2,500,000,000 bushels, indicating a net import of about 950,000,000 bushels if consumption were normal next year. The somewhat diminished populations and the diminished buying power militate against full normal consumption but the least possible consumption with the maintenance of public health, we estimate at 2,250,000,000 bushels, or a net import on a minimum basis of about 700,000,000 bushels.

## S. C. SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION OPEN

Florence Greets Workers From All Over the State

### 500 DELEGATES PRESENT

Dr. Watson B. Duncan Speaks on "Victory," Keynote of Convention.

Florence, June 3.—The forty-second annual convention of the South Carolina Sunday School Association opened its sessions here at 9:30 o'clock this morning in the auditorium at the Central Methodist Church, with upwards of 200 delegates from various portions of the State present. The session was augmented by delegations that arrived throughout the day until tonight there are possibly 500 delegates present. The visitors were met at the stations by committees and were escorted to the Central Methodist Church, and from there were sent to their respective homes, under the personal escort of a boy scout.

In the absence of President W. E. Willis, the Rev. W. H. P. Pendleton of Spartanburg, presided and Prof. E. O. Excell of Chicago, was placed in charge of the convention music.

Prof. M. P. A. Hofine of Dayton, Ohio, who was to speak on "The Philosophy of Man-Making," missed a railroad connection and did not reach here. He will address the convention later.

In his absence a practical address was made by Mrs. Mary Foster Dryner, a prominent Sunday school worker. The Bible half hour was conducted by Dr. J. S. Dill of Gaffney.

The first address of the day was that by Dr. Watson B. Duncan of Dillon, whose subject was "Victory," victory being the key note of the convention. This afternoon the program was carried out on time and tonight simultaneous meetings at both the Central Methodist and the First Baptist churches are being held. The convention will continue through Thursday.

### LABOR RIOT IN TOLEDO, OHIO

Willys-Overland Plant Guarded by Former Soldiers.

Toledo, June 3.—Two men were shot to death and two others were dangerously injured in a riot late tonight growing out of the labor disturbances involving 13,000 employees of the Willys-Overland Automobile Company. The victims, presumably idle employees of the company, were killed by discharged soldiers who are guarding the plant. The killing was the culmination of three riots today and tonight which resulted in injury to thirteen persons.

Violence started early in the day when a crowd of idle workers stormed cars carrying loyal employees to the plant, smashed the car windows with stones and bricks and pulled workers into the streets where they were beaten. The situation flamed into a pitched battle tonight when idle workers numbering 5,000, including many women, stormed the entrances of the plant as the employees were leaving, bent them with clubs and felled them with a shower of stones and bricks. Streets in front of the plant were littered with missiles and broken glass.

Mayor Cornell Schreiber, under whose direction the former soldiers, still wearing their military uniforms, are guarding the plant, issued a statement in which he declared that no more violence would be tolerated and that "every one who starts trouble will be dealt with forcibly and in the manner which the occasion demands." The former soldiers were armed with rifles supplied at the direction of the mayor. There are 500 of them acting as emergency police.

### Mayor Wires for Troops.

Columbus, June 3.—At midnight tonight Mayor Scheiber of Toledo, wired Governor Cox, saying, "send troops immediately to Toledo." The mayor said all available deputy sheriffs had been sworn in but that he was "unable to cope with the situation."

### TRAINMEN TO MEET IN CANADA

Columbus, Ohio, June 3.—The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, who have been in convention here since May 14, will hold their next triennial convention in Toronto, Canada, it was announced today by President William Lee. The convention here will adjourn tomorrow.

## DECLARES GERMANY STILL IN A POSITION YET TO SAY 'NO'

Rantzau Says Huns Decline to Agree Like Criminals

### SPEAKS OF PEACE TERMS

Says He Will Do What is Right and Await the Result.

London, June 2.—Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, when asked by a representative of the European Press Bureau whether he believed the German counter proposals would lead to negotiations, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Wireless Press, said he had cured himself of the habit of believing in such things. The chairman of the delegation added: "I will do what I think right and await results."

"According to an article in the Temps on Wednesday, our opponents seem to assume that the German counter proposals go beyond the limits within which they wish to grant us a discussion. If this article interprets the view of our enemy leaders, I hardly see any prospect of an understanding."

Asked whether he considered unbridgeable the gulf between the Allied demands and the German officers, the count replied:

"This question itself is based on a controversy of principles on which no agreement can be reached. It is possible to be of different opinions about the resources of Germany, but there exists no agreement about the question whether this nation is to do penance as a criminal or to fulfill obligations as a party to the treaty. Can Still Say 'No.'"

"If in October, 1918, an avowal of its aims had been laid before the German nation for its acceptance instead of a preliminary treaty regarding the foundation of peace, it would have continued to fight. At present Germany can not fight any more, but she can still say 'no.'"

After declaring that if he were in the position of President Wilson, Premier Clemenceau or Premier Lloyd George he would be afraid of "assuming an equality to God," Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau continued:

"At the moment when the moral cloak of penal justice is removed from the peace document, it became bearable for Germany to a certain extent that we, as the vanquished must make sacrifices in power and goods. We realize this but we decline to agree like criminals to our removal into a second-class position among the nations."

### Bones of Contention.

"There are in the draft an astonishing amount of mental work which could be used usefully if the stipulations which were formulated in the most blunt one-sidedness in favor of our opponents, were to change to a point of view which would correspond with a peace of justice. It is true that such a work would possess many bones of contention which would have to be done away with in some other manner but the first condition for the establishment of a peace of understanding would have been fulfilled by it."

### THE TELEGRAPHERS STRIKE

Morse and Multiplex Operators Support Bell Co. Employees.

Atlanta, June 3.—A strike of union morse and multiplex operators at the Western Union Telegraph Company offices here in support of the striking employees of the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company was voted tonight by the local council of the Commercial Telegraphers Union of America, it was announced by Chas. F. Mann, a vice president of the union.

The strike will begin at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning, Mr. Mann announced, adding that it had been authorized by S. J. Koenekamp, international president of the telegraphers union. The Postal Telegraph Cable Company will not be affected, Mr. Mann said.

### Much Counterfeit Money.

Paris, June 2.—Large amounts of counterfeit American paper money are in circulation in Soviet Russia, according to unofficial dispatches received here.