

GERMANY TO PAY IN GOLD HUNDRED BILLION MARKS

Final Figures on Reparation Given Out After Weeks of Negotiations by the Allied Nations

DIVIDED IN THREE BIG SUMS

After Paying the Hundred Billion There Will be Other Billions Figured Out for Germans to Pay.

Paris, April 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—One hundred billion gold marks is the amount Germany must pay the Allied and associated governments for losses and damage caused in the war, plus other billions to be determined by a special commission on which Germany is to be represented. This is the final and definite conclusion which has been reduced to writing after weeks of negotiation which took a wide range and involved frequent changes and modifications. The payment of the hundred billion gold marks is to be divided into three distinct amounts, as follows:

First, twenty billion within two years.

Second, forty billion during thirty years beginning 1921.

Third, forty billion when a commission shall determine how it shall be done.

In view of the fluctuations through which the negotiations have passed, an authoritative statement was obtained today concerning the final terms of the settlement. This sums up the conditions as follows:

Summary of Conditions.

Germany is at the outset held generally responsible for losses and damages in accordance with President Wilson's fourteen points and the Allied response at the time the armistice was concluded. To determine the extent of the payment under this responsible a commission is set up to take testimony, assemble data and arrange all details of the payments from the enemy and distribution among the Allied and associated powers.

While the commission will administer the details of the payments, sufficient is known to permit the determination that an initial payment will be required of twenty billion gold marks, payable in two years without interest. It has also been determined that forty billion gold marks shall be payable in bonds extending over a period of thirty years beginning 1921, with a sinking fund beginning in 1926.

Rate of Interest.

These forty billion marks draw 2½ per cent interest from 1921 to 1926 and 5 per cent interest after 1926.

In addition to the foregoing payments, Germany also will be required to deliver additional bonds for forty billion marks, when the commission determines that this shall be done. These three payments of twenty, forty and forty billions bring the total to one hundred billion gold marks.

Beyond this total, the commission is empowered to fix anything further that may be required to cover Germany's indebtedness.

"In other words," concluded the eminent American authority, who framed the terms and furnished the foregoing summary, "a commission set up with power to collect from Germany to the utmost of her capacity to pay, within the limitation of her indebtedness."

PAXVILLE NEWS NOTES

Miss Leila Corbett spent the weekend visiting Mrs. Elma Tisdale in Sumter.

Dr. Thos. W. Gunter will go to Florence Tuesday to attend the meeting of the S. C. Medical Association.

Mrs. Bascombe Lannair has returned to her home at Scarborough, Ga., after a short visit to her sister, Mrs. J. C. Bryant.

Soldier Manly Geddings came home last week after having spent several months overseas.

Mrs. C. C. Hodges and baby boy from Sandersville, Ga., are visiting at the home of her brother, Mr. C. H. Broadway.

Rev. and Mrs. M. J. Kyzzer of Cordova visited at the home of Mr. G. H. Luckey last week. Rev. Kyzzer has recently accepted a field in Colleton county, and will begin work there in the early fall.

Mrs. Marion Cox and children from Florence are visiting her mother, Mrs. Mary A. McLeod.

ATTENTION!

Service Badges are to be given by Headquarters to all persons claiming 800 hours work and service for the Red Cross.

All those who feel that they have given this amount of time and would like to claim a Badge please communicate with the Chapter Secretary.

WOFFORD GLEE CLUB

The Civic League has been very fortunate in securing the Wofford College Glee Club to give an entertainment in Manning Thursday evening, April 24th, at 9 o'clock, at the School Auditorium.

Be sure not to miss this opportunity of enjoying a musical treat. These young men come highly recommended by other towns. Give them the biggest house ever seen in Manning. Adults, 50c; Children, 35c.

AIR OF UNCERTAINTY ABOUT PROHIBITION

Legal Advisers Can't Find Authority for Enforcement

SEARCH RECORDS IN VAIN

Revenue Bureau's Hands Tied Without Early Legislation by Special Session.

Washington, April 14.—Legal advisers of the government agencies interested in liquor regulations examined statutes and Executive orders today without finding specific legal authority by which the Internal Revenue Bureau might enforce wartime prohibition after July 1.

President Wilson, under the Overman act giving him power to transfer functions from one department to another, might delegate the authority to the revenue bureau, some lawyers declared. However, this still would leave the bureau without adequate funds to pay the costs of maintaining a large federal police force, unless there is some legislation at an early special session of Congress.

Air of Uncertainty.

Suggestions received today did not change materially the air of uncertainty over the question of how prohibition is to be enforced after July 1, as caused by Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper's announcement that his bureau had not the authority nor the funds to carry out the enforcement measures properly. Many telegrams received at the commissioner's office today reflected keen interest by individuals and organizations throughout the country in the status of war-time prohibition.

Mr. Roper added nothing to his statement in reply to these queries, it was said.

Former Order.

Legal advisers of other agencies today discovered that an executive order of the President, dated September 2, 1917, issued under authority of the Overman act, delegated to the revenue bureau and the customs division the enforcement of the provision of the Food Conservation Act of August 10, 1917, which prohibited the use of food materials in production of whiskey and paved the way for restriction of beer brewing.

The amendment to the Agricultural Appropriation Act of November 21, 1918, by which war-time prohibition, effective July 1, was established, did not become law until long after that executive order was issued, and consequently the order would not apply to the prohibition measure.

The act of November 21, 1918, provided "that after June 30, 1919, until the conclusion of the present war, and thereafter until the termination of demobilization, the date of which shall be determined and proclaimed by the President of the United States," it shall be unlawful to sell for beverage purposes any distilled spirits.

The act also specifies that in this time "no beer, wine or other intoxicating malt or vinous liquor shall be sold for beverage purposes except for export."

MRS. MARY TINDAL DEAD

Former Clarendon Woman Dies at Her Home in reenville.

Greenville, April 11.—Mrs. Mary Martha Tindal, widow of H. F. Tindal, of Clarendon County, died this afternoon at 1 o'clock at her home on Rutherford street. She was born in 1824. She was the daughter of H. F. Rhame, of Clarendon County, who during his lifetime was one of the largest planters in the State, and served thirty years in the State Senate. Mrs. Tindal's husband died in 1875, and in 1887, with a large family, she moved to Greenville. Her surviving children are: L. R. Tindal, of Clarendon; Mrs. M. E. Stagers, of Spartanburg, and H. B. Tindal, Mrs. R. M. Shuman, Mrs. James L. Walker, Mrs. J. P. Richardson, Sr., Miss Ella Brock and Miss Lou Tindal, of Greenville.

First of Series of Script Dances Given Friday Evening.

The Young Men's Club gave the first of a series of Script dances at Central Warehouse Friday evening. Quite a number of the younger set from nearby towns motored over to attend the affair.

Among the dancers were: Misses Pearl Davis, Mabel Davis, Fairy Pitts, Emaline Woodruff, Myrtle Allen, Annie Louise Asbill, Kathleen Bain, Annie Vordeman, Miss Fischer, all of Summerton. Miss Ward of Charleston, Miss Esther Marden of Marion, Miss Kennedy of Gable, Miss Rion of Columbia, Dr. and Mrs. Scott Harvin, Mr. and Mrs. Leon Weinberg and their guest, Mrs. Wm. S. Ehrich of Evansville, Ind., Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Bradham and their guest, Miss Louise Walker of Columbia College, Miss Rounette Hirschmann, Miss Irma McKelvey, Miss Lucile Felder, Miss Esther Berger, Mr. Welch of Greenville, Jim Bowen, John Bowen, John Gentry, Ulysses Brunson, Pete Chewing, Chas. Pitts, John Joseph, Watson Cantey, Harry Brown, all of Summerton, Mr. Floyd of Lake City, Ryan Woods of Gable, Carl Kennedy of Sardinia, David DuBoise of Sardinia, Raymond Wells of Mt. Carmel, Leon Burgess, Ed. Reardon, Dud Plyler, Clarence Iseman, Scott Bagnal, Brownie Bagnal, Chas. Bradham, Thomas Bagnal, Paul Floyd, G. T. Floyd, Richard Plowden and Horton Rigby, Jr.

THOSE TRIUMPHAL GERMAN HELMETS



Eighty-five thousand German helmets, captured by allied troops in Coblenz, are to be awarded as prizes by federal district committees in the Victory Liberty Loan campaign. They will be given to Victory note salesmen making the best selling records and school children writing the best essays on the loan. In the picture shown above, taken on the Treasury steps in Washington, are shown Frank R. Wilson, director of publicity (left), and Lewis B. Franklin, director of War Loan Organization (right). Wilson created a panic in the helmet market by buying the entire 85,000 allotment from the War Department for \$1. It cost the German government more than that amount to manufacture each one of the helmets.

These helmets were a special supply held in reserve for a triumphal entry into Paris. Eventually they arrived there by freight.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

Mr. Stewart Harvin has sold his home to Harry Steinhardt, and we learn the price was about \$4,000.

There will be a Matinee at the Pastime Friday afternoon at 4:30. Night show at 8 o'clock.

Miss Louise Walger who has been visiting Mrs. Herman Bradham left this morning for Columbia College.

W. M. Bomar of Spartanburg is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Bomar.

The funny comedy "Spies and Spills" and beautiful Gladys Leslie in "The Beloved Imposter" at The Pastime Theatre tonight.

Lost or Strayed—One male calf, black with few white spots, about one year old. Any information leading to its recovery will be paid for by P. C. Geesings, Paxville, S. C.—11-pd.

Mr. and Mrs. Cary Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Herman DuBrow and Kissler Weatherford formed a congenial party who motored over to Sumter last night to see "Twin Beds."

The Wofford Glee Club will be at the School Auditorium Thursday, April 24th. This is first-class attraction and the C. L. League was very lucky to get them.

Miss Francis Weaver and Miss Grace Nimmer visited Charleston last Sunday. They were guests of Misses Margaret and Helen Nimmer and while in the city by the sea visited Magnolia Gardens.

Mr. R. H. Davis returned home from Richmond last Friday, where he went for medical examination. He will return to the hospital in a few days to undergo a very serious stomach operation.

Manning is a pretty town and a good town to live in, but some people in the town are mighty careless about keeping their premises clean. Clean up before and officer forces you to do so.

All Red Cross Knitters are urged to continue knitting. Knitted garments are greatly in need. Quite a supply of wool is on hand and the knitters have greatly diminished.

Virginia Wilson, Sec.

Mr. and Mrs. J. DuPre Alsbrook had in their guests Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Wm. F. Nettles, Miss Olive Nettles, Miss Virginia Lee Nettles and Wm. F. Nettles, Jr., of Camden, Dr. and Mrs. L. W. Nettles and Mrs. Forest Fowler and little Elizabeth Caroline Fowler of Columbia.

St. Peter's Lodge No. 54 will confer the Entered Apprentice Degree Friday evening, April 18th, at 8:30. The Masonic friends and relatives of Messrs. Junius Scott Bagnal, Bennie Ness and Joel Luke Ridgeway are respectfully requested to attend the services.

Messrs. R. B. Terrill and F. G. Satterfield the new tobacco warehousemen were here the latter part of last week, looking after the erection of their warehouse. With warehousemen like Messrs. Clark, Cothran, Terrill & Satterfield and E. W. Harris, Manning is sure to show up pretty well at the front this year.

SHOUTS TO HELL WITH U. S. FLAG

Man Interrupting Sen. Chamberlain's Speech Almost Mobbed.

New York, April 15.—A sensational incident marked the close of an address by United States Senator Geo. A. Chamberlain at a dinner of the Sphinx Club at the Waldorf Astoria tonight. His peroration was a poem, "The American Flag." As the Oregon Senator recited the closing lines one of the diners in the rear of the grand ball room half rose from his seat and shouted:

"To hell with the American flag."

Diners from several other tables started towards the man who had denounced the flag, but Edward W. Mitchell, vice-president of the Texas and Oklahoma Oil Company, was the first to reach him. Swinging with his right arm, Mr. Mitchell landed a clean blow on the chin of the disturber and knocked him down.

Several friends seated with the man attempted to interfere and there was a lively scuffle in which Mr. Mitchell himself was struck in the face.

The disturber was rushed out a side door before any serious damage was done, however. Edmund D. Gibbs, former president of the club, and Robert S. Scarborough, treasurer, who immediately began an investigation, declared they had been unable to determine the man's identity but that they would not rest until they had done so.

CAMP BIDS ARE OPENED

Government Gives Out Figures Offered for S. C. Camps.

Washington, April 15.—Following are the bids opened today at the War Department on the South Carolina camps which the government is undertaking to sell: North Camp Jackson, E. W. Hoyle, of Rock Island, Ill., bids 17,000 for the entire camp; Camp Sevier, New Wrecking Company, of Indianapolis, \$45,100 for entire camp, \$10,000 less if the government retains the remount station; Camp Wadsworth, New Wrecking Company, Indianapolis, \$46,100 for entire camp, \$10,000 deducted if the government retains the remount station and \$15,000 deducted if the government retains the hospital.

SLAYS THE WHOLE FAMILY

Chicago, April 15.—Brooding over the verdict of a physician who had told him that his wife had but sixty days to live, William Marwitz, assistant postmaster of Hinsdale, a suburb, today shot and killed his wife, fatally wounded his two year old son, and six year old daughter, and then committed suicide. The children died in a hospital.

INVITATION SENT TO HUNS

To Meet Allies April 25th at Versailles.

Paris, April 15.—A formal invitation was sent by the council of four today to the German government to send representatives to Versailles for the meeting of the peace Congress of April 25. No reply had been received up to tonight, but it is expected that the German delegation will reach Versailles about April 24.

ROUMANIANS DRIVEN BACK

Compelled to Retreat Before Soviets in Podolia.

London, April 15.—Russian Soviet troops, after heavy fighting, having compelled the Rumanians to begin a general retreat into Bessarabia from the line of Kamenetz-Mohilev along the Dnieper in Podolia, a Russian wireless message says.

Further north in Western Ukraine, the message adds, the troops of Gen. Petlura have been driven from the line of Kamenetz-Proskurov-Septiovtovke.

PRESIDENT RETURNS SOON?

To Come Home April 27 or 28, Says Paper.

Paris, April 15.—(Havas.)—President Wilson intends to sail for the United States April 27 or 28, after being present at the opening meeting of the peace congress at Versailles. The Echo De Paris says today. After his departure Co. E. M. House will act for him the newspaper adds.

AMERICAN SHIP PILLAGED

Germans at Hamburg Said to Have Louted Vessel.

Paris, April 15.—An American steamship laden with food for Poland was pillaged at Hamburg by the Germans, according to a dispatch from Warsaw received in Zurich and transmitted to The Echo De Paris.

To the District Road Commissioners of Clarendon County:

Under the new road law each school district is to have credit for the road tax collected for said districts. Hundreds of people in the county do not know what school district they live in, and if left to come to the treasurer to pay, confusion will arise and the district not get proper credit.

A very simple way to avoid this will be for the various boards to collect this road tax, issue their receipt for same, and then turn over to me, and I can then issue receipt to cover. By doing this way, it will greatly facilitate matters. I shall appreciate your cooperation.

Very respectfully,
L. L. Wells,
County Treasurer.

TWO HUNDRED MILLION TO HANDLE COTTON

Cotton Men Indorse Proposed Marketing Corporation

MEET IN COLUMBIA

Conference Between Congressional Delegation and Delegates to Cotton Association.

Columbia, April 15.—Meeting here today with members of the South Carolina delegation in Congress, the twenty delegates from the South Carolina Cotton Association to the convention in New Orleans next month, headed by Governor Robert A. Cooper, passed a resolution endorsing the proposed cotton marketing corporation, but suggesting that its capital stock be made \$200,000,000 instead of \$100,000,000, as proposed. To further enable the South to finance the cotton crop the committee also urged that banks be urged to increase their capital stock 50 per cent.

Attending the meeting were the Governor and the Lieutenant Governor of South Carolina, two United States Senators and three members of the House of Representatives.

A committee was appointed to take charge of the question of securing large government warehouses to handle cotton, and after a discussion of possible amendment to the national banking law this question was placed in the hands of Representative W. F. Stevenson.

The resolution summing up the result of the meeting is as follows:

The Resolution.

"Resolved, That this special committee appointed by the South Carolina Cotton Association do heartily endorse the proposed organization of a cotton marketing corporation, with a capital stock of one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000), and its scope be enlarged to deal in and with cotton seed.

"This committee believes that it would be practicable at this time to raise the amount of \$200,000,000, especially if the stock be made payable in liberty bonds if desired by the subscriber.

"It is essential, in the judgment of this committee, that the majority of the stock be owned by the farmers of the South, and this committee recommends that proper provision be made to secure this end.

Will Do Their Share.

"This committee is confident that the people of South Carolina will take their proportion of the capital stock of this corporation, whether it be \$100,000,000 or \$200,000,000 and pledges its full support to see that said stock is taken.

"This committee recommends that all banks in the South increase their combined capital and surplus by 50 per cent, or to such an amount they may find to be practicable, for the purpose of enabling them to make larger loans to individual borrowers upon cotton collateral, and to meet the increasing demands upon all banks for financial assistance.

"It is suggested that there is a very large investment in liberty bonds in the South, which may be converted into this increase of capital, with advantage both to the investor and the bank.

"State banks in the South not members of the federal reserve system are urged to join the federal reserve system. The South will market and finance its cotton crop. This will completely revolutionize the entire business interests of the South. It means commercial freedom, progress and prosperity.

MINERS' STRIKE CALLED

In Sub-Leased Mines in Arkansas and Kansas.

Fort Smith, Ark., April 15.—Strike orders were issued today calling out tomorrow miners employed in all sub-leased mines of the Central Coal and Coke Company in Arkansas and Kansas, supplemental to an order issued several days ago for a strike in the mines owned by the Central Coal and Coke Company in Arkansas, Oklahoma and Kansas. It was stated that approximately 6,000 men will be affected by the combined strike order in the three States. The strike was called as a result of a controversy over the time of day machine miners should report for work.