

A Good Reason!

We will give you a Good Reason for Buying Your Fall Goods Early.

IT IS THIS:==

We have on hand a large number of Suits, both Men's and Boys', which we carried over. These Suits are good quality and style and they are \$5.00 to \$12.50 each cheaper than the new winter suits. All sizes, Regular, Stout and Slim.

If you want a good all-wool suit at a reasonable price this is your chance to get one of our carry-overs before they are all gone.

The D. J. Chandler Clothing Co.

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

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KEEP WELL DEVELOPED EARLY HATCHED PULLETS

Upon the Selection, Handling, and Feeding of the Birds Now Depends in a Large Measure, the Success of the Poultry Raiser in Getting Eggs Next Winter When Prices are High

Pullets that were hatched early last spring and developed properly during the summer should begin laying in October. These are the pullets that should be selected now to make up the flock that is to produce eggs next winter. Whether they continue to lay next season when eggs are high in price depends upon the way they are fed and the method of changing them from summer conditions to their winter quarters. At this season these are the questions that should receive the attention of every poultry raiser.

It is desirable that pullets be in the houses they are to occupy during the winter three or four weeks before they are expected to begin laying. However, if pullets are on good range, they should not be deprived of this, and may be removed to their winter quarters when good range becomes scarce. The change should then be made gently and carefully, and special attention given to make the hens comfortable and contented in their new home. If this is done, the transfer will have only a slight effect on their egg production.

Give Pullets Good Start
Gentle handling and good treatment will go a long way toward offsetting the unfavorable effects of moving pullets, whether the change to permanent winter quarters is made before or after winter laying begins. Rapid and rough handling should be avoided. A little extra time and care in moving pullets carefully makes a difference of weeks, and sometimes months, in egg production. The new home should be clean, the floor covered with litter, all nests and feeding and water equipment ready for use. A feed of grain should be scattered in the litter and a drinking vessel filled with water before the transfer is made.

When hens are to be changed from one house to another it is best to move them after dark. If only a few birds are to be removed and the distance is short, they may be carried two at a time, not by the feet, with their heads hanging down, but resting in a sitting position on the attendant's hand and wrist. When a large number of birds are to be transferred a convenient box or coop may be used. The birds should not be overcrowded and should be placed in and removed from the box gently.

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the Child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per Bottle.

Laying hens should get a great part of their feed by foraging. When housed in winter quarters the best substitute for this is to make them scratch for the grain in clean litter scattered about the floor. The hens will thus get the necessary exercise which is essential for good egg production. If hens are placed in winter quarters from free range, they should be liberally supplied with vegetable feed, which at this season can be easily obtained from the garden. In fact, laying hens should have vegetable or green feeds as much as possible throughout the winter. This makes it possible to feed grain heavily to promote good egg production and yet keep the birds in the best of physical condition.

The problem of feeding is one of great importance, and should be carefully considered, for on it depends to a large extent not only the general health of the birds, but also the economy which promotes success. It is a subject, however, which should be studied with a large amount of common sense, for there are a hard and applying to every case. The price of fast rules which can be laid down as feeds and the general environment should be considered in determining the right rations.

Profit in Winter Eggs
For the largest profit a good proportion of the eggs should be secured during the winter. If two extra eggs per week can be obtained from each if the product is increased by only one hen, a good profit will be made, while egg per week in winter, this one egg will pay for all the feed the hen eats. To obtain this greater production not only should the fowls be young and of a good laying breed, but the feeder should have a full knowledge of the proper feed and its proportion.

The nutriment in the feed of laying hens serves a twofold purpose—to repair waste and furnish heat to the body and to supply the egg-making materials. As only the surplus over what is needed for the body is available for egg production, the proper feeds should be fed in sufficient quantities to induce this production. In supplying feed to fowls there are three kinds of constituents which should be present in certain fairly well fixed proportions if the desired results are to be obtained most economically. These constituents are mineral, nitrogenous, and carbonaceous, all of which are contained in corn, wheat, oats and barley, but not in the right proportions to give the greatest egg yield. In addition, some animal feed and green feed should be supplied.

LEARN LESSON FROM NATURE

In feeding poultry a valuable lesson may be learned from nature. In the spring the production of eggs on the farm is an easy matter. Fowls which are at liberty to roam find an abundance of green and animal feed on their range, which, with grain, furnishes a perfect ration for laying hens. In addition to this, they get plenty of exercise and fresh air. So far as lies within his power, then, the feeder should aim to make the conditions during other seasons springlike.

DEAD, SAYS REPORT PREMIER LENINE

Bolshevik Leader Said to Have Succumbed to Wounds

WAS SHOT BY ASSASSIN

Latest Official News, However, States Lenine is Out of Immediate Danger

London, Sept. 1.—Nikolai Lenine the Bolshevik Premier, who was shot twice by an assassin last Friday night at Moscow as died of his wounds, according to a telegram from Petrograd received by the Exchange Telegraph Company by way of Copenhagen.

The latest official news concerning the condition of Nikolai Lenine comes in the form of two bulletins by Russian wireless, timed 7:30 and 8:30 Saturday evening, respectively. These bulletins state that his general condition is good, that immediate danger is past and that no complications have arisen.

—W—S—S— MORE CUDAHY SURVIVORS

Washington, Sept. 1.—Twenty-two members of the naval armed guard of the American steamer Joseph Cudahy, reported missing yesterday when news of the loss of their ship on August 17 reached the Navy Department, have been brought safely into Atlantic ports by British steamers. The same ships had aboard 160 civilians of the Cudahy's crew, leaving unaccounted for only twenty-four of the sixty-two persons missing.

Reports to the navy today show that the Cudahy, which was sent down by torpedoes from two enemy submarines, was attacked 700 miles from the English coast. Ships carrying the survivors arrived late yesterday. Some survivors, including two members of the naval guard, already had reached an English port, and hopes now are entertained for the rescue of the men still missing. The entire naval guard is accounted for.

—W—S—S— HENS RAID AMERICAN LINES

With the American Forces in Lorraine, Saturday, Aug. 31.—German artillery last night heavily shelled the American lines and rear areas in the Toul sector. Following a lull of several hours the bombardment was resumed at daybreak today, gradually narrowing to a concentrated force on a small sector.

At 5 o'clock this morning a German force estimated at about 100 men attempted to raid the American lines behind a barrage. The enemy was driven off before he reached the American trenches. Some German dead were left near the wire entanglements.

Another German raid attempted in the Vosges sector this morning was repulsed.

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic

destroys the malarial germs which are transmitted to the blood by the Malaria Mosquito. Price 60c.

YOU ARE ON

THE BRIDGE of LIFE

You Certainly Will Fall Through at Some Point
The Only Question is When?

You realize that an Accident, a Bad Cold, Pneumonia, Heart Trouble, Appendicitis, or some other trap may send you to eternity any day.

On the basis of salary or income, how much would your family or business lose if you were to die this year? Make up a few figures. It will surprise you to learn what a valuable machine you are.

Remember that if you are on the center span of the bridge of life you are not fully protected. In confirmation, the New York Life Insurance Company last year paid claims for \$12,092,838 under 4,820 policies on the lives of those who DIED BETWEEN THE AGES OF FIFTEEN AND FIFTY. Think of it, over twelve million dollars. Are you between fifteen and fifty?

By means of life insurance you can protect your family or your business at comparatively little cost against the total loss of your ability to make money. In their interest, send me the date of your birth and let me show you how more than One Million People have capitalized their value as money earners for over Two Billion, Five Hundred Million Dollars in the New York Life.

Do it today—tomorrow may be too late—you make no money by waiting.

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Agent and Manager