

The BANK OF MANNING

CAPITAL - - - - - \$ 40,000.00
 Surplus and Profits - - - - - 110,000.00

OUR GROWTH THE PAST YEAR HAS BEEN RAPID

We invite your attention to the following comparative statement of deposits which tell their own story:

Deposits July 22, 1916 : \$162,622.98
 Deposits July 22, 1917 : 183,910.14
 Deposits July 23, 1918 : 261,227.82

With our Splendid Resources we can render Unexcelled Service.

We Invite YOU to Become a Customer

JOSEPH SPROTT, President

T. M. MOUZON, Cashier

FOUR BIG SPECIALS!

We want to close out the following four lines quickly and to do so we are putting extra low prices on each. These are really bargains and it will be money in your pocket to purchase at these prices.

Ladies' Pumps

In blacks and browns, in patent, dull kids and cocoa browns. All sizes and styles. They are reduced

One-Fourth Off

Men's Oxfords

In blacks, browns and cherry reds. Blucher and bals. These are dandy bargains at

One-Fourth Off

Straw Hats

We have a few Straw Hats left that we are going to close out at

\$1.00

Different sizes and styles.

Palm Beach Suits

We have several Palm Beach and Cool Cloth Suits that we are going to close out at the following prices.

\$15.00 Grade..... \$10.95
 \$12.50 Grade..... \$ 9.00
 \$10.00 Grade..... \$ 7.50

H. D. DUBROW,

Successor to Manning Dry Goods Co.

Manning, S. C.

HEART OF AN ARMY

SEEN AT ITS BASE

Hundreds of Guns Parked—Business Goes on in Village as Usual

Behind British Lines in France, July 22—Correspondence of the Associated Press—As General Headquarters is the brain of the army from which all orders emanate, so "The Base" is in a very large measure the heart whence the blood circulates to the remotest parts of the body.

A visit to a base shows that it is something far bigger and more comprehensive than a camp; it is a district. Its center is a town of size and importance; a town whose church spires and towers render it visible from a long distance, while its railways and street car lines present a busy scene during all hours of the day and night. There is a large civilian population, carrying on business as usual, though air raids are frequent, and demolished houses are constant reminders of ever-present danger. The Town Hall has been badly damaged, and a shothole from a long-range naval gun can be seen in the tower.

All Nations in Plaza

In the streets of the town people of all five continents jostle each other. There are the French, civilian and military; there are British troops of all ranks and descriptions, even the khaki-clad women of the auxiliary army corps; there are Australians, Canadians, Americans, Belgians, Chinese, East Indians and African negroes. The latter make excellent transport drivers, while the Chinese are employed on ordinary labor of various kinds.

The sight of two Chinese bathing in a small puddle in a busy square, using their soap by turns and drying themselves on strips of rag with the oriental unconcern as to all that is going on around them, is becoming familiar. Their camp is some distance from the town, and their nearest neighbors are the inhabitants of a German prisoner-of-war camp, who can be seen daily at work in a leisurely manner on a military railway. Their work in the open has tanned them to almost African brown, and the slender size of their guard suggests that they are very well contented with their lot and are not at all anxious to attempt escape.

Guns Parked Everywhere

In the town itself can be seen guns by the hundred, packed as close as they can possibly be packed. Outside the town are other parks of artillery and wagons and dumps of munitions and engineering materials.

There are camps everywhere, some for men waiting to go up the line, others for those who are employed more or less permanently at the base.

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic

destroys the malarial germs which are transmitted to the blood by the Malaria Mosquito. Price 60c.

on transport and other duties. Hospitals are situated here, too, always on the sites most favorable for fresh air and sunlight. The quarters of the base commandant, the base cashier, the ordnance officer and other important officials are situated in the town itself.

Notices in both French and English are posted everywhere about the place, and polite military police are on duty at cross roads and other points of importance.

—W—S—S—

ASKS FARMERS TO SOW 47,000,000 ACRES WHEAT

Washington, July 21.—The Department of Agriculture, it was announced today, has asked farmers to sow 47,500,000 acres in winter wheat this fall. This would yield approximately 667,000,000 bushels—the greatest winter wheat crop in history.

While the request specifically mentions 45,000,000 acres as the area to be sown, it asks farmers if they can not raise the total to 47,500,000 acres.

The latter acreage would be a 12 per cent increase over last year and would provide abundantly for the needs of the allied nations.

When harvest time rolls around it will be known as the "Liberty Wheat Harvest," according to the plan of the department. Officials also plan corresponding increases in the production of spring wheat and livestock. The last crop report forecast a 1918 harvest of 890,930,000 bushels of winter and spring wheat. If weather conditions next year are favorable the 1919 harvest of winter and spring wheat will be well over the billion mark in bushels.

From the 45,000,000 acreage, however, a total of 636,000,000 bushels would be raised, on the basis of an average yield of 15.7 bushels per acre and an abandonment of 10 per cent of the area sown on account of winter kill.

Even with a normal good crop, such as is evident for this fall, the country's reserve supply, or "carry-over," is practically exhausted, it is said, and at all events is the smallest on record. It's up to the farmers this fall and next spring to build up a sufficient reserve.

This is how the department figures some of the states will have to increase their winter wheat acreage this fall, over 1917, to make successful the "Liberty Wheat Harvest" of 1919:

| State | 1917 | 1918 | Acreage |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Maryland | 737,000 | 811,000 | 811,000 |
| Virginia | 1,463 | 1,609,000 | 1,609,000 |
| West Virginia | 535,000 | 390,000 | 390,000 |
| North Carolina | 1,179,050 | 1,297,000 | 1,297,000 |
| South Carolina | 270,000 | 297,000 | 297,000 |
| Georgia | 428,000 | 514,000 | 514,000 |
| Alabama | 144,000 | 158,000 | 158,000 |

—W—S—S—

BRITISH HELPING TO TIGHTEN JAW

At the British Front, July 21.—British troops have joined the fighting in the Rheims sector.

A strong British force today penetrated the German lines southwest of the cathedral city, pushing as far as

the western outskirts of Bois de Courton.

This British advance is part of the allied plan to squeeze the Germans out of the deep salient between Soissons, Rheims and Chateau-Thierry. The further tightening of the allied jaw on the enemy was hailed with unbounded delight along the whole British front and gave added impetus to the celebration of Belgium's independence day. All the allied troops displayed flags and many special services were held. The Belgian colors flooded every village back of the lines. The Germans celebrated the day by shelling the Ypres.

Latest official figures show that the Scotch and South Africans took nearly 500 prisoners when they captured the village of Meteren Friday.

Scattered prisoners have been taken since in patrol encounters north of Bethune and west of Merville.

The enemy artillery has been active in the Villers-Bretonneux front (nine miles east of Amiens,) using considerable quantities of gas. Artillery activities also flared up around Albert.

—W—S—S—

SAYS PRISONERS WERE TRAITORS

Paris, July 21.—The German press is realizing that the Marne-Champagne offensive has ended in disaster. One paper says:

"We are unable to conceal any longer the fact that German prisoners betrayed our offensive plans. We must recognize that the German offensive has been a failure. The German people are patiently awaiting the issue."

SUMMING UP THE EVIDENCE

Many Manning People Have Been Called as Witnesses

Week after week has been published the testimony of Manning people—kidney sufferers—backache victims—people who have endured many forms of kidney, bladder or urinary disorders. These witnesses have used Doan's Kidney Pills. All have given their enthusiastic approval. It's the same everywhere. 50,000 American men and women are publicly recommending Doan's—always in the home papers. Isn't it a wonderful, convincing mass of proof? If you are a sufferer your verdict must be "Try Doan's first."

Here's one more Manning case. W. N. Hill, says: "About two years ago I was troubled with my kidneys. There were pains across the small of my back and it felt as if someone were sticking a knife into me. My nerves were all unstrung and often times I had dizzy spells. I felt as if I wanted to sleep all the time. A friend recommended Doan's Kidney Pills, so I bought some at Dickson's Drug Store. Doan's Kidney Pills entirely cured me of the trouble, and I haven't been bothered since."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Hill had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.