

STRIKES U. S. SHIP

NEBRASKAN TORPEDOED WHILE PASSING IRISH COAST

Turns into Liverpool

No Lives Lost as Ship Was Returning in Ballast and Had no Passengers Aboard—Steamed Back Under Own Power But Out of Control.

London, England, May 26.—Lloyds announced this afternoon that the American steamer Nebraska which left Liverpool Monday for New York was torpedoed and damaged severely last night at nine o'clock. The Nebraska had just passed Kinsale, Ireland, which was the landing place of most of the survivors of the Lusitania, when she was struck. The big ship is hardly able to maintain its headway and is reported to be uncontrollable. It is proceeding towards Queenstown, according to the opinions of the insurers, with the insurance agency and appears to be making its way to that port.

Judging from the fact that it is proceeding under its own steam it is not thought that the engines have been damaged seriously.

London, May 26.—President Sanderson of the International Mercantile Marine, has officially confirmed the statement made by Lloyds that the Nebraska was torpedoed by a German submarine. This was made in a statement issued to-night. The Nebraska when struck was flying the American flag and was returning to New York in ballast. The torpedoing of her ship has caused a great stir in London and throughout the world. Speculation as to the location of the United States is rife. Many think that this will intensify the feeling between Germany and the Americans, who are now awaiting the reply of the Berlin government to their note demanding guarantee against a repetition of the Lusitania disaster. A guarantee that their rights on the seas will be respected hereafter by German submarines and their commanders.

Queenstown, England, May 26.—The Nebraska was sighted this afternoon and passed by this harbor seeking the docks at Liverpool. The great ship was proceeding slowly, her speed reaching only about eight knots an hour.

London, England, May 26.—Early advice received here this morning were to the effect that the big American liner Nebraska which sailed from Liverpool Monday for New York had been torpedoed by a submarine at approximately the same position as that which marked the destruction of the Lusitania. Nothing was said in the earlier news concerning a torpedo or a submarine, and it was positively stated that an accident had occurred. The steamer is putting back to Liverpool and is expected to arrive there Thursday.

New York, May 26.—A wireless message received here from Queenstown this afternoon, says that the Nebraska was torpedoed by a submarine at approximately the same position as that which marked the destruction of the Lusitania. Nothing was said in the earlier news concerning a torpedo or a submarine, and it was positively stated that an accident had occurred. The steamer is putting back to Liverpool and is expected to arrive there Thursday.

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ITALY ENTERS AGREEMENT TO STAND BY THE ENTENTE

Italian Government Becomes Signatory Power of Compact Not to Conclude Separate Peace.

London, Eng., May 25.—Italy has entered into an agreement with the powers of the Triple Entente and has now become a full-fledged ally of Great Britain, France and Russia. Each of these nations have agreed not to sign any separate peace with either of their opponents. The great powers which have thus bound themselves together comprise a population of over 686,266,519 inhabitants.

EIGHT GREAT NATIONS FIGHT AGAINST THREE

Ten European Countries Remain Neutral and Three Are Expected on Allies' Side.

Eight nations, England, Italy, France, Belgium, Russia, Serbia, Japan, Montenegro, are fighting—Against these three: Germany, Austria, Turkey.

These ten are neutral: Norway, Denmark, Sweden, Portugal, Spain, Greece, Holland, Rumania, Switzerland, Bulgaria.

And these three may join the allies: Greece, Bulgaria, Rumania.

ITALIAN AIRSHIP DESTROYED

Austrians Bring Down Flyer and Kill Entire Crew.

Vienna, Austria, May 26.—Following the successes of the Austrian fighters in dropping bombs upon Italian towns, the Austrians this morning attempted to drop bombs upon the town of Goerz. The aeroplane was brought down and the crew slain by the defenders, who were on the lookout for such attacks.

Italy Grabs Rich Prizes
The value of Austrian and German ships interned in Italian ports and which become prizes of war are valued at \$26,000,000, according to a dispatch from Rome Monday.

FIGHTING IN THE ADRIATIC NAVIES HAVE TWO CLASHES

Italian Submarines Appear Off Pola. Austrian Naval Base—Italian Destroyer Surrenders.

Geneva, Switzerland, May 26.—Naval activity in the Adriatic increased to-day when two Italian submarines appeared off the shore near the Austrian naval reserve station and fortified base, at Pola. The submarine attempted to attack the Austrian fleet, but appears not to have been able to reach the shore through the defense of the torpedo destroyers. One Austrian destroyer is reported to have been damaged, though the extent of its injuries are at present unascertained.

EMBARGO ON MEAT EXPORTS IS THREAT OF THE PACKERS

Demand Unrestricted Passage of Products to All Neutral Countries of Europe.

Washington, May 25.—Representatives of the great meat packing industry of the United States and South America today threatened an embargo on exports to Great Britain and her allies which may prove more effective than the German submarine blockade in starving the Englishmen into submission.

Advisers from Arthur Marmora, secretary of the American packers, declared that they would lay their veto on the export of meat from the United States to Great Britain and her allies unless their demands were met.

It seems that the packers as indicated in another dispatch from Washington are disgusted with the way the British fleet has stopped their shipment into neutral European countries in an unjustifiable manner.

They claim that the British fleet is interfering with their rights and that their industry is suffering grievous harm from the activity of the fleet of the allies.

Their proposal is that unless Great Britain yields to terms and allows the export from North and South America into neutral European countries, the meat packers of North and South America will cut off the supply of meat which is now largely feeding the British people. Such a course they declare would starve England unless her statesmen decided to yield.

GERMANY ASKS FOR WEEK TO CONSIDER HER ANSWER

Considered Possible That Note Will Be Dispatched Saturday and Will Be Full of Friendly Feeling.

London, Eng., May 25.—A news-despatch from Amsterdam says that the German imperial government has decided to ask the United States government to give her another week in which to consider and prepare the note in reply to the recent communication of the United States in regard to submarine warfare which culminated in the attack on the Lusitania.

FRONTIER PASSES CAPTURED; ITALIANS PRESS FORWARD

Advancing Troops Capture Several More Towns and Gain More Territory as Defenders Retreat

Rome Italy, May 26.—The advancing Italian troops have succeeded in taking possession of the last remaining Italian frontier town in the shore district and have occupied several towns from which the Austrian soldiers have retreated. The defending soldiers continue to fall back pressed in the front by invading forces. No pitched battle has yet been fought on a large scale, but it is only a question of time before it is expected that the Austrian army will reach the place where it has determined to make its stand. Around this section there has been little sign of any Austrian offensive.

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CAPTURE U. S. COAST ENEMY FLEET WINS BATTLE AND PLANTS NAVAL BASE

Rear Admiral Beatty's "Red" Fleet Out-maneuvres Defending Squadron Under Admiral Fletcher and Wins Strategic Battle Carried off Chesapeake Bay.

Victory for Rear Admiral Beatty's attacking "red" fleet, which out-maneuvered the Atlantic fleet, under Admiral Fletcher, and won a position to establish a base in Chesapeake Bay, which has been in progress off the coast since last Tuesday.

In a laconic telegram to the navy department Rear Admiral Knight, the umpire, announced that he had terminated the game at three o'clock Tuesday afternoon, when the "red" fleet, which had been in the area, was captured by the "blue" fleet. The "red" fleet, which had been in the area, was captured by the "blue" fleet.

Mr. Daniels said Tuesday night he had called on the commanding officers for full reports on the capture of the "red" fleet. He was told that the "red" fleet, which had been in the area, was captured by the "blue" fleet.

There was much speculation by naval officers at Washington as to how the successful plan of attack had been carried out. The reports which were received by the navy department were so favorable that it was believed that the "red" fleet, which had been in the area, was captured by the "blue" fleet.

The two forces separated after leaving New York and the war was under way when the "red" fleet, as Admiral Fletcher's craft were designated, had been given time to attain a point 500 miles from the coast. Plans for the game had been worked out carefully by the naval war college and general staff, each commander being kept ignorant of the campaign mapped out for his opponent.

To make conditions as near as possible what they would be in actual warfare, this program of secrecy was carried to the point of having new wireless codes for each side and only absolutely necessary reports were made to the department.

HUNDREDS OF TURKS DROWN AS TRANSPORTS GO DOWN

British Submarine Slips Into Sea of Marmora and Wrecks Fearful Toll Upon Turkish Vessels.

Paris, France, May 26.—The exploits of the German submarine have made that branch of the world but none of them can lay claim to any greater achievement than that just completed by a British submarine in the Sea of Marmora.

NEW CABINET CRITICIZED; SEE "TOO MUCH POLITICS"

British Nationalist Cabinet Meets Strong Opposition When Fisher's Resignation Is Known.

London, May 26.—The new nationalist cabinet, formed yesterday, with Premier Asquith and Foreign Minister Edward Grey has met with considerable opposition in the British capital to-day.

ESTABLISH STRICT CENSORSHIP

Italian Government Inaugurates Policy of Secrecy.

Rome, May 25.—The Italian government has established and is enforcing the most drastic censorship ever exercised in any warring nation. Military movements and operations are believed to be taking place but no one can learn just where the first blows are to be struck.

Italy Suspends Parcel Post.

Rome, Italy, May 25.—The government parcel post has been suspended temporarily. Other mail services have been unaffected by the war.

SPLEANS TO PAN-AMERICANS; WILSON TENDERS WELCOME

President Addresses Body of Delegates Gathered in Washington From South America.

The program for the opening session of the Pan-American finance conference at Washington Monday was given over to speeches of welcome by President Wilson Secretary Bryan and responses from the delegates of each invited country.

President Wilson spoke as follows: "There can be no art of union of interest if there is a purpose of exploitation on the part of any person connected with a great conference of this sort. We are not, therefore, trying to make use of each other, but we are trying to be of use to one another."

It developed that while preparations had been made by the American embassy at Rome to take over Austria's affairs, the final decision of Austria was to place her interests in the same hands as those of Germany, which had called on Spain.

When the Italian and Austrian ambassadors arrived at the state department Monday, a note of greeting was presented by Secretary Bryan. The note was in the name of the United States and was signed by Secretary Bryan. It was a friendly note and was signed by Secretary Bryan.

STOP MANY SHIPMENTS; MEAT PACKERS PROTEST

Representatives of American meat packers, who have been protesting for months against Great Britain's holding up of their products shipped to neutral European nations, conferred at Washington Monday with their British counterparts.

Monday night's discussion was preliminary to a conference to be held to-day with law officers of the state department when the British negotiators will be told that a statement is to be made to the British government to the effect that the packers expect the American government to do.

GRANTS PACKERS REQUEST; ENGLAND IS CONCILIATORY

Ships Now Detained Face Prize Court June Seventh to Decide Fate of Cargo of Meatstuffs.

London, England, May 26.—The request of Chicago and other American meat packers that the British government take some steps to let them know exactly the status of the cargoes at present detained in England and bound for neutral European ports has been favorably acted upon by the authorities.

AUSTRIAN AEROPLANES ACTIVE

Italian Towns are Visited by Aeroplanes—Arsenal Bombed.

Official announcement was made at Rome Wednesday that Austrian aeroplanes have visited the government arsenal at Venice.

GO FORWARD IN GALICIA; GERMAN NEAR PRZEMYSL

Austro-German Troops Have Crossed San and Are Approaching the Fortress of Przemysl.

Berlin, May 26.—The war office issued an official statement this afternoon, which declares that the German and Austrians in Galicia continue their advance. Troops have crossed the Carpathian and San Rivers and are approaching the fortress of Przemysl.

Nine Fishermen Drowned.

Nine fishermen were drowned by the gale which swept the South Carolina coast Wednesday night.

U. S. DEEPLY INTERESTED; ITALIAN ENTRY IS CRISIS

Austrian Government Joins Germany in Asking Switzerland to Look After Interests.

Italy's entrance into the war set in motion Monday various branches of official and diplomatic activity. Count V. Macchi di Cellere the Italian ambassador, formally notified the United States of Italy's declaration of war on Austria, and explained informally to Secretary Bryan and Counselor Lansing the contents of a note to be delivered to-day, giving Italy's reasons for her action.

A neutrality proclamation similar to those made early in the war was prepared for President Wilson's signature, and will be issued to-day. Secretary Bryan announced that he had taken over the care of Italian interests here. Ambassador Thomas Nelson Page advised the state department from Rome that Spain had been entrusted with Austria's diplomatic honors, a national one of which was Italy's.

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APPEALS FOR HELP

Wilson Seeks Food for Many Starving Mexicans

Red Cross Society of United States Takes Change of Situation at Monterey—Soldiers Seize All Foodstuffs—White House May Speak to Villa and Carranza.

President Wilson Friday afternoon issued an appeal to the American people setting forth the conditions of the people in the northern part of Mexico, among whom women and children predominate, and told his fellow-citizens that a great many of these unfortunate people in various parts of the war stricken country in the south were suffering from lack of food. The president said that the Red Cross Society of the United States came to their aid.

Early in the day the president, who holds the presidency and head of the American Red Cross Society, was asked by Miss Mabel Boardman to issue an appeal for funds to the starving inhabitants of Mexico. It was stated then that the appeal would in all probability be issued shortly, but evidently the pressing needs of the people require urgent attention.

The president addressed his appeal to the public and asked the generosity of the American people in alleviating the sufferings in Europe and warmly commended the undertaking of contributions for the people who are suffering closer to our own borders. He stated that the condition in many sections of that unfortunate country are such that thousands of people are on the verge of starvation and unless aided with foodstuffs would in all probability perish.

The American Red Cross Society has taken charge of the work and immediate steps have been taken to get in touch with the situation. S. P. Morris, acting national director of the association, left Chicago Friday to assume personal charge of distributing food to thirty thousand people reported to be in a starving condition at Monterey, Mexico. He purchased a carload of beans and a carload of corn for prompt shipment into the war stricken area. He stated that the Red Cross urgently appeals to the citizens to contribute money and supplies of food. The contributions may be sent direct to the American Red Cross Society, Washington, D. C.

At this place the funds will be marketed and the goods must be purchased at points where it can be secured cheapest and readily transported where it is to do so much good.

NAVIES IN THE WAR

Four of Best Six Fight on Side of the Entente

Their Areas of Action

Great Britain, Japan, France and Russia Against Germany's, Austria's and Turkey's—The Seas Which They Patrol.

The Italian navy, which is a product of the Triple Alliance of 1882, is sixth in rank—after those of England, Germany, the United States, France and Japan. It was understood, although not specified in the conversation between Bismarck and various Italian statesmen in the early eighties, that Italy should develop her fleet that with the Austrian it should be more powerful than the French and equal to the British Mediterranean squadron. There was another reason, a national one, why Italy should have a large and powerful fleet, and even expand it at the expense of the army. Her land frontier is only 1,207 miles—about as long as Germany's entire coast line—the shores of the peninsula and adjacent islands touch the sea for a distance of 4,160 miles, to which must be added the African coasts of Libya, Italian, Tripoli and Cyrenaica—to say nothing of those of the foreign dependencies, Eritrea, Italian Somaliland, and Tinnis.

Aside from the fleet, the coast of the peninsula is protected by the fortresses of Vado, Genoa, Spezia, Monte Argentario, Gaeta, Ancona and Brindisi, works in the Strait of Messina, and at Taranto, while north of the island of Sardinia is the Italian Gibraltar, Maddalena, Venice, too, is fortified against an attack by sea, but to what extent is not known.

The Ministries of Marine of both Germany and Austria-Hungary have a more or less correct idea of Italian naval defenses, acquired by the reports reaching the Turkish and British legations at Athens recently offered a reward for the sinking of German submarines supposed to be in the Mediterranean.

Berlin reports a Constantinople dispatch to the Hageblatt says that the British battleship Triumph was sunk by a single torpedo and that she disappeared in seven minutes.

GERMANS ON FIERCE OFFENSIVE

Petrograd Reports Obstinate Resistance Given Terrific Attacks.

Petrograd, May 26.—The German and Austrian armies in the east, especially in the neighborhood around Przemysl and the river San, continue a most violent offensive against the Russian army in that section. The fighting along the San is especially bloody and the attacking force of the enemy continues to be strong. The Russian soldiers, under their commanders, are rendering an obstinate resistance to this new effort to advance. They are fighting desperately to retain the territory gathered by them after the fall of Przemysl.

ITALIANS ANNOUNCE GAINS; AUSTRIANS ARE IN RETREAT

Rome Official Dispatch Tells of Capture of Towns and Destruction of Houses by Troops.

Rome, Italy, May 25.—It is officially announced by the Italian war office that the invading column of Italian troops have successfully pushed the Austrians from the frontier. The Austrians met with slight resistance in the occupation of several towns. The retreating Austrians have destroyed many bridges and houses in order to hinder the advance of their enemy.

CONSTANTINE DYING

Greek Royal Family Called to Bed-side of Fast Sinking Ruler.

Athens, Greece, May 26.—King Constantine's condition to-day continues to cause the utmost anxiety and fear expressed that the ruler of the Greeks is dying. The royal family has been summoned to the bedside, where they await the result of his critical illness.

FIND TWO DEAD AMERICANS; FOUGHT MEXICANS TO LAST

Border Guards Have Been Killed by Marauders on American Side

El Paso, Texas, May 26.—The dead bodies of Gene Hulen and Joe Stillter, the two Americans who were set upon by Mexican marauders yesterday and done to death have been found by searching parties to-day. They lay on the American side of the Rio Grande near Alpine, Texas. The two Americans had been on their way to attack the Mexicans who attacked the two Americans were given the fight of their lives as every sign showed that they had struggled to the last. This brings up the deaths of Texas Rangers and Border Guards to a total of five killed by the Mexicans this year.

BERNSTORFF WIRE BERLIN; AMERICAN PRESS IMPUDENT

Admits Cablegram But Denies That He Advised Government to Hasten Note on Lusitania Incident.

Ambassador Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, admitted Friday afternoon that he had sent a cablegram to the foreign office at Berlin telling his superiors that the American press was rapidly becoming impatient with the delay in the German government in the matter of not answering the note to the government of the United States on the subject of the torpedoing of the Lusitania and the other incidents in the submarine campaign which is now being conducted against the merchant ships.

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