

The Manning Times.

LOUIS APPELT, Editor

MANNING, S. C., AUG. 26, 1914.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

JENNINGS FALLS DOWN ON THE JOB.

There are many, who seem to roll as a sweet morsel under their tongues, the language Mayor Jennings is alleged to have applied to Governor Blease on the occasion of the campaign meeting in Sumter, they seem to think Jennings made a ten strike, but it convinced us that Jennings demonstrated his unfitness to be the chief executive of a city in an emergency. On the occasion referred to, of all men who should have kept his head it was the Mayor of the city, but Jennings did not do this; after travelling all over the State and the governor intimating strongly on nearly every stump that the friends of Senator Smith had employed Jennings and Pollock to assist him in this race, Jennings waited until he reached his home city, of which he is the official head, surrounded by his police and his personal friends, to resent a charge. Does not every sensible man know that it would have been suicidal in Governor Blease to have hit Mayor Jennings; had he lost his head as did Jennings, he would have precipitated a bloody riot, and there is no telling the number of people that would have been slain—it is almost certain Jennings would not have gotten away alive, neither would have Governor Blease. In our opinion, Governor Blease exercised the proper discretion in ignoring the epithets the chief peace officer of the city of Sumter hurled at the Governor of the State. It required more moral courage to avert a riot than to bring one on; any indiscreet man can bring on trouble, but it takes a man of calmness, nerve, and bravery to forget himself under provocation that he might save harm from the innocent. If Mayor Jennings just learned the meaning of Governor Blease's words when he said all over the State that Jennings and Pollock were "hrelings" he should, have consulted with his friends to learn whether it was an insult, and if they so decided, he should have waited until he could have had a private interview with the Governor where none could interfere or molest, but no, Jennings did not do this, he waits until Blease gets to Sumter, and then made an exhibition of himself, which will follow him through the balance of his days. It is our opinion, Mayor Jennings was unfortunate in selecting his hometown to resent what he had an opportunity to resent in the majority of the counties of the State.

Had Mayor Jennings made a campaign with a view of securing votes as a genuine and sure enough candidate for the United States Senate, he might have built for himself a following that in the future would have stood him in good stead, but regardless of his denials, the majority of the people of this State believe his purpose in entering the race was not to be elected, but to defeat Blease, and many believe he received pay for it.

SOUTH AMERICA'S EYES ON US.

It transpires that exporters and importers in South American countries have had their credit suddenly cut off, this commercial hardship materializing when the Bank of England refused to discount foreign bills of exchange. This affects all English banks with branches in South America. The German banks, of course, can do nothing. In view of this situation it is proposed by the government-owned Brazilian Lloyd that the Government at Rio discount bills of exchange, at the same time arranging with some bank in the United States for a deposit of gold here to discount the bills of Americans exporters who have goods for Brazil. It appears probable that this will be done. The Brazilian Lloyds manager in New York declares that South America is determined somehow to get goods which it must have and ship tied-up products which it cannot keep on holding without heavy loss. It naturally looks to the United States. This attitude was recently reflected in the announcement of the Argentine Government that it would pay all bills of exchange upon deposit of gold by American exporters at the Argentine legation at Washington. The Chilean Government has since announced that its Minister to the United States

had been authorized to act as financial representative for facilitating transactions by the Argentine plan or in any other feasible way. In fact, all South American Governments are now taking active steps to establish banking and commercial channels between their respective countries and the United States. Their attitude toward American manufacturers and exporters is most inviting. They are willing to meet us much more than halfway. If we want the trade—and we do—it only remains for us to look after our end.

OUR FLAG ON OUR SHIPS.

In anticipation of favorable action by Congress on the bill to provide the United States with that which all other powerful nations have, but we have not a merchant marine, arrangements have been made for the changing of registry of hundreds of vessels which have been flying foreign flags and have been manned by foreign officers and crews. The bill makes it possible to admit to registry all seagoing vessels now owned or which may be owned by Americans. It is expected that the first big line to change will be the United Fruit Company, an American corporation having 136 ships. These were built abroad, and cost about two-thirds the price of craft of equal tonnage constructed in United States yards. To avoid the payment of duties imposed by Uncle Sam they have been flying the British flag.

Since steam was applied to the world's carrying trade, our greatest need has been ships under our own colors. The United States has a more extended frontage on the two great oceans than any other country, and yet, while we have been supplying other nations from our wonderful resources, there has been a constant decline of the proportion of our trade carried in our ships, from 93 per cent in 1826, to about 8 per cent at present.

The emergency created by the war has forcibly called the necessity of having an adequate merchant marine to the attention of those who could not or would not see it before. Uncle Sam's commerce cannot be left at the mercy of the ill tempered Kings. Our elevators are bulging with new wheat, freight trains laden with grain are blocking the railroad sidings. As usual there is more than its usual share of the produce of our farms, a way will be found to get it across the sea, but why should not the transportation be by vessels under the American flag? Over \$3000,000,000 was paid out last year for the carrying of our exports by foreign ships, and that did not include the insurance. In reality the balance of trade was against the United States, instead of being in our favor, as generally supposed. We need ships to end the drain on our basic money. We need them not alone to get our surplus grain to Europe, but to bear our cotton and lumber to the many markets that are left, to take our manufactures to South America and the Far East to carry the banner of American commerce to all parts of the world.

The Blade has always been strongly in favor of a large, well equipped merchant marine, benefiting our position among the nations. Readers will remember in his South America articles Mr. Boyce stated that real American fleets of commerce would be the only justification for our fabulous expenditure in building the Panama Canal. At that time he said:

"During the two years immediately preceding my journey to South America. I traveled more than 50,000 miles on water, and in that time I had been in many of the chief ports of the world, but with the exception of vessels belonging to our navy and private yachts. I saw the Stars and Stripes floating over only three steamers—on three, mind you, out of at least ten thousand ships that I saw in different ports and passed at sea. Our navy was built chiefly on the theory that we should be able to protect our merchant marine. But we have no merchant ships flying our flag to protect."

The United States now has an opportunity that will never come again. We must make up for the precious time that has been wasted since the days of our marine prosperity. Let American ships under our own flag go to the markets of the world as they should, true representative of an independent nation.—Saturday Blade.

STOP THEFT, STOP! The great battle of ballots came off yesterday, and the primary will go down in history as one of the most intolerant that has ever been pulled off in the state not excepting the campaign of 1890, when Ben Tillman led a revolution and made his fight by charging many of the best men of the state with corruption—in- cipient rottenness he termed it, but this year certain newspapers were exceedingly bitter in their arraignments, nothing was too severe for them to intimate; all manner of schemes were devised to confuse, and cast doubt in the minds of the electorate. Some time professions of non-factionalism were made. We heard a citizen say to a local candidate that he preferred him to his opponent, but inasmuch as his opponent was going to vote like him for the United States Senate he would vote for him, and then he went on and expressed his regret of factionalism and joined his side to put it down.

It is just that sort of indolence that keeps the factional fires burning, one side insists that it is made of better clay than the other, and therefore is entitled the rule, the other side claims that it is just as honest, patriotic and as intelligent and being in the majority insist upon not permitting a minority to rule, especially when that minority will not listen to reason, and if given an opportunity will ruin. There is only one way to wipe out factionalism, and that is to wipe it out, but it must be done by both sides being honest in their concessions with each other; it is absolutely impossible to do away with factionalism as long as one side is determined to want "the whole hog."

PEACE HAS HER VICTORIES.

Turning to a matter which was a few weeks ago engrossing the attention of the country, it may be said that the Mexican trouble is practically settled—the war is over. Only the withdrawal of the American forces from Vera Cruz remains to bring the country into a realization of this fact, and this will be accomplished in due time. Previous to that will come recognition of the Carranza Government, and this recognition will be extended when the United States feels sure it can be done in permanent safety. The conclusion of the trouble with Mexico may be considered the greatest triumph of diplomatic negotiations in the history of this or any other country. Had there been a War Lord in the White House the result might have been far different. As it is, a new government has been established for Mexico by peaceable means and lives of hundreds of good Americans have been saved.

The press dispatches from Europe are about as uncertain as are the views of the financiers on the cotton financing problem. Every morning the newspapers declare that a great battle is imminent, only to repeat the same thing day after day. The political financiers are also giving out dope to the effect that congress will soon provide the means by which our cotton producers will be able to get the necessary money to hold their product, and thereby save themselves from having to sacrifice the result of their toil. Notwithstanding all of this encouragement the war continues to drag along on its weary way, and the political leaders continue to keep on whistling to bolster up the hopes of the masses.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for the capture of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We have the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. Testimonials Free. HALL'S CATARRH CURE is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Beware of cheap imitations. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Take Away Unused Sugar. People in France when they dine at restaurants frequently appropriate the sugar they don't happen to use. Sugar in France is dear, and what is served with the coffee belongs, by right, to the purchaser as much as the coffee itself. So why not take a lump or two home to little Jeanne or Pierre?

Notice. All persons are hereby notified not to hunt, fish, cut timber, or otherwise trespass on my lands. Anyone so doing will be prosecuted. J. W. RHAME. Grandma. Grandma used to be an old lady who would throw a shawl over her shoulders and sit in a rocker and knit stockings all day. But, nowadays she puts on a nickel's worth of prepared chalk and follows the crowd.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Daily Cost of the War. This war requires the expenditure of billions of pounds, francs, marks and roubles. Prof. Chas. Richet of the University of Paris, quoted by Dr. Davis Starr Jordan, in his "War and Waste," estimates the total expenses of a general European war at nearly fifty million dollars a day. He includes in his estimate Italy and Roumania, which are not now engaged. For all the combatants there are certain big items of daily expense. In the aggregate feed of men is placed at twelve million dollars, pay at four and a quarter millions, transportation at over two millions, transportation of provisions at nearly four and a quarter millions, infantry munitions on the basis of ten cartridges a day at nearly four and a quarter millions, artillery on the basis of ten shots a day at one and a quarter millions, equipment at four and a quarter millions, help to the poor at over six and three quarter millions, destruction of towns at two millions, ambulance service at half a million. And so the figures go. When it is all over every one of the great Governments except our own will be somewhat the reverse of flushed with funds.

The Primary. The indications are that Gov. Blease has been defeated by a decisive majority. According to the News and Courier's count Blease received 45,054 and Smith 60,542, with about 40,000 more votes to be accounted for.

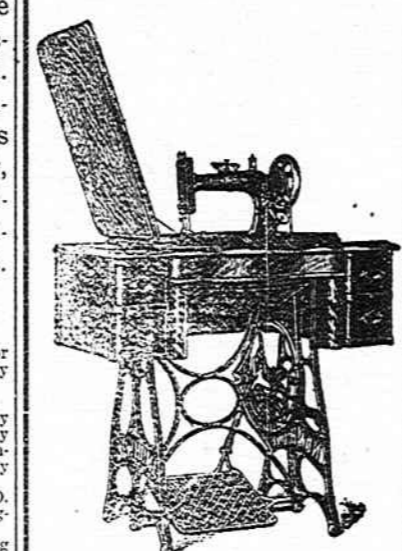
The gubernatorial race seems to be between Manning, Cooper, and Richards, with Cooper in the lead, as follows: Cooper, 17,749; Manning, 17,695; Richards, 17,177.

There will be a second race between Bethea, and Kelley for Lieutenant Governor. Peoples leads Brice for attorney general. Shealey and Fortner leading for railroad commissioner, Appelt for Senator is elected by 300 votes; DeSchamps, Rush and White elected Representative. Wadhams elected Judge of Probate by about 175 votes. A. P. Burgess elected Auditor. Magistrate at Manning, Heriot and Ridgeway will have to make a second race. Flemming elected magistrate at New Zion. Beard elected magistrate at Turberville. The magistrates at Summerville, Foreston, Pinewood and Alcolu, had no opposition.

The election all over the county passed off very quietly, the friends of the respective candidates worked in good humor, and notwithstanding the many mis- leading reports in circulation the voters gave no head to them.

The latest bulletin to reach us is that Cooper leads for governor, with Manning and Richards pushing each other for second place with a strong probability of Cooper and Richards to run in the second race, and our prediction is that it will not matter who gets in the second race, Cooper will win. He is very strong in the upper tier of counties, and has made a wonderful impression in the lower section of the state.

BUY THE BEST When You Buy!



A NEW HOME Sewing Machine! You know what it means. A New Home Rotary at \$40.00—\$10.00 cash and \$5.00 per month. Write me. JOS. S. DICKSON, Alcolu, S. C.

LOANS NEGOTIATED On First-Class Real Estate Mortgages. Purdy & O'Bryan, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Manning S. C. G. T. Floyd, SURVEYOR and CIVIL ENGINEER Office over Bank of Manning

Incomplete Returns First Democratic Primary Held August 25.

Table with columns for candidates (e.g., E. J. Dennis, R. S. Whaley, Louis Appelt) and counties (e.g., Abbeville, Anderson, Bamberg). It lists vote counts for various offices including Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and Magistrates.

Hor Wants. "Does your wife want the vote?" "No. She wants a larger town house, a villa on the seacoast, and a new limousine car every six months. I'd be pleased most to death if she could fix her attention on a small matter like the vote."—New Orleans Picayune. Money's Voice. Money talks; but some have an impediment in their income.—Ashley Sterne. Keeping Cheese. To prevent cheese from getting hard cut a small piece off for present use and place the remainder in cool safe. Spread a thin film of butter over the cut part and cover with a clean cloth. This will prevent that hard, cracked condition which ruins the best of cheese. Up-to-Date Humorist. Many a man has gained renown as a humorist of remarkable gifts by relating with somber mien anecdotes that he has depicted in the back of some old-time almanac.—New York Herald. Neighborhood Characters. Every neighborhood has some woman who is recognized as the information bureau and official news agency.—Arlington Globe. Gravity Clock. Among the smart English novelties seen is the new gravity clock, which does not require winding. The motive power is supplied by the weight of the clock, which takes seven days to travel down upright bars. At the end of the seven days the clock is simply raised to the top again. The clock stands on a handsome mahogany base and the bars are supported from the center of a handsome arch of mahogany.

APPAREL SHOP FOR MEN AND LADIES Everything of the best for the personal wear and adornment of both sexes. We fill mail orders carefully and promptly. DAVID OUTFITTING COMPANY, Charleston, S. C. Whichever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

State of South Carolina, County of Clarendon. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. J. R. Eason, Plaintiff, against Agnes James and C. H. James, Defendants. Pursuant to an execution issued out of the Court of Common Pleas in the above styled cause, and in due directed, 1913, I have levied on and will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court House door in Manning, S. C., within the hours of legal sale on Monday the 7th day of September, 1914, the same below sales day: All the right, title and interest of Agnes James and C. H. James in and to all that piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situated in Clarendon County and State aforesaid, containing ninety-six acres, more or less, and bounded on the North by lands formerly of Dukes now owned by David Levi; East by lands of estate of R. F. Turner; South by lands of J. M. Sprout; West by lands of John M. Rowe. Purchaser to pay for papers. E. B. GAMBLE, Sheriff Clarendon County.

DR. J. FRANK GEIGER, DENTIST, MANNING, S. C. BUCKNER & RUTLEDGE, ENGINEERS, SURVEYING DRAINAGE, SUPPLIES, PINEWOOD, S. C. DR. J. A. COLE, DENTIST, Upstairs over Bank of Manning, MANNING, S. C. Phone No 77. JOHN G. CAPERS, (of South Carolina), Esq., Commissioner Internal Revenue JOSEPH D. WRIGHT, CAPERS & WRIGHT, AT ORSKYTS AT LAW Brass Building, WASHINGTON, D. C. J. H. LESHESNE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MANNING, S. C. School Teacher's Mission. To capture the citadel of a child's mind through love and sympathy; to lead pupils toward higher ideals of life and duty; to establish closer relations between home and school and state; to exalt purity of life and conduct; to strengthen the moral tone of the community; to make good men and women; to establish and dignify the profession of teaching; to make education attractive; to magnify the state; to meet the need for educated citizenship; such is the exalted mission of the teacher.—Hon. Charles N. Skinner.

Notice of Discharge. I will apply to the Judge of Probate, for Clarendon County, on the 25th day of August 1914, at 11 o'clock A. M., for letters of discharge as Guardian for Thomas Willard Pennington, under a minor. J. H. DEBASTIAN, Guardian. New Zion, S. C., July 28, 1914. Notice. The qualified executors residing in Central School District (John) No. 33, will hereby take notice that an election will be held at the Central school building on August 27th, 1914 for the purpose of voting upon the question of whether said District shall levy an additional tax of one mill for school purposes. Polls open from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. By order of S. W. Thomas, Trustees of J. E. Robinson, Central School W. R. Robinson, District No 33. FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR stops the cough and heals lungs

MOTHER OF SCHOOL GIRL Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Daughter's Health. Plover, Iowa.—"From a small child my 13 year old daughter had female weakness. I spoke to three doctors about it and they did not help her any. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had been of so I decided to try it. She has taken five bottles of the Vegetable Compound according to directions on the bottle and she is cured of this trouble. She was all run down when she started taking the Compound and her periods did not come right. She was so poorly and weak that I often had to help her dress herself, but now she is regular and is growing strong and healthy."—Mrs. MARTIN HELVIG, Plover, Iowa. Hundreds of such letters expressing gratitude for the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished are constantly being received, proving the reliability of this grand old remedy. If you are ill do not drag along and continue to suffer day in and day out but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a woman's remedy for woman's ills. If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Don't Be Misled. Manning Citizens Should Read and Heed This Advice. Kidney trouble is dangerous and often fatal. Don't experiment with something new and untried. Use a tested kidney remedy. Begin with Doan's Kidney Pills. Used in kidney troubles 50 years. Recommended here and everywhere. A Manning citizen's statement forms convincing proof. It's local testimony—it can't be investigated. Mrs. H. P. Jenkinson, Church St., Manning, S. C., says: "I gladly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills, for I know from personal experience they are a remedy of merit. I was annoyed by kidney complaint and had pains through the small of my back. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me wonderfully, not only relieving the misery in my back, but strengthening my kidneys. You may see my endorsement for Doan's Kidney Pills. Price 50c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Jenkinson had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

An Ordinance Relative to Dogs. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, CLARENDON COUNTY, TOWN OF MANNING. Be it Ordained by the Mayor and Aldermen, in Council Assembled, and by authority of the same. Sec. 1. That after July 15th, 1908, it shall be unlawful for any dog to run at large upon any of the Streets of Manning, S. C., unless muzzled. Sec. 2. The Marshals or Police shall have Power, and are hereby instructed to kill after said date, any dog found upon said Streets, not having on a muzzle. Ratified by Council the 15th day of June 1908. R. C. WELLS, Mayor. P. B. MOZZON, Clerk. To owners of dogs, you are hereby notified that on and after 12 o'clock Saturday August 22nd, 1914, this Ordinance relative to Dogs unmuzzled running at large on the Streets of Manning, will be rigidly enforced, and the dog will be instructed to kill all unmuzzled dogs. By order of Council. T. M. WELLS, A. C. BRADHAM, Mayor. Aug. 18, 1914.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, Clarendon County. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. A. J. Tindal, Plaintiff against Susannah Blanding, Defendant. Judgment for Foreclosure and Sale. UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF A Judgment Order of the Court of Common Pleas, in the above stated action, to me directed, bearing date of June 3rd, 1914, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at Clarendon Court House, at Manning, in said county, within the legal hours for judicial sales, on Monday, the 7th day of September, 1914, being legal sale day, the following described real estate: All of that piece, parcel or tract of land lying, being and situated in said County and State, containing seventy (70) acres, more or less, and bounded as follows, to wit: On the North by lands of Levi; and on the East by lands of D. W. Alderman; On the South by lands of D. W. Alderman; and on the West by lands of the Estate of Henry Abraham. Purchaser to pay for papers. E. B. GAMBLE, Sheriff Clarendon County.

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