

The Manning Times.

ATTACKS TILLMAN

BLEASE WOULD ALSO MUZZLE THE STATE PRESS

ASKS FOR NEW LIBEL LAW

Attacks the Senior Senator for the Letter He Wrote to Harrison Ferguson During the Last Campaign and the Newspaper Men for Printing the Same.

In a special message to the General Assembly on Thursday Governor Blease made a bitter attack on Senator Tillman and the press of the State. The message was entitled "One transmitting certain facts in re conduct of newspapers, Senator B. R. Tillman and W. E. Gonzales, and urging restriction upon newspapers."

It consisted of a printed document sixteen pages long, and the gravamen of it was the letter of Senator B. R. Tillman, during the progress of the last campaign, of Spartanburg. It will be remembered that in the letter the Senator gave his reasons for declining to support Blease for Governor.

The message related to the enactment of a more rigid libel law for this State and recited that some length alleged incidents of the summer campaign, in which the Governor declared that he had received unfair treatment at the hands of editors and reporters.

Mr. Rembert moved that the message be received as information and spread upon the Journal. Mr. Stevenson objected to spreading the message on the Journal until Senator Tillman had been given an opportunity to reply. Mr. Rembert then suggested that the message be referred to the Judiciary committee. This was made in the form of a motion by Mr. Stevenson and was passed.

As soon as the message was read—and it was a complete surprise to the members—Mr. Rembert moved that it be incorporated in the permanent Journal of the House. Mr. Courtenay of Edgefield, suggested that it might be held to allow Senator Tillman the opportunity of a reply.

Mr. Stevenson, however, offered as a substitute motion that the whole matter be referred to the committee that was to consider Mr. Rembert's bill, and the committee report back the message submitted by Governor Blease, together with any reply that Senator Tillman might elect to make, and that the House then would act upon the matter of printing it in the Journal.

In other words, the entire matter was referred to the Judiciary committee and will be reported in conjunction with the committee's report on the bill. This was acceptable to Mr. Rembert and he withdrew his suggestion that the message be printed in the Journal at this time.

The burden of the complaint made by the Governor is that he was denied access to the columns of the newspapers for his statements, and that there was a practically a conspiracy formed against him. He urges the passage of an Act, and along this line Mr. Rembert has introduced a bill which provides for imprisonment without the option of a fine if a newspaper refuses to print statements for publication.

In moving that Senator Tillman be heard before any action was taken Mr. Stevenson stressed the fact that he is neither the personal nor political friend of either Senator Tillman or Governor Blease, but said that the interest of fair play demanded that this be done. He also called attention to the fact that the General Assembly is spending much of the State's money in having printed many messages which could avail but little in the interest of legislation.

MAKES A CLEAN BREAST

CONFESSES TO STARTING TWO HUNDRED FIRES.

A Firebug Declares He Derived Great Pleasure from Watching Firemen Fight Fires He Set.

"Izzy, the Painter," read of the New York underworld's "arson trust," came from Sing Sing prison Thursday to confess to putting the torch to two hundred houses within the past few months. He unboasted himself to District Attorney Whitman and two stenographers.

The confession is said to bristle with names of "Izzy's" confederates, some of whom are said to be notorious characters of the Tenderloin and the East Side; some insurance agents, who worked with the "trust" and divided the spoils; others, adjusters of the big fire insurance companies.

"Izzy, the Painter," was convicted of arson recently under the name of Isadore Stein, and sentenced to serve not less than twelve years in prison. Since then he has been indicted again for arson. While on his way to plead to the last indictment he concluded to turn State's witness and throw himself on the district attorney's mercy.

Mr. Whitman was amazed at the enormous extent of the "trust's" operations. He now believes that more than one thousand fires kindled in New York within the past few years can be traced to the gang.

DIVORCES HURT CHILDREN

Seventy Thousand Affected by it in One Year Here.

More than 70,000 children, mostly under the age of nine years, were weaned of one or both parents in this country during this year, according to figures with which the Rev. Francis M. Moody stirred members of the New York State marriage and divorce commission at its meeting in New York.

"The Pacific coast," he said, "has been the greatest divorce center of the entire world. In the year of 1912 alone there were granted in the State over 100,000 divorces. In 40 years 3,700,000 adults were separated by divorce and more than 5,000,000 persons affected by these cases. At present 90 per cent. of these cases go by default, with only one party represented."

Mr. Moody offered a resolution to organize a Federal commission in this State to work for a uniform Federal law governing marriage and divorce, which should be the central organization of all State commissions of this character and would meet in convention in Chicago in May.

BALES OF COTTON USED

Over One Half of it Consumed in the Cotton States.

Cotton consumed in the United States during December amounted to 445,287 running bales compared with 475,240 bales in November and 511,285 bales in October, according to the census bureau's monthly report, issued Tuesday morning. Cotton consumed in cotton growing states during December was 224,977 bales and in all other States 220,310 bales. The number of active cotton spindles during December in the United States was 30,146,756, of which 11,610,422 were in the cotton growing States and 18,536,334 in all other States.

Find Son and Dies

At End, Okla., emotion killed J. W. Raiders, 60 years old, of Greenville, Ky., Wednesday. He felt dead when he saw a son, who left home several years ago, and for whom he had been searching. The boy's mother dreamed he was in Oklahoma and sent her husband to make a search. Young Raiders left for Kentucky with his father's body.

Nine of Bark's Crew Lost

Nine of the crew of the Russian bark California were drowned Wednesday when that vessel was blown on the coast of England and totally wrecked. Capt. Eskbom and seven men were saved. The California had just left the Tyne with 2,461 tons. She was a vessel of 2,461 tons.

Gets Bullet Instead of Help

At Chicago Michael Mansfield, 55, was killed in his junk shop Wednesday by hold-up men, who escaped. The robbers entered the shop and demanded that Mansfield turn over his money. Mansfield called for help and the intruder shot him through the heart.

Handled Many Packages

Six million packages were handled by the parcel post during the first seven days of the operation of the system, according to figures prepared late Wednesday by the post office department.

SENATE ACCEPTS

AN INVITATION TO VISIT WINTHROP COLLEGE

AFTER MUCH SPEAKING

The Visit Will be Made on General Lee's Birthday, Which is a Holiday, and Therefore the Senate Will Not be in Session, and Will be Idle.

The State says the women of South Carolina, and especially those attending Winthrop college, were the recipients of many graceful compliments from members of the senate Wednesday, when it came to debate upon whether or not the legislative body should visit the institution of learning Friday, January 24, for an inspection and for doing honor to Robert E. Lee, whose birthday comes on Sunday, January 19.

There was considerable debate as to whether a legislative body having the State's work to do should send to the authorities of Winthrop its acceptance with pleasure or express its sincere regrets. It was difficult at moments to decide whether the patriotism displayed was inspired by South Carolina or South Carolina women. When it came to a vote, 23 favored accepting, while one—Senator Stratton—was absent when his name was called.

With matters less inviting, the senate was not greatly concerned Wednesday. Following the receipt of two messages from the governor, one relative to the State dispensary investigating committee, the introduction of several bills and resolutions, two of the bills having to do with making the legal rate of interest 6 per cent, and the swearing in of witnesses in grand jury rooms, and a petition from 689 signers from the Clifton cotton mill asking that legislation permitting children of from 12 to 14 years of age working in the mills be left unmoisted, the senate adjourned to convene again at 11 o'clock Thursday morning.

Immediate consideration of the Governor's message relative to the dispensary investigating committee was objected to by Senator Carlisle, who was chairman of that committee, on the ground that other members of the committee were not present and the committee's report had not come in. He asked that the message be referred to the finance committee before being printed in the Journal, and this was done. The governor's second message containing his speeches delivered in Richmond at the governor's conference. It was ordered printed in the Journal.

The senate convened promptly and getting down to business Senator Beauregard presented the invitation from Winthrop college and moved its acceptance. Senator Carlisle objected, but the governor's message being announced at this moment and presented for disposition, consideration of the matter was interrupted. When the message had been disposed of Senator Carlisle moved that consideration of the matter be postponed until the following day.

Senator Sharpe and Senator Nicholson gave notice that they would oppose all invitations received during the session, saying that the senate's business must be attended to. Senator Nicholson said that, with all due respect, these visits affected the senate's what he called a holiday affects school boys. Senator Beauregard urged the acceptance of the invitation and stated that the trip would cost the State nothing. Friends of the institution, he said, had arranged for the train.

S Senator Christensen favored the visit to Winthrop. Senator Black was against it. Senator Young thought it the duty of the senate to visit Winthrop and the other state institutions and get first hand knowledge. Senator Epps moved to amend to Saturday instead of Friday, to which Senator Appelt objected, saying that certain members of the body could not get home Sunday. Senator Sharpe moved to table the motion to go.

Senator Carlisle rose to say that he thought the persons paying for the trip, as referred to by the senator from York, would benefit the institution by giving the money direct. Senator Sullivan favored the trip. In answer to Senator Appelt he stated that he thought it would be a good thing for the senators to remain in Columbia over Sunday and go to church, a thing he needed to do himself, he said.

Senator Lee favored acceptance in view of Lee's birthday but said he was opposed to the senate's accepting any other invitations later on. Senator Sharpe thought it the senate's duty to stay and do the State's work. If he favored one, he said he would favor accepting all invitations. Senator Ackerman was in favor of the trip, as was Senator Weston, who thought the new members ought to see the college with its improvement. The debate was filled with tributes to the college and its students and to the women of the State.

Senator Carlisle forced a roll-call on the matter of accepting the invitation, which passed, 29 to 11, those voting in favor being Ackerman, Appelt, Beauregard, Buxk, Christensen, Clifton, Dennis, Earle, Epps, Goodwin, Cross, Hall, Housh, Johnston, Keith, Lawson, Liele, Mauldin, McCown, McLaughlin, Mullins, Patterson, Richardson, Sullivan, Verner, Walker, Weston, Williams, Young—total 29. Those voting against the invitation being Banks, Black, Carlisle, Crouch, Gunn, Hardin, Johnson, Laney, Mrs. Nicholson, Sharpe—total 11.

DIES BY HIS OWN HAND

A. CRANE JONES SENDS BULLET INTO HIS HEAD.

Well Known Travelling Man and Former Candidate for Governor Committed Suicide at Spartanburg.

Mr. Adam Crane Jones, aged 56, former candidate for Governor of South Carolina, and one of the most widely-known travelling salesmen in the State, Wednesday morning committed suicide at his home on Converse Heights in Spartanburg by shooting himself in the right temple with a 38-calibre pistol. The remains were shipped to Newberry, his former home and the funeral was held at the Presbyterian Church at that place Thursday afternoon, conducted by the Rev. Mr. Kerr.

Mr. Jones had been in ill health for two weeks; he had suffered from a severe attack of grip and was just convalescent. He awoke, as usual, on Wednesday morning, and planned to attend to some business. He was in his usual good spirits, and nothing unusual was noted in his condition. After breakfast he was sitting around his home, and at 10 o'clock he told Mrs. Jones that he was going to the wood shed in the back yard for some fuel. This shed is located about 20 yards from the back door of the home.

Soon after Mr. Jones left the house a shot was heard, and neighbors and members of the family at once went to the scene. They found Mr. Jones lying on the floor of the house with a bullet wound in his right temple. Dr. J. E. Edwards was summoned and the body was still warm, but the physician announced that death had been instantaneous. There were no eyewitnesses to the tragedy. The coroner viewed the remains, but it was such a distinct case of suicide that he decided that an inquest was not necessary.

The pistol, with four loaded shells and one empty, was found at the feet of Mr. Jones, where it had fallen after the shot, before he fell backward.

Mr. Jones was a native of Newberry, having moved to Spartanburg about two years ago. In 1908 he made the race for Governor, and reform in railroad legislation was the principal plank in his platform. He always was a fighter for better railroad conditions in this State, and was active in traveling men's organizations to secure such reforms.

SPIT OUT PISTOL BALL

Negro Man Shot Coughs Up Bullet and Walks to Doctor.

At Sumter Ed Richardson, colored, performed a feat recently which is seldom seen save in side shows and at vaudeville performances, where jugglers and sleight-of-hand tricks are expected. Richardson was shot with a pistol, while he and another negro were examining it and a second shot later he calmly spit out the bullet and walked to have the doctor examine and dress the wound which was inflicted. The ball entered just below the nostril and was stopped against the roof of his mouth. Dr. Birnie, who attended him, stated that he would probably suffer no serious effects from the wound. The shooting was said to have been accidental.

DYNAMITE CARGO EXPLODES

Captain and Crew of Steamer Barely Make Escape.

At Naulimo, B. C., two thousand cases of dynamite, the cargo of the steamer Oscar, blew up Wednesday soon after the craft was beached, because of a fire in the hold. Every window on the water front was shattered and many persons were severely hurt. The full extent of damage to the vessel has not been determined. The Oscar was leaving port when the fire was discovered. Soon it got beyond control and the steamer was beached on Protection Island. The captain and crew fled as soon as the vessel touched shore and escaped death in the blast that came soon after.

Not Allowed to Land

Edward F. Myluis, the journalist, convicted in London of libeling King George V for which he paid a penalty of 10 months in prison, was ordered turned away from the gates of the United States Thursday by Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel, as an undesirable immigrant within the meaning of American immigration laws.

Death Due to Laziness

According to F. F. Rittenhouse of New York, a speaker before the American association for the Advancement of Science Wednesday, said indolence and physical inactivity are the causes of the great increase of the death rate among people more than forty years old, which since 1880 has increased 30 per cent.

Three Coal Miners Killed

Three men are dead as a result of an explosion in the Crescent coal mine, six miles from Peoria, Ill., late Wednesday. They were impaled by debris, and it is believed they suffocated. Their bodies were recovered Wednesday night.

First Democratic Governor

Ernest Lister was inaugurated Governor of Washington Wednesday. He is the first Democrat ever elected Governor of the State.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

VERY IMPORTANT FEATURE OF THE CORN SHOW.

School to be Conducted for the Prize-Winners of the Corn and Tomato Clubs.

Many boys from Orangeburg County should attend the school to be conducted at the Corn Exposition in Columbia the last of this month and the first of the next. This school is exclusively for the boys, and it is desired to have all of the prize winners in the corn contests in the various counties present to participate. The instructions which will be given will be very beneficial, and the school will last for one week.

The school will begin Monday, January 27, the opening day of the Fifth National Corn Exposition, and continue one week. The boys should report to quarters on the afternoon of the 26th. Representation in the school will be based on the original county as a unit. Each county is entitled to two scholarships. These should be awarded to prize winners in the Kaffir or Indian Corn club, or in the regularly organized Pig clubs, according to rules and regulations governing such clubs.

Several prize winning boys in northern and western states will be in attendance as guests of the southern boys. The discipline of the school will be maintained through an organization, semi-military in character. A detail of cadet officers from Clemson College will be in charge of the boys at all times; these will be under the direction of the superintendent of the school thereby enabling him to keep in touch with each pupil at all times. However, no restriction will be enforced other than those necessary for the protection and safety of the boys and to insure the success of the school.

A minimum cost has been arranged for all other necessary expenses. An amount not exceeding \$12 will maintain each boy from the time of his arrival in Columbia until he leaves for home at the close of the school. In planning for sufficient funds to meet all the expenses of the trip and stay at the Exposition, the above amount should be added with the cost of the ticket and necessary expenses to be incurred en route to and from Columbia.

In addition to the \$30 or 900 prize winning corn club boys from all parts of the South, some half a hundred prize winning tomato club girls from nearly a dozen Southern States will also take part in this unique feature of the Exposition. The National Corn Exposition opens on January 27.

The boys who attend this school will be housed in a special building at the Exposition grounds. Arrangements have been made for the entertainment of the girls in some of the best homes in Columbia, and plans are being perfected for social features. The girls will spend practically the entire day at the Exposition grounds, hearing lectures in common with the boys, and attending special courses of instruction covering domestic science and arts, canning, cooking, lectures on floral culture, growing of vegetables, poultry raising, and kindred subjects.

Special attention will be given to the Exposition exhibits. Mr. J. H. Hodby, of Auburn, Ala., is superintendent of this school for prize winners. Each state will send five prize winning tomato club girls to this Exposition school. The tomato club work is conducted by the Farmers' Co-operative Demonstration Work of the Federal department of agriculture, in co-operation with the State agricultural institutions.

Reduced rates have been given by the southeastern passenger association. Those desiring information regarding same may get it by calling on their local railroad agent and referring him to Joint Passenger Tariff No. 100, \$347 and 5393. The final and most enjoyable event of the week will be the banquet given in honor of the boys by the city of Columbia. At this banquet there will be speeches from the boys having made the best records and from many men of national reputation.

Escaped Mexicans Attack

A. P. Lawrence, manager of an American owned hacienda near El Patero, Vera Cruz, Mexico, escaped unharmed when that property was attacked by rebels, according to a report received at the state department. Mrs. Lawrence also escaped with her husband. The identity of the rebels has not been ascertained.

Two Killed, Three Hurt

Two men were killed and three seriously injured in a premature dynamite explosion at Pomonca, Tenn., where a force is constructing a turnpike between Crossville and Sparra. Dynamite was being thawed, when, without warning, the explosion came.

Kansas Comes Back Again

George H. Hodges, of Olathe, was inaugurated Tuesday as the nineteenth governor of Kansas, being the first Democratic executive to take the oath since the inauguration of Governor George W. Flick thirty years ago.

Social Clubs Raided

The managers of four "social" clubs in the city of Spartanburg were indicted on Friday by the grand jury of the county and were required to give bond for trial on the charge of violating the dispensary laws.

Veteran Gets Five Years

At Dalton, Ga., A. A. Davis, Confederate veteran, aged 75, who was found guilty of voluntary manslaughter for the killing of his son Hester was sentenced to five years imprisonment.

THE PRIMARY LAW

BILLS IN SENATE AND HOUSE TO CHANGE SAME

FULL TEXT OF NEW LAW

The Measure Has Been Submitted to the Sub-Committee of the Judiciary Committee of the House to Report on the Proposed Amendments to the Law.

A bill drawn to safeguard the primary election was introduced Thursday in the senate by Senator B. E. Nicholson of Edgefield and in the house by W. H. Nicholson of Greenwood. In the senate the bill was referred to the committee on privileges and elections and in the house to the committee on judiciary. At a meeting Thursday afternoon the house committee on judiciary appointed a sub-committee, composed of Mr. Brice of Chester, Mr. Stevenson of Chesterfield and Mr. Evans of Marlboro to report on the Nicholson bill.

The measure follows in full: "In each year, six months before the first primary of any primary election held by any political party, organization or association for the purpose of choosing candidates for office or the election of delegates to conventions, it shall be the duty of the members and officers of each club to provide for the enrollment of all persons who are entitled to vote at such club in the primary election of such political party, organization or association, and who are bona fide citizens of this State and of the United States and who have been residents of this State for two years and of the county one year before the first primary election of such party, organization or association shall be provided to be enrolled on such club roll provided that each voter applying for enrollment on any club shall take an oath that he is duly qualified to vote in said election under the provisions of this chapter and that he has not enrolled as a member of any other club.

"Section 282 b—In each year 30 days before the first primary election of any political party, organization, or association it shall be the duty of the members and officers having charge of the enrollment of voters at each of the clubs or precincts to make out a copy of the club roll of such precinct and to certify under oath before a notary public or other officer authorized to administer oaths under the laws of this state that the roll is true and a correct copy of the club roll of such club and shall file such certified copy with the clerk of court of the county in which such precinct is located, and the same shall be kept on record in his office.

"Section 282 c—No person shall be allowed to vote at any primary election whose name is not enrolled on the club roll of the precinct where he is entitled to vote under the constitution and rules of such political party, organization or association in accordance with the provisions of this chapter at least 30 days before the first primary election of such party, organization or association in each year in which an election shall be held.

"Section 282 d—That any person applying for enrollment on the club roll of any club or precinct of any political party, organization or association shall have the right to appeal to any circuit judge in said circuit where such voter resides or to any justice of the supreme court from the action of the officer of such club provided that the notice and grounds of appeal be served on one of the officers of such club within five days after the action of said club is refusing to enroll such voter and this appeal shall be heard within 10 days from the date of the service of such notice and the time and place for the hearing of said appeal shall be fixed and designated in such notice, and such person of the officers or members of such club shall have the right to appeal to the supreme court of South Carolina from the decision of the judge or justice who hears the appeal provided that in the event the action of the club or precinct in refusing to enroll such person be reversed by the judge or justice who hears the appeal then the name of such person shall be placed on the roll of such club and he shall be entitled to vote as a member of such club, pending final decision of the supreme court.

"Section 282 e—All persons enrolled at any club or precinct under the constitution and rules of such party, organization or association upon presenting himself at the precinct or club at which he is enrolled and taking the oath and complying with the rules of such party, organization or association.

"Section 282 f—This act is not intended and shall not be construed to prevent any political party, organization or association from prescribing and requiring any additional requirements and safeguards for the conduct of its primary election and shall not be deemed or construed to repeal or effect the provisions of sections 283, 284 and 285 of chapter 5 of volume 1 of the code of laws of South Carolina, 1912.

"Section 2—This act shall take effect upon its approval."

Woman Accidentally Killed

At Union Lizzie Sikes a negro woman was shot and killed Wednesday afternoon by John Faucett, a son of Murro Faucett, general delivery clerk at the post office. It is stated that the shooting was purely accidental and Mr. Faucett promptly came to Union and surrendered to Sheriff J. Hay Fant.

Calls for Lots of Money

A Columbia dispatch says the total appropriations asked for by the State officers, the State institutions and others depending on South Carolina for their maintenance is \$2,578,429.54. The total appropriations by the last legislature were \$2,014,824.61.

Gov. Mann Reprieves Allens

A dispatch from Richmond says after a conference with counsel for Lord Allen and Claude Swannell, condemned to die yesterday for their part in the Hillsville Court House murder on March 14, Governor Mann granted the prisoners a respite until March 7.

Whiskey Advertisements Tabooed

By a vote of 56 to 35, the house of representatives adopted the amendment to the post office appropriation bill barring from the mails, letters, circulars, newspapers and periodicals carrying liquor advertisements.

Joy Drove a Husband Insane

Max Grueby, of Berlin, Germany, went insane from joy and had to be confined in a straight jacket, when his wife suddenly returned from a hospital where she had been cured of partial blindness.

Confessed on the Gallows

Just as the cap was adjusted preliminary to the hanging of J. J. a white woman, he confessed the crime.

CRUISER TO MEXICO

THE DENVER IS SENT TO PROTECT AMERICANS.

Acting on Reports of Desperate Situation at Acapulco Warship is Ordered to the Scene.

The cruiser Denver has been ordered from San Diego, Cal., to Acapulco, Mex., where a desperate situation is reported, with Americans in danger. She will arrive at the Mexican port on Sunday or Monday. Commander Washington has about 270 junks aboard an about a company of marines.

This Government's decision to send a warship to protect American lives and property was reached early Wednesday, after alarming reports of the activity of a rebel band under Julio Radillo had been received through Ambassador Wilson at Mexico City.

Consul T. Edwards at Acapulco, had suggested that inasmuch as the Mexican Federalists were unable to protect Americans, and the Mexican commander of the town had admitted his inability to reinforce the garrison, a warship should be sent.

The last report from Acapulco said Radillo's men were operating in the country about there and that refugees from every direction were pouring into the town, which is one of the most important Mexican ports on the Pacific Coast. Depredations and atrocities by the approaching rebel band were reported.

Americans and other foreigners will be taken aboard the Denver when she reaches there, if they so desire. The Denver is the nearest ship to the danger line. Although the number of Americans in the city of Acapulco is not so large, there are large numbers in the surrounding country engaged in ranching and mining.

Grave fears were entertained for their safety by State department officials as soon as it was learned that refugees from the outlying country were seeking safety in Acapulco. The rebels also control Casas Grandes, where they have forced the suspension of operations on the railroad. Reports to the State department were more optimistic concerning conditions along the border in Sonora and Chihuahua, but the situation is said to be bad in San Luis Potosi.

All communication with the interior of Mexico was cut. Rebels severed the railway and commercial telegraph wires below Gallego, 140 miles south on the Mexican Central Railway. A passenger train is unaccounted for and bridges are believed to have been burned.

Destruction along the Mexican Northwestern Railway has been more extensive than on any former occasion during the two years of revolution. One hundred and twelve wooden trestles have been burned by rebels on the English Canadian Line, which runs into the Casas Grandes district.

American property owners in Mexico will journey to Mexico City at the expense of the Mexican Government next week to tell President Madero of their losses. This is the result of the visit along the border of Pedro Lascurain, minister of foreign relations in Madero's Cabinet, and Lloyd C. Griscom, former American ambassador to Italy and president of the Pan-American Society.

THE GREY AND THE BLUE

Monument to be Erected in Honor of Both Sections.

Plans for a "blue and grey" monument at Fitzgerald, Ga., believed to be raised in honor of both Union and Confederate civil war heroes, have been accepted by the local commission in charge of construction. The monument will be of bronze and will cost \$15,000. The shaft, which will rise 125 feet, will be surmounted by a winged figure representing peace and facing northward. Below the statue of Abraham Lincoln and Jefferson Davis will stand together, and Generals Grant and Lee will be represented as clasping hands. Many war relics will be arranged in the interior of the base of the monument which will be fitted out as a museum.

Will Remove His Body

Mrs. Lucy Carnegie has given her consent to the removal of the remains of "Light Horse Harry" Lee, Revolutionary hero and father of General Robert E. Lee from the burial ground on the Carnegie plantation at Duncanson, on Cumberland island, Georgia, to Virginia, where they will be re-interred with suitable ceremonies by the side of his illustrious son.

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SOME WORK DONE

THE HOUSE WAS BUSY WITH SEVERAL MINOR MATTERS

WILL VISIT WINTHROP

Two Messages Sent in by Governor Blease.—They Cause Some Debate

Pro and Con.—Whaley Elected Speaker Pro Tem—Some New Bills Brought Up.

The State says during the time the house remained in session Tuesday it received two special messages from the governor, the question of printing one of which precipitated a debate. Richard S. Whaley of Charleston, a former speaker, was unopposed for the new position of speaker pro tempore which was filled Tuesday by his election. The State Life Insurance commissioner was introduced in the house Tuesday.

Meeting at noon the house passed Mr. Rembert's resolution providing for a joint assembly yesterday at noon to witness the opening of the election returns for governor. An invitation to visit Winthrop college on January 24 was accepted by the house. Gov. Blease, as ex officio chairman of the board of trustees of the college, extended the invitation.

The house received a special message from the governor transmitting an address he delivered at Chester last summer in reply to the sessions which the dispensary investigating committee held in Augusta. Pamphlets of 34 pages containing the message were distributed among the members of the house.

After the reading of the message, Mr