

KILL YOUNG MAN

Prominent Louisiana Woman Shoots Student in Defence of Her Honor

SHOT IN WOMAN'S HOME

Both the Families Involved in the Unfortunate Affair Are Prominent Socially. Close Neighbors, and Have Been for Many Years Most Intimate Friends.

Declaring that she had been insulted, Mrs. J. P. McCrea shot and instantly killed Allen Garland in the McCrea home at Opelousas, La., on Thursday morning. Both are prominently social. The McCrea and Garlands are neighbors.

Mrs. McCrea used a revolver and sent three bullets through Garland's back, only one of which it is thought would have produced death. She is the wife of a division superintendent of the "Fraco Railroad. Garland's family is one of the most influential in that section of the State.

Although Mrs. McCrea alleges that she shot Garland to protect her honor, it is stated that the young man was seated in a chair in her room and that all three bullets entered his body from the rear. They were alone at the time, there being no eye-witnesses to testify at the coroner's inquest.

Mrs. McCrea has been placed in jail. Her husband is with her. According to the sheriff, a charge of murder will be entered against her. Mrs. McCrea will have nothing to say further than that she killed Garland to protect herself.

Young Garland was a student and a graduate of Tulane University, New Orleans. It is said that he was a slave to his books and cared for little else. Mrs. McCrea was frequently left alone in her home because of business calling her husband away. On these occasions Garland was called upon to stay in the McCrea residence, as a protector to Mrs. McCrea and the children.

Thursday about ten o'clock Mrs. McCrea telephoned to the Garland home and asked to borrow a spool of thread. It was sent to her by young Garland. Garland lived with his grandmother, a widow of the late Henry L. Garland.

WILL HELP SOME.

Organization Formed in Macon, Ga., to Market Cotton Crop.

The organization of a \$4,000,000 concern known as the Southern Cotton corporation with an eye to controlling the marketing of the cotton of the South was announced at Macon, Ga., Wednesday, by George DeWadley of Bolinbrook, one of the wealthiest men in Georgia and representing financial interests of great extent. Associated with Mr. Wadley, who will be president, are John E. Wadley of Waycross and John T. Moore, Leon S. Dure, Jesse H. Hall, John Mockey and W. E. Dunwoody of Macon.

The concern will work in connection with a string of banks operated by the National Bank Audit Company, of which William Barrett Ridgely, former comptroller of the currency, is president. The Southern Cotton corporation will advance farmers money up to 75 per cent. of the normal price on cotton deposited in warehouses. This cotton will be held, and when the time arrives each year when a correct estimate will be fixed and the cotton held until such price is paid.

Organization work, it was stated by Mr. Wadley, has started in 1,000 counties throughout the cotton belt. In each county will be an advisory board, all stockholders in the corporation, composed of five business men and bankers and 20 farmers. This county board will watch the crop and report to the main offices which will be in Macon. Mr. Wadley announces that Eastern capital has already been secured to insure success. Propaganda will start at once.

GIVEN A BIG SCARE.

Five Fierce Animals Escape and Terrify Crowds at Fair.

Five fierce animals in a midway menagerie at the Canada Central Fair at Ottawa, Canada, broke out of their cages late this morning and for nearly an hour terrified the visitors. The only man who was severely injured was Trainer Martin, who was bitten on the leg by a lion, when he finally captured the beast.

The escaping animals were a leopard, a jaguar, panther, a big African lion, and what is known as a hybrid. Their escape was first noticed when the leopard thrust his head into a tent occupied by one of the show women. The animals, when pursued, took to the water nearby, but after a severe and exciting struggle a crowd of fair employees captured and caged them all before any fatalities occurred.

Those who witnessed the terrifying spectacle declared that only the rain which was pouring heavily, and prevented the usual crowds assembling on the midway, had prevented a calamity.

WILL SUCCEED WATSON.

The State says it is rumored that James Norton, former comptroller general and for several years member of the general assembly, will be appointed commissioner of agriculture, commencing on industries to succeed E. W. Watson at the expiration of Mr. Watson's term in March. The appointment is in the hands of the governor.

WILL BE IN RACE

SENATOR TILLMAN CERTAIN TO ASK RE-ELECTION.

He Is More Interested in His Farm Operations Than Politics Just Now Though.

The Columbia Record says Senator Tillman spent Wednesday in Columbia on personal business, passing most of the time with his friend, Dr. Babcock. He returned to his home at Trenton on the afternoon train and carried with him two real pitchforks.

The Senator bought the pitchforks uptown and had them sent down to the union station for him at train time. They were wrapped up in paper until they were unrecognizable, and when he told Dr. Babcock what they were the doctor insisted they ought to be unwrapped and carried openly by the senator, so the paper was taken off and Pitchfork Ben toted the two pitchforks home on the train without any concealment.

Two of the Senator's friends, Congressman Lever and Mr. R. I. Manning, happened to be present and assisted in the opening up of the characteristic package. It was seen that the tines were tipped with gold and the senator was twitted about hoisting the gold standard, against which he used to proclaim eloquently in the days of '16 to 1 or bust.

But the Senator is very much more interested in pitchforks agricultural than pitchforks political. The news that there will be at least one candidate to oppose him for reelection, Col. W. J. Talbert, does not seem to have disturbed him at all. Senator Tillman expects to stand for re-election to make at least a few speeches, if his health is no worse than it is now, and if he is better he may make a good many speeches.

The Senator enjoys meeting the people and only the strict orders of his physician and of Mrs. Tillman, who has always been his chief adviser, have prevented him from going around more this summer. It is his determination to offer for a fourth term in the senate. That may be set down as certain.

If Senator Tillman is re-elected or renominated in the 1912 primary, he will on the 4th of March, 1913, begin his fourth term as senator from South Carolina. Having served as governor from 1891 to 1895, he was first elected to the senate in 1894 to succeed Gen. M. C. Butler and took his seat on the 4th of March, 1895. He was re-elected in 1900 and again in 1906, both times without opposition.

Col. W. Jasper Talbert, formerly congressman, has announced he will be a candidate for senator next year, no matter who else runs. Governor Bleasie has announced that he will be a candidate for senator if Senator Tillman is not in the race; otherwise he will seek reelection as governor.

FIEND WILL SOON SWING

Pays Penalty About One Month After His Crime.

At Warrenton, N. C., after ten minutes of deliberation a verdict of "guilty" was returned early Wednesday by the superior court jury in the case of Norval Marshall, the negro who last Saturday night attacked a white woman and shot and seriously wounded her father and the sheriff of Warren county. Judge Justice promptly sentenced Marshall to be electrocuted at Raleigh on October 20. The negro was taken to Raleigh at once and lodged in the penitentiary to await his execution. The victim was placed on the stand and told the circumstances of the attack. The defendant's only attempt at defense was a plea of insanity.

ACCUSE EACH OTHER.

Two Men in Jail Charged With Murdering One Wife.

Each accusing the other, two men are prisoners in the same tier of cells in the Little Lee county jail, charged with the murder of Mrs. Etta Richardson Childers at Smithville, Ga., on August 5, last. One is the victim's husband of six months, the other her former sweetheart, R. C. Kennedy, Childers and Kennedy were brought face to face with each other Wednesday as the former was being led to his cell following his arrival from America where he was arrested Tuesday. The erstwhile rival glared at each other for a moment and Childers then passed on to his cell to await formal arraignment.

Broke a Man's Skull.

Roy and Ben Ghent, white men, were lodged in jail at Lancaster, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill, the alleged victim being a young man named Steele. The trouble occurred Saturday night in the north-eastern portion of Lancaster county. Steele is said to be in a critical condition, his skull being fractured.

Kept Liquor in Church.

Pleading guilty of running a "blind tiger" in a negro church at Lizella, 12 miles from Macon, Ga., Walker Hawthorne, a negro farmer, Wednesday was held for the next federal grand jury. Hawthorne is said to have kept his stock of liquor concealed under the pulpit.

Tramp Comer Seen

A Chicago astronomer has sighted a tramp comet, the tail of which may be seen with opera glasses. The head of this comet is much larger than that of Halley's or others noted in recent years. It is visible between 8 p. m. and daylight.

IS HE HER SON?

This is the Question That is Puzzling the Devisers of Niles, Mich.

A VERY STRANGE CASE

A Man Turns Up in a Little Michigan Town Claiming to be Geo. A. Kimmel, Who Is Supposed to Have Died Sometime Ago and Causes Much Discussion.

A dispatch from Niles, Mich., says George Alfred Kimmel, believed by relatives to have been dead for thirteen years, arrived at his old home there from the penitentiary at Auburn, N. P., late Tuesday and was identified by former friends and associates.

Despite Kimmel's identification, however, his mother, Mrs. Stella Kimmel, refused to see him. The mother continued to denounce Kimmel as an impostor who was attempting to deprive her of \$25,000 insurance which she had on her son's life. While dozens of persons positively identified him as the son for whose supposed death thirteen years ago Mrs. Estella Kimmel received \$5,000 in life insurance, an equal number, was as positive that it was not the same.

Then Mrs. Kimmel, 70 years old, who had asserted that the man was impersonating her son merely to deprive her of the money she had already received and to prevent the payment of \$25,000 more in insurance to other relatives, scrutinized the man who claims her as mother.

Brought face to face with the woman, "Kimmel," just released from a five-year term in the Auburn (N. Y.) penitentiary, stretched forth his arms and said: "Mother! Don't you know me any longer? Don't disown me any longer. You know I am your son."

Mrs. Kimmel, withdrawing from the man as he attempted to embrace her, stood sternly scanning his face. "No," she said, "I can't see in you any positive resemblance to my son."

The meeting took place at the home of Mrs. H. L. Fox, who had already accepted "Kimmel" as cousin and positively identified him as the son of Mrs. Kimmel. It was made known Mrs. Kimmel has no direct interest in any money which the insurance companies refuse to pay on the ground that the son is still living, but that a \$10,000 policy is held by a daughter, Mrs. Edna Kimmel Bouslet, and another \$5,000 policy is held by a distant relative.

"I would have no selfish motive in denying the identity of my son if he were alive," said Mrs. Kimmel. "For years I have felt sure he was dead, and I can not believe that this man is he. It seems that some motherly instinct ought to tell me the truth, yet when I look at him I do not recognize him. He only puzzles me. It has almost prostrated me to look upon this strange man and have people insist that he is my son."

"Kimmel," on looking at the woman, said he was positive she was his mother. "I wanted to take her in my arms," he said, "for she looked the same as years ago. I love her with all my heart and can't understand why she should insist I am dead. Still, I will not worry her, and if she continues to disbelieve me I shall do as she wishes. I know I am Kimmel, for I recognize every one."

To test his acquaintance with Niles, "Kimmel" was escorted about the streets. He repeatedly pointed out landmarks and related instances which citizens said were correct. He called persons by their full names, but many of them professed not to recognize him as the real Kimmel.

"Now to prove I am familiar with the town," said "Kimmel," "I will tell you that behind that hill there is a big red brick house, on the south side of which is a large elm tree, from which we used to swing when boys." Every one declared the statement was correct.

There was evidence after Kimmel left suggesting that he had died and the insurance money was asked for. The life insurance company is said to have expended hundreds of dollars in running down a theory that Kimmel did not die. He was traced to Arkansas city, Kan., where, so far as his family knew, he was last seen.

Then a man answering the description of Kimmel was found in a dazed condition in St. Louis. He recovered in a hospital and later left for New York, where, under the name of Andrew J. White, he was arrested on a larceny charge. After more work was done he was found in an asylum in New York and afterward traced to Auburn penitentiary.

Several years after Kimmel's disappearance his mother instituted suit in the St. Louis courts to secure insurance which she held on his life. A jury returned a verdict in her favor and declared Kimmel to legally dead. Upon this verdict one company paid Mrs. Kimmel on a \$5,000 policy. Another company which carried a \$20,000 policy, however, fought the claim and carried the matter to higher courts.

Served Them Right.

In the federal court Meridan, Miss. Dr. R. W. Shaw, of Sumter county, Ala., was fined \$500, and Daisy Harper, of Meridan, \$250, for violating the white slave law. The case grew out of the alleged abduction of Laura Jones, a 15-year-old girl, to Alabama, where it is said she was detained several days by Dr. Shaw for immoral purposes.

Three Girls Drown.

Mary Henderson, Rose Ferten and Ellen Lumberg were drowned at Houghton, Wis., Thursday night. The girls' canoe capsized.

LAI'D TO NO ONE

MYSTERY OF MYRTLE HAWKINS' DEATH UNSOLVED.

Torn Fragments of Paper Are Now Authorities' Hope to Obtain Clue to Identity of Guilty Persons.

A special dispatch to The State from Hendersonville says the testimony of fifty witnesses has not solved the mystery of the death of Myrtle Hawkins, whose body was found in Osceola lake thirteen days ago, but who was not drowned.

The coroner's jury Wednesday found "from the testimony introduced" that she came to her death at the hands of some unknown person or persons in a manner and by means unknown. This differs from the verdict in the first inquest by making the case one of murder.

Immediately after the verdict was rendered it was announced that the Hawkins family offered a reward of \$500 for the arrest and conviction of Miss Hawkins' slayer. Added to the other rewards offered or promised, this makes a total of \$2,500.

Dr. W. R. Kirk, coroner, said the investigation would be continued, and if any additional evidence is discovered a special grand jury will be empaneled to consider it.

There remains three possibilities of new evidence. Torn fragments of paper bearing an unfamiliar handwriting were found in Miss Hawkins' room and have been sent to Washington to be put together. On the shore of Osceola lake, near where the body was found, there has been discovered a piece of manila paper, blood-stained and bearing finger prints. The finger prints may be identified as those of somebody concerned in the crime.

It is expected that Mrs. Bessie Clark Guice will be arrested as she is thought to know something about Miss Hawkins' death. A warrant has been issued for Mrs. Guice in another county, accusing her of having performed the same kind of criminal operation, as it is said was attempted on Miss Hawkins. One of the principal efforts of the inquest was directed toward finding who was responsible for Miss Hawkins' condition.

Testimony that she was seen with George Bradley, a recently married man, after she disappeared from home was contradicted, as was the testimony concerning other suspicious circumstances.

DOCTOR SOLD COCAINE

Well-Known Laurens Physician Convicted and Fined for It.

A dispatch to The State from Laurens says Dr. C. L. Poole, a well known physician of that city was Tuesday afternoon found guilty in the mayor's court on a charge of selling cocaine. Mayor Babo issued a sentence of \$100 fine or 30 days in prison. Dr. Poole gave notice that he would pay.

The mayor announced that the defendant would be tried tomorrow on a like charge. The witnesses are negroes who are alleged to have bought the drug from the accused.

The conviction of Dr. Poole caused a mild sensation. It comes as a climax to a long series of efforts on the part of the authorities to place responsibility for the sale of a large amount of the drug to negroes in the city.

A package of the dust which Dr. Poole is alleged to have sold to a negro who was arrested as he was leaving the premises of the defendant a few nights ago, was analyzed by a Columbia chemist, who testified at the trial that the sample submitted was cocaine hydrochlorate.

TRIED TO WRECK TRAIN

Work of a Fiend to Destroy Many Innocent People.

A dispatch from Chester says dastardly attempt to wreck the north-bound passenger train on the Carolina & North-western railroad was made at Crowder's trestle just over the North Carolina line Tuesday morning. The trestle is 50 feet long and 50 feet high, and about the middle of the trestle the spikes had been pulled from the rails a distance of 60 feet. A crowbar was stuck between the ends of the rails. The rail held his position, and the engineer brought his train to a stop just in time to avoid a fearful wreck. Many people might have been killed.

The Deadly Gin.

Earnest Eldredge died Wednesday night of injuries received last week at St. Charles near Sumter. Mr. Eldredge had been sent by the Sumter Machinery company to erect a gin there, and in starting the operations he reached under a gin saw to adjust something with the result that his hand was caught and his arm badly lacerated.

Fell Into Well

Zan Bradford, white, was killed by falling into a well in the Armenia section of Chester County Wednesday morning. Bradford had been at work in the well and had signalled the men working the windlass to draw him up, saying he felt sick. When within ten feet of the top he gave way and fell to the bottom of the well, breaking his neck.

Toadstools Prove Fatal.

Cleveland, Ohio, Thursday Mrs. Elizabeth Chormann died Thursday from eating toadstools, mistaking them for mushrooms. Her husband, Charles Chormann, died a week ago from the same cause. A son, Henry, is convalescent in a hospital, while eight others have recovered after desperate illness.

Would Make Good.

A Chester dispatch says the friends of Circuit Judge George W. Gage are urging him as a candidate for one of the positions on the supreme bench to be filled by the legislature at its next session. Judge Gage is qualified in every way for the position, and his friends would like to see him there.

ARE A HEAVY TAX

INSECTS COSTS FARMERS MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

However Science, Through the Practical Work of Entomologists, Saves Much to the Country.

Entomology means the study of insects. Not many years ago an entomologist was looked upon as a harmless non-utilitarian, and the world called to mind the picture of a spectacled and bearded lunatic, wildly waving an insect net and pursuing a flitting butterfly over field and bog. Even now amongst many of our people the word is synonymous with "bug hunter," an individual who collects, kills, pins, classifies and labels what the public broadly characterizes as "bugs," said individual adding not a jot or tittle to the income of the world, a dabbler who in no way benefits mankind.

Of late years the science of entomology is being everywhere recognized as of great practical importance. We need only to refer to a few facts to emphasize the terrible destruction caused by insect pests alone, havoc which is rated by the millions of dollars and to mention certain appropriations made of late years to forward the work of entomology, to show the important part played in our economies by insects, and the appreciation of the work of entomologists as shown by substantial assistance rendered them by congress, state legislatures, and the various state institutions where the science is made an important feature of the work.

The average total monetary value of all of the farm products of the United States each year, based upon government reports, is approximately six billion, seven hundred and ninety-four millions of dollars. Our forestry products will average about six billions annually. This added to our agricultural products, makes a grand total of seven billions, three hundred and ninety-four millions.

Loss through insect ravages for one year in the United States has been found to be represented by the enormous sum of eight hundred millions of dollars, nearly one-ninth of the total output. In other words, eight hundred million dollars might be added yearly to our agricultural and forestry output if we could eliminate the work of injurious insects. This does not include the annual loss of human life through the agency of insects.

Although we estimate our average wheat crop as worth \$450,000,000, we lose yearly from ravages caused by insects, \$1,000,000,000, or more than 20 per cent of the total output. Of this, the Hessian fly is yearly responsible for more than \$20,000,000, the cinch bug gets away with \$15,000,000, and the balance is sacrificed to locusts, grasshoppers, cut worms, army worms, etc.

The corn root worm, the cinch bug, and other insects destroy \$30,000,000 of corn each year. At least 10 per cent of the hay crop, or \$60,000,000 worth of hay, is levied on annually by locusts, grasshoppers, etc.

San Jose scale, codling moths, curculios and other pests, rob us of 20 per cent of our annual \$135,000,000 fruit crop. We produce annually potatoes worth in the aggregate \$150,000,000, but lose by insects each year \$30,000,000 on this crop alone. Of our annual products, which easily represent \$1,750,000,000, 10 per cent goes each year to satisfy insect parasites, and we might go on enumerating through a long list, the damage wrought by insect pests.

However, the triumph of science in recent years, through the practical work of entomologists to the agricultural classes each year part of the loss occasioned by insects, has been one of the most notable achievements of modern times.

The South has lost annually \$12,000,000 in its cotton raising area, through the work of the cotton boll weevil, and in 1904 in Texas alone about \$22,000,000 was sacrificed to this insect. Field work by trained entomologists has shown means of preventing a large portion of this loss.

The Hessian fly has, at times, until made a special study, levied an annual tax upon our wheat of from one to two hundred million dollars, while the codling moth, until remedies were found for it by entomologists, destroyed each year at least \$10,000,000 worth of apples in the United States.

The corn root worm took nearly or quite \$100,000,000 each year out of the Mississippi valley, until entomologists found the proper means to combat it.

The value of stored products, such as mill stuffs, fruit, cotton, woolen and other manufactured goods, has, in the past, depreciated annually \$100,000,000 by insect attack, but entomologists have found that expert fumigation with hydrocyanic acid gas or bisulphide of carbon, will reduce that nearly or quite one-half. Within the last few years, state and government entomologists have learned practical methods of combating our most destructive fruit insect, the San Jose scale, so that growers putting the proper methods into practice, need no longer fear it. This saving, both to tree and fruit, directly traceable to the work of entomologists, amounts to millions of dollars.

When brought into the morgue the bodies were almost unrecognizable. The heads of all the six victims were either cut or smashed and in almost every case the number of wounds indicated their order had cut and slashed until certain that life was extinct.

CUT WITH AXE

Six People Butchered as They Slept in Their Beds in Two Houses.

A MOST BRUTAL CRIME

Bodies of the Unknown Assassin's Victims Discovered by Neighbors Three Days After the Crime Was Committed With Their Heads Crushed and Fearfully Mutilated.

One of the most "brutal crimes" known to that section for many years has come to light at Colorado Springs, Col. Butchered in their beds by some persons as yet unknown, who used an axe, the bodies of six persons, three in each of two neighboring houses, were found there Wednesday.

The heads of all victims had been smashed in and the appearance of the bodies indicated that they had been dead several days and that death came while they slept. A report says that the murder has been caught and that he has confessed, but this is denied by the police officials, who, it is intimated, fear a lynching might follow such an announcement.

An axe which had been loaned to Mrs. Henry F. Wayne, one of the victims, by J. R. Evans, a neighbor, last week, was found, blood-stained by Mrs. Evans on Monday near the back door of the Wayne home. No attention was paid to this fact, however, as it was thought the axe had been used in killing chickens. The dead are:

Mrs. Alice May Burnham, wife of A. J. Burnham, cook at the Modern Woodmen's Sanitarium.

Their two children, Alice, aged 6, and John, aged three years.

Henry F. Wayne, a consumptive, until recently a patient at the Woodmen's Sanitarium.

Mrs. Wayne and their one-year-old baby girl.

The Burnham house is situated at Dale street and Harrison place, and the two houses next to it on Dale street are vacant. Directly in the rear is the Wayne home and close to it is that of Evans. The discovery of the bodies was made by a neighbor, who called at the Burnham home. Not getting any response and noticing a strong odor, she forced an entrance. The bodies of Mrs. Burnham and those of her two children were found in their beds, which were covered with blood, and the wall and ceiling were also spattered.

The woman rushed to the street and gave the alarm. Immediately a dozen persons went to the Wayne house, where there had been no signs of life since Sunday, and the same terrible scene was presented. In the beds were the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Wayne and her children horribly mangled, as in the case of the bodies in the Burnham home.

That such a crime had been committed in a thickly settled neighborhood and left unrevealed for three hours is regarded as incredible. Not even a footprint is to be found on the floor of either house and no one could be found who had seen any one about the premises since Sunday, when all the murdered persons at different times were in a neighboring grocery.

Burnham, who lives at the sanitarium where he is employed, about ten miles from the city, was arrested soon after the discovery of the crime, but there seems nothing to implicate him in the tragedy. His employers say he was at work when the crime must have been committed. He was last seen at his home Sunday afternoon, and is said to have left there about 5 o'clock.

Little is known of the Wayne family except that Wayne came to the Modern Woodmen's sanitarium about ten months ago from Indiana as a patient. One month ago his term in the institution was up and he brought his wife and child here and rented the house in which they were murdered.

When brought into the morgue the bodies were almost unrecognizable. The heads of all the six victims were either cut or smashed and in almost every case the number of wounds indicated their order had cut and slashed until certain that life was extinct.

CAN'T KISS IN PUBLIC.

Kansas City Judge Fines Husband and Wife For Doing So.

Kissing one's wife or husband in public places in Kansas City is illegal, according to a decree issued Wednesday by Judge Carlisle of the municipal court. Judge Carlisle fined Ben Shannos and his wife \$100 each for kissing each other in Shawnee park Tuesday night. I always thought a woman could kiss her husband whenever she pleased," Mrs. Shannos said, "What is the use of being married if you can't love your husband? We haven't any home, so we go to the park when we finish work."

Wanted the Boodle.

Eunice Murphy, of Valentine, Neb., the girl accused of having incited a mob to hang her fiance in order that she might inherit his life insurance, was held by the District Court. The presiding judge declared that Miss Murphy is just as guilty as the men who took her sweetheart to a tree and hanged him.

Smith Dead Right.

Senator Smith says that if the cotton men of the South are content to sit down after six years of fighting and let the speculators dictate the price of cotton they deserve to be licked. He is dead right.

STRUCK BY CRUISER

THE LARGE STEAMER OLYMPIC HAD A CLOSE CALL.

Despite Effects of Warship's Special-Designed Ram, Great Ocean Liner Survives the Shock.

The great steamship Olympic of the White Star line which left Southampton, England, about 12 o'clock Wednesday with a large crowd of returning tourists, lies off Calshot castle at the entrance to Southampton waters with a gaping hole in her side as the result of a collision with the British protector cruiser Hawke.

No lives were lost, and of the 2,000 or more passengers and crews of the vessels, not one was even injured. There also was no panic. The accident took place a few miles from where the American liner St. Paul and the British cruiser Gladiator collided nearly four years ago.

The Olympic left her dock at 11.25 o'clock Wednesday morning, steaming at a moderate rate eastward on her way to Cherbourg to pick up the continental passengers. She already had on board nearly 1,700 persons, excluding the crew. The first cabin passengers were just answering the call to lunch when attention was attracted to the Hawke which was undergoing steam trials.

The warship, moving at great speed, followed the liner, but apparently was quite clear of her but suddenly she swerved and before the passengers could realize what was happening, struck the liner on the starboard quarter near the stern, tearing through a section about 40 feet in extent.

The miracle is that the Olympic was not sunk, as the Hawke is fitted with a ram especially designed to sink a vessel in spite of its watertight compartments. The liner's frame stood the shock well, and the watertight doors, which automatically closed, held the compartments hermetically sealed. The Olympic listed slightly to starboard but not to a sufficient angle to cause any serious alarm.

So far as can be learned the Hawke suffered no more severely. Curiously enough 12 feet of her upper deck was twisted out of all recognition. The stem appears to be completely gone. The engines of both ships were stopped immediately, and as soon as the watertight doors were secured the engines were set astern and the vessel drew apart. The Hawke sent wireless messages for tugs and remained alongside until they arrived to convey her to Southampton, where she dropped anchor.

Many theories are advanced as to the cause of the collision, but generally the warship is blamed. It is suggested that the cruiser's steering gear failed to act. The naval officers and the officers of the Olympic are withholding comment until the inquiry which the admiralty will institute immediately. The cruiser proceeded to Portsmouth under her own steam.

AVIATOR ROSENBAUM KILLED

Chicago Airman Falls Fifty Feet at DeWitt, Iowa.

At DeWitt, Ia., John W. Rosenbaum, of Chicago, was killed late Tuesday, when his aeroplane fell from a height of fifty feet. He had been in the air only twenty minutes when he lost control of the machine. Rosenbaum was making a trial flight when he met death. He was using a Curtiss biplane, which had been at the DeWitt Fair last week. At that time Ludwig, an aviator, failed to make a flight that he would prove that the machine would fly. He had just started a descent when he lost control. The aviator was to have given exhibition flights at Clinton, Ia., later in the week.

HELD UP A NEGRO.

A White Man and a Negro Attempt to Commit Robbery.

Near Allendale two men one white and