

**SOLVED AT LAST**

The Mysterious Disappearance of a Little Girl Cleared Up.

**BODY FOUND IN CELLAR**

Of St. Joseph's Catholic School, at Louisville, Ky., Where the Victim Lived With Her Parents When She Disappeared a Few Months Ago Suddenly.

That Alma Kellner, the eight-year-old daughter of Fred L. Kellner, of Louisville, Ky., was murdered and not kidnaped, was proven Monday when her mutilated and dismembered body was found in the cellar of St. John's Catholic School, at Clay and Walnut streets, scarcely five blocks from her home.

The mystery surrounding the girl's disappearance, on December 8 last, completely baffled the police, and notwithstanding a search in all parts of the United States and Canada, no tidings of her whereabouts was received until about 10 o'clock Monday morning, when a plumber, searching for a leak in the basement of the school, discovered the body.

The detectives are working on the theory that the girl was murdered in the vicinity of the school, and after attempts had been made to burn the body it was surreptitiously buried in the sub-cellar and quick lime used to disintegrate the flesh.

Every bone in the child's body was broken and the skull was crushed and charred, showing that the attempt to burn the body, if such was made had been interrupted or the perpetrator of the crime had changed his mind regarding its disposition.

The finding of the body has aroused intense excitement and a large crowd surrounded the school all day. The child's mother has not yet seen the body, but after she recovered from her collapse, she merely said: "I have been relieved."

The torso was found wrapped in a piece of carpet, save for one limb, which was later discovered in a corner of the cellar and buried in the clay floor of the basement to a depth of perhaps three feet. The leak in the water pipe, the cause of which has not yet been learned, had caused the water to flow until the floor was covered to a depth of three feet.

The scene of the discovery is only five blocks from the Kellner home, and the school adjoins St. John's church, where the Kellner family worshipped. The body was very badly decomposed, and had probably been in the basement five months.

It was to attend services at St. John's church on the morning of December 8 last, that Alma left home about a quarter before 9, and seen a few moments later as she neared St. John's by a druggist, who noticed her stopping for a moment to play with a cat which was sitting in the window of his store. The druggist was the last known person to see the child alive.

The police are looking for Joseph Wendling, former janitor at St. John's Church, who since January 14, a little more than a month after the disappearance of the Kellner child, has been missing. Mrs. Lena Wendling, wife of the missing man and housekeeper for Father Schumann, pastor of St. John's Church, is under surveillance.

In a sworn statement made before Capt. Carney, chief of detectives, Mrs. Wendling admitted washing muddy clothes of her husband shortly after the disappearance of the Kellner girl. The detectives have these clothes, trousers, shirt and hat, and declare there are still blood stains on them.

Wendling is described by the detectives as being 27 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches in height, weight about 160 pounds, a small black moustache and dark hair and eyes. Mrs. Wendling is 42. A little more than a year ago Wendling was arrested and fined for improper conduct with a young girl.

Wendling's parents live at Genlis, Ore. Wendling is a deserter from the French army. Father Schumann said he had learned since Wendling's disappearance that he had left several positions without notice. His departure from the church was a surprise to the priest.

**POLITICAL SINNER REPENTS**

Tom Watson Announces Return to Democratic Party.

The Hon. Thomas E. Watson, once a Democratic member of Congress, twice nominated by the Populist party for the Presidency of the United States, and who has long been one of the chief controlling factors in politics, as a Populist, in Georgia, announces in a card, issued Tuesday, his return to the Democratic party. His language is strong, forceful and leaves no doubt that he has returned to the party. He calls upon his long-time political friends to defeat Thomas W. Hardwick for re-election to Congress.

**DEATH OF AN OLD HERO.**

Served on the Merrimack in Battle With the Monitor.

The Rev. A. A. Jones, aged 67 years, one of the oldest active members of the Virginia Conference, Methodist Episcopal Church, South, died at Norfolk, Va., Monday, following a stroke of paralysis. At the time of the Hampton Roads engagement between the Virginia and Monitor Mr. Jones was on the Virginia and was in one of the last two boats that left the Virginia when she was subsequently blown up by her own men at Craney Island.

His Prediction True.

Samuel Ford announced that he was to be married Monday night and that it would cost him his life. When Catherine Pritchard, whose name was not mentioned in the announcement, heard the news, she called on Ford and killed him with several shots from a revolver. Jealousy is alleged to have been the motive. The tragedy occurred at Pollock.

**A BIG CROP NEEDED**

NEW ORLEANS PAPER ANALYZES THE SITUATION.

Says the World Will Need More Cotton This Year Than It Ever Did Before.

In a comprehensive review lately of the cotton situation, The New Orleans Picayune argues in favor of a larger production of the staple, declaring that while the speculative element of the market is continually advocating short crops and high prices it will be a mistake for the American farmers to allow these arguments to militate against a liberal planting.

It takes this position, this paper, which is expert in the cotton business, declares that the crop of the past year was disastrously small and the season ends with the shortest visible and invisible stocks in a long number of years. In the main the ideas of this paper are harmonious with those of the farmers in general for the reason that the curtailed production of the past year admittedly necessitates a larger yield for the new season, in order to meet the actual necessities and requirements of the world.

A big crop would sell not only at satisfactory but at paying prices because every bale of it will be needed. With a short crop coming on top of the crop failure of last year, famine prices will be experienced, but as always happens under such conditions, profits, instead of being equitably distributed, will accrue to a comparatively few people, the balance being left to suffer the results of disastrously small yields, which no amount of high prices can make profitable. Moreover, another short yield coming on top of the scarcity of the past season would demoralize the spinning industry of the world.

The Picayune believes, therefore, that there is every incentive for farmers to repair the damage done by the cold weather of April and the backwardness of the season generally. Nothing is to be gained by a short crop, while a good crop is certain to sell at paying prices. The mere planting of a large acreage does not insure a good crop, but the careful cultivation of a reasonable acreage does help materially to produce the best results.

It would, therefore, be ill advised to permit early discouragements to cause an abandonment of any of the normal cotton acreage as long as it is possible to replant. While the season has been backward and there has been a notable absence of sufficient moisture, it is still early enough for these adverse conditions to change. A big cotton crop is absolutely needed, no matter what the speculators may say, and there never was a time when there was a greater certainty that a big crop would prove profitable.

**CUPID GOT REAL BUSY.**

And Captured All the Lady Teachers in a School.

A triple wedding occurred at Westminster on Tuesday. Miss Eva Martin of Cross Hill married Burt Mitchell, a prominent Westminster merchant; Miss Gussie Harper of Clinton married A. W. Latham, a progressive farmer of Westminster; Miss Augusta Smithson of Westminster married Dr. Samuel C. Moon, a popular Westminster physician. The ceremony occurred at two o'clock and the three couples boarded No. 38 going to Asheville for their honeymoon. The three brides were teachers in the past session in the Westminster high school. This is believed to be the first time on record when Cupid had invaded a school and captured the entire teaching force with the exception of the superintendent, who in this instance is already married.

**DIED WHILE RAISING FLAG.**

Flag Wire Got Crossed With a Live Electric Wire.

The patriotism of John Gierowski, a middle aged Poleander, has cost him his life. While trying to hoist the Stars and Stripes for Memorial Day on the roof of Turner Hall, in Glendale, Pa., a copper wire, on which the flag was strung, came in contact with a live light wire. The shock which travelled to Gierowski knocked him down, and entangled him in the flag and wire, he rolled to the ground, thirty-five feet below. He died half an hour later, either from the electric shock or the injuries received in the fall.

**GOING FOR HIS RECORDS.**

Explorer Cook Getting Ready to Go to Greenland.

The New York American says the mystery of the whereabouts of Dr. Frederick A. Cook has been solved. He is in Scotland preparing for his trip to Etah, whence he plans to bring back his records of his discovery of the North Pole and his instruments which are cached there. He also intends to bring back the two Eskimo boys who accompanied him on his dash to the North Pole. Chester Beckett, of Pelham Manor, N. Y., has announced that he will sail from Etah on June 15 with the Bernier expedition to the Arctic in the hope of finding the record, which Dr. Frederick A. Cook left in the North.

**Drank Carbohc Acid.**

Albert Betts, aged about 67, dependent upon his inability to secure employment in Greenville, committed suicide Tuesday morning by taking a dose of carbohc acid. He left a note explaining his reasons for taking his own life and hiding his friends and relatives good-bye.

**Three Were Killed.**

When a northbound freight train on the Mobile and Ohio railroad was wrecked Monday, near Seoba, Miss. Three men lost their lives, considerable property was damaged and several are reported injured.

**It is Predicted that Trolly Cars**

must rise, but as almost everyone feels that they can afford automobiles, what do we care?

**OPEN IN JUNE**

The Itinerary of the State Candidates Will Begin Now Soon.

**WILL LAST TWO MONTHS**

Opening Meeting Will Be Held at Sumter and Closing Meeting at Newberry.—Break in Schedule Account Red Shirt Men and Reunion of Veterans.

The itinerary for state campaign this summer was made public Monday afternoon by Gen. Willie Jones, of Columbia, chairman of the executive committee and member of the special sub-committee, named by the executive committee to prepare the dates for the campaign speeches. The campaign begins June 22, and will end August 27. The opening town is Sumter and the campaigners end in Newberry.

**The Itinerary.**

- Sumter, Wednesday, June 22.
- Bishopville, Thursday, June 23.
- Darlington, Friday, June 24.
- Bennettsville, Saturday, June 25.
- Chesterfield, Monday, June 27.
- Camden, Tuesday, June 28.
- Lancaster, Wednesday, June 29.
- Chester, Thursday, June 30.
- Yorkville, Friday, July 1.
- York, Saturday, July 2.
- Lexington, Wednesday, July 6.
- Saluda, Thursday, July 7.
- Edgefield, Friday, July 8.
- Albion, Saturday, July 9.
- Rambo, Monday, July 11.
- Barwell, Tuesday, July 12.
- Hampton, Wednesday, July 13.
- Beaufort, Thursday, July 14.
- Waterboro, Friday, July 15.
- Charleston, Saturday, July 16.
- St. George, Tuesday, July 19.
- Orangeburg, Wednesday, July 20.
- St. Matthews, Thursday, July 21.
- Manning, Friday, July 22.
- Monck's Corner, Tuesday, July 26.
- Georgetown, Wednesday, July 27.
- Kingstree, Friday, July 29.
- Florence, Saturday, July 30.
- Dillon, Tuesday, August 2.
- Marion, Wednesday, August 3.
- Conway, Thursday, August 4.
- Columbia, Saturday, August 6.
- Union, Monday, August 8.
- Spartanburg, Tuesday, August 9.
- Gaffney, Wednesday, August 10.
- Greenville, Thursday, August 11.
- Pickens, Friday, August 12.
- Walhalla, Saturday, August 13.
- Week off to attend reunion of Confederates and red shirts at Spartanburg if desired on August 17 and 18.
- Anderson, Monday, August 22.
- Abbeville, Wednesday, August 24.
- Greenwood, Thursday, August 25.
- Laurens, Friday, August 26.
- Newberry, Saturday, August 27.

**The Red Shirt.**

It will be observed from the above itinerary that the sub-committee has made a break from August 13 to August 22, at the request of Mr. J. C. Stribling, commander-in-chief of the Red Shirt Men of 1876, in order that the candidates may attend the reunion of the Red Shirt Men and old Confederate soldiers at Spartanburg on the 17th and 18th of August.

After the meeting at Manning on July 22, the candidates may attend a great gathering of the surrounding counties at Olanza, Florence County, on July 23. This break in the schedule was made at the request of a member of the State executive committee. Olanza may be reached by train most conveniently from Manning.

The last day for paying assessments and filing pledges will be June 21, 12 M. The assessment for candidates for Governor is \$75; for other State offices \$50; for Congress \$125.

**NO MORE MOSQUITOES.**

Experts Find a Fish That Destroys Their Larvae.

Experts in the employ of the United States government declare that if Northern people will cultivate three types of fish known as "top minnows," sunfish and goldfish, the mosquito pest will be a thing of the past within a few years. Prof. William P. Seal declares New York will be rid of the bad Anopheles if her people will cultivate the "Gambusia affinis" and the "Hebranda Formosa." Both of these species are known as "top minnows" because they are in the habit of being near the surface and feeding there.

Both are to be found in vast numbers in the South in the shallow margins of lakes, ponds and streams in the tide water regions. They are also to be found in shallow ditches and surface drains, even where the water is but a fraction of an inch deep. They find their way to the remotest possible breeding places of the mosquito and eat the mosquito larva by the million.

Prof. Seal also advises Northerners to cultivate gold fish and two small kinds of sun fish, known as the "roach" and the "shiner," which live among plants. The goldfish is lazy, but eats immense numbers of mosquito larvae. But it is cannibalistic. The top minnows are foragers, always on the move in search of food, skimming over the tops of plants with restless energy.

**GRIPPED BY FIERCE BLIZZARD.**

Damage Done by Storm in Lake Superior Section.

A special to the Detroit News from Calumet says that Lake Superior and the surrounding country are in the grip of a fierce blizzard, with high northerly winds and a heavy snow. All boats are seeking ports of refuge from the gale. A heavy sea is running all along the southern coast. No boats are reported within reach of the wireless. Wire and train service are practically demoralized.

**Tried to Wreck Train.**

The discovery of a pine inch iron bolt driven firmly into a switch frog at Baltimore on the Southern railway 12 miles from Asheville indicates a well-laid plan to wreck train No. 10 for partisan.

**HELP THE GOOD WORK**

THE CLEAN SPORTS LEAGUE OF THE CAROLINAS.

Has Been Carefully Organized and Arrangements Made to Put It Into Effective Operation.

The Clean Sports League of the Carolinas has been carefully organized and elaborate arrangements have been made to put into operation an effective working machinery. This organization will have no legislative power per se but will direct its efforts along educational lines. The headquarters are in the Y. M. C. A. building, Charleston.

It has been organized to popularize athletic sports and to improve the standard of athletic activities, so as to harmonize them with the high purpose of education and good citizenship. "Sport for sport's sake" is its motto.

In 1909 one hundred and nineteen professional players of the National League were suspended for rowdiness and other offences. Undoubtedly many offences were overlooked. Similarly in amateur ranks there is a continual violation of rules and principles which reflects upon our boast of being true sportsmen. Amateurs too often do things they hope will not come to light. Frequently spectators and rooters are unjust in their actions not always in accord with what is known to be right.

The Clean Sports League of the Carolinas is an educational organization composed of the leading colleges and Y. M. C. A.'s of the Carolinas.

It is endorsed by the following organizations: 1. Southern Inter-Collegiate Association. 2. Athletic League of North America. 3. South Carolina Inter-Collegiate Association. 4. Carolina Federation of Y. M. C. A.'s. 5. Charleston Amateur Athletic Federation.

The following adopted code of ethics is simple—fair to the individual to the large as well as to the small colleges, schools or other organizations. It appeals to the manhood in man, and all lovers of clean sport are asked to support it.

1. Both the home team and the home town should treat the visiting team as a guest.

2. Both players and spectators should recognize good plays of the visiting team by suitable cheering.

3. Players should play ball fair and be good losers.

4. The umpire and referee have difficult tasks to perform. Spectators should accord them their moral support. The players should extend them hearty thanks as they leave the field.

5. Condemn all use of profane language on the field.

Lists will be circulated in every town in the Carolinas, and every man and every boy big enough to swing a bat is requested to add his signature, with the understanding that an honest effort will be made to live up to these principles. Such action will add greatly to the pleasure and dignity of athletic activities of the Carolinas.

**THE STANDARD RAISED.**

State Board of Examiners Pass on Law Papers.

The State says that the standard for admission to practice in the courts of the State has been raised by the State board of law examiners, recently appointed by the supreme court under the act passed at the last session of the general assembly, was the opinion expressed by applicants taking the examination which was the first to be held by the board.

The result of the examination was announced on Saturday. Out of 15 taking the examination, only eight passed. These were sworn in before the supreme court at attorneys to practice in the courts of the State.

The following passed the examination: John M. Hemphill, Chester; Simon B. Rich, Orangeburg; W. P. Tillinghast, Beaufort; H. Campbell Miller, Greenville; J. Wistley Cruf, Jr.; Bamberg; T. A. Brown, Barnwell; Jas. M. Moss, Jr., Lamar.

The members of the board of examiners, making report to the supreme court, are: William D. Mellon, of Columbia, F. Barron Griffee, of Greenwood, and William Miller, of Charleston.

It is the opinion of those taking the examination that the requirements for admission to practice in the courts of the State will be raised from year to year.

**SAYS THEY ARE ALRIGHT.**

Supreme Court Upholds Jim Crow Car Law.

An attempt to have the Supreme Court of the United States pass on the authority of common carriers in interstate commerce to make "Jim Crow" regulation met with failure on Tuesday when the Court dismissed the so-called Chiles appeal from its docket.

**GREAT GAINS**

Made in Capital Invested in South Carolina

**SINCE FIRST OF YEAR**

Over Eleven Million Dollars in Petitions for Charters and Commissions.—The Fees Paid the State Larger Than Ever Before.—They May Break the Record.

The State says over \$11,000,000 represents the amount invested in enterprises in South Carolina since the first of the year which is an unprecedented record for the State as to the capital used. In several instances companies were organized and re-chartered, but the majority of the \$11,000,000 represents new business.

The records in the secretary of state's office shows that to April 1 charters were issued to companies with a capitalization of over \$7,000,000. Since April 1 several large companies have been chartered and re-chartered.

The Charter of the Pelzer Manufacturing Company will expire at an early date and a new charter in perpetuity was secured. This concern has a capital of \$1,000,000 and was chartered by the legislature in 1880 for a term of thirty years. The Pelzer Manufacturing Company is a pioneer in the textile industry in this State and is one of the most successful manufacturing concerns.

Another large company to receive a charter since April 1 was the Santee River Cypress Lumber Company of Ferguson in Orangeburg county. The company has a capital of \$1,500,000. In connection with a general lumber business, the company will do a general mercantile business.

The secretary of state has turned over to the State treasurer the sum of \$7,651.91 as charter fees received since the first of the year and up to April 1. Since April 1 over \$2,500 has been received by the secretary as charter fees which will be counted on the present quarter.

The total amount received as charter fees by the secretary of State for the year 1909 was over \$20,000. Judging that the increase over the first quarter of the year of 1910 and 1909, it is estimated that at least \$20,000 will be secured from charter fees, which amount will be the largest in the history of the State.

The number of dissolutions for the present year has been less than for 1909 to the present time. The records in the secretary's office show that the industries that have been chartered are varied. There have been a large number of companies chartered with capital stocks, ranging from \$10,000 to \$100,000. A number have been incorporated with over \$1,000,000.

The largest number of companies to be chartered were in Georgetown, Charleston and Greenville. The increase in these counties has been most marked.

There has been special activity in real estate. More than a score of large companies have been organized in Charleston and Georgetown, and especially Georgetown, which county makes a fine showing for real estate companies.

In Charleston real estate values are said to have made phenomenal advances during the past few years. Property is said to have doubled in value. This fact is shown that at least a dozen substantial real estate companies, backed by the leading business men of Charleston, have been chartered during the first three months of the year. The capital of these companies average from \$100,000 to over \$200,000.

A number of smaller industries have been organized with substantial capital. Included under this might be mentioned the large number of mercantile companies that have been chartered in almost every town in the state. This would indicate that the mercantile business is good. Few dissolutions of this nature of business have been reported.

More companies have been organized during the year for the purpose of conducting farms than in the history of the State. Two companies have been organized with a capital more than \$25,000. Generally a mercantile company is conducted in connection with these companies.

Other corporations organized include banks, buildings and loan associations, realty companies, telephone companies, vegetable companies, boat lines and loan companies. The organization of textile companies has been unusually active. Something new for the State has been the incorporation of the two underwear factories for Greenville. Each of the companies has a capital of \$50,000 and will manufacture high grade underwear. These companies are controlled by South Carolina capital.

Several knitting mills have been organized with small capitals.

**Causes Serious Sickness.**

Watch the fly as he stands on the jump of sugar, industriously wiping his feet. He is wiping off the disease germs; rubbing them on the sugar that you are going to eat, leaving the poison for you to swallow. There is special danger when flies drop into such fluid as milk. This forms an ideal culture material for the bacillus. A few germs washed from the body of one fly may develop into millions within a few hours, and the person who drinks such milk will receive large doses of bacilli, which may later cause serious sickness.

**Dry Dock Was Sunk.**

A Manila dispatch says the examination of the United States dry dock Dewey has strengthened the belief of those of the navy who have held that the damage was done deliberately by conspirators against the government.

**Cotton Acreage Reduced.**

Reports from the various cotton producing states indicate that the acreage this year will be from 2 to 3 per cent. higher than that of last

**LAST HOPE GONE**

PINK FRANKLIN LOSES HIS CASE AND WILL HANG.

The United States Supreme Court Has No Jurisdiction in the Case and Dismisses It.

Pink Franklin, the South Carolina negro, whose conviction for the murder of Special Constable Valentine led to an attack on the so-called labor contract laws of the South, will suffer the death penalty, according to the decision Tuesday of the supreme court of the United States.

It was claimed by Franklin that the constable came to his home at night and entered without announcing himself as an officer of the law. It was while in Franklin's cabin that Valentine was mortally wounded by a shot.

Former Attorney General Bonaparte became interested in the case and after the negro lawyers for the condemned man had appealed the case to the supreme court of the United States, Mr. Bonaparte filed a brief in Franklin's behalf. He contended that Franklin had a right to resist arrest, which was sought to be made on a warrant issued under an unconstitutional law.

This law was the so-called "labor contract law" which provided that agricultural laborers under contract to work were guilty of misdemeanors if they break their contracts after receiving wages in advance. Mr. Bonaparte denounced this law as an attempt to reduce the negroes of the South to captivity.

Justice Day, in announcing the decision said the court could inquire only into federal questions. He said the question of resistance to arrest under an unconstitutional law was not raised in time in the State court.

Mr. Bonaparte's connection with the case was confined to the filing of a brief for the defense. Soon after his brief was filed, the two negro lawyers for Franklin announced that Mr. Bonaparte was not of counsel in the case.

Jacob Moore, one of Franklin's lawyers, said that Mr. Bonaparte had been employed by rich negroes in Philadelphia, without any knowledge of the two who had taken the case up to the supreme court of the United States.

**MEETS DEATH ON TRACK.**

Two Young Men Run Over and Killed by a Train.

Shuford Abernethy was instantly killed and Robert Hodges perhaps fatally injured by westbound through freight No. 75 at Bridgewater, N. C., Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Two trains, 72 and 75, were to pass at Bridgewater. Abernethy and Hodges were walking along the sidetrack, keeping out of the way of train No. 72 on the main line, and evidently did not see train 75 as it rushed up on them. Abernethy was frightfully mangled and was doubtless killed instantly. One of Hodges' feet was cut off and he is otherwise seriously injured, but there is a fighting chance for his recovery.

**LAUGHING.**

Sing us something full of laughter; Tune your harp and twang the strings; Till your glad voice chirping after, Mates the song the robin sings; Loosen your lips and let them flutter Like the wings of wanton birds—Though they naught but laughter utter. Laugh, and we'll not miss the words.

Sing in ringing tones that mingle In a melody that flings Joyous echoes in a jingle; Sing of winter, spring or summer, Clang of war or low of herds; Trill of cricket, rill of drummer— Laugh and we'll not miss the words.

Like the hissing laughter glancing, From the meadow brooks and springs, Or the river's ripples dancing, To the tune the current sings, Sing of now, and the hereafter; Let your glad song, like the birds, Overflow with lippid laughter— Laugh and we'll not miss the words.

—James Whitcomb Riley.

**Must Keep Step.**

Towns are like individuals, they must keep up with the progress of the times, or they will soon be forgotten and passed by as old foggies. There was a time when rushlights and tallow dips were the only kind of lights available for private and public uses. But the day of the rushlights and tallow dips is gone, and any individual or town that would adopt such a mode of lighting when oil, gas or electricity are at hand would be considered antiquated. But what is not done in the matter of lighting is too often done in other things. That is to say, there is frequently a lack of public spirit which prevent the introduction and use of many things that would embellish a town, make it more attractive and draw people and trade. People laugh at the idea of tallow dips, but are content to endure wretched sidewalks, abominable roadways, and unsightly spots that detract from the beauty and convenience of a place and therefore interfere with its prosperity. In these things many people are content to live as their fathers did, forgetting that if their fathers were now living they would have too much pride and public spirit to live as their descendants do. We are glad to say that our little city is up-to-date and progressive, and the same may be said of the other towns nearby.

**Robbed of Her Gossamer.**

A gander pre-empted the first gossamer hatched by a hen owned by Victor P. Witter, of Maunch Chunk, Pa., and when she went to coax the youngster back a Wyandotte rooster stole her nest and finished hatching the eggs. The hen became disgusted and left the place.

**Braved Bees Rashly.**

While robbing a bee hive that had been made in the coping of the Baptist church, at Johnson, Mr. Parish was so badly stung as to require the services of two physicians to relieve him of the pain. About 75 pounds of honey was found, an accumulation of three years or more.

**A Hint to the Heartless.**

"The lamp-post and the common people."—Senator Cummins. The poor may starve, you do not mind. It troubles not your pampered sleep. Yet you may make some day to find That rope is cheap. Your money moves the lawyer's law; It buys the scoundrels of our land; But though you overthrow the law, Our lamp-post stands. You men whom lust of power controls, You men who rise on human wrecks: You have no hearts, you have no souls. But you have necks. —J. J. DOOLING.

**KILLED TWO MEN**

JEALOUSY PROBABLY CAUSES A DOUBLE MURDER.

Negro Man in Jealous Rage Shoots Down Two Negro Women in a Field.

Evidently in a jealous fit of rage, James Robinson shot and instantly killed Willie Brown, about 35 years old, and her mother, Fannie Brown, all the parties being negroes, on the lands of the McNamee Kaolin works, near Bath, in Aiken county, Tuesday morning about eight o'clock.

The only eye-witness was a little boy. From evidence given by him at the coroner's inquest, it seems that the two women were hoeing cotton in a little patch near their home, when Robinson was seen to come out of the woods nearby with a rifle in one hand and a satchel in the other.

Seeing that he was mad about something, the woman asked him what was the matter. Saying, with an oath, "don't ask me what's the matter," he raised his gun to the level of his waist and shot Willie Brown, the daughter, the bullet entering the right side of her body just above the waist and lodging in her body.

Running off ten or twelve feet, Robinson turned and shot twice at the mother, both shots taking effect, one in the back and coming out through her right breast, and the other entering at the thigh and coming out behind. Turning then, he fled to the woods, where he met