5 BIG FACTORIES The Styles of Diamond **Brand Shoes** are Exclusive An officer of our company designs our styles and patterns-and does This unusual attention to detail results not only in originality and correctness of style but in truer patterns and better fit. This is one reason why Diamond Brand Shoes snug up under the arch and hold their shape so nicely. DIAMOND BRAND P. ELEVA DIOELO SHOEMAKERS STOWN MAKE MORE FINE SHOES THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE WIL ASK YOUR DEALER FOR DIAMOND BRAND SHOES

Whenever a sore or ulcer does not heal and shows signs of becoming chronic, it should arouse suspicion, because many of these places lead to It may appear as an ordinary sore at first, and is given treatment as such, with some simple salve, wash or plaster, with the hope that the place will heal, but the real seat of the trouble is in the blood and cannot be reached by external remedies, and soon the sore will return. After

awhile the deadly poison begins to eat into the surrounding flesh and the ulcer spreads rapidly, becoming more offensive and alarming until at last the sufferer finds he is afflicted with the sufferer finds he is afflicted with Cancer. Cancerous ulcers often start from a boil, wart, mole or pimple, which has been bruised or roughly

Rew the trouble was fisterly so only sister, my mother and two of her sisters died of Cancer. I am fully satisfied I would have gone the sameway but for S.S., which cured me. Belton, Mo. MRS. J. CASSELL. which has been bruised or roughly handled, showing that the taint is in

I was suffering greatly from a cancerous ulcer on my left breast, which had begun to eat, and at times would discharge very offensive matter. I knew the trouble was hereditary as an

the blood, perhaps inherited. Another cause for non-healing ulcers and sores is the remains of some constitutional disease or the effects of a long spell of sickness. S. S. S. goes down to the very root of the trouble and cures so thoroughly that there is never any sign of the trouble in after years. As soon as the system gets under the influence of S. S. S. the place begins PURELY VEGETABLE. to improve, the discharge gradually grows less, the inflammation leaves, the flesh resumes

its healthy color, and soon the sore is well, because every vestige of the cause

has been removed from the blood. Book on sores and ulcers and medical advice without charge. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

THE RELIANCE LIFE INSURANCE PITTSBURG. PENN.,

Has complied with the State laws of 44 different States, confines its operation to the United States. Issues every conceivable form of insurance and has a number of attractive features that have never been embodied in any other con-

Is the Only Company that Issues the Famous Self-Sustaining Policy. 1st. It provides for cash loans: 2d. Cash values: 3d. Incontestible after one

year: 4th. Paid up values; 5th. Thirty days' grace after the first premium is paid: 6th. Extended values; 7th. The paid up values participate in dividends; 8th. It has a

Total and Permanent Disability Clause,

That is if the insured becomes totally disabled by disease or accident the premium ceases and the policy is automatically paid up for face value, the privilege and benefit remaining the same as if the premiums had been regularly paid by the insured. 9th, It also provides that if the policy-holder should make ter payments on the 20-payment plan and cease paying premiums the company will pay his estate \$1,000 for every \$1,000 applied for should the insured weath occur during the second 10-year period and will not deduct a single premium from the face of the policy. 10th. Should the insured continue to pay his premiums during the second 10-year period and if death should occur during the second 10 years the company will add every premium to the face of the policy that has been paid during this period and pay it in cash plus the face of the policy.

Reliance Life of Pittsburg,

the company having the LARGEST ORIGINAL SURPLUS to policy-holder of any COMPANY IN THE WORLD-A SURPLUS OVER THE RESERVE AND ALL OTHER LIABILITIES OF OVER ONE MILLION EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. Its Board of Directors is composed of recognized financial ability and busi-

ness integrity, it is officered by practical and experienced insurance men. The right man can secure a position by applying to

JAMES H. REED, President

Reliance Life Insurance Co., Pittsburg, Penn.



ever brought to this market, from \$45, up to \$85., and feel assured we can please anyone who wants a good, comfortable Buggy.

PHEATONS

two seats, for one or two horses; also the best lot of we have ever handled before. The

PIEDMONT WAGONS

is a leader with us. We have a large lot on hand, and will guaranee satisfaction to those who place their trade us. We have passed now into our seventh year, and to see small periods te the past before we quit the trade with the people of Clarendon

WEIGHT OF THE SUN.

HOW THE ASTRONOMERS SOLVE THIS WONDERFUL PROBLEM.

if You Will Multiply 333,264 by Seven Sextillions, You Will Get Approximately the Number of Tons of Matter Contained In the Great Orb.

To weigh the sun, moon, earth or any other body, said Professor Edgar L. Larkin, the celebrated director of Echo Mountain observatory, to the writer, is not a very difficult matter, though to those ignorant of astronomy and mathematics it would perhaps appear so. Of course weight is merely a relative term, for at the exact center of gravity a body weighs nothing at all. Weight varies as we approach the for a competence. It does not matter gravitation point or recede from it, and the expression as employed in everyday life-when we buy a pound of steak or a ton of coals-simply means the weight used on the surface of the earth because we live there.

Now, supposing you are desirous of weighing the earth, how would you go about it? Well, if your education had been neglected and you were in cousequence ignorant of mathematics you might decide to cut up this terrestrial globe of ours in blocks and bring each block to the surface of the earth and there weigh it on an ordinary pair of scales. The operation would doubtless be a costly and fatiguing one, and perhaps many unscientific landowners might object to your carrying off their property even though you explained that it was merely as a temporary loan. But let us for argument's sake suppose that you succeeded.

Well, having carried each block to the surface (and many of them would, of course, have been brought from the very center of the earth) one at a time (returning each to its proper place | the man who has developed powerful before weighing the next) and having discovered that each block weighed a ton, then before your labors ended and the last block of earth had been placed on the scales you would have dealt with rather less than seven sextillions. This of course is a tremendous num-

ber of tons for any moving mass to weigh, but there is a time twice each year when the earth actually weighs nothing at all. In October last this earth gradually began to lose weight like some huge giant dying of a decline until at a certain moment of time it weighed only an ounce, then half an ounce, then a quarter, and finally, just for about the fifty-thousandth part of a second, it weighed absolutely nothing whatever-not even so much as a soap bubble which a baby might blow away. To realize this you must remember that the earth does not travel round the sun in an exact circle, so that the distance from the sun is always varying, which of course alters the power of attraction or, in other words, the earth's weight. But in October and April of each year the earth is at an exact average distance during the fraction of a second, at which time, as I have said before, it weighs nothing.

half miles every second. But to weigh the earth in the manner suggested would be a very costly matter, and so it is found to be more satisfactory to employ mathematics, when we shall arrive at the same results, assuming of course that we are correct in our deductions. And now as to the nost usual means employed in weighing the sun. Having satisfied ourselves as to the true weight of the earth, we call that "One" or "Unity." That is

How short a space of time this is may

be judged from the fact that the earth

moves at the rate of eighteen and a

the basis on which we work. The next thing to do is to mount to some elevation-the top of a tower or the roof of a house will answer our purpose very well-drop a stone and find out how far it will fall in one second of time and what its exact rate of speed will be at the end of the first second

This is not so easy as it sounds, but we can spare curselves the fatigue of calculating, for after 300 years scientists have by means of the most delicate instruments arrived at the proved conclusion that at the end of the first second the stone will be at a distance of 16.1 feet from the starting point and will be then traveling at the rate of 32.2 feet per second. This 32.2 is the most important factor in our calculations and has been called the astronomical scales, for by means of it we can weigh the sidereal universe.

Now, here, said Professor Larkin, taking a paper from his desk, is an article which I wrote some time ago on the weighing of the sun, and I do not think you can do better than make an extract from it, which will save me much needless repetition, and he handed me the manuscript, from which I quote the following paragraphs:

"Every object in the celestial vault seen by the eye of man is a falling body. The earth is a body forever falling toward the sun and the moon forever toward the earth. If we can find with what speed the earth is falling toward the sun at the end of our exact second a clew is obtained that will lead through a maze of figures to the mass of the sun. This must be true, for it has been discovered that if the earth contained quadruple its present quantity of matter the stone would fall at the rate of 64.4 feet per second. And Newton discovered that if the stone be taken 3,958 miles away from the earth and dropped its speed at the end of the first second will be 8.05 feet. But 3,958 miles from the earth is twice as far from the center as is the surface, and 8.05 feet is one-fourth of 32.2. But 4 is the square of 2, so gravity diminishes as the square of the distance increases

and directly as the matter increases. "The earth is 93,000,000 miles from the sun, and this, divided by 3,958, equals approximately 23,496. Therefore, take a stone to the distance of the sun and it will be 23,496 times farther from the center of the earth than the surface is. Now square this 23,-496. Multiply 32.2 by 12 and the product will be 386.4—the number of inches in 32.2 feet. Divide 386.4 by the big number squared and the quotient will be .0000007 of an inch, the speed with which the stone will be falling at the end of the first second.

gravity exerted by the mass of the earth 93,000,000 miles away is naturally somewhat weak. But the center of the earth is that distance from the center of the sun and actually falls every second toward the sun with a speed at the end of a second having a velocity of .233285 of an inch, which is something less than one-fourth of an inch. Divide .233285 by .0000007 and the quotient is 333,264—that is to say, there are 333,264 times more matter in the sun than in the earth. If, therefore, we multiply this number by seven sextillions we find how many tons the sun weighs."-London Tit-Bits.

The Kind You Have Always Bought CASTORIA

POVERTY A DISEASE.

The Result of Bad Living, Bad Thinks

ing and of Sinning. A large part of the poverty of the world is a disease, the result of centuries of bad living, bad thinking and of sinning. We know that poverty is an abnormal condition because it does not fit any human being's constitution. It contradicts the promise and the prophecy of the divine in man. There are plenty of evidences that abundance of all that is good was man's inheritance, that if he claims it stouthe will gain it. The fact is that a large part of the

poverty of the world is due to downright laziness, shiftlessness, an unwillingness to make the effort, to fight how much ability one may have, if he energy to use it it will atrophy. Laziness will ruin the greatest genius. It would kill the ambition of an Alexander or a Napoleon. No gift or talent is great enough to withstand it. The love of ease has wrecked more careers than anything else except dissipation, and laziness and vice usually go together. They are twins. There are certain traits of a strong

character which are incompatible with preventable poverty. Self reliance and a manly independence are foundation stones in strong characters. We often find them largely developed in the man who is poor in spite of all his efforts to get away from his poverty, who is the victim of misfortune and disasters which he could not control. But the man who is poor because he has lost his courage, his faith in himself, or because he is too lazy to pay the price for a competence lacks these qualities and is so much less a man. He is a weak character compared with mental and moral muscle in his energetic, persistent efforts to gain a competence and to make the most of him-

When you make up your mind that you are done with poverty forever, that you will have nothing more to do with it, that you are going to erase every trace of it from your dress, your talk, your actions, your home, that you are going to show the world your real mettle, that you are no longer going to pass for a failure, that you have set your face persistently toward better things, a competence, an independence, and that nothing on earth can turn you from your resolution, you will be amazed to see what a re-enforcing power will come to you from this increased confidence and self respect.

The most dangerous thing about pov erty is that its victims often become reconciled to it and take it for granted that it is their fate. Because they cannot keep up appearaces and live in the same style as their more wealthy neighbors, poor people often become discouraged and do not try to make the best of what they have. They do not "put their best foot forward" and endeavor with all their might to throw off the evidences of poverty. If there is anything that paralyzes power it is the effort to reconcile ourselves to our unfortunate environment instead of regarding it as abnormal and trying to get away from it.-Success.

Of course you pay your money, But you get your money's worth, For what does money mean to you When Rocky Mountain Tea's on earth? Dr. W. E. Brown & Co,

A Horse and a Cow.

When in my teens, milking seven cows morning and evening and toiling on the farm all day, I made favorites of a bay mare and a Durham cow-Molly and Bess. Talk about your physical sympathy! Why, it was pathetic. Molly was my saddle horse, a single footer of rare excellence. 1 could ride her with one tinger on the reins into the most forbidding places. Old Bess-oh, she used to kick a tooth out once in awhile and put her foot in the pail of milk, but the dear girl would follow me about with the affection of a child! Well, I was absent from the old home five years and returning found that of all the animals only Molly and Bess remained. Imagine my distress when Molly refused to notice me at all! While wondering at this loss of friendship I felt a warm, rasplike thing going over my hand which was behind my back. Turning, I saw dear old Bess. Without notice she had come to lick me. If ever animal spoke with eyes and manner she did. Her happiness at seeing me again after so long a period was apparent to all observers, and during my brief stay at home it was all I could do to keep her from following me into the house -New York Press

Sick Headache Cureu.

Sick headache is caused by derangenent of the stomach and by indiges ion. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets correct these disorders and effect a cure. By taking these tablets as soon as the first indication of the disease appears, the attack may be warded off. For sale by The Arant Co. Drug

Atlantic Billows. The authorities of the United States hydrographic bureau have endeavored

to ascertain the size of the Atlantic From careful observations waves. they learn that in height the waves usually average about thirty feet, but in rough weather they attain from forty to forty-eight feet. In storms they are often from 500 to 600 feet long and continue to move about ten or eleven seconds, while the longest yet known measured half a mile and did not exhaust itself for twenty-three sec-

Women as Travelers.

As a matter of genuine fact women in nine cases out of ten, are better travelers than men are. To begin with, if not so stodgier accurate, although that by no manner of means follows, they are more fluent in modern languages. They chatter in them, say the male things. Ergo, they are the more colloquial, the readler to circumvent the wiles and extortions of "This is exceedingly slow, but then kellner or of garcon.-London Gentle-

Wounds, Bruises and Burns, By applying an antiseptic dressing to before inflammation sets in, they may bout one third the time required by the old treatment. This is the greatest discovery and triumph of modern Chamberlain's Pain Balm surgery. acts on this same principle. It is an antiseptic and when applied to such inuries, causes them to heal very quickand prevents any danger of blood poisoning. Keep a bottle of Pain Balm in your home and it will save you time

WIND JAMMING DAYS

AN OLD TIME MARINER'S TALES OF BRAVERY IN WRECKS

The Case of Gallant Cantain Notman. Who Wouldn't Desert a Common Sailor-Pathetic Fate of Prince, a Noble Newfoundland Dog.

"Bah!" said the old and crippled mariner of the days of long ago to the young man who knew all about modern ships of steel and steam. "You ly and struggles persistently toward it have a lot to learn, young man. You have as much sentiment in your construction as this stick I carry.

"The idea of a youth like you trying

to tell me that there is as much bravery and pathos attached to seafaring now as there was when I was master does not have the inclination and the of a wind jammer! You probably believe that you are correct in your statement; but, man alive, you are making a fool of yourself. Here in these days you have lifeboats big and stout enough to carry an army of men. You have steam to manipulate the falls, patent davits to swing clear. No lowering away by hands and not getting along the river Scheldt toward their them back over the side with every pound of flesh a-pulling. New fangled guns for throwing a life line, rafts that won't go to pieces in the first chop of with romance and promise, until after a sea, cork jackets that need no instruction cards, but which go on like a man's vest; pumps that are rusty for want of use, seamless plates and dozens of other inventions in these days. Where were they in the old times?

"Let me tell you something. I don't say but that there are many brave and gallant mariners in the business now. But the old shipwreck meant more in the matter of life taking than the shipwreck of today does. Did you ever hear tell of a sailor of the old school trying to get into a boat before the passengers were out of danger? You needn't say you have, because you have not. Why, the only ones who ever attempt anything of that kind are stokers and firemen and rowdies who have the impudence to call themselves

"I remember the case of a shore loafer named Holmes who tried a trick like that. He was afterward tried in the United States circuit court at Philadelphia and was convicted of manslaughter. He was one of thirty shipwrecked persons who took to the long boat, which was greatly overloaded and constantly in danger of sinking. Well, this beach rat Holmes and some more of Abraham's men threw overboard sixteen passengers, two of whom were women, to lighten the boat. The court held that a sailor is bound by law if necessary to sacrifice his life to save the life of passengers. Furthermore, the court held that while two sailors might struggle with each other for the possession of the same plank which could save but one, if a passenger were on the plank even the law of necessity would not justify the sailors in taking it from him. You do not think much of that law? Well, it is the law of God. It is also the law of duty.

"Did you ever hear of the case of Captain Nutman of the ship Aidar? He was a good sailor and a gallant master, and, no matter what many may think, it is possible to be both. His ship foundered, but he refused to be taken off. Do you know why he refused to be taken off? There was an injured man on board, and while the old timbers were going to pieces under h very feet he knelt down and said to the

"'I won't leave you, lad. On my honor as a sailor I won't.' "On his honor as a sailor he would not leave him. Have you ever heard of anything more touchingly honest? Captain Nutman went down with his ship, but managed to hold on to his man and to get to the bottom of an upturned boat from which they were afterward rescued. It was a month or so after that when a townsman asked Captain Nutman what the name of the rescued man was. "'Why, I never inquired,' he said. He just signed articles in the regular

way. I may have heard it then, but I do not know it now. He was a Swede, that's all I know of him.' "The friend shook his head in aston-

ishment as he inquired: "'What! A Swede? Take all that

chance for a Swede? "'Why, yes, even for a Swede.

didn't care whether he was a Swede or a Laplander. He was a good sailor and would have done the same for me had things been reversed.'

"Nor is that all, young man. There was another shipwreck I know about, but the name of the craft has escaped my memory. The crew took to one boat, which was overcrowded. A noble Newfoundland, the pet of the ship, swam alongside the boat. All the men turned their eyes sadly upon him, but they knew there was no room for him in that boat. The captain loved the dog better than he loved his life, and he stood up in the boat as he took off his coat and said:

"'I cannot see him die like this. Give him my place in the boat. I can hold on to the plank, and he cannot.' "There was a chorus of dissent, and one of the sailors struck the brute over the head with the blade of an oar, while another pulled his sheath knife.

"'Don't hurt him,' said the captain kindly, but firmly. "'Order him away, then,' growled several of the men. 'He will swamp

us all.' "The captain hesitated a minute,

waved his arm in the air and said, Back, Prince!' and the faithful brute swam back in the direction in which the vessel had disappeared beneath the surface. Where do you find such pathos in the sea business now? Give me the old sailor every time."

CASTORIA. Chat H. Fletchers

A Problem at Cambridge,

When Lord Rayleigh, the British

clentist, was a student at Cambridge the examiners set among other problems one which they based on an article in a German mathematical periodical supposed unlikely to have penetrated to Cambridge. Only two men solved it, Mr. Stutt (Lord Rayleigh) vounds.bruises, burns and like injuries and another. The examiners asked the other man about this problem. "Oh," be healed without maturation and in he said, "I take the - (mentioning the name of the periodical), and I was very glad to find that, thanks to an article in the last number, that problem came out quite easily." When Mr. Strutt's turn came they expected a similar answer, but he astonished ly. It also allays the pain and soreness! them by replying: "The fact is, gentlemen, that I sometimes contribute to -, and I could not help feeling greatly flattered that you should have and money, not to mention the inconthought my little problem worthy of a venience and suffering such injuries place in this examination." He was entail. For sale by The Arant Co. Drug awarded the prize.

EASTMAN JOHNSON.

He Was Once Invited to Be Court

Painter at The Hague. Holland, the country above all others to which art owes gratitude for the creation and maintenance of sane traditions of painting, rendered a signal service to American art in the middle of the last century in the solid technical training which it gave to Eastman Johnson.

The education of our earlier painters century was nearing its middle period there was a general exodus of students to Dusseldorf, and it was to pursue his studies there that in 1849 Eastman Johnson took ship for Europe. The vessel on which Johnson sailed,

bound for Antwerp, was detained at Flushing, and it is to be regretted that his comrade, George Henry Hail, who survives him - impatient young pilgrims desiring to plunge at once into the promised land of art-left the vessel and, ignorant of the language and customs of the country, trudged on foot goal. On their way each step revealed to

their new world eyes some detail filled nightfall they found themselves before the closed gates of the city of Antwerp, which was then a walled town obedient to the old custom of curfew. After an amusing parley in conflicting tongues the capital of Flemish art received them kindly, and hencefor-

ward the art of Flanders and Holland made so direct and sympathetic an appeal to Johnson that his sojourn in Dusseldorf was comparatively brief, and its lessons had little or no visible effect on his lifework. His earlier student stage passed, he settled at The Hague, where his suc-

cess was so marked that when after an absence of long duration he determined to return to the United States his patriotic purpose was carried out in the face of a temptation to accept the formal proffer of the position of court painter at The Hague.-Scribner's.

Following The Flag.

When our soldiers went to Cuba and the Philippines, health was the most important consideration. Willis T. forgan, retired Commissary Sergean . S. A., of Rural Route 1, Concord, N. H. says: "I was two years in Cuba and two years in the Philipines, and being subject to colds, I took Dr King's New Discovery for Consumption, which kept me in perfect health. And now, in New Hampshire, we find it the best medicine in the world for coughs, colds, bronchial troubles and all lung diseases." Guaranteed. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Sold at The Arant Co. Drug store.

After Miss Lavinia Cobb, who had called in her nephew, Frederic Cobb, attorney at law, to draw her will, had made bequests to beloved relatives and friends and to unknown individuals whom she admired, and had remem-

The Will For the Deed.

bered her pet charities, she began on religious institutions. "Now, there's the First Baptist," she said enthusiastically. "I don't want to leave anything to the church proper, because it is the richest in town. But I want you to put down \$150 for Mr. sicknell as a slight recognition of his Rocky MountainTea makes the puniest casual service to my soul. And"-

ew, who had long been striving to speak.

"What's wrong now, Freddy?" de manded Miss Lavinia. "Isn't 'casual service' all right? It is precisely what, I mean. I am a member of Mr. Marvin's church-and I shall remember him handsomely later-but Mr. Bicknell's sermons have done me much good, and I have heard him-well, perhaps ten times in all, so I think 'casual service' just expresses it. But if you think it doesn't or that it would make trouble put down the legal equiv-

"It's not the phraseology, aunty, but your estate. You haven't sufficient property to make so many and such large gifts."

"Oh, I know that as well as you do," Miss Lavinia said, with gentle impatience. "I just want to show all my friends how I feel toward them. You needn't look so-so-judicial, Freddy. It's my will, not yours."-Youth's Com-

Nothing to Fear. Mothers need have no hesitancy in

Drug store.

SALVE FOR THE SLAP.

A Box on the Ear and a Box With Diamond Ornament.

The following anecdote was written autobiographically by Mme. Feuillet, wife of the famous French writer. At the time of the incident she was a young girl of seventeen, living with her parents in a provincial town of which her father was mayor. One day news came that Louis Napoleon intended passing through and would spend one night in the town. As mayor Mme. Feuillet's father had to arhad been various. When the nineteenth | range the details of the reception and festivals to be given in the emperor's honor, while it was agreed that his daughter must present him with a bouquet at the ball to be given in the even-

Father and daughter were pleased

enough, but one person in the mayor's household suffered acutely. Mme. Feuilno written record has been made of let's mother was an ardent royalist, the story which Johnson delighted to and to her the new imperial dynasty tell, and told so well, of hew he and appeared an intolerable usurpation. According to her daughter, the arrangements for Napoleon's arrival pulled her two ways. She was pleased that her daughter should have been chosen for prominence, anxious that her ball dress should be the most becoming possible, proud in her maternal instincts and at the same time exasperated, reluctant, furious a royal reception should be given at all to a man she considered an upstart and an adventurer. The day came, and the future Mme. Feuillet, with a string of other young girls dressed in white, was placed along the line of procession. When it passed everybody shouted and cheered, and the girl, carried away by the excitement on every side of her, did the same. Suddenly she felt a burning, stinging sensation upon one cheek, and before she could realize what had happened she was being dragged back out of the crowd by her mother, whose face was crimson and stitutional School, 3 mills; Polls, whose eyes were blazing with anger. Then the girl understood. Unable to bear her own daughter joining the enemy and crying out "Long live Napoleon!" she had publicly and furiously boxed her ears and was now dragging her ignominiously home like a child in disgrace. The girl spent the afternoon on her bed sobbing with the shock and the

shame of what had happened. The great big bouquet for the evening stood in a jug and perfumed her little bedroom; her snowy ball dress lay spread over a chair. She dressed finally, feeling the savor gone out of life, but when from under an arch of flowers in the ball room she made her little Mouzon & Rigby, speech and presented her bouquet excitement returned to her. Louis Napoleon took them, she thought, somewhat coldly, and, being very pretty as well as seventeen, the girl felt chilled and a little inclined to go over to the political views of her mother. But the next morning as Louis Napoleon was stepping into his carriage to leave he asked that she might be sent for. When she came he thanked her again for the beautiful bouquet of bright flowers she had given him the evening beforethough they had not been more bright than the lovely eyes above them-and in return he begged her to accept a small remembrance of his pleasure and gratitude. The carriage left, and the girl opened the little case he had put in her hands. A beautiful diamond ornament lay on a surface of white veivet.-Paris Annales.

We care not how you suffered nor what failed to cure you, Hollisters weakest specimen of man or woman "But, aunty," began the lawyer neph. | hood strong and healthy. 35 cents. Dr. W. E. Brown & Co.

No "Deadhead" Trip.

One of the most famous of American shipping lines in the palmy days of our marine was the Cope line, which ran between Philadelphia and Liverpool, says the author of "Memoirs of Charles H. Cramp." By this line John Randolph of Roanoke determined to go to Russia when he had been appointed minister to that country by President Jackson. Entering the office of the company in Philadelphia, he said to a clerk in his usual grandiloquent man-

"Sir, I wish to see Thomas P. Cope." He was shown to Mr. Cope's office. "I am John Randolph of Roanoke," he said. "I wish to take passage to Liverpool in one of your ships."

If he expected to be tendered a pass he was grievously disappointed. "I am Thomas Cope," replied the head of the line. "If thee goes aboard the ship and selects thy stateroom and

will pay \$150 thee may go." Millions of bottles of bottles of Fo

continuing to give Chamberlain's ley's Honey and Tar have been sold Cough Remedy, to their little ones, as without any person ever having expet contains absolutely nothing injurious rienced any other than beneficial re-This remedy is not only perfectly safe sults from its use for coughs, colds and to give small children, but is a medi-lung troubles. This is because the gencine of great worth and merit. It has uine Foley's Honey and Tar in the yel a world wide reputation for its cures of low package contains no opiates or othcoughs, colds and croup and can always er harmful drugs. Guard your health be relied upon. Sold at The Arant Co. by using any but the fienuine. The Drug store.

SANITATION.

S. L. KRASNOFF, Undertaker,

L. W. COX, Funeral Director.

Open day and night to meet the demands of the needy. Our Undertaking Establishment is complete in every respect. We carry Coffins from \$2.00 to \$25.00; Caskets from \$10.00 to \$300., finished and draped in the most artistic manner. We have Hearses for both white and colored people.

Residences, halls, rooms and contents disinfected by the most approved methods of modern science, destroying all contagious and infectious germs of every nature. Respectfully,

S. L. Krasnoff.

Manning, S. C.



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outhbound.		North	Northb	
No. 69	No. 74	No. 70	N	
	AM	AM		
6 25	9 36	Lve. Sumter Ar.9 00	8	
6 27	9 38	N. W. Junction8 58	3	
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7 05	10 10.	Borden 8 00	T,	
7 23	10 21.	Rembert's7 40	2	
7 30	10 31.	Eller be 7 30	9	
7 50	11 10.	So. Ry. Junction 7 10	3	
8 00	11 10	ArCamdenLve7 00		

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