OLD KING COTTON

Boll Weevil.

DIVERSIFICATION THE REMEDY.

Dr. W. J. Spillman Talks With Great Enthusiasm of the Pionecr Work Being Started

Near Columbia. State, Dr. Spillman cam: to Columbia to speak of the diversification much engrossed in the general discussion of the boll, wer vil and its menace say of the plans upon which he will Diversification Farm No. 1," because Mr. Hyatt was the first to consent to let a part of his farm be used by the government. When the government appropriated \$250,000 for the extern very proud of this undertaking and mination of the boll weevil by the in-

each of them asking if the govern- The early varieties are not so good as ing the season at Mrs. Ashley's about ment could be given the use of a cer- a rule because they drop the fruit too 300 yards away, on the same street. Williams. tain portion of his farm for the pur- easily. pose named. As the boll weevil is so much more destructive in Texas than anywhere else, it was decided to establish in that great State 16 of the stations, and as the pest has made its appearance in western Louisiana there will be five stations in that State. The others will be divided as fol-

Spillman has visited and from here by some kind of fungus. he goes to the other places where the as "the money crop."

GREAT IS THE SOUTHERN CLIME.

bring this benefit to the farmers. time will enable it to become the leading agricultural section of the world. The south will lead in agricultural production when all of her opportunia longer period than any other section

of the country. doing the matter. He told how the would have a board of directors. government had spent half a million dollars in stamping out a disease among the cattle. Recently it had appropriated \$250,000-not to fight the boll weevil, for that is a useless, hopeless fight-but to provide other means by which the farmers may

BOLL WEEVIL HERE TO STAY. There is not the slightest probabilfully justified in spending millions of from this one in Columbia. dollars to meet the invasion of the

kinds of farming.

When Dr. Spill nan took up the asked if the pest would get as far as South Carolina. In giving enlight- are helpful. ment on this subject the speaker departed from his regular line of thought but gave some very interesting statements. Most emphatically the boll weevil will come into South Carolina and will come to destroy. Wherever it has made its appearance the country has been blighted and a bale of cotton could not be gotten from 25 acres of the most fertile land. In reply to a question he stated that it would be unsafe to buy oats or anything else shipped from the country infected with the weevil, which has now gotten into the southern part of the Indian Territory and the western

part of Louisiana. For a long time the government saw what was coming and endeavored a law preventing any cotton from being planted on a strip of land 200 for the pest had made its appearance the entire State of Texas is plagueridden. It has been reported that 40,000 farmers are preparing to leave the State of Texas and all on account but for a little poultry yard which his provident wife was running.

HOW THE PEST WORKS.

depredations. The pest is about a when a man plans his crop to suit his from the Tenth North Carolina disquarter of an inch in length and has lands. a bill half as long again as himself. In regard to the farm near Colum- member, and the Dantzler-Lever con-With this bill and its point, which is bia, he said it would cost less to run it test from the Seventh South Carolina of the candidates \$5 cach. upon the interior of the cotton boll such soil as Mr. Hyatt's place, and sas City on Saturday did so because a until the vermin develops into a full-predicted an entire success for the continuous for the president man to carry on the work on Sunday by swallowing carbolic acid ty for assault with intent to ravish, with the dominant party is enforced. fledged boll weevil and goes upon the new venture. As another illustra- He leaves six widows.

rounds of attacking cotton bolls. Dr. tion, he told of a "hog" farm which Spillman emphasized the fact that he has mapped out for a place in the pest is sure to spread and that in Texas. He would put 70 hogs on this

the trail of the scale vermin and in a Nesom was gratifying. The Columbia State of Wednesday for the real instrument of destruction interested in the diversification of says as has been announced in The is within the boll where the poison their crops and he thought hat there met in Columbia on Wednesday, transwould ruin the fibre as well as the is a demand for just such farms as acted its business and adjourned.

the lands of Mr. F. H. Hyatt. Dr. tory is to get a very early variety and county, but as it was seen fit not to Spillman and his auditors became so plant it very early, and even then pass the bill he is glad that the na-

The price of cotton is driving farmto the south that he had very little to ers to increase their acreage. The time may come when cotton will be at work the farm near Columbia. He is such a high price that half a crop will A Lady from the North Insulted by a very proud of this undertaking and pay. The object of this movement is calls the farm on Mr. Hyatt's place not to displace cotton entirely, but to "Diversification Farm No. 1," hereages appropriated \$250,000 for the exter- as a fund with which to make experi- screamed and ran he chased her for ments against the boll weevil. In several hundred yards and also fired a ler. J. A. Davidson. direct method of starving it out, a Louisiana an effort is being made by pistol at her twice. The lady is a certain sum was set aside for the con- the government to raise a crop despite northerner-Miss Kirke-and is a duct of these practical farms to show the boll weevil, the government ex- trained nurse who is treating a pahow crops may be diversified with pecting to get half a crop developed tient in a family of Boston people Dr. Spilln an was then given before the weevil gets to work and here for the season. The family have the address of a number of prominent then to cut down every stalk and burn rented the Williams cottage on South farmers of the south, and wrote to it and plow up the land carefully. Boundary street. Miss Kirke is spend-

METHODS NOT EXPERIMENTS.

Dr. Weber, who has been conducting hybridization around Columbia carrying a lantern to guide her. As for several years, will try to breed up she entered the gate of the William's Walker, Julius Durant. improved varieties of early cotton. The department of entomology has discovered varieties which are not vul. he desired to see some one and the nerable to "root rot" and "wilt dis- man replied that he was waiting for Wines, W. H. Smyrl. gia 2, South Carolina 2, and 1 in the ease," and is now working on "rust." his aunt, who was cooking for the The "wilt" is caused by the water family. Miss Kirke passed into the This is the first station which Dr. veins in the plant being stopped up house and left at about 10 o'clock to kins.

In regard to the work which Dr. tion of the doctrine preached by The State for so many years—that the South can get along without cotton as "the money crop."

with tall grass and some bushes. With the lady were two dogs, and as they passed a small clump of bushes they passed a small clump of bushes they passed a small clump of bushes. The lady w. T. Smith, Thomas Brier, L. F. Weber has been doing here in connecfarm to teach methods.

Dr. Spillman then told of the man-In prefacing his remarks Dr. Spill- ner in which the quarter of a million ed a negro pering from behind the man said that agriculture is the basis appropriation would be expended. oushes. She screamed and ran and ston. of the wealth of this country. The One-third would be given to the deproducts annually amount to over five partment of entomology to find some continued running and the negro billion dollars. Large business convery early plant which could be made called "come here" the second time. cerns employ the best talent obtaina- vigorous. Another third has been set When she did not stop he ran after ble. It is not so with agriculture aside for the purpose of making ex- her and fired twice with a pistol. where capital is not massed. If agriperiments to see if the pest can be ex. The negro chased her for about 106 ulture is to have the benefit of scientific research the government must bug or otherwise.

travagant, but in all sincerity, he desouthern agriculture. This, in his ed to the police this morning the thea, T. R. Alford. clared that the southern half of the mind, is the remedy for the boll wee- premises were searched and there United States has a climate which in vil. In order to induce men to let were found footsteps showing that the government have the use of a part the negro had walked around the Wilof their farms, the seed and half of liams house and then went and hid the fertilizers will be furnished. behind the bushes and waited for the These farms are not experiment sta- lady to return. ties are improved. The soil here will tions but are being run s lely forgrow a great variety of crops and for profit and to exhibit approved methods. The government wants to take

advantage of local experience. He The government spends less than had not come here to tell Mr. Hyatt any other in encouraging the farmers. what to do, but to get his neighbors The present endeavors are not over- to assist him, and for that reason they Early in the day Foreman Joseph

There is a fine market for farm products right here in South Carolina danger of falling. He withdrew all where there are so many mills, but the miners who were working there. from bleak and barren New England Thursday afternoon Shift Boss Hagermany commodities are shipped into ty took four men into the place to the State whereas they could be raised bulkhead and otherwise strengthen here much cheaper and sold at better the weak spots. Just how the fall profit than cotton.

farm and is very much pleased. He have been recovered. ity that the boll weevil will be entire- does not expect as much success from ly eradicated. The government is any other of these farms as he does

He then told that in the fall he will boll weevil and to teach the farmers establish another diversification farm of this section to engage in other in this State, perhaps in Spartanburg. where the character of the soil is different, and curing the progress of the question of the boll weevil he was farm work, he wants criticisms, complimentary or otherwise, just so they

> In order to exhibit the manner in these diversification farms, he exhib- burns and the shock preclude hope of said he deserved all of the glory showited charts showing the work to be dor.e on a 30-acre tract in Texas. He accounted for every item of cost and he declared that the estimates in the Mrs. Thomas Lanci, of Pied cont, was sented Chairman Deas. est mated item of receipts, although latter case were really a little lower burned to death Tuesday night. The every pound of provender which would is thought that it was from a lantern. be obtained, showing the percentage The children had been playing with that most folks do not know where which would be used and the part that it when attracted by the screams of they will go to sleep. would be sold.

AN EXAMPLE CITED.

have 10 dairy cows, 2 young cattle, 10 to get the legislature of Texas to pass hogs and 2 mules. He would plant in Mexico and was devasting the cot- food in the world, and entirely too summer and for winter crops. Of the self and blew out his brains. 11 acres for permanent crops the distribution would be 7 acres for alfalfa of the weevil, which has ruined their and 4 for Bermuda. Of the summer crops. He cited an instance of a crops the planting would be as folfarmer in the very best of circum- lows: 19 acres in corn and peas, 1 alone. The winter distribution would be oats and vetch 4 acres, barley 15 acres and rape 3 acres. The estimated income would be: milk, 2 gallons The boll weevil stays under cover of daily from each of 10 cows, \$810; hay, the woods until in July, said Dr. Spill- \$120: 4 calves, \$20 (a very low figure, the "forms" of embryo bolls to the each, \$112; total, \$1.062. He cited house committee on elections No. 1 man, and when the midsummer brings he declared); 15 hogs at 150 pounds cotton plant the weevil begins his this just to show what is possible decided the Gudger-Moody contest

With this bill and its point, which is one, he said it would not less to full it less from the seventh south cost less to full it less the tender little bolls, and after bor- cotton. There would be no chickens member. ing a round hole into the form de- or fruits raised on the diversified posits an egg which is covered with a farms for the first year or so. He kind of wax. The egg in a very short gave an instance of what had been time produces a worm which feeds produced on 13 acres of land on just mon elder who killed himself in Kanthar recoln. upon the interior of the cotton boll such soil as Mr. Hyatt's place, and sas City on Saturday did so because a troduced by Capers. Another resoluteen, committed suicide in Baltimore

Will Fall Under the Attacks of the three or four years it will take South farm and expects an income of \$1.231. All through his remarks Dr. Spill-The way to exterminate the ordi- man was plied with questions, and in nary pest is by finding another bug concluding be called upon Dr. Nesom which will devour the weevil, as was to give his views on the subject. Col. done in California when the orange Newman, the head of the department trees were attacked by a scale louse. at Clemson, had been expected, but as The common "lady bug" was put (n he could not come the prese ce of Dr.

short time the pest was driven out. Gov. Heyward was then called upon But there is nothing known in science for some remarks. He dec ared that which will exterminate the boll wee- in his official capacity he would do vil. It cannot be reached with spray. everything he could to get the farmers this. The DesChamps bil, which bia to speak of the diversification. The only hope of growing cotton was introduced in the legislature, profarm to be located near the city on with any success in an infected terrivided for one of these farms in each

farms along about the same lines. CHASED AND FIRED UPON.

Sunday evening was dark and rainy and after supper Miss Kirke left Mrs. Ashley's for the home of the patient, place she saw a negro standing beside the fence. Miss Kirke asked him if B. Levy. There are no building; between the two houses, but the ground is covered M. W. Harrall. turned out into the road and as she did so the light of her lantern revealterminated by the use of any other yards, and then a young man at the house, hearing screams and the firing Of the remainder, \$20,000 has been ran out and shot at the man several Lorick, G. W. Assman. At the risk of being considered ex- set aside for the diversification of times. When the matter was report-

> Five Miners Killed. Five miners were killed by a cave-in of earth and rock in the Minnie Healy near Butts, Mon., Thursday afternoon. The accident occurred on the sixth floor of the 1,000 foot level. Kane was informed that the ground in that place was very soft and in ker. C. C. Jacobs. came will never be known, as not one He had looked over Mr. Hyatt's of the five escaped. Only two bodies

A dispatch from Anderson to The and said: Wilson, living with Mr. L. M. Wilson, was terrible burned and cannot re- party. cover. Members of the family who

the child. A lantern was found scattered over the floor. They had placed it on the grate and it exploded, On this farm of 33 acres he would resulting as above stated.

At Buffalo, N. Y., Henry Schwartz,

Murder and Suicide.

bello, Spartanburg County, was killed on him and crushing his body. He tragic occurrence happened. Mr. Brady is survived by a widow.

As It Should Be.

At Washington on Thursday the trict in favor of Gudger (Dem.) sitting and expenses be raised.

Leaves Six Widows.

CAPERS ON DECK.

South Caro ina.

AND FRAYTON IS KNOCKED OUT.

The Principal Feature of the Republican State Convention Was the Attack by Brayton

on Jno. G. Capers. The Republican State Convention The complexion was mostly dark, with a faintsprinkling of white-those who hold office or hope to hold an office. The make-up was very much like its to the National Convertion: L. W. half the bolls would be ruined by the tional government will establish some predecessors. A burried glance over the temporary roll wil show the composition of the convention and the very small sprinkling of whites

present: Abbeville—R. R. Tolbert, Jr., Al-free Ellison, S. J. Donaldson, Aiken—R. B. Perry, G. W. Raiford,

Barnwell-W. S. Dixson, G. G. But-

Beaufort.-Robert Small, Green, J. I. Washington. Berkeley-A. P. Prioleau, R. H. Jenkins, F. S. Edwards.

Charleston-W. D. Crum, J. L. Mitchell, T. L. Gran, J. G. Capers, C. M. English, M. Caulfield, E. B. Burroughs, S. E. Smith. Cherokee-W. M. Goodwin, J. W.

Chester-C. Ross, J. C. Atkinson, J. McCullough Chesterfield-J. B. Highland, D. Wilkins. Clarendon-R. A. Stewart, S. M.

Colleton-W. F. Myers, S. B. Butler. Darlington-E. II. Deas, Z. W.

Dorchester-J. H. Abbey. Edgefield-P. Simkins, A. W. Sim-Fairfield-I. S. Byrd, J. B. Williams,

E. W. Boykin. Florence-J. R. Levy, W. C. Rush,

Greenwood-J. R. Tolbert, J. W.

Tolbert, J. I. Reynolds. Hampton-W. A. Alston, G. W. Al-Horry-G. C. Singleton, J. H. Goudy. Kershaw-C. C. Scott, P. S. Brown,

F. Pierce. W. F. order. Lancaster-F. R. Massey, Swaringen. Laurens-P. S. Suber, L. W. C. Blalock, J. D Adams.

Lexington-F. C. Aldridge, S. Marion-W. H. Collier, N. E. Be-Marlboro-E. J. Sawyer, J. C. All man, W.S. Thompson.

well, A. D. Dantzler. Pickens-R. K. Moon, W. M. Wat-

Richland-E. M. Brayton, R. W. Baylors, L. C. Scott, J. F. Lopez. Saluda—J. M. Jones, M. W. Watson Spartanburg-B. F. Means, G. W. Foster, Laban Morgan, S. T. Poinier, Thos. Rhodes, G. C. Page. Sumter-G. W. Murray, Z. E. Wal-

Union-J. C. Hunter, J. P. Sartor.

The work of the convention was begun by the election of E. H. Deas, of Darlington, as chairman, and J. H. Johnson, of Richland, as secretary, E. J. Dickerson, of Aiken; threw a bunch of bouquets at Chairman Deas, "You have won." He News and Courier says about two congratulated the convention on what o'clock Wednesday afternoon Mrs. he called the reuniting of the Republican party. He whooped things up State. a prominent planter, at Honea Path, in good style on the reuniting of the

E. M. Brayton also rejoiced and in-

erec on him.

Deas spoke of the unity of the party than the receipts would be, judging child was visiting next door and it is and expressed his surprise and gratifiby past experince. He accounted for not known how it caught fire but it cation at the selection. Politics is

monious gathering and he moved that The dead are Lela Smith, 15 years old, Smalls said it seemed to be a hara committee on credentials be ap- and a man burned beyond recogni- secretary of state. pointed.

plied to the attack recently made on the loss is \$10,000. him by E. M. Brayton in a Charleston ing 10 bogs, and 6 additional acres of a prominent attorney, was shot and paper. He denied that he ever had miles wide along the Rio Grande river, this succulent food for hay for the part had made its appearance this succulent food for hay for the cattle, the hay being the best stock in the Marine Bank building Friday or embezzled funds of anyone. Bray-Madison county, N. C., eloped with a by H. A. Knowles, of the firm of a ton replied and accused Capers of young man named Hensley. Her rich before curing. His farm would large dry goods house. After holding pleading the baby act. He said he father induced her to return home be divided into 11 acres for permanent crops and 22 to be used alternately for colf and blow out his brains.

The convention then adjourned until convention as a delegate. In turn was shot and killed by the printing and to provide for the appropriate to the analysis and with Gov. Heyward, and will carry was a trace on March 7, 1889. Average on March 7, 1889. Average on the latter as to the convention then adjourned until convention the convention that a convention the convention than a convention the convention that a convention that ary methods were adopted and now be divided into 11 acres for permanent the police at bay a few moments did not want Capers elected to the and then shot and killed, her, and he be divided into 11 acres for permanent the police at bay a few moments and the police at bay a few moments are police at bay a few moments and the police at bay a few moments are police at bay and police at bay a few moments are police at bay and police at bay are police at bay and police at bay are police at bay are police at bay are police at ba the evening when it reassembled. Monday night. During the morning session two William Brady, a farmer of Campo- preachers got into a fisticust over some discussion they were having near Thursday afternoon by a tree falling the chairman's desk. The combatants were Revs. A. P. Dunbar and E. D. stances who had been reduced to abject poverty and would have suffered alone. The winter distribution would ing trees on the lands of Benjamin ored paper published in Columbia. Bowling, near Campebello, when the At the evening session the preachers, who had the fight in the morning, explained their troubles, apologized, said they were not delegates and begged torgiveness. They were exon-

> Chairman Deas issued an ultimatum that the deficiency for hall rent Capt. Capers put up \$25 and most

Chairman Deas is a wonder as a colthings moving until the collection ing the crime. was complete.

The platform endorsed Roosevelt

ing the suffrage laws, which are not only repugnant to the Federal Constitution, but are enforced in viola-He Is Sustained by the Republicans of tion of the laws of Scuth Carclina List of the Acts of General Interest itself. A separate resolution condemned as unjust and narrow the act of the State officers who had refused

> resentatives. Resolutions were adopted on the death of Marcus A. Hanna.

There were two protests against the alleged disfranchisement of the colored voters of the State. It was held that 100,000 Republicans were disfranchised, and asked the Republican oarty to take the matter up.

from the national committeemen and ture. From time to time we will put it in the hands of the congressmen or congressional no pinees. There were nominated for delegates

C. Blalock, Laurens: 'V. D. Crum, Charleston: John G. Capers, Charleston: E. H. Deas, of Darlington; Robert Smalls, Beaufort, R. R. Tol- baggage of sample trunks of two hunbert, Abbeville: G. W. Murray, Sum- dred pourds weight or less, free of ter: Dr. W. T. Smith, Greenville: E. M. B ayton, Columbia.

minutes each and second ng advertise- doned wells. ments of five minutes each the convention went into an election, the and mischievous interference with fire cents each, for the school fund. delegates voting for four as their and police alarm boxes, wires and apnames were called under the direction paratus. of three tellers. The chair announced - Mr. Whaley-To empower cities of that 63 would be necessary to a choice, over 40,000 inhabitants to impose and there bein 125 delegates.

Capers voted for Blalock, Deas, tions. Crum and Smalls. Crum voted for Capers. Deas voted for Smith, Bla | ment for safe-crackers. lock, Small and Capers.

A. A. Gates voted for Capers, Smith, Smalls and Blalock. John R. Tolbert voted for Deas, Tolbert, Crum and Murray. Joe Tolbert voted for Capers. Blalock voted for Capers. Smith, Deas and Crum.

United States Marshal Adams voted for Blalock, Capers, Deas and Smalls. J. H. Fordham voted for Capers, Blalock, Smalls and Deas, Before Richland was reached Deas, Capers and Tribble \$1,500 for compiling Confed-Blalock had received a majority, erate records. Brayton, by proxy, voted for himself, Deas, Smalls and Murray. Postmaster Poinier, of Spartanburg, voted for Capers, Crum, Smith and Blalock. G. W. Murray voted for Tolbert,

Brayton, Smith and Clum. The vote on the first ballot was: Smith 22, Brayton 10.

Great yelling and rushing about the hall followed the announcement industrial communities of 50 persons. of the vote, and Chairman Deas threatened to put a motion that Crum township road tax. be declared the fourth delegate if the members did not take their seats and malicious and mischievous interference maintain order. This finally restored with fire and police alarm boxes,

their names. Murray withdrew in ment erected by the State upon the favor of Crum. Smalls followed suit battlefield of Chickamauga in withdrawing in Crum's favor. To encourage the establishment of Smith's name was withdrawn and rural districts.

Crum was elected by acclamation. An attempt was made to have the four defeated candidates chosen as al-Man, W.S. Thompson.

Newberry—R. E. Williams, J. C.
Young, J. D. Eichelberger.

Oconee—R. Q. Merrick, S. M. Smith.
Orangeburg—J. H. Fordham, Jacob
Moorer, A. D. Webster, C. W. Caldwell A. D. Ventzler.

The district delegates to the National Control of the Manual Control of the Manual

The district delegates to the National convention are elected by the

district conventions.

Served Him Right. A man in Philadelphia purposely fell in front of a trolley car and lost his leg in order that he might secure damages from the company. Two ga es: friends who were to act as his witnesses against the company were un-Williamsburg—James Tharpe Z. R.
Coooper, G. W. McCullough.
York—G. A. Watts, J. W. Satterwhite, A. W. Lee, S. H. Harris. of conspiracy and sentenced to two years imprisonment. He finished his tions. term the other day and has returned to his home, broken in health, maimed for life, a charge upon his relatives and forever branded with the stigma 4,000 and not more than 20,000 inof his convict sentence. His was habitants. indeed an unprofitable and even pitiable "get-rich-quick" scheme. -The

Untouched by Baltimore Fire.

The tuilding of the Bobbitt Chemihad left her alone in the room, re-sisted that this representative con- cal C., No. 316 West Lo. abard Street, called by her screams, found her on vention was an omen of success. He Baltimere, the proprieters of "Rheuthe floor, with her clothing all ablazed. felt that it meant much for the good macide," the famous remedy for They extinguished the flames, but the of the State. He most heartly sec- Rheumatism, was saved from the can boll wheel into the State. which he will go about operating doctors say that the extent of the onded the nomination of Deas and great fire that destroyed most of the business section of the ciBaltimore. ime and again it was threatened A two-year-old child of Mr. and tion before the convention and pre- cide" is still being manufactured and Mr. Darnis To and the Darnis To Robert Smalls placed the nomina- with destruction. But "Rheumaold stand.

Two Lives Lost.

were lost in a fire Friday morning that destroyed three buildings and threatened the entire business section. tion. The girl's mother escaped by

A Family Tragedy.

The daughter of Thos. Hess of mational convention as a delegate. In turn was shot and killed by the The convention then adjourned until young husband. This happened on pointment and compensation of a second the wishes of the latter as to the number of clear days, eleven; partly

Killed by a Bear.

The body of Baron Martin Von Schlosser, formerly an officer in the of county supervisors. German army and for many years a resident of Port Angeles, Col. has been found on the range south of the Hot Springs, near the body of a dead bear. The Baron undoubtedly had been killed by the bear while hunting.

Register is Hanged.

For the double murder of Jesse Soles and Jim Stanley and the burglary of their bouse, which was burned to conceal his crime, Jabel Register ers. was hanged Friday at Whiteville, N. C. The father of the condemned man

THE NEW LAWS

Passed at the Late

the use of Hall of the House of Rep- MIETING OF THE LEGISLATURE.

B ice Bill, the Coggeshall Bill, the

Dog Tax Bill, the Immigration Bureau Bill Among Most Interesting. Below will be found a list of the

Geo. W. Murray wanted to take new laws of general interest enacted away the suggestion of nominations at the late meeting of the Legislapublish the full texts of these acts: Senator Warren-To provide for biennial sessions of the general assembly.
Mr. Lat ham—To require common

carriers of passengers to transport charge with any passenger. Mr. Richardson-To require owners

After nominating speeches of ten and tenants to fence in or fill up aban-Mr. Sinkler-To punish malicious

collect a license upon certain condi-Mr. Wright-To provide punish-Mr. DeBruhl-To amend the constitution, so as to permit the general courts in certain counties.

assembly to enact local and special Mr. Haile-To grant electric lighting and power companies all the rights, powers and privileges conferred upon telegraph and telephone companies.

Mr. DeBruhl-To make baby carriages baggage. Mr. Walker-To pay Col. M. P.

Mr. Tribble-To exempt soldiers and sailors from paying license. Mr. Gause-To prevent the shipping of shad beyond the limits of this State.

Mr. Smith-To allow persons to be tried before magistrates to deposit a Blalock 80, Crum 43, Capers 102, Deas sum of money in lieu of entering into 107, Smalls 45, Tolbert 43, Murray 47, recognizance for their appearance for Mr. E. J. Watson Appointed to the to attack the battleship Retvizan and trial. Mr. Haile-To have constables for

> Mr. Toole-To provide for special Senator von Kolnitz-To punish

wires and apparatus. Brayton and Tolbert then withdrew | To provide for repairing the monu-

Then after some more disorder libraries in the public schools of the Senator McIver-To amend the code

> of railroad companies. Mr. Morgan -To amend the code, as to labor contracts. Mr. D. O. Herbert-To amend the general assembly, so as to make it con-

> form to the provisions of the constitution of 1895. To amend the code, concerning witnesses' fees in court of general ses-

fr. Whaley-To amend the code corperning the lien of certain mortifr. Doyle-To prevent treating on

ele :tion days. if. Pyait-To prohibit the theft of lectric current. Mr. Little-To amend the code so as to include private banking institu-

Mr. Doar-To authorize establishment of municipal courts in cities having a population of not less than Mr. DeVore-To amand the code relative to the counties exempt from

the general laws providing for cotton weighers. . Mr. Haskell-To amend the code as to homestead exemption of persons other than heads of families. Senator Stackhouse-To against the introdution of the Mexi-

Mr. For i-To fix the salaries of the sheriffs in this State. Mr. McColl - To make the filing down or otherwise altering of horses' Mr. Der nis-To prohibit the false

marking, oranding, stamping or labeling of food products. Mr. Wale-Making it unlawful to At Colorado Springs, Col., two lives operate any slot machine in this State. Mr. Moses, for Tax Commissioner-To require the payment of annual license fees of corporations doing busi-

Mr. Richards -Relating to the of immigration would be an entire ten. The greatest monthly precipita-Capers then took the floor and re- jumping. Six horses were killed and scholarships at Winthrop, providing success. ing the conditions of competition. Mr. D. O. Herbert-To provide for

beneficiary scholarships in the Clemson Agricultural College of South Carolica. Senator Manning-To establish a of Commerce until that work is in-Department of Commerce and Immi- augurated. He has had a consultation extended to winter of 1884-85 only),

retary. all telephone lines in this State.

\$500 to aid the D. A. R. in erecting a in the work has been of a purely unmonument to the partisan generals on selfish nature. the State house grounds. Senator McColl-To incorporate the South Carolina Immigration asso-

code relating to education. Senator Mayfield-To amend the code relating to the oath of apprais-

Crow apartments on ferry boats. chase money of property sold by at- to the position of news editor. His friends of that institution will appretachment proceedings. Senator Douglass-To protect elec-

Sena or Hard n-To provide for cottonseed meal inspection Mr. Sinkler-To regulate the giving

of security for loans under \$25. Mr. Moses-The new medical regulation act.

Mr. Johnson-To declare all municipal charters perpetual unless otherwise provided. Senator Mayfield-To test the Southern's lease over the S. C. & G. by suit, conducted by the attorney-

general. Mr. Lancaster-To allow entire famhes the use of milage tickets. Judiciary Committee-Ceding lands in Richland, York, Spartanburg and Georgetown to the government for

Mr. Logan-To create pension funds for disabled and superannuated fire-Mr. Cooper-Relating to violation of labor contracts.

federal buildings.

Mr. Bomar-To allow city officers to grant warrants to break into and coast batteries, repelled this attack, enter gambling dens in cities of 5,000 forced the Japanese to retire and sucinhabitants.

vestigation of incendiary fires and for posted in the lobbies of the hamber the better prevention of excessive fire of Deputies and the Senate during the insurance rates.

Mr. D. O. Herbert-To tax dogs 50 enthusiasm. Ways and Means Committee-General appropriation bill, supply bill.

Mr. Irby-Pay check system of laborers' wages. ment of ferries.

transportation delay.

Senator Sheppard-Change in general precinct bill. Senator-Mayfield-To incorporate the Voorhees Industrial school.

accounts off the books of the State at Port Arthur, according to which treasurer. disposition of certain funds now in outer to the inner harbor of Port the State treasury.

the State. Senator Brice-To allow voting out

Senator Warren-To ascertain the

of established dispensaries. IN THE BEST OF HANDS.

Commissioner of Immigration. night that he had appointed Mr. E. department of the State government - entrance of the harbor; they were the bureau of commerce, agriculture coming directly towards her. One of and immigration. In speaking of the them went on the Peninsula and the appointment The State says to those Retvizan observed four steamers in a who know Mr. Watson, and they are sinking condition and eight torpedonot few, this is assurance that Gov. boats departing slowly to rejoin thethe department shall be a success. Mr. Watson has been tried in work of relating to the execution of mortgages a very similar nature and has been er is still burning. The enemy is obfound eminently fitted for the work

and for the responsibilities. The new department of the government of the State is one of the matcode, as to mileage of members of the ters in which Gov. Heyward has been interested most deeply. Through this medium he hopes to build up the State and bring money and settlers into South Carolina. He took a personal interest in the work of the immigration convention here last fall, and seeing the opportunity for effective work has chosen a man who has had experience in promoting the interests of the State, and a man of un-

bounded energy and enthusiasm. The qualifications exacted by the law creating this office are that the commissioner shall have a good moral matters of commerce, shall be charged with the work of promoting agriculture, manufacturing and other industries and to prepare a handbook giving a statement of the resources and advantages of the State in such a records at Charleston, and are issued way as to appeal to people who are dissatisfied elsewhere and are seeking a fertile soil in a temperate climate. To these qualifications Gov. Heyward added that the commissioner must be a business man not in politics and must devote his entire time to the degrees. The warmest month was that work. It is declared without reservation that Mr. Watson fills all of the qualifications, and after some deliberation has agreed to take the place with

the added requirement of giving it his entire attention. The position came unsolicited-for Mr. Watson was not an applicantbut was arranged through mutual friends who wishing to see the new step taken successfully recommended Mr. Watson to the consideration of the governor who had witnessed the in spring, March 3; the latest date on successful efforts of Mr. Watson in which last "killing" frost occurred in managing the Columbia Chamber of Commerce the hardest months of its ness in this State and report to the existence and was convinced that in month, 3.75 inches. Average number

Mr. Watson stated that he would not establish the bureau before the in 1887. The greatest amount of pre-15th of March, as he has in hand the cipitation recorded in any twenty-four opening of the navigation on the Congaree and he does not want to leave March 13-14, 1889. The greatest the office of secretary of the Chamber amount of snow fall recorded in any Senator Hydrick-To give the rail- as yet he has no statement to make as eight. The prevailing winds have been road commissioners jurisdiction over to the manner in which he will pro- from the southwest, twenty-five per ceed. Mr. Watson was secretary of cent. The average hourly velocity of Senator Raysor-To fix the salaries the immigration convention and a the wind is 11.4; the highest velocity member of the executive committee of the wind was fifty-five miles, from Senator Mayfield—To appropriate of that organization and his interest the north-cast, on March 29, 1903.

> As secretary of the Chamber of retirement from The State will be ciate this vastly increased resenue. regretted by his associates, and the members of the Chamber of Commerce

FIVE SHIPS SUNK.

The Russians Give the Japanese a Very Warm Reception,

AND FORCED THEM TO RETIRE

From Port Arthur, Which They Attempted to Bottle Up With Some Old Worn

Out Ships. A dispatch from Paris says the Russian embassey in that city received a communication to the effect that a Japanese squadron, during the night of February 24, tried to block the entrance of Port Arthur harbor, at the same time attacking Russian war ships there with torpedo boats and trying to set them on fire. The battle ship Retvizan, supported by the ceeded in sinking four of their vessels. Mr. Mauldin-To provide for the in- The news of this Russian victory was

FIVE SHIPS SUNK.

sitting Wednesday and caused great

A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from St. Petersburg, sent at 11 o'clock Wednesday night, says that on February 23 the Japanese attempt-Mr. Dean-Relating to the manage- ed to send four steamers filled with explosives among the Russian fleet in Mr. Coggeshall-To prevent freight Port Arthur harbor. These fire ships did no damage and were themselves Mr. Youmans-Relating to county destroyed, two being sunk and two going ashore. Two Japanese boats escorting the fire ships were destroyed

by Russian guns. A dispatch to the Central News from St. Petersburg gives another ver-Senator McIver-To write certain sion of the reported Japanese defeat the Japanese planned to sink some Senator Mclver-To provide for the barges in the strait leading from the Arthur, thus blocking the exit. The Russian gun fire, however, sunk the amount of phosphate in the waters of | barges before they arrived at the intended spot.

A RUSSIAN ACCOUNT.

A Telegram from Viceroy Alexieff to the Czir says: At a quarter before 3 in the morning of Feb 24, numerous Japanese torpedo boats attempted sink large steamers loaded with inflammables. The Retvizan was the Gov. Heyward announced Tuesday first to observe the torpedo boats and opened a strong fire on them. She was supported by the land batteries. J. Watson commissioner of the new She destroyed two steamers near the other sank under Golden Hall. The waiting Japanese war the sailors of the Japanese vessels were drowned. The grounded steamserved in the offing of Port Arthur in two lines. The Japanese crews saved themselves in boats, and it is possible that some of them were picked up by the enemy's torpedo boats. "I am proceeding to examine the coasts. The entrance of the harbor is open. I attribute the complete derangement of the enemy's plan to the brilliant acvizan. Floating mines are still visible in the roadstead. I have recalled the three cruisers sent in pursuit of the enemy in order, in the first place. to clear the roadstead of floating mines.

We had no losses." THE WEATHER FOR MARCH.

character, competent knowledge of What It May Be as Indicated by Records of the Past.

The following data, covering a pe-

riod of thirty-three years, have been

compiled from the weather bureau to show the conditions that have prevailed, during March, for the above period of years, but must not be construed as a forecast of the weather conditions for the coming month. Mean or normal temperature, 58 of 1871, with an average of 61 degrees; the coldest month was that of 1872, with an average of 52 degrees. The highest temperature was 86 degrees, on March 21, 1897; the lowest temperature was 24 degrees, on March 5, 1895. The earliest date on which first "killing" frost occured in autumn, November 9, 1886. Average date on

which first "killing" frost occured in

autumn. November 30: average date

on which last "killing frost occured

spring, April 2, 1881. Average precipitation for the Mr. Watson's hands the department of days with .01 of an inch or more, tion was 9.78 inches, in 1872; the least monthly precipitation was 0.50 inches consecutive hours was 3.14 inches, on

A dispatch from Columbia to the Commerce, Mr. Watson became known Charleston Post says the fertilizer personally to a great many people of privilege tax receipts to date are \$21.in South Carolina on occount of the 000 in excess of the receipts up to this Senator Sharpe-To amend the way in which he managed the general time last year and equivalent to the preparations for the reunion last entire income from that tax two spring and for the last State fair, years ago. The total for all of last But before that time he had had a year was \$98,000, while to date the wide acquaintance on account or his 1904 receipts are \$80,000, with the Senator von Kolintz-To mark Jim work for ten years as city editor sales of March expected to be quite The State, which position he held up heavy. As this is the principle source Senator Raysor—To secure the pur- to last March when he was promoted of revenue of Ciemson College, the

> A GALVANIZED Republican is the will find great difficulty in getting an only kind of a cardidate certain so-