NONE VERY IMPORTANT.

Read it Over Carefully and Then File It Away for Future Reference.

The work of the General Assembly, which has just adjourned, is best shown in the compact list of acts that were enacted by the lawmakers. Last year there were 178 acts and resolutions enacted into law. This year there were not as many acts and resolutions passed, the total number being 152.

In order that the work may be more readily grasped and understood the list of ratified acts has been divided up into groups, which ocver the main features of the legislation. It will be seen that most of the legislation this year, as usual, referred to petty county matters, raising the salary of a county officer or providing for some insignificant road work. Then there is a large instalment of acts that refer to special schools. where authority of law is given for the erection of a school building, the bor rowing of money for this work or the changing of the law as to the election of the trustees. A great many of the measures refer to claims that were pre sented, and a glance will show that there were precious few bills of a general character that were enacted into statutory law.

The greater part of the work of this session would be covered on a negative sheet by showing what was not enacted

The list of ratified acts will be of general interest at the closing up of the General Assembly for 1901. The acts and joint resolutions are as follows:

TAXATION.

A joint resolution to extend the time for the payment of taxes for the year

An act to require owners of real property situate partly within and partly without an incorporated town or city to list the part in the town or city separately from the part outside, and providing penalty if it is not done. A joint resolution to require county

treasurers to refund penalties on taxes

paid after 31st December, 1900. An act to ratify the amendment to the Constitution of the State of South Carolina, to be known as "Article I of amendments to the Constitution," to authorize the General Assembly to provide by law for the condemnation and equitable assessment of lands for drain-

age purposes. Judiciary committee: An act to ratify the amendment to Section 7, Article VIII, of the Constitution relating to municipal bonded indebtedness.

An act to provide uniformity and equality in the assessment of property firms or corporations engaged in textile companies and fertilizer companies. act to amend Section 4 of An

entitled "An act to fur her provide for | to restore fees. the return and assessment of property for taxation, approved the 2d day of ship assessors equalizers as well as asseasors of property.

mencing January 1, 1900.

FEDERAL RELATIONS. Mr. Sinkler: An act to grant to the City Council of Charleston, and its successers, the title and interest of the State to certain lands in Charleston County, for the purpose of a naval sta-

Judiciary Committee: An act vacating Beach avenue, in the town of Moultrieville, Sullivan's Island, South Carolina, and ceding to the United States for military purposes the title of this State to and the jurisdiction of this State over certain lands now occupied by Central and Beach avenues, Moultrieville, Sullivan's Island, South Car-

Mr. Thompson: An act to give consent by the State of South Carolina to the acquisition by the United States of such lands as may be needed for the establishment of a national forest reserve in said State.

THE EXPOSITION ACT.

Mr. Barnwell: An act to provide for a building and a State exhibit at the South Carolina Inter-State and West Indian Exposition, and to make an appropriation for the same.

COURTS AND JURIES.

Mr. Mower: An act to validate the drawing of all jurous for the year 1901. Mr. Bivens: An act to amend an act entitled "An act\_to amend Section 18 of the Code of Civil Procedure, fixing the times for holding Courts in the 1st judicial circuit," approved February 19, 1898, so far as Dorohester County is concerned.

A joint resolution to authorize the State librarian to furnish the Chief Justice and the Associate Justices and the Circuit Judges of this State each with a copy of the report of the code commissioner, made in pursuance of Section 5 of Article YI of the Constitu-

tion of this State. An act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend Section 21 of the Code of Civil Precedure, being Section 21 of Part I, Title III, Volume II of the Revised Statutes, as to the time of holding Courts in the 4th circuit,"approved the 26th day of January, 1897, so as to abolish the provision for the June term of the Court of General Sessions for the

counties of Horry and Chesterfield. Mr. Wells: An act to amend an act entitled "An act to fix the time for holding the Courts of the 3d judicial circuit.

An act to amend Section 11 of the Code of Civil Procedure of this State, relat-

ing to the juridiction of the Supreme Mr. McGowan: An act to require all

the Courts of this State to take judicial notice of the laws and ordinances of any town or city in this State when the same shall be certified to by the clerk or other officer of the town or city, under the seal of the municipal corporation wherein such laws and ordinances as are or were of force.

An act to provide for the empanelling of the jurors in the Courts of Common Pleas, and to prescrib; the manner in which civil actions and issues ordered by the Court shall be tried.

An act to further regulate the drawing and service of grand jurors. An act to amend Section 9 of an act entitled "an act to provide the organ-

the 6th day of January, A D. 1896, in relation to the reporter and reports. An set to amend Section 6 of an act holding the Circuit Courts in the 8th | council and limiting their rower, judicial circuit," approved February 27, 1899.

COUNTY AFFAIRS.

An act to authorize and direct the commissioners of the sinking fund to lend fund to the county board of commissioners of Marlboro County, to pay for building a new jail for said county, and to and to abolish the office of terrapin in authorize said board to pass a special tax levy to secure the payment of the same.

An act to amend Section 2 and 3 of an act entitled "an act to repeal an act to atolish the office of Master of Kershaw County and re establish said office of Master," approved December 20. A D. 1893, by requiring him to enter into bond and exercise all the duties now devolved by law upon Masters, and receive the compensation and fees of said office.

An act to amend an act to amend Section 1 of an act entitled "an act to provide compensation for the members of the township commissioners so as to fix the mileage of the chairman of said commissioners of Beaufort County at five cents per mile going and coming.'

Ar act to smend an act entitled "an act to amend an act entitled "an act to provide for the establishment of a new school district in Marlboro County, and to authorize the levy and collection of a local tax therein," approved December 24, 1888.

Ap act to enable the commissioners of the sinking fund to lend funds to the County of Barnwell to pay for building a fire proof repository for the records of said county.

A joint resolution authorizing and requiring the county a board of commissioners of Clarendon County to have horoughly investigated the present condition of and the workings of the public offices of Clarendon County for the past ten years.

A joint resolution to authorize and equire the State Treasurer to pay to the county treasurer of Dorohester County \$225 for commissions paid for the State by said county.

An act to authorize and empower the county board of commissioners of Ker shaw County to sell the jail, lots and buildings owned by said county and to purchase another site for the same.

An act to amend Section 1 of an act entitled "an Act to prescribe and fix the fees of physicians for post-mortem examinations at coroner's inquest," approved 25th February, 1896, by making same act apply to Barnwell and Williamsburg counties heretofore ex empted.

An act to make the salary of the magistrate and constable at Williston, in Barnwell County, the same as that paid to the magistrate and constable at Barnwell Court House and Blackville, in the same county.

An act to repeal an act entitled "an act to amend Section 1 of an Act eptitled 'an act to provide for a salary to the register of mesne conveyances of Greenville County, and to require fees for recording, to be collected and paid to the county treasurer,' approved December 19, A, D. 1892, so as to reduce the salary of said officers to one thousand dollars, and so as to add a section returnable for taxation by persons, to said act, to be known as Section 3, providing a salary for the clerk of Court industries and canals, providing power of Clarendon County, and to further for reat or hire, and cotton seed oil regulate his duties." approved 9th day of February, 1900, so far as the said and to incorporate the Greenville and act relates to Clarendon County, and Laurens Railroad Company, approved

An act to repeal so much of an act entitled "an act to declare and regulate March, A. D. 1897, so as to make town- the fees of clerks of the Courts of Common Pleas and General Sessions in this State, and to provide a salary in An act to make appropriations to lieu and instead of costs and fees in meet the ordinary expenses of the State | oriminal cases, as relates to Hampton Government for the fiscal year com- and Marion counties." approved the 3d day of March, A. D. 1899, and to restore fees.

An act to amend Sections 1 and 3 of an act entitled "an act to amend an act entitled "an art to provide for the county government of the various counties of this State, approved the 6.h day of March, 1899," approved 19.h day of February, 1900, abolishing township commissioners in York County and increasing compensation for county commissioners of said county, and providing mileage for county commissioners of Florence County and additional compensation for supervisor of Union County, and relating to the compensation and duties of the supervisor and commissioners in Orangeburg

An act to to amend a certain portion of Dorchester and Clarendon counties from the seneral stock law during cer-

tain months. An act to repeal so much of an act entitled "an act relating to the fees and salaries of the county officers of the scveral counties of this State as relates to Marion County and Newberry County,' approved the 19th day of February, A. D. 1900.

An act to amend an act entitled "anact to amend an act entitled 'an act to provide for the county government of the various counties of the State,' " approved 19th February, 1900, with regard to the county government of the counties of Sumter and Marlboro.

STATE CULLEGES.

An act to further amend Section 1,-114 of the Revised Statutes, relating to the powers of the board of visitors of the South Carolina Military Academy. An act to provide for the completion of the Winthrop Normal and Industrial College of South Carolina, and to

furnish it and to appropriate money for for the same. An act to provide for the erection and furnishing of a steward's hall at the

South Carolina College. An Act to remit fees to teachers attending the special courses for teachers at the South Corolina College.

PENITENTIARY. A joint resolution authorizing the board of directors of the Penitantiary to furnish book cases for books used at the Penitentiary.

An act to authorize and require the superintendent of the State Penitentiary to hire convicts to the several counties to work on the public highways, and not to hire them out for farming purposes.

NEW BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

An act to create a State board of entomology, to define its powers and prescribe its duties and provide for the inspection of fruit trees, vineyards and vegetable farms, to prevent contagious i seases and destroy destructive inects in orchards, vineyards and other places in this State.

An act to authorize and empower the board of trustees of Clemson College to promulgate and enforce rules and regulations for the guidance of the veterinarian of said College, in the treatment or destruction of animals affected with contagious diseases. An act to provide for the appointment and compensation of a State geolo-

ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND CITY PLANTS. ization of the Supreme Court, to define its powers and jurisdiction, and to pro- entitled "An act to authorize all cities

and to define their duties," approved | a system of water-works and electric lights, and to issue bonds to meet the cost of same," approved 2d day of March, 1896, requiring board of comentitled "an act to fix the time for missioners of public works to report to

> An act to provide for lighting the State House and other public buildings. FISH AND TERRAPIN. A kill to amend "An act to regulate

the catching, gathering, sale, exrort or canning of oysters, clams and terrapins, to declare the law in reference thereto spector, as herein provided." approved the 19th day of February, A. D. 1900.

CHARTERS AND CORPORATIONS An act to incorporate the board of visitors of the Thornwell Orphanage, at Clinton, South Carolina.

An act to provide for the election of directors, trustees or managers of all corporations in South Carolina, and to carry out the provisions of Section 11 of Article IX of the Constitution of the State of South Carolina in reference to accumulative voting of stock. An act to amend an act entitled "An

set to grant certain powers to the Bishop and standing committee of the Protestant Episcopal Church for the liocese of South Carolina," approved February 20, 1880, and to substitute in their place another board of trustees. An act to provide for the collection of certain fees by the Secretary of State.

An act to amend Sectioni 1 and 4 of an act entitled "An act to incorporate the A. R. P. Orphanage, and prescribe the duties and powers of the board of trustees thereof, approved 1st March, 1899, empowering the board of trustees to change the name and locality of the orphanage.

Anact to incorporate the Seigler Mills Company. An act in relation to the renewal and extension of the charters of all corportions, (railroad, railway, turnpike and canal corporations excepted) inc roorsted by special acts, whose charters have

not expired. An act declaring the legal status of shares of stock in manufacturing corporations.

An act to regulate the issue of preferred stock to corporators. RAILROADS.

A joint resolution to declare correct reading of Section 7 of an act entitled 'An act to provide for the assessment for taxation of railroad property which has been off the tax books for the years in which they have been off the books and to fix the time when such taxes shall become due, and for the collection thereof," approved the 19th day of February, A D. 1900.

An act to require the railroad commission to fix rates of storage to be charged by railroad companies in this State, to prescribe regulation for charging the same and to prescribe how suit shall be brought for overcharges, and to fix the measure of recovery and to regulate the freight charges on melons.

An act to validate and confirm the original bonds and all renewals there of, known as railroad bonds, amounting to seventy-five thousand dollars, issued by Laurens County, pursuant to an election held in said county on 7th day of June, 1881, un ler the provisionof an act entitled "An act to authorize the for mation of and to incorporate the Greenville and LaurensRailroad Company,"approved Feb. 14, 1878, as am anded by an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitl ed' An act to authoriz; the formation Laurens Railroad Company,' approved the 14:hday of Feb. 1878," approved December 24, 1880, and to validate and confirm the original bond and all renewals thereof, known as railroad bonds, amounting to seventy-five thousand dollars, issued by Leurens County, pursuant to an election held in said county on the 7th day of June, 1881, under the provisions of an act entitled 'An act to charter the Greenwood, Laurens and Spartanburg Railroad Company," and to repeal an act entiled "An act to charter the Greenwood, Luceas and Spartanburg Rullroad Company," approved December 24, 1880, and authorizing the refunding of

said bonds under the general laws. An act to amend Section 1,479 as Section 1 675 in the Revised Statutes of 1893, relating to the running of railroad trains on Sunday, so as to provide for the running of trains to trans port passengers to and from religious

An act to incorporate the Johnston, Saluda, Greenwood and Anderson Railroad Company.

An act to authorize th town of Sa'u ds, in Saluda County, upon the petition of a majority of its free-holders, and the vote of a majority of its electors qualified to vote at such elections. to subscribe to the capital stock of the Saluda and Johnston Railroad Company twelve thousand dollars in bonds. An act to amend an act entitled "An

act to amend Section 2.316 of the Ravised Statutes of this State, the same being a part of the Lord Campbell Act,' approved the-day February, A. D.

An act to named an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to regulate the schedule of passenger trains in certain cases,' approved the 9.h day of March, 1896." approved the 21 day of M.y, A D. 1897.

An act to amend Section 1,615 of the Revised Statutes of the State of South Carolina of 1893, relating to the consolidation of railroad companies.

ROAD WORK.

A bill to amend Section 4 of an act entitled "An act to amend Sections 3 and 4 of an act entitled 'An act to provide a system of county government of the several counties of the State, so far it relates to the maintaining and working of the roads and highways in the State," approved the 19th day of February, A. D. 1900.

An act to repeal an act entitled "An act to amend the Country Government act as embodied in the Revised Statutes and acts amendactory as to working roads in Marlboro County, approved Febuary 19, 1900, entitled "An act to Febuary 19, 1900, entitled amend Sections 3 and 4 of an act entitled 'An act to provide a system of county government of the several counties of this State, so far as it relates to the maintaining and working of the roads and highways of the State,' approved March 23, 1896," and to make certain special provisions for the county of

Marlboro. An act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend Sections 3 and 4 of an act entitled 'An act to provide a system of count government of the various counties of the State, so far as it relates to the maintaining and working of the roads and highways in the State,' approved 231 March, 1896," approved the 10th day of February, A. D. 1900, by adding another section, to be known as

Section 2 An act to provide for the establishment of chain gangs in incorporated to amend an act approved 21st of Febcities, towns and villages situated in | ruary, A. D. 1898, entitled "An act to

An act to amend Section 3 of an act | act to amend Section 1,087 of the Gen. | public schools with school text books | days; and many friends hope that they eral Statutes relating to damages caus- at actual cost," approved the 17th day may live to enjoy many years of convide for the appointment of its officers, and towns to build, equip and operate ed by defective highway, causeways or of February, A. D. 1900, by striking nubial happiness.

bridges," now appearing as Section 1,-169 of the Revised Statutes of South Carolina, by adding thereto an additional proviso.

FERRIES.

An act to abolish the charter of the Port Royal Ferry Company and to vest the control of the same in the county board of commissioners for Beaufort County, with power to operate the

An act to regulate the rates of toll for passengers and the times of running of School District No 1, of Karshaw of all public steam ferries in this State.

INSURANCE A joint resolution to provide for the insurance of the buildings and other property of the South Carolina College. An act to regulate the business of church fire insurance companies in this

An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide for State insurance of public bui'dings," approved the 19.h day of February, A. D. 1900.

An act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend Sections 1 and 2 of an act entitled 'An act to require any insurance company or association to be possessed of one hundred thousand dollars, surplus or capital, or, in lieu thereof, to have one hundred thousand dollars on deposit with some State, for the benefit of all policyholders, or, in lieu thereof, to deposit with the Treasurer of this State valid State securities aggregating ten thousand dollars, said securities to be subject to any judgement against said companies, and said judgment shall operate as a lien oa such securities, and providing a penalty for the violation of the provisions of this act."

GENERAL ACTS.

An act to regulate the bonds of pub lie (ficers and to provide a penalty for any person who assumes, or attempts to assume, the duties of any office with out having given the required bond. An act to prevent the sale of goods,

of any camp ground or other place of religious meeting outside an incorporat ed town or city. An act relating to attorneys' costs in

the Supreme Court.

wares or merchandise within one mile

An act to regulate the carrying, manafacture and sale of pistols and to make a violation of the same a misdemeanor. An act to amend Section 2,359, (18-74.) volume I, of the Revised Statutes of 1893, as to the exemplified copies of wills admissible in evidence by reducing the number of days from sixty days

to ten days. An act to provide for the election of s commissioner to codify the statute law of this State, define his and to fix his compensation, and for the publica tion of such code and the disposition of the same.

An acts to amend Section 355 of the Code of Civil Procedure of 1893, with regard to the justification of sureties. An act to amend an act entitled "An act to further amend Section 8 of an act to provide for the appointment of magistrates and to define their jurisdiction, power and duties," approved March 2, 1897, and acts amendatory thereof, approved March 3, 1899, ap

proved February 19, A D. 1900. An act fixing costs and expenses for the settlement of estates of less than one hundred dollars.

DRAINAGE, ETC.

An act relating to drainage, public canals and other ditches in Charleston County.

An set to furthre amend Section 15 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election of the State board of control, and to further regulate the sale, use, consumption, transportation and disposition of intoxicating and alcoholic liquors, etc," approved the 5th of March 1897 to prevent the manufacture and distilling of such liquors within two miles of any church or public school.

An act to amend Section 10 of an act entitled "An act to further declare the law in reference to and fur her regulate the use, sale consumption, transporta tion and disposition of alcoholic liquid or liquors within the State of South Carolina, and to police the same," ap proved January 2, A. D. 1895, as to the General Statutes of 1882, appearing the compensation of the board of control of Chesterfield County.

CONFEDERATE. An act to set apart for Confederate souvenirs and relics a room on the Senate side of the third floor in the Capatol, and to give the Daughters of the State Confederacy control of the

To increase the pension fund to \$150,-

An act for the apportionment of Representatives to the House of Representatives.

Anact to validate the elections whereby J. F. Mahaffey, W. H. Suber, J. E. Epting and J. H. Bushardt were elected wardens and Jackson Counts intendant of the town of Peak.

An act to amend an act entitled "An ace to divide the City of Charleston into twelve wards, and making provision for the election of the Mayor and Alderman of said city."

An act to provide for the holding of an election within that portion of Chesterfield County now exempted from the provisions of the general stock law to ascertain whether said exemption

shall centinue or be abolished. An act to further regulate the registering of electors in this State.

MEDICAL AFFAIRS An act to amend Sub-Divison 7 of ection 970, Volume I, Revised Section 970, Statutes of South Carolina, as to the qualifications of physicians, so as to exempt graduates of the Medical College of the State of South Carolina and all graduates who present a diploma from a reputable medical college in this

State. An act to amend Article 1, of Chapter 24, of Title 8, of the Revised Statutes, Volume I, relating to the board of health, by adding thereto two sections, to be known as Section 969a and Section 9695, extending the powers of State and local boards of health.

SCHOOL DISTRICT MATTERS.

An act to authorize and empower the trustees of School District No 60, in the county of Aiken, in the town of Wagener, to erect a school house on a lot owned by said district, and to empower said district to convey an interest in said school house and lot to said town. and to employ joint the teacher for said school and to change the name of said district.

An act to authorize Branchville School District No 18 to issue bonds for the purpose of purchasing and pro curing grounds and erecting buildings for the public schools and to provide for the payment thereof. An act to amend Section 3 of an act

out on line 20, Section 3, of said act, the word "Beaufort."

An act to amend an act entitled "An act to create a new school district within the township of Blackville, in Barnwell County, to be known as the 'Blackville School District,' and to authorize the levy and collection of a local tax therein," approved 23d of December, A. D. 1890, and all acts amendatory " approved 23d of December, thereof.

An act to repeal an act entitled "An act to authorize and require the trustees County, to pay the county auditor of said county annually, out of the special school tax collected in said district a reasonable compensationfor assesting and levving said tax, approved D.c ember 21, 1883

CLAIMS.

A joint resolution to provide for the payment for extra service by J. F. Breeden and J. T. Covington, as county commissioners for Marlboro County, during the construction of the new jail in the year 1900. A joint resolution to pay A. B Dean

\$40 72, expenses incurred in extradit-

ing from Tennessee Arthur Sime, an escared fugitive from justice from this State An act to amend an act entitled "An act to authorize the county treasurer of Laurens and Sumter counties to pay certain school claims," approved the 19th day of February, A. D. 1900, so as to have the said act apply to Clarendon, Newberry and Marion counties. A joint resolution authorizing the Attorney General to mark satisfied a certain judgment against E. M. Ken-

nerly, R. W. Sandifer, S. G. Mayfield, C. B. Free and J. W. Lancaster, MISCELLANENUS.

An act to amend Section 2,500 of the General Statute of 1882, incorporated in Section 165 of the Criminal Statutes of 1893, amended by act approved Dec ember 20, 1893, so as to apply to all personal property. An set to probibit careless and rack

roads of this State. An act to amend an act entitled "An act to authorize the appointment of officers of the peace having jurisdiction within industrial communities containing one hundred inhabitants or more," approved 21st February, 1898, by requiring a bond and declaring their

less riding and driving upon the public

liability. A joint resolution to provide for the keeping and preservation of the flag and records of the Palmett) Regiment and also of the Jackson vase.

An cet to smend Section 3 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election of public cotton weighers, and to provide for their compensation," appreved the 9th day of March, A. D. 1896, by adding a proviso providing for the removal of said weighers for good cause shown, and to fill any vacascy occurring for any cause in office of pub lic cotton weighers.

An actineorporating Little Mountain section of Lexington County inte Newberry County and to alter the county line of Newberry County so as to include portions of Lexington County. An act to limit the number of acres of land which any alien or any cor porsticn controlled by aliens may own

within this State. An act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend Section 1,819 of the Gen eral Statutes of 1882, being section 1 .-839 of the revised statutes of 1893, relating to land-lord and tenant," approved the 21st dayof February, A. D.

An act to amend Section 5 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election of public cotton weighers and to provide for their compensation," ap proved the 9th day of March, A. D 1896, by adding a proviso for the city of A. K.

Child Labor in Mills.

The South Carolina Legislature has defeated a bill placing some restrictions upon the employment of children in the factories of the State. This is the work of cotton-mill owners and the cupidity of parents, and it is not creditable to the State. The action of the Legis!atu e is all the more surprising when we consider that the bill merely provided for a gradual prohibition of child labor under twelve years of age, this prohibition not to become fully effective until May, 1903. They are evidently determined in the South to hold on to this advantage over cotton manufacturing in New England, no matter what it costs the generation now growing-up from infancy. And what it must be costing the State in this particular may be partly understood from a report just made by a delegation of Cincinnati business men at to what they saw in a tramp through some of the manufacturing sections of the South. At Gaffaey, S. C., for example, they found a cotton mill employing 700 hands, composed 'mostly of children." 'Bloss of six, seven and eight years," it is added. 'attend the spindles, big-eyed, old looking youngsters of both sexes. Some of them earn a pittance of 25 cents a day, and their no account parents fetch them their dinners at noon."-Springfield Republican.

The Planet Uranus, Astronomers are turning their tele-scopes in the direction of the planet Uranus, which has become interesting of la e by reason of the fact that it has assumed such a position in the sky that its four moors, revolving about it like so many little golden shuttles, are at present in a p'ane at right angles with the line of vision from the carth, says the Saturday Evening Post. Uranus is a very interesting sort of a world in more than one respect. It is about sixty times as big as the earth, and one of its years is equal to eighty four of ours. From the viewpoint of its inhabitants the sun rises in the west and sets in the east, while all of the four moons have the same peculiarity. To them the sun looks only one four hundredth as large as it does to us, inasmuch as they are 1,800,000,000 miles away from that luminary, and daylight is proportionately dim, though bright enough to see by comfortably, inasmuch as at midday it is equal to the illumina tion of fifteen moons like ours. Uranus has a diameter of 35,000 miles, and its distance from the earth is 1,700,000 miles.

Aged Bride and Groom. The Gaffney Ledger says an event

borders which proves conclusively that Cupid is no respecter of persons and that even the heart of seventy is not callous to his magic wiles. We refer to a marriage in which Mr. Alfred Pritchard, aged seventy four, took unto himself a bride of seventy-two summers in the form of Miss Lucinda Jones. only daughter of Mr. Gnat Thaniel Jones, of lower Cherokee, Mr. X. Blancounties that have no county chain amend an act approved 17th day of February, A. D. 1897, entitled 'An act aged couple whose hearts beat again An act to amend an act entitled "An to provide the pupils attending the free with the ardor and warmth of earlier

TO RENEW OUR YOUTH

Dr. Talmage Tells How We May All those men again and again re-Grow Young in Spirit.

Way to Conquer the Effect of Adwancing Years-The Christlan's Heaven a Place of Eternal Youth.

[Copyright, 1901, by Louis Klopsch.] Washington, Feb. 17. In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows

how anyone can conquer the spirit

of years and grow younger-in spirit;

text, Psalms ciii., 5: "So that thy youth is renewed like the eagle's." There flies out from my text the most majestic of all the feathered creation—an eagle. Other birds have more beauty of plume and more sweetness of voice, but none of them has such power of beak, such clutch of claw, such expansion of wing, such height of soaring, such wideness of dominion. Its appetite rejects the carrion that invites the vulture, and in most cases its food is fresh and clean. Leveling his neck for flight, in spiral curve it swings itself toward the noonday sun. It has been known to live 100 years. What concentration of all that is sublime is the golden eagle, the martial eagle, the booted eagle, the Jean le Blanc eagle! But after awhile in its life comes the molting process, and it looks ragged and worn and unattractive, and feels like moping in its nest on the high crags. But weeks go by, and the old feathers are gone, and new ornithological attire is put on, and its beak, which was overgrown, has the surplus of bone beaten off against the rocks, and it gets back its old capacity for food, and again it mounts the heavens in unchallenged and boundless kingdoms of air and light. David, the author of the text, had watched these monarchs of the sky, and knew their habits, and one day, exulting in his own physical and spiritual rejuvenescence, he says to his own soul: "You are getting younger all the time. You make me think of an eagle which I saw yes-

soul, 'thy youth is renewed like the eagle's.'" The fact is that people get old too fast. They allow the years to run away with them. The almanac and the family record discourage them. Some of you are older than you have any business to be. You ought to realize that as the body gets older the soul ought to get younger. Coming on toward old age you are only in the molting season, and after that you will have better wings, take higher flight and reign in clearer atmosphere. Our religion bids us to look after the welfare of the body as well as of the soul, and the first part as well as the latter part of my subject is appropriate for the pulpit.

terday, just after its molting season,

swinging through the valley of Je-

hoshaphat, and then circling around

the head of Mount Olivet. Oh, my

Many might turn the years backward and get younger by changing their physical habits. The simpler life one leads the longer he lives. Thomas Parr, of Shropshire, England, was a plain man and worked on a farm for a livelihood. At 120 years of age he was at his daily toil. He had lived under nine kings of England. When 152 years of age, he was heard of in London. The king desired to see him and ordered him to the palace, where he was so richly and royally treated that it destroyed his health, and he died at 152 years and nine months of age. When Dr. Harvey, the discoverer of the circulation of the blood, made post-mortem examination of Thomas Parr, he declared there were no signs of senile decay in the body. That man must have renewed his youth,

like the eagle, again and again. All occupations and professions have afforded illustrations of rejuvenescence. Hippocrates, the father of medicine, lived 109 years, and among those eminent in the medical profession who became septuagenarians and octogenarians and nonagenarians were Darwin, Gall, Boerhaave, Jenner and Ruysch, observing themselves the laws of healtn that they taught their patients. In art and literature and science among those who lived into the eighties were Plato and Franklin and Carlyle and Goethe and Buffon and Halley. Sophocles

reached the nineties. You cannot tell how old a man is by the number of years he has lived. I have known people actually boyish in their disposition at 80 years of age, while Louis II., king of Hungary, died of old age at 20. Haydn's oratorio, "The Creation," was composed at 70 years of age. Humboldt wrote his immortal work, "The Cosmos," at 75. William Cullen Bryant, at 82 years of age, in my house read without spectacles "Thanatopsis," which he had composed when 18 years of age. Isocrates did illustrious work at 94. Liontinus Gorgias was busy when death came to him at 107 years of age. Herschel at 80 years of age was hard at work in stellar exploration. Masinissa, king of Numidia, at 90 years of age led a victorious eavalry charge against the Carthaginians. Titian was engaged on his greatest painting when he died in his must have renewed their youth!

one hundredth year. How often they But the average longevity of those in private life and with less mental strain and no conspicuous success is much larger than the average longevity of the renowned. There are hundreds of thousands of men and women now renewing their youth like the eagle's, so that the possibility of such a turning back of years is all around us being demonstrated.

Another mode of rejuvenescence is Bismarck, the greatest of German much of the time associating with those statesmen, a long while before his decease passed his eightieth mileyounger than yourself rather than with

for a walk, but it got to be a run. try and in all countries orphans by the tens of thousands. Go to one of the asylums or institutions where friend-Some one writes me: "Is not less children are cared for and select three score and ten the bound of some little one with an honest eye and human life, according to the bible?" good disposition and take him to your My reply is that Moses, not David, home. Puteround him all the elevating who wrote that psalm, was giving a and happy influences you can provide. statistic of his own day. Through In two years he will become part of better understanding of the laws of your life, and his company to you will health and advancement of medical be indispensable. It will make you 20 science the statistics of longevity years younger. He will be an illuminahave mightily changed since the time tion to the evening of your life, and he of Moses, and the day is coming when will speak your praise long after you a nonagenarian will no longer be a have departed from this world, and in wonder. Phlebotomy shortened the heavenly places you will have been relife of whole generations, and the

stone. When Gladstone was 83 years

of age, I ran with him up and down

the hills of Hawarden. We started

of palingenesis or rejuvenescence.

in his nest of sticks lined with grass on

improve things? No. It would be a

That is all that we have to be responsi-

ble for. In a well managed orchestra

the players upon stringed instruments

do not watch each other. The cornetist

does not look to see how the violinist

is drawing the bow over the strings,

nor does the flute scrutinize the drum.

They all watch the baton of the leader.

And we are all carrying our part, how-

ever insignificant it may be, in the

great harmony of this world and of

the universe which our Lord is leading,

and we all have to watch His command

and do our best and not bother our-

selves about the success or failure of

other performers. If you want to re-

new your youth, better stop managing

Mythology tells us that Jason begged

Medea, the goddess, to take some of the

years of his life and give them to his

father. She promised that without ab-

breviating the son's life she would

prolong his father's life. She filled the

caldron with herbs and the blood of

beasts and birds and then stirred the

caldron and put some of the juices in

the mouth of the aged father, and it is

said that his hair turned from white to

black, the shriveled limbs rounded into

robust health and the rejuvenated man

that is a poetic myth. But a brightened

religious hope and a strengthened faith

in God's providence have rejuvenated

many a man in disposition and useful-ness and renewed his youth like the

eagle's. On the contrary, it is thought

that worriment is becoming in this

country a national disease, and it has

been called "Americanitis."

felt as he did at 40 years of age. All

the affairs of the universe

under the blue heavens.

newed their youth.

warded by the great friend of children, lancet that bled for everything is now the Lord Jesus. rarely taken from the doctor's pocket. My text suggests that Heaven is an Dentistry has given power of healthy eternal youth. A cycle of years will mastication to the human race and not leave any mark upon the immortal thus added greatly to the prolonganature. Eternity will not work upon tion of life. Electric lights have imthe soul in Heaven any change, unless proved human sight, which used to it be more radiance and more wisdom. be strained by the dim tallow candle. and more rapture. A rolling on from The dire diseases which under other glory to glory! In anticipation of that names did their fatal work and were some of the happiest people on earth are a Christians. The mightiest considered almost incurable, now in testim. .es have been given by the vetmajority of cases are conquered. Vaccination, which has saved millions erans in the Gospel army. While some of the aged have allowed themselves to of lives and balked the greatest scourge of nations, and surgery, become morose and cynical and impatient with youth and pessimistic about which has advanced more than any the world, and have become possessed other science, have done more than with the spirit of scold and fault findcan be told for the prolongation of ing, and are fearful of being crowded human life. The X ray has turned the human body, which was opaque, out of their sphere, many of the aged have been glad to step aside that othinto a lighted castle. It is easier in ers may have a chance and are hopeful this age to renew one's youth than in any other age. When Paul stopped about the world, expecting its redemption instead of its demolition, and they the jailer from suicide by commanding, "Do thyself no harm," he showed are inspiration and comfort and helpfulness to the household and to the himself interested in the physical as neighborhood and to the church. The well as moral life of man. Among the blessings which God promised was children hail the good old man as he comes down the road. His smile, his that in which he said, "With long words, his manner, his whole life, make life will I satisfy thee," and David, the world think better of religion. in my text, illustrates the possibility I congratulate all good Christians

those who are as old or older. If you

have no children of your own, better

adopt a child. There are in this coun-

that the molting season will soon be But the body is the smallest and least over and you will mount higher than important part of you. It is your soul eagle ever ascended. What a good that most needs rejuvenation, but you thing that you are soon to get rid will also help bodily vivification. In order to do this, I advise you to banish as of winter's cold and summer's heat far as possible all fretfulness out of and drenching rain and hovering clouds and live in superbest climate your life. The doing of that will make of the universe, whether it be this you ten years younger. I know many good Christian people who are worryworld made over as to atmosphere and contour or in some star which ing themselves out in managing the affairs of the universe. They have undermighty telescope hails from the obtaken too big a job. They are trying to servatory or in some center around which all worlds wheel. It is all drive too long and fiery a team. They have all the affairs of church and state ready and has been ready, as near on hand, and they fret about this, and as I can calculate, since 1,871 years ago, when Christ went up after sayfret about that, and fret about the othing: "I go to prepare a place for you." What a good thing to get er thing. They fear that China will be divided up among the nations and there will be an entanglement causing wars rid of this world's vicissitudes and such as we have never heard of. They enter upon glorious certainties, and fear that Edward VII. will not be as to have no surprises except those that are exhilarant as when Milton wise a king as his mother was a queen. They are appalled at the accumulated may ring a new canto or Chrysostum national debt. They fear society is gomay speak with a new eloquence or ing to pieces by reason of immoralities. Handel may render a new symphony, They apprehend that America will be for I do not suppose that those who overcrowded with foreigners. They say were mighty on earth are going to the newspapers are getting so bad that be idlers in Heaven. this country is going to be utterly de-I congratulate all Christians who moralized. They are all the time apare in the eventide. Good cheer to prehensive of social and religious and all of you. You are yet to hear the political calamities, and it is telling on best songs, see the grandest sights, their mental health, depressing their take the most delightful journeys, physical health, and instead of renewform the most elevating friendships. ing their youth like the eagle's, they and after 10,000 years of transport are imitating the eagle who would sit you will be no nearer the last rap-

the rock, mourning about the woes of with the first. the ornithological world, the loneliness In Heaven you will have what most of the pelican, the filthiness of the vulpleases you. Archbishop Leighton's ture, the croak of the raven, the reckdesire for Heaven was a longing for lessness of the albatross. Would that Christ and purity and love, and he molting process for that eagle which John Foster rejoiced at the thought would never close, and it would only get of Heaven because there he could thinner and more gloomy and less able study the secrets of the universe to gain food for its young and less able without restraint, and he has been to enjoy a landscape as it appears under regaling himself in that research. a 20-mile flight on a summer morning Southey thought of Heaven as a place where he would meet with the I do not advise you to be indifferent to learned and the great-Chaucer and these great questions that pertain to Dante and Shakespeare. He no doubt church and state and nations, but not to has found that style of communion. fret about them. Realize that it is not The great and good Dr. Dick was an anarchy that has charge of affairs in fond of mathematics, and he said he this world, but a Divine government. At thought much of the time in Heaven the head of this universe is a King would be given to that study, and I whose eyes is omniscience and whose have no doubt that since ascension arm is omnipotence and whose heart he has made advancement in that is infinite love. His government is not science. The "12 manner of fruits" going to be a failure. He cannot be despoken of in Revelation means all feated. Better trust Him in the mankinds of enjoyment in Heaven, for agement of His world and of all worlds. 12 manner of fruits includes all the All you and I have to do is to accomchief fruits that are grown on trees. I suppose there will be as many plish the work that is put in our hands.

kinds of enjoyment in Heaven as

there will be inhabitants.

ture than when you were thrilled

You will have in Heaven just what you want. Are you tired? Then Heaven will be rest. Are you passionately fond of sweet sounds? Then it will be music. Are you stirred by pictures? There will be all the colors on the new heavens and on the jasper sea and the walls imbedded with what splendors! Are you fond of great architecture? There you will find the temple of God and the Lamb and the uplifted thrones. Are you longing to get back to your loved ones who have ascended? Then it will be reunion. Are you's home body? Then it will be home. Here and there in this world you will find some one who now lives where he was born, and three or four generations may have dwelt in the same house, but most people have had several homes-the home of childheod. the home they built or rented for their early manhood, the home of riper and more prosperous years. But all homes put together, precious as they are in remembrance or from present occupancy, cannot equal the heavenly home in the house of many mansions. No sickness will ever come there, for it is promised "there shall be no more pain." No parting at the front door, no last look at faces never to be seen again, but home with God, home with each other, home forever. And that right after the molting season, when "thy

youth is renewed like the eagle's." Wings to hover free O'er dawn-empurpled sea; Wings 'bove life to soar And beyond death forevermore.

THAT PENSION ACT.

The Text of the Measure Over Which There is Question.

Below is given the full text of the act relating to the additional \$50,000 day as having puzz'ed the comptroller has just transpired within Cherokee's approved:

the Confederate States in the late war lows:

amount of the appropriation and fur- pay the pensions provided for by this ther prescribing the distribution of the act, and in case the same, or such amount as shall be appropriated, shall Section 1. Be it enacted by the gen- be insufficient, then the amount so ap-

eral assembly of the State of South propriated shall be distributed propor-Carolina, that section 1, of an act en- tionately among those legally entitled titled "An act to provide for pensions to receive the same; Provided, that for certain soldiers and sailors now those pensioners described in subdiviap propriated for State pensions which residents of South Carolina, who were sion A, section, 4, herein, shall have was referred to in The State of Tues in the service of the State, or of the first been paid in full; Provided, fur-Confederate States, in the late war be- ther, in case the same or such amount general, no provision for the additition-al amount baving been made in the gen-February, 1900, be and the same is than sefficient, then the amount so aperal appropriation bill. It is likely hereby amended by striking out the propriated shall be distributed properthat the opinion of the attorney gen- words "one hundred" and inserting in tionately among all those legally eneral will be requested in writing, and lieu thereof "one hundred and fifty," titled to receive the same. that when that opinion is furnished before the word "thousand" on lines 2 Approved the 19th day of February, there will be no further question of and 3 of said section, and by adding at 1901 the money being disbursed as the leg- end of said section the following, to islature intended it should be. Here wit: Provided, further, in case the is the text of the ac; which has been same or such amount as shall be appropriated, shall be more than suffi

An act to amend section 1 of an act cient, then the amount so appropriated entitled "An act to provide for pen shall be distributed proportionately sions for certain soldiers and sailors among all those legally entitled to renow residents of South Carolina, who ceive the same; so that said section were in the service of the State, or of when so amended shall read as fol- driven them to open crime in order to

February, 1900, by increasing the 000 shall be annually appropriated to are kept on the jump.

Many Tramps. Hundreds of tramps, many of the most vicious kind, are causing serious

between the States," approved 19th of Section 1. The sum of at least \$150,- and assaults are common and officers

annoyance in somes parts of northern Wisconsin, where the cold weather has secure shelter in lock ups. Burglaries