convention at the afternoon session

made our people contented and happy."

Quiting the Old Party

of October, if he is able to be present.

A Boy Abducted.

county. Last Friday meraing week

John Heyward, a 13 year-old boy, dis-

appeared from his father's home in the

Effingham section. Mr. J. E Heyward.

the father of the lost boy, has been told

by responsible parties that he was se-

duced from his home by a man named

Simmons, a pretended clock peddler and

tinkerer. Nothing has been er

Friday week. It is thought that they

went in the direction of North Caro-

lina. Simmons had been at Effingham

for several weeks, and the people be

lieved in him. Mr. R. Hatchell knew

nothing of it. It seems from what he

says that Simmons had promised the

boy to take him to Florence and leave

child. He has made extensive in

Bridegroom Wasn't There.

"Oh, la, missy, it was de grandes

weddin' I ebber saw! It was jes' lubly

longest trail, an' a white veil all ovah

her, an a wreath ob flowahs, an oh, it

An expression of infinite disgust

"La, missy, that good-for-nothin"

no 'count niggah nebbah come acigh!'

A Fearful Fall.

and crossing it. Whittlessey felifully

An Editor Made Happy.

humming birds and molasses dance be

fore our astonished vision like a calf be-

The Nauvoo Rustler says:

making a balloon ascention.

came into the face of Chice as she said.

was jes' de mos' elegant weddin'!"

"How did the bridegroom look?"

ding she had attended.

go off?"

scornfully:

heard of Simmons and the boy since part of the wreck and taken on board

He said in part:

VOL. XV.

MANNING, S. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1900.

A GREAT SPEECH.

The Assembled Democratic Clubs Addressed by Bryan.

HUGE AUDIENCE HEARS HIM

His Powerful Arraignment of Republicans. McKinley's Own Words Used Against Him.

The hall in which was assembled the National Association of Democratic Clubs at Indispapelis, Ind., on Thorsday was througed with people, probably 5,000 being present, but as the hour approached for the advent of Mr. Bryan at 4 o'clock the aisles were filled and the hall thronged to a degree of almost suffocation. After Adlai E Stevenson had concluded, James R. Sovereign, exgrand master workman of the Knights of Laber, speke, dealing with the workingman from a political standpoint. He said labor is the foundation of liberty in all the world

Mr. Sovereign was followed by Bishot J. Milton Turner, minister to Liberia under Grant's administration, who spoke briefly and in part as follows:

"A great many of my race who formed the majority of the negro population in the United States 25 years ago have already been promoted and have gone to their good Christian fathers, but the boys are coming forth in teeming bundreds and thousands from that palladium and safeguard of American institutions, the public school system of our country, and unlike Uncle Tom and Aunt Sally, they are doing their own thinking like other young Americans for themselves.

"We come with a fresh born, disinterested patriotism to put forth our might at this time in the States of In-New Jersey and other States where we have been making the presidents for the last 23 or 30 years, and we think this time, through our votes, we will be able to make up such a quota for the election of Wm. Jennings Bryan that we will elect this ticket without any possibility of McKinley defeating it." BRYAN HAD TO CHECK THE CHEERING.

As Bishop Turner concluded Mr. Bryan appeared upon the platform. He had reached the city a few minutes before 3 o'clock, but did not arrive at the hall until a quarter past 4 o'clock. He was escorted through the streets by a number of marching clubs. As soon as the Democratic national candidate appeared on the platform there was a shout of greeting, and this soon develoned into a demonstration which continued for about six minutes, until there was a call for cessation by Mr. Bryan himself. The speech was liberally applauded throughout, and when it was concluded there was a rush to the stage on the part of those in the audience who wished to shake hands with him. He, however, avoided this demonstration, and soon found his way back to his hotel.

Mr. Bryan said:

THE WORK FOR THE CLUBS "I appreciate the work done and be-

ing done and to be done by this association of Democratic clubs, and I appreciate the energy, the enthusiasm and the ability displayed by Mr. Hearst, the president of this association. I believe in these clubs. The work of Democracy, being a work for the people, must be done by the people. We need the clubs to help us collect money to carry on our campaign. The Republican party can get its money from the corporations, which plunder the people between campaigns in return for the may have more time with his family all have insisted who have defended

not collect money for its national campaign from one Republican out of 100, and when the election is over 99 out of 100 Republicans have nothing to say about the running of the government. "We expect that the administration

will be conducted in behalf of the great mass of the American people, and we have the right to call upon them to help with their money as well as their | necessary. votes to win this fight, which is their fight, and not our fight. We need the is thinking about, prepare to meet his arguments, supply him with literature and work for his conversion, the members of these clubs will be astonished to find how much can be done. We need the clubs to poll the votes, for we must do by voluntary effort what the Republicans can afford to pay for

having done. REPUBLICANS DODGING.

"The Republican party is not prepared to meet the issues of this campaign. The Republican party is today dodging, running from nearly every tion was the question of paramount importance. But, myfriends, they found that when a man says that a question of money is more important than a question of government he at once arouses suspicion, and people begin to wonder whether he thinks a dollar is more important than a man. Think of trying to make the money question paramount in this campaign! Why, my friends, when the money question was paramount-in 1896-we found the Republicans trying to make out that the tariff was the paramount issue. They said, 'Let us ofen the milis instead of the mints,' and the first thing they did when they got into power was, not to then another. They say now that the reform the currency but to reform the reason we are in the Philippines, the tariff, and give the men who contributed a chance to run their hands deeper into the pockets of the people.

"Now, when the questions of the human race and human liberty are at stake, the Republicans say that the money question is the paramount issue. They were afraid in 1806 that we were going to have a 50 cent dollar. Now they have given us an 85 cent citizen

a double standard of government—a re-public here and a despotism in the with the almighty, but the trouble is shall be called the children of God. Philippine Islands. They said in 1896 that they make all the noise and thus that we could not maintain a parity far the Almighty has been the silent between a white metal and a yellow. partner. Now they say the war would How can they maintain a parity be- stop if it were not for the Democratic i ween a white citizen and a yellow subject in the Philippine Islands? They would lay down their arms but for the and that it is too sordid a deetrine to hope they have that I may be elected say that the standard of money you Whenever a Republican tells you that have is more important than the form you tell him that the colonists fought of government under which you live.

WHO RUN THE ICE TRUST. "And yet, my friends, while they expect now beast of the supremacy of the money question, they are not prepared to meet the other issues. Mr. after ours before the question of impe-Hanna says there are no trusts. That settles that question. He ought to ask his wife. Every wife knows there are trusts. The only trust that any Re publican in this country seems to know about is the ice trust, and the Republicans don't know much about that, for if they did they would know that every stockholder is a Republican If they knew more about the ice trust they would know that its harm was confined to the people of New York, and if they knew that they had a governor of the State of New York, a man who would not let any harm come to his people, they would know that there would be no ice trust there or the governor would kill it

New York has a Republican governor and a Republican legislature, and you Republicans who have been worrying so much about the ice trust can ease your minds, for as long as the governor is out west making speeches, you may be sure nobody is being hurt in New York. Why is it that no Republican knows anything about the Stand ard Oil trust, or the sugar trust, or the salt trust, or the trust of crackers, or the trust of window glass, or the envelope trust, or the writing paper trust, or the trust in paper that Republican editors use to write a defense of the trusts upon. Why don't they know about these trusts? Is it dishouesty or is it ignorance? Why is it that no Ra publican speakers come out against any trust except she ice trust, and why is it that the Republicans in charge did not destroy that, so you can believe diana, Ohio, Illinois, New York and Mr. Hanna when he says there are no

The Republican party is not prepared to defend itself on the trust | hold them in perpetual servitude withquestion, therefore they try to get it out amending your constitution either out of the campaign. The Republican openly or indirectly and the same party is not prepared to defend itself on the army question. They say there is no question of militarism and yet an pino can disregard the constitution army four times as great as the standing army of 1896 is demanded by the president's message of December, 1898 How much do we spend for education in the United States? Less than \$200,-000 000. How much do the Republicans want to spend on a military establishment? One hundred million dollars a year. They want to spend more than half as much for a military establishwe spend for the education of all the children in the United States Is that not a step towards militarism? What reason can they give for it? They ciple upon which only a king can can give only one. That is the one thes stand. It does not propose a crown, do not give. There are two reasons but it proposes a doctrine that can fit which lead men in this country to want | nothing but a crown. The Republican a large standing army? One is a do party has done in Puerto Rico just mestic one; the other is connected with | what England did in this country, and our foreign affairs. What domestic our president is doing today just what reason is there for a large army? To George III did a century and a quarter protect us from the Indians? No; the ago. less Indians we have the more army whether you call him president, or em the Republican party want. That is peror, or king, if he administers to the not the cause. Why do they want it? power of a king? So that they can build a fort near every be cured by remedial legislation.

WHY THEY WISH A BIG ARMY.

"The laboring man asks for arbitra tion and gets a large army; he asks Mr. McKinley himself in regard to this of the matter, but at the time thought protection from the black list and his nation's position and in regard to the answer is a large army; he asks for principles set forth in the Declaration shorter hours of labor in order that he of Independence. We have insisted, as money contributed during campaigns. and for the development of his mind, the declaration, that it was not written We cannot go to a trust and ask it and his answer is a large army. He for a day, nor for a year, nor for a cento help us, because we do not expect to asks for representation in the presi- tury. We have contended that it was be helped. The Republican party does dent's cabinet in order that labor may written for all time and all people and be protected, and his answer is a large that no nation would ever be so great army. That is the domestic reason that it could not rest securely on that which is not given and yet it is a rea | declaration of independence. We were son entertained by many. What is the not alone in this idea. Until the poison reason they give? They say we need it of imperialism entered the Republicans for our foreign policy but, my friends, they agreed with us in this doerrine. they asked for the army before the as you will see from a Fourth of July American people had ever decided upon | speech made by the president himself a foreigh policy that made a large army at Chicago five years ago last July.

dent asked for his army the treaty had | the constitution, he said: clubs to help circulate literature. If not been signed, but its terms were unevery member of the clubs will pick out derstood. When the Republicans consome acquaintance and find out what he gress voted to raise the army to 100,000 the treaty had been signed and no arm was raised against this nation anywhere in the world. But the American people had never voted for a colonial policy; up to this time the American people have never voted for a colonial policy, and yet the Republican party is pledges to a large army. What does it want with it? It intends to exploit the Philippine islands and if you want to understand the reasons for a large army, read the prospectus issued by the Philippines Lumber and Development company. You will find that at the head of the company as president issue in the campaign. When they stands a republican member of constarted out they said the money ques- g.ess who is the chairman of the army committee of the house of representatives, and another Republican congressman is attorney for the company. What do you want an army for? hold the Philippines while they are being developed by syndicates headed by

Republican politicians? THOSE FOOLISH CHARGES

"The American people have not yet decided in favor of imperialism. Republicans refuse to meet it. You do not hear defenses of imperialism from those authorized to speak. You find that now the Republicans are trying to hide behind first one subterfuge and reason our boys are dying, the reason a large army is necessary, the reason we cannot come home is because I helped to ratify the treaty. "My friends, I want you to go back a

few moments and you will find that the Republican party said we were in the Philippine islands because of the act of God, and it is a great come down from God to me. If it is the hand of God in Puerto Rico, and they dare not tell that takes us to the Philippine islands, us what per cent. of citizenship the why do the Republicans want to lay it

perialism. the same battle that the Filipinos are fighting and they did it nearly 100 years before I was born.

"Tell them that the Filipinos issued a declaration of independence patterned rialism ever entered into American polities. They do me too much houer when they say that I am responsible for the lipipos' hatred of foreign domination If they have not forgotten the teachings of Abraham Lincoln they would know that he said it was not a party but God himself who planted in the human heart the love of liberty which no Republican party can take away. So that the Filipinos would not fight but for the hope Democratic success. "Until human rature is entirely changed people held in bondage will

rise against it whenever there is a prospect of success lod never made a race that would welcome a foreign master and 1,000 years from now, no matter what party is in power, the Filipines will hate us and stand ready to rise against us if we attempt to hold them in vassalage and tax them without their consent.

DESTRUCTIVE DOCTRINES.

"Republicans, what we object to is that in order to defend your imperial olicy you have to lay down doctrines which, if earried out, will destroy the right of the American people to partic ipate in their own government. That is our objection to your policy. If you are simply going to kill the Filiptnos off and come home we might get over the crime. But that is not your policy You dare not kill them off because you want to trade with them You would destroy your trade argument if you kili them. You cannot trade with dead people.

"You want them for subjects, but you shall not have them for subjects if we can prevent it. You cannot make subjects out of them without changing our ideas of government. You can't power that can disregard the consitu tion and make a subject out of a Fili and make subjects out of the American peop'e. You have as much right to disregard the constitution in the United States as you have in Puerto Rico You have as much right to exclude American citizens from the guarantees of their constitution as you have to exclude Puerto Ricans.

"The Republican party is following the paths of monarchy. It does not propose a king, but it proposes a prin-What difference does it matter

"We are not only against imperiallarge city and use the army to suppress | ism because it strikes a blow at our by force the discontent that ought to principles of government; we are against it because it destroys the moral prestige of this nation among the nations of the earth.

"Let me read you what was said by Speaking of the authors and signers of "In December of 1898 when the presi | the Declaration of Independence and

M'KINLEY'S OWN WORDS. "'They built not for themselves but for posterity. Their plans stretched out into the future, compassing the ages and embracing mankind. Not alone for the present were their sacrifices and their struggles but for all time thereafter; not for American colonists only but for the whole human race, wherever men and women are struggling for higher, freer and better conditions. It was the yearning of the soul for emancipation. It was the cry of humanity for freedom-freedom to think, speak and act within the limits tion of just and proper laws which should be of their own making.'

"There were no limitations on that constitution then. There were no limitations on that declaration of indepen dence. It was not intended for the people who struggled then; it was for hem and their children's children to the remotest ages. It was not for the Anglo-Saxon then. It was for all man-

"I cannot better describe the fall-of the Republican party; I cannot better picture its demoralization; I cannot better describe its complete surrender to the doctrines that underlie monarchies and empires and despotisms than to tell you that when a king dies a Republican president can send a message of condolence but that when two republics expire no Republican sheds a tear. We want the American people to attend to their own business. We want them to have their own ideas and stand fyr them. We want this nation to be among the nations as a light and example.

"I want this nation to be just and upright so that when other nations quarrel, instead of calling out great armies to kill each other, they will say, leave the question to the United States we could not have a double standard of money. Now they think we can have sion, why don't they defend their being ward promised to the peacemaker: set by the Rustler's delinquent.

At the concluding session of the con-

vention Hon. Bourke Ceckton was the speaker. Gov. McMillis of Tennessee, Adrift On An Open Sea for Ten called the meeting to order and intro puced Mr Cockran Mr. Cockran de Days. voted his speech to the question of im-

Adlai E Stevenson addressed the PASSED BY SEVERAL SHIPS

The Captain and Crew of the WHAT REPUBLICAN SUCCESS MEANS "The reclection of President McKia-Ship Ellerslie Rescued ey will be held by himself and his party-and justify so an endors ment of the policy of the administration to wards the Philippine islands. Let no After Severe Suffer-Republican with uneasy conscience.

delude himself with the lope that, if The British steamer Amana, Cap sus ained at the polls, there will be a tain Carr. from Samarang, Java, via St change in the methods and policy of Michael's, atrived at Boston Wednesthe administration. Such delusion is worse than midsummer madness. The day afternoon, having on board the reelection of the present executive captain and thirteen of the crew of the would be a vote of confidence; a solemn Liverpool ship Ellerelie, which was endorsement by the American people of a war of conquest—the salient feat- abandoned at sea, dismasted and waterure of his administration. The con logged. The steamer rescued the men demnation of the administration by the on September 29, after they had been ballot is our only hope of escape from buffeted about by fearful seas for ten the perilous policy it has inaugurated. days. The master of the Ellerslie is "Imperialisms knows nothing of limitations of power. Its rule is outside Captain Llewellyn Cook. One member of the constitution. It means the of the crew was lost overboard on Sepadoption by the American republic of tember 18. The Ederslie sailed from the colonial methods of European Passagonia Miss on Angust 18 for Pascagoula, Miss., on August 18, for alien peoples as subjects. Itenthrones Liverpool. She was a three masted monarchies. It means the right to hold force as the controlling agency in gov- wooden ship of 1 346 tons.

Captain Cook states that the Ellerserament. It means the empire. Fol lowing close in the wake of neperialism lie sailed August 18 with nearly a milwill come the immerse standing army. Hon feet of pine lumber for Liverpoo. The dread hand of militarism will be and had light winds until September 3 felt in the New World as in the old. after which a succession of gales was The strong arm of power will be sub- encountered, developing on the 18th stituted for the peac ful agenciess, into a perfect hurricane. During the which have for more than a century next few days the wind blew at the rate of eighty miles an hour at times, the vessel rolling and pitching in a terrible manner. The men were forced to There is an interesting influx of old- the forecastle head to prevent being time Republicans into the Democratic carried overboard. The sufferings of party. The Springfield Republican the men became intense through lack of says that "following Col. Higginson fresh water, the supply having become into the Bryan club of Massachusetts, exhausted. After the masts went by go Judge Patram of Uxbridge, ext the board the vessel was relieved some-Governor Chamberlain, Hiram Vroo- what and the gale moderated soon afman of Roxbury and many others;" terwards. The crew set to work clearwhile the Chicago Record says "the ling away the mass of wreckage from the most conspicaous convert to the Demo | deck, in order to secure a donkey boiler cratic ticket recently is Syndney with which to condense the salt water Webster, who was private secretary to About eight gallons of sea water were William Seward and married the thus condensed and the crew were given daughter of the late Hamilton Fish, small drinks diluted with lime juice. For many years he has enjoyed the Daring all these days the vessel was bereputation of being one of the ablest ing made the toy of the waves, the international lawyers in the country crew endeavoring by means of signals and been connected with some of the mest famous and important cases of international litigation. He shares with within sight of the shipwrecked men, Mr. Olney and Mr. Schurz the fear but apparently did not see their signals that President McKinley's foreign of discress, or at least they paid no at policy will ruin the country, and there- tention to them. Finally on the 20th fore advises people to vote for Bryan, at 2 p. m., Capt. Cook saw a faint Mr. Webster is an aged man and streak of smoke far away to the east FOLLOWING THE PATHS OF MONABCHY. rather feeble, but he will be invited to ward and all hands eagerly watched the preside over the meeeting at Madison volume grow in size until faint outlines the horizon. The stump of the mainmast was now utilized for distress flags. and not on'y the British jack, but a bunch of the international code signals What looks like a genuine case of abwas nailed to it to attract the attention duction has come to light in Florence of the oncoming steamer. The latter proved to be the Amana, Java for Boston, and was soon in hailing distance. The steamer's boats were speedily low-

> the steamer. The Ellerslie was then set on fire.

ered, and after several ineffectual ef-

forts to get the men off the wreck from

the side of their vessel, the boats were

pulled under the jibboom, and by means

of lines the men were lowered from this

Bryan Nails a Lie W. J. Bryan's attention was called to the statement alleged to have been made by Mr. Kingman, that he received \$150,000 for insisting upon the silver plank of the Kansas City platform, and he said:

him there, so that he might return in "It is hardly worth while to deny the the afternoon with his father, who was charge of a man who hides behind a in town. Mr. Heyward is nearly heart woman whose name he will not give, broken over the disappearance of his but in order that the most unscrupulous Republican may have no reason for requiries, with no success.-Columbia peating the charge I will say that it is absolutely false in every particular. No one ever effered, premised or gave me that sum or any other sum for urging In Lippincott's Magazine is given an that plank or any other plank of the account by Uhloe, a young negro house Kansas City platform or any other platform. I do not know anything of servant in an Atlanta family, of a wed-Mr. Kingman, but it is said that he is The next day her mistress said to a cousin to Senator Cullom. The senher: "Well, Chloe, how did the wedding ator ought to know whether his cousin is trustworthy or not, and if the senator will state over his own signature that he believes what his cousin says, and is willing to represent him in an inves-Oh, yo' jes' ought to ob seen de flowahs tigation of the charge, I will make him an' de spiendid weddin suppah an' de a proposition which will give him an bride-oh, de bride! She had on de

opportunity to produce his evidence. Served Him Right.

The Spartanburg correspondent of The State says Lewis Brars, a white man, was subjected to a rough and deserved experience in that city on Wednesday. The day before he had been convicted in the court of an aggravated assault, and the man he assaulted appeared and asked for mercy. He was given a sentence of one year in the George Whittlesey had a remarkable penitentiary or \$159 fine. As he was escape from death recently while going out of the court room Byars When struck the object of his former assault 1000 feet high he cut losse, the para one blow in the mouth, making a bloody thute opening nicely after a drep of impression. Wednesday Judge Benet 50 feet, when the sandbag used in called Byars into court, revoked the overturning the balloon broke loose former sentence and imposed a sentence and fell, striking the parachute on top of eighteen menths on the chaingang.

In Need of Money.

500 feet with lightning speed before National Democratic Chairman Jas. the parachute reopened, after which K Jones has written from Chicago to he landed safely in the meadew ad-State Chairman Willie Jones as follows: journing the Carnival Midway My Dear Sir: Please accept my very Grounds. People were ave-striken sincere thanks for your letter of recent when the bag struck the parachute. date enclosing check for \$60 as a conthe bag pa-sing on down and misstribution to the campaign fund from ing the daring aeronaut by a close citizens of Marion county, S. C. I will prace this amount in the hands of the treasurer of the national committee, and it will be used for furthering the cause of Democracy. Please extend world is, after all, a happy one, and as my thanks to the gentlemen who joined in this contribution, and assure them it we gaze from the window of our editorial monstery at the sun kissed land, is the more appreciated because we are scape, sweet visions of milk and honey- very much in need of such assistance.

Killed Forty Boxers. A dispatch from Pekin says the Ger-

fore a circus procession. Last Saturday one of our subscribers came in and paid, in cold cash and in cold blood, under Gen. von Hoopfner, encountered three years in arreatages and two years a small Boxer force south of the imin advance. Praise God from whom perial deer park recently and killed all blessings flow." Now if an any of 40 of the Chinese during a fight which us what per cent. of citizenship the who were destroyed by the recent hurlipino is to have. In 1896 they said

They can be trusted. I want this naour delinquents want to make us happy followed. The Chinese were put to who were destroyed by the recent hurour delinquents want to make us happy followed. The Chinese were put to the a peacemaker among the control of the divine misour delinquents want to make us happy followed. The Chinese were put to the a peacemaker among the control of the divine misour delinquents want to make us happy followed. The Chinese were put to the control of the divine misour delinquents want to make us happy followed. The Chinese were put to the control of the divine misour delinquents want to make us happy followed. The Chinese were put to the control of the chinese were put to the control of the chinese want to make us happy followed. The Chinese were put to the control of the chinese were put to the control of the chinese want to make us happy followed. The chinese were put to the chinese were put to the chinese want to make us happy followed. The chinese were put to the chinese were put to the chinese were put to the chinese want to make us happy followed. The chinese were put to the chinese want to make us happy followed. The chinese were put to the chinese want to make us happy followed. The chinese were put to the chinese want to make us happy followed. rilipino is to have. In 1896 they said who can never call for we could not have a double standard of there, if it is a part of the divine misnations and then it will earn the rethey can do so by following the example flight and scattered. Four Germans ricane, and who can never call for they can do so by following the example flight and scattered. Four Germans ricane, and who can never call for

THE BRITISH LOSES

The Boers, Though Conquered, Made a Gallant Fight. The official report of British casual-

15 shows how expensive even a small and successful war may be to say nothing of a big one. The total losses are given at 40,075, of which 28,199 are persons sent home as invalids, 285 oficers and 2,718 men killed in action, S6 officers and 797 men died of wounds, 149 officers and 5 582 men died of disease, 3 officers and 86 mendied in captivity, 12 officers and 809 men are Every week uses up nearly half a regi and 440 men killed, wounded, died of excitement Sunday night. disease or invalided home. As many an army aggregating about 230,000 men. including colonials. The total of 40,075 casualties, it will be observed, about gher army, the grand total of the burgher army when it was strongest was infantry or artillery and the most mobile army of modern times. It was also an army of the best marksmen the best weapons ever used so far in war. To their mobility and marksmanship the Boers added the advantage of exceptional skill in selecting defensive positions in a country that offered fine facilities for the defensive.

To Buy up the Rice. A meeeting of rice growers have been held in Beaumont, Crowley and other towns in the rice district of Louisiana and Texas, at which the proposition made by the New York syndicate to buy up the entire rice crop was submitted. seemed to meet with the approval the farmers, and it is claimed that 90 per cent. of the rice growers of South Carolina, Georgia, Louisiana, and Texas, have agreed to the plan and signed the contract engaging to sell all the rice they may grow for the next four years, to the New York syndicate. Messrs. Anderson, Herd, of New York, and C. D. Dusen, of Crowley, La., represented the syndicate at these meetings. It is said the syndicate has a cash capial of \$7,500,000. New Ocleans rice brokers are likely to raise an objection as it will largely shut them out of their business, The agreement until the next season as the bulk of the present rice erop has already been mar-

After Thirty-Eight Years General R. N. Richbourg, who for a

long time commanded the Fourth brig ade, South Carolina milita, and was a resident of Columbia for many years. was twice wounded at the battle of him full in the breast. No effort was | woman paid her fine of \$15. made to locate the bullet and the wounded soldier recovered and continued fighting until the end of the war. General Richbourg writes from Montgomery to say that a few days ago he felt a pain in his back. A spot became inflamed and sore to the touch. That night he placed a drawing plaster on the spot. Next morning the pain was relieved, and taking off the plaster he found the old bullet that he had carried for 38 years sticking to it. It was flattended and weig ed one ounce.

How They Talk

"Negro disfranchisement the paranount issue," was the subject discussed by several speakers at a mass meeting of colored people in Cooper union, New York, Wednesday night. It was conducted by the Colored Citizens' league. The hall was filled, and about half the people present were white. Resolutions were passed protesting against the disfranchising of negroes in Southern representation of such states to a pro- and the blame will be fixed where it lies. | that it would not be made public. portion of votes cast; asking congress to pass laws for the enforcement of the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments to the constitution, and "a force bill if necessary," protesting against lynching; asking the president to use the military force to prevent lynching; pledging the meeting to oppose the election of Mr. Bryan and favoring the election of Mr. McKinley, by way of 'rebuke to recent Tammany police methods."

Burned at the Stake. Winfield Townsend, alias Floyd, a Negro, was burned at the stake in the little town of E:lectic, Ala, a half hour after midnight Wednesday morning. The Negro's crime was an attempted assault on Mrs. Lonnie Harrington, whose husband set fire to the brands which reduced Townsend's body to ashes. Townsend made a confession implicating seven other Negroes in his erime. As this is the second white woman assaulted in this vicinity within the mouth it is believed there is a conspiracy among the Negroes

A Lucky Nurse.

Mrs. Ora Horsman, Lynn, Mass., a purse, is worth perhaps \$1,000,000, due to the beneficence of Mrs. William Perter of Boston. Mrs. Porter is 85 years old and feeble. She lives in the Back Bay district, and there has been nursed and cared for by Mrs. Ora Hors-Mrs. Porter man. On September 5 paid her nurse with \$80,000, and on September 9, made a will leaving Mrs. Horseman all her property.

Messages to the Dead. A sad leaf in the history of tele-

graphic communication is encompassed in the story that never before has there been so many messages sent to the dead as at Galveston. Thousands of despatches have been sent to persons candidate for governor, was recently

ALL IS QUIET.

Some Ringleaders Arrested, Others Have Fied.

A dispatch from Georgetown says Main street Tuesday morning presented ties in the Boer war up to September a scene which would do credit to Manila. Soldiers marched, drums were beating and the whole town apparently was under military rule, but such was not the case. Mayor Morgan and the councilmen, to whom were added several prominent citizens, constituting an advisory board, were in session and have been discussing what was best to do in the premises. About noon it was given out that twenty warrants had been issued for the arrest of ringlesders in the 'missing" or in captivity and 3 officers | disturbance of Sunday night, and those and 107 men were killed in accidents. | were served Tuesday afternoon. Walary from Pekin, tells of the first receipt ter Denison, a negro barber, is considment. In the week ended September cred the ringlesder, and is being held Minister Conger from secretary of 15, for example, there were 24 officers responsible, in a large measure, for the State Hay. He said: While it is not generally admitted

as 110 died in South Africa of dis-case during the week mentioned. There thoughtless remarks of a few hot heads were 1,073 efficers and 13 001 men Sunday afternoon the negroes believed wounded during the war. The British that John Brownfield would be taken taken prisoners, or mi-sing, were 284 from the jail by the whites Sunday officers and 7 339 men of whom 269 of- | night and lynched, and that the ringing ficers and 6,444 men have been released of the fire alarm would be the signal. or have escaped. These were losses of At the first sound of the bell, therefore, there was a hue and cry raised, especially by the negro women, and there was a general rush to the jail, equals the aggregate of Boer soldiers each bearing some kind of weapon, of the Transvaal and Orange Free from a rice reaphook to a rifle, and in a State. Including the Boers of Cape | few minutes 1,500 negroes were around Colony and Natal who joined the bur | the jail and in the streets adjoining. The whites at first did not understand the meaning of this outpour and some not over 52,000 But it was all mounted of the prominent citizens, including night. The next day as the Americans infantry or artillery and the most Mayor W. D. Morgan, Col. Sparkman, came in I went down and sheet hands Sheriff Skinner and others went amongst | with each man as he came through the the mob and told them that no one was the world has ever seen, armed with going to lynch John Brownfield. Here the rice field virago, the length of whose vindictive tongue has never yet been ascertained, got in her vilest work. "Don't go home, mens, like de

> ashes. Yunna kill all de buckra men, an' we will 'tend to de buckra 'coman and chillun. De buckra want to run over us, but we will show dem.' These and other remarks followed in rapid succession, and the consequence was that pandemonium reigned supreme. The Georgetown Rifles were summened and remained in their ar-

buckra men tell you; stay here and save

John. Bu'n de dam town down to

mory all night awaiting orders. Mayor Morgan understands the negro well As far as he is concerned, he was unwilling to call on the governor for troops, but yielded to the judgment of others whom he called into consultation. As soon as it was learned that the troops were coming the leaders among one of the most violent thounderstorms the negroes advised them to go to their homes and stay there, which they have done. It seems as if this negro, John Brownfield, was a leader in the society firing, but the effect was just the oppoof coondom as well as a member of the site. It was a night of bellowing thun-Odd Fellows and other organizations. der, roaring artillery, incessant light-It were believed that a large stock of ning and pouring rain.

The third and last night of horrors was stored in a certain hall in "The third and last night of horrors" Square when Bryan speaks on the 14 h of a steamer were finally made out on will probably be perfected this week, arms was stored in a certain hall in to seize them, but it proved to be false.

Not more than sixteen arrests were made this afternoon on the twenty warrants issued this morning on the charge fore seemed furious was tame compared of riotous conduct, carrying arms and | with the hail of shot and shell that using menacing language to the terror poured in upon us that night. It came of the people. Some of the principal ringleaders have escaped, including from every imaginable kind of firearm. Walter Denison. As predicted, these | We had received reports of the aparrests were made without resistance, and a few of the cases were heard this | that it must be near from the furious Frazier's farm, June 27, 1862, while afternoon, a conviction resulting in atttempts of the Chinese to slay us. charging the breast works. One builet | every case. Three are in jail under | took off a finger, while another struck sentence of 30 days or \$100. One our last, as many breaches were made

Killed in a Wreck.

A serious and fatal wreck occurred on the Plant System road near Benbow mines, several miles from Charleston, Wednesday night. The engine and several freight cars jumped the track Committeeman Manly, the national and tumbled down an embankment, committee claims 266 votes certain in killing Engineer Gooding, a young the electoral college for McKinley, 112 white man, and Fireman Harvey for Bryan and 54 put down as doubt-Thompson and Brakeman Ben White, ful. The States conceded to Bryan colored. When the cars and engine are: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, went down the long embankment the Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, the cars caught on fire, and the surviving | Carolinas, Tennessee, Texas and Virmembers of the crew fought the fire to ginia. In the doubtful column is put prevent the bodies of the dead from Colorado, Idaho, Kentucky, Missouri. being burned to a crisp. The cause of | Montana, Nevada, Nebraska and Utah. the wreck is not known. The railroad Everything else is put down for Meofficials refuse positively to make a Kinley, but Indiana, which with its 15 statement. The conduct of the railroad votes is admitted to be in doubt. officials cannot be explained, unless it When shown this Republican claim be that they are anxious to cover up Mr. Richardson for the Democrats something that ought to be exposed. characterized it as only "so much Coroner Duffus was holding the inquest | boasting." He added that the Demo-Thursday afternoon and Friday. The crats also had a poll which was very states; calling on congress to reduce the examination was a most thorough one,

Hanna's Way It was recently stated that Senator Mark Hanna demanded a contribution of \$80,000 from the Baltimore Clearing House association for the Republican campaign fund. Not only has this report not been denied but the Baltimore Sun publishes statements from two directors of Baltimore banks who corroborate it and tell how the demand was made. One of these is a Bryan man and was indignant when the proposition was presented to the directors

Ten Dollars Per Family.

The census of 1900 is expected to show a population for the Unitde States | can govern it as its situation may deof from 75,000,000 to 80 000,000. The yearly current cost of holding the Philippines, therefore, amounts to nearly or quite \$2 per individual. It accordingly amounts to \$10 per year for each average family. To the large majority of families in the United States this sum is nearly or quite equal to what the heads thereof are able to earn in a week.

Galveston Still Needy. The Fund for the Galveston suffers

so far collected is altogether inade quate to afford the relief that is so much needed. Charitable persons should not withhold their hands from giving because the city is beginning to "do business at the old stand." There are many victims of the storm who lost their all, and who must be helped to their feet again before they can earn a livelihood.

In Hard Luck.

State says Mr. G. Walt Whitman, late

PEKIN HORRORS.

They Are Reviewed by a Returned Missionary.

WHAT OTHERS HAVE TO SAY.

The Refugees Arriving in San Francisco Tell of Great Hardships Experienc ed In China. Rev. C. H. Fenn, a returned mission-

during the siege, of direct news by "On July 15 we received a message

that said: "Communicate tidings bearer.

"There was no date and no signature. This Conger sent to the Tsung Li Yamen with the request that it be plain. He received in reply a copy of Minister Wu's dispatch which stated that the United States government demanded word from Minister Conger in cipher. The message made our hearts jump with joy. Conger sent his reply at

"The night before relief arrived we heard the rattle from Chinese guns in the distance and it was sweet music. Everybody got up-it was labout 1 o'clock-the women made coffee and there was no more sleeping that came in I went down and shook hands water gate.'

Cecile E. Payne, who went to Pekin last spring as the guests of Minister and Mrs. Conger, was a passenger on the steamer Coptic. She told a graphic story of the siege on her arrival here. "Of the whole eight weeks of terri-

ble anxiety and dread." she said. 'three nights stand out with special prominence. They are spoken of by the besieged as 'the three nights,' The first was just before the siege-about June 17 or 18. That was while we were in the American legation. We went into the British legation compeuud on June 20. The night I speak of was one the foreigners will never forget. All night long went up terrible cries-bowls and shouts of thousands upon thousands of Chinese crying for the blood of the foreigners. The second terrible night was about the middle of the siege when after three or four days of muggy and sultry weather I ever experienced broke over the city. Everybody had predicted that with the coming of rain the Chinese would cease

was that of August 13th, the day before the rtlief came. On that night the Chinese were fairly frantic to break in and kill us. The firing that had befrom all quarters, and seemed to be proach of the relief column, and knew We expected that any moment might be by shells, and a determined assault at any one place would have opened the way for the hordes outside.

Falking Through Their Hat. In a statement issued from Republi-

can national headquarters through different from the Republican one, but

Sounds the Key Note.

Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, has sounded the key-note of the McKinley imperial campaign. He was put forward by the Hanna national committee to voice the spirit of the trust party, and at the Auditorium in Chicago, Sept. 25, he sums up the whole matter in these words: "If the opposition says that our constitution forbids American people to hold and govern possessions as their situation may require, Idemand that they show me the denial of that power in the constitution. We are a nation. We can acquire territory. If we can acquire territory we can govera it. If we can govern it we mand.

Memories of Homestead.

The great staike now in progress in the anthracite fields of Pennsylvania had its counter part in the bloody Homestead strike in 1892 The later countributed largely to the defeat of the Republicans in that memorable year. The Homestead affair was one of the worst in the history of monopoly war on labor. The steel barons had setout to destroy the unions and the culmination of their efforts was reached in the murderous assault of the Pinkertons upon an unarmed populace.

Died in the Mountains. Gen. MacArthur reported to the was

department Friday that five soldierr died in the mountains of Laguna province after having made their excape from the insurgents by whom they had been captured. The date of their death is unknown and no details The Union correspondent of The are furnished as to the manner of their death. It is supposed, however, that they perished from starvation and exposure, having lost their way in the mountains in their endeavor to return to their comrades.