HOUSEKEEPERS

We have just received a lot of nice, seasonable goods which we know will interest you. Among other things are:

TWO-GALLON WATER COOLERS.....$1 60
WIRE DISH COVERS.....8c and 10c each
THREE PRONG ICE CHISELS.....15c
WIRE FLY TRAPS.....15c each
ICE CREAM FREEZERS—1-qt., $1.35; 2-qt., $1.75; 3-qt., $2.25; 4-qt., $2.75.
STONE CHURNS.....1-gal., 25c.; 2-gal., 35c
POTATO MASHERS.....25c
HAMMOCKS.....$1.25
TOOTHPICKS—large package.....5c

We have lately received a large consignment of STOVES, and can safely say that we have the best assortment of them to choose from that has ever been shown in Clarendon County. Our prices, too, are so reasonable that they excite comment from every one. We can assure you that you can do as well with us in making purchases as you can anywhere.

FARMERS

We still have a few of those cheap Orangeburg Sweeps and Cotton Hoes on hand.

We have lately received a lot of Paris Green Distributors or Sprayers and will endeavor to have them on hand when wanted.

Our One-Horse Harrows have been in great demand. We still have a few.

HOUSEBUILDERS

Will find our stock of Builders' Hardware in good shape. We have Valley Tin, Locks, Hinges, Nails in endless variety. Also White Lead, Oil and Colors for Painters.

Remember our

COLUMBIA & HARTFORD BICYCLES

Have been tried and proven the best on earth. We have Bicycle Repairs at lowest prices.

Very truly yours,

Manning Hardware Co.

CROSSWELL & CO.

Did you know that we have the largest and most complete stock of Groceries of any house in Sumter, and always prepared to meet the demands in our line?

Our trade has grown to such extent that we are forced to have more room. In addition to our large store and warehouse that we now have we are fitting up a 90-foot warehouse between the Atlantic Coast Line and Southern depots in order that we may be in better position to supply the demands.

In addition to our large stock of goods on hand, we have lots of goods bought at factories that we can ship direct to you and save you money.

We give you a FEW PRICES BELOW, but as we have not space to give you a full list of prices, will ask that you write or come and get our prices which we will furnish with pleasure.

Best Large Lump Starch, 40-lb. boxes.....3½c lb
Best Soda, 60-lb. boxes, 1-lb. packages, at.....$2 per box
Star Lye, $3 per case, 4 dozen. Delivered in 5 case lots.
Rex Baking Powders ½ and 1-lb. cans, $3.60 per case of 100 ½ and 50 lbs. Delivered in 5 case lots, with 1 case Rex Soda, 60 lbs., free.
TEA.—Good Black and Green, 10-lb. caddies.....35c lb
DIME MILK.—Four dozen in case, at.....$3.50 per case
OLD VIRGINIA CHEROOTS—Three for 5c, at.....$12.50 per thousand
OLD GLORY CHEROOTS—Five for 10c.....$14 per thousand
CIGARS—The finest 5c Cigars on the market.....$35 per thousand
SCHNAPPS TOBACCO—10-lb. Caddies.....35c per lb
EARLY BIRD TOBACCO—10-lb. Caddies.....35c per lb
SWEEP APPLE TOBACCO—10-lb. Caddies.....34c per lb
LALLA ROOK TOBACCO—10-lb. Caddies.....32c per lb
BIG WHISTLE TOBACCO—10-lb. Caddies.....36c per lb
RED EYE TOBACCO—8 plugs to lb., 10-lb. Caddies.....27c per lb

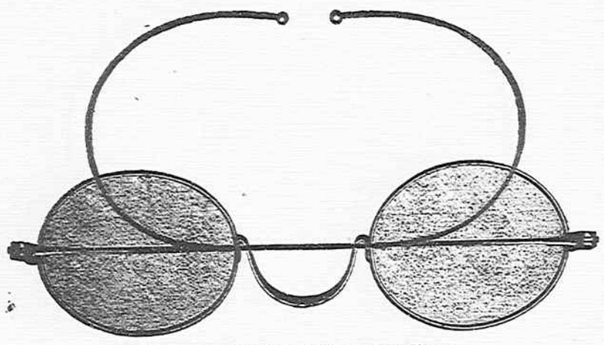
FLOUR ..... BACON
MEAL ..... GRITS
LARD ..... MOLASSES

And other Goods at LOWEST PRICES. Ask for prices which we will furnish you.

CROSSWELL & CO,
SUMTER, S. C.

Look to Your Interest.

Here we are, still in the lead, and why suffer with your eyes when you can be suited with a pair of Spectacles with so little trouble? We carry the



Celebrated HAWKES Spectacles and Glasses,

Which we are offering very cheap, from 25c to $2.50 and Gold Frames at $3 to $6. Call and be suited.

W. M. BROCKINTON.

THE CAROLINA GROCERY COMPANY,

THOMAS WILSON, President.

WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

159 East Bay - - Charleston, S. C.

We Would Be Glad to Have You Write Us for Prices.

The Percival Manufacturing Company,

INCORPORATED.

MEETING ST., near Line, - CHARLESTON, S. C.

WE MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS OF

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Frames, Mantels, Turning, Moulding, Scroll Work, Stair Work,

And every description of house-finishing wood work.

We are prepared to compete with any establishment in the United States in prices and quality of work. Get an estimate from us before purchasing elsewhere.

You Will Save Money By It.

THE TIMES Office Does JOB WORK Neatly and at Lowest Prices.

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA (Teething Powders)

Allays Irritation, Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child, Makes Teething Easy.

TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Troubles of Children of ANY AGE.

Costs only 25 cents at Druggists, Or mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Coke Davis Wants to Come Home.

Lipa, Province Batangas, Luzon, P.I., May 5, 1900

EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

The last copy of THE TIMES I received was dated in November; can not imagine why they fail to reach me; any way, will not "prefer charges" against you until the case can be investigated.

Preferring charges and "tin soldering" is about all that is being done at present. The fines imposed on the men each month I firmly believe will pay the salary of the Colonel and his staff. It amuses me to see the regular army officers try to make regulars out of volunteers. Will give you a few examples of what the officers and men are required to do and some of the fines and sentences given for disobedience of orders. Each officer is required to be present at all drills, etc. If sick he must be excused by the surgeon or the commanding officer of the post, an excuse that he is not feeling well, don't go. The doctor is the one to say whether he is able to perform duty or not. Now for the men: at Pusido five men in Co. E were absent from reville, they all claimed to be sick, which was true, but the doctor didn't think so, they were given a big dose of oil and marked duty. The Major then ordered that charges be preferred against them. In the summary court each man was fined $8.00. So many men who are not sick try to shirk their duties it is pretty hard for a sick man to get in the hospital. On board the transport orders were issued not to spit on the floor or deck. The Major or some officer saw a sentinel spit on the floor near the state room, that fellow got 10 days or $10. Another man while in a restaurant spat out of the window, and unluckily for him it struck one of the native women on the top of the head, he got $5.00. A sentinel while on post was caught eating a banana, he got $5.00. A private told a corporal—using his language—"You go to hell": he had a general court marshal: his sentence was three months at hard labor and $30.00. A corporal was fined $18.00 for entering the cathedral at San Jose without permission, said he only went in to lie down and rest. The first volunteers that came here took everything they could get their hands on and a great many will do so now, so orders were issued that no enlisted man would be allowed to enter any house or building and the officers were ordered to shoot down any man they saw disobeying the order. This man is a jew, he says that was the first time he was ever in a church and swears he will never put his foot in another. Have often seen men draw only 60 cents for hiking, fighting and doing guard duty for one month in a tropical climate for Uncle Sam. I believe that the majority of them should have been punished severely, but to take their wages away for such offences is too hard. There is lots of work around quarters and a few days extra duty would be sufficient. Last year a great many enlisted men found fault with their officers, well they should thank their stars they are not in the volunteer service this year. The men had a picnic last year compared to the present service; the staff all being regulars it is strictly business. I thought it best in every way for the men to have all the higher officers regulars, for the government it is certainly best, now I have changed my opinion. One regular officer in each regiment of volunteers is sufficient. Some of the volunteer officers treat their men with very little respect, generally speaking it is those who were in command of negro troops last year. The colonel lieut-colonel and several captains commanded negro troops during the previous service and it is a common thing to have some fellows cussed by an officer. Some of the men overheard a captain tell a lieutenant to "bring those Filippino officers upstairs, I do not want them to stay down there with those damned enlisted men." I have never been personally insulted by an officer and find those who speak of their men in this manner are not as good as the men themselves.

It seems as if every man must have a case of chill and fever. I am glad I have gotten over mine. At present there are 24 men sick in the hospital from my company. The doctors claim it is the fresh meat or water, well, my opinion is that it is nothing more than the climate, after marching and fighting, sleeping on the damp ground for nearly four months is enough to make any ordinary man sick. Here is one thing, though, that baffles them all: quite a number of men are troubled with worms. I have seen some of them vomit real live worms two or three inches long. How does that strike the cold feet in America? I find those who stay with hard tack, bacon and coffee are the ones that keep well. To eat and drink any old thing in this country will soon wind up your clock. The native doctors claim that grown people have worms here like children have in the States. If any of the boys should tell me that my face was black and that I looked wormy, I'd not be insulted but go straight to the doctor and get some turpentine.

The fighting is still going on in the islands and every now and then we run upon a small band of them. They are now called Ladrones but they are the same niggers the 1st Nebraska sentry fired on. Now for a prediction: When the rainy season sets in and just before the election in November, for effect, in order to carry the election for McKinley, there will be lots of fighting in all the large cities. We will get our share of it, for this city and province is the richest and most densely populated of any on the island. Just a few nights ago all the women and children across the bridge came over in the city for protection. The companies were ordered out but didn't get a nigger, they skipped out or vamoosed as the boys say, after firing a few shots. The patrol is not allowed to fire unless in self defense. In the city quite often men could kill some insurrector, but it is dangerous to shoot the Kragg unless you have a wall behind the man to stop the bullet. At San Jose a sentry fired at a man and killed a little girl about a mile off.

Earthquakes are nothing unusual, a few weeks ago the volcano Taal about five miles from here, burst forth in all of its fury: it is certainly a grand sight. This volcano years ago destroyed several towns in its vicinity and formed the lake and island it is on. It has been smoking and burning ever since. Near this lake is where our first battle was fought, and I am now just as close to it as I care to get.

It now seems like we are living in another world, it takes so long to hear from home, but if we are sent back to old Dosmarinas to do garrison duty we will certainly live in a different world.

Eash regiment is now preparing for the rainy season which begins about June 1st, and of coure each colonel is taking care of himself. The three cities the 38th are garrisoning are considered the healthiest on the island. The colonel of the 28th is kicking about being kept at Dosmarinas which has only one or two buildings in it, besides the country is low, flat and swampy. It is now a question of rank, he being the ranking colonel in the brigade. He was here a few days ago to see how he liked this city. He was very much pleased with it of course, as it is the prettiest and coolest place on the island so I wouldn't be at all surprised if we are not hiked out of here before long. Our colonel has requested to be sent to another island if moved. As I have seen all the fighting I care to see I will be only too happy if we can remain right here at Lipa.

All we talk about now is about being mustered out. Some say the first of January and some say June 30, 1901. Congress being afraid to increase the army at this session it simply means we will serve out our full term.

One thing certain we will forget how to talk to the girls. Think of not speaking to one for over six months. Twelve more we will forget what they look like: as some of the boys say, "if we can't talk we can make signs to them." Haven't read but one letter from a young lady since I have been on the island: have they all gotten married?

Guess politics is getting a little interesting just now. Well here is my county ticket, so get some one to vote it for me:

Sheriff — Thadd Kennedy, Salem; Clerk Court—J. H. Timmons, Manning; Auditor — P. B. Mouzon, Manning; Treasurer—S. J. Bowman, Manning; Supervisor—Tom Owens, Jordan; Legislators—H. B. Richardson, Panola; C. M. Davis, Davis Station; Dudley Hodge, Alcolu; School Commissioner—Furnam Bradham, Manning.

I believe when any one is elected to an office he can better perform his duties the second term, but I do not believe in keeping any man in an office if he doesn't give satisfaction to a majority of the people and is not polite and obliging. Now some of my other friends may expect to run, am sorry I can't vote for them, but if any one will get me a discharge I'll certainly come home, change the ticket, and vote for them.

Must close, good luck, I am.

Yours truly,

A. C. DAVIS.

Children's Day at Packsville.

Editor The Manning Times:

Please allow me space in the columns of your paper which is read with pleasure by many far and near, as it brings news of gladness to many homes and it is always welcome to the homes of many. I will try and give you a few dots from our quiet little village and the progress of the Sunday schools of this place.

This little village is blessed with two noble Sunday schools, one Methodist and the other Baptist, which I can speak of in the highest terms and can truly say that they are amongst the best in the county as they have good teachers who take pleasure in learning the little children of God and never get weary in the labor of the vineyard of our Lord and Master, and to prove this it was my pleasure to be at the Children's Day exercises at the Methodist church of this place on Sunday evening, the 17th inst., at 5 o'clock. In the commencement of this occasion I must pay all kind respects and all credit to our high and accomplished friend and teacher in the Sunday school, Miss Eva Curtis, one who has the highest respect and is loved by all as she is always found at her post of duty in her Sunday school, teaching the Word of God with love and faith and never gets weary in working for our Lord and Master.

Through the teaching and training of Miss Eva Curtis on this occasion has marked her as being one who knows her duty and is willing to perform it.

About 4 o'clock the folks began to assemble at the Methodist church until it was well filled and as the hour of 5 o'clock came Miss Eva Curtis played the march on the organ for the scholars to march in church and one could hear the footsteps of the little ones as they came in the church keeping step with the sound of the organ. As they all proceeded to take their places which were arranged for them and so well trained by Miss Eva Curtis I could not see how the little ones could go through this march without making mistakes. It showed that they were well trained for this occasion and by one who knows how to manage a Sunday school; it showed patience and kindness.

The occasion was the grandest of all the Children's Days that I ever had the pleasure to see. Brotner Connors from Summerton came up to fill the place of Bro. A. T. Dunlap as sickness prevented Brother Dunlap from being present. The occasion was opened with prayer by Brother Connors. Then came recitations, dialogues and songs, some of the best that I have ever heard and I must give the children the highest praise for acting so well, as they did not make the least error in all the program and it showed that they were well trained for this occasion. Everything passed off quietly and pleasantly and all were highly delighted with the occasion.

After the children got through reciting their pieces, songs, etc., Brother Connors was called on to make an address to the audience, but in the commencement of his address he said that he had listened with pleasure to the scholars and he spoke in the highest terms of them and gave them the highest praise and credit for acting so nobly and faithful in discharging the duties required of them and gave some of the best advice to the teachers who would work faithful in the Sunday school and teach the Word of God in faith and love to the little children and they would reap their reward in the future when this life was ended.

Brother Connors is loved by all who know him, as he carries a heart of love for all and is spoken of in the highest terms by friends and loved ones wherever he goes. May God bless him with all blessings and spare him to a good old age in the cause of his Lord and Master in marking the milestones in this life on the road to heaven for the faithful ones, and may God bless Miss Eva Curtis for all her labors so faithfully done in the cause of our Lord and Master. May His rich blessings ever be her lot through life and heaven be her home.

R.

Unless food is digested quickly it will ferment and irritate the stomach. After each meal take a teaspoonful of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat and will allow you to eat all you need of what you like. It never fails to cure the worst cases of dyspepsia. It is pleasant to take. D. O. Rhame, Summerton; Dr. W. M. Brockinton, Manning.

No Soot on Your Pans

Cleanliness is one virtue of the Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stove that good housekeepers appreciate. Perfect safety is another. Convenience and cool cooking are others.

If you're figuring on saving money on fuel this summer, figure on getting a

Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stove

It burns the cheapest fuel you can buy—the same oil you burn in your lamps. No odor. If your dealer *does not* have them, write to

STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

MANNING HARDWARE CO., Sole Agents.

Cure For Pneumonia.

Take six to ten onions, according to size, and chop fine; put in a large spider over a hot fire, then add about the same quantity of rye meal and vinegar enough to make it a thick paste. In the meanwhile stir it thoroughly, letting it simmer five or ten minutes. Then put in a cotton bag large enough to cover the lungs and apply it to the chest as hot as the patient can bear. When it gets cool, apply another and thus continue by reheating the poultices. In a few hours the patient will be out of danger.

This simple remedy has never failed in this too often fatal malady.

Usually three or four applications will be sufficient, but continue always until perspiration starts freely from the chest.

This simple remedy was formulated many years ago by one of the best physicians New England has ever known, who never lost a patient by this disease and won his renown by saving persons by simple remedies after the best medical talent had pronounced their cases hopeless. Personally we know of three persons who were saved by the remedy last winter in Boston after their physicians had given them up to die, and if a record was made of all similar cases during the last six years it would fill a good sized volume.—"The World's Progress."

An American Reporter.

They have a reporter on one of the Williamsburg papers who may not be much on style, but for placid, nervy "get there" he is a jewel. A little while ago he was assigned to a political meeting and asked to give a good report of it. Now, it happened that the festivities were conducted entirely in Polish, a language of which the young man knows nothing. This fact, however, did not feaze him a bit. He made his way through the hall, pushed up to the platform and sat down with the secretary. For several minutes he industriously took notes and finally the secretary, turning to him, pumped out a volley of Polish.

"I am not in it, dear boy," retorted the young man as he turned again to listen to the speaker.

The secretary looked surprised. Finally he went out and brought in a man who asked in English:

"Are you a Polish reporter?"

"Nope," was the reply. "I am an American one."

"Do you understand our language?"

"I never heard it before," retorted the scribbler, "but I think I have picked up enough since I have been here to give a rattling good story."

And he did.—New York Press.

A Savage Publisher.

The late J. Schabelitz, the famous Zurich publisher and author, was a shrewd business man, an excellent linguist, a skillful writer and probably the most savage publisher who ever lived. When he accepted the famous memoirs of Count von Arnim, he wrote on the postal card with the acceptance the proviso, "I reserve the right to correct your infernally bad grammar."

To an aspiring poet who had submitted manuscript he answered by postal card: "I refuse to be disgraced by printing your doggerel. I don't return the copy because you didn't inclose enough postage. If you will send it, with the price of this card, I will send it to you, but I don't think the stuff is worth the expense on your part."

One of his postal cards to a novelist read about as follows: "For heaven's sake, come and take away the unnamable mass of paper you left here for me to look at!"

An ambitious historian was crushed by the following, written, like all of his correspondence, upon a postal card: "You are making the mistake of your life. You don't want to study history. You want to learn how to write."—Saturday Evening Post.

He Knew the Sex.

"I understand you have consented to your daughter's marriage to that young Swiftpace," said the old friend.

"I have," replied the father.

"I guess you don't know the young man," suggested the old friend pointedly.

"On the contrary, I know all about him," answered the father, "and I also know all about my daughter and a few things about the sex in general. If I had refused my consent, ten to one she would have married him anyway, but, having given it, the odds are easily ten to five that she will tire of him and throw him over before they've even set the day for the wedding."—Chicago Post.

Curiosity Satisfied.

Burly Tramp—Wot's th' good of a little dog like that?

Mrs. Rural—To keep off tramps.

"He, he! Wot kin that little critter do?"

"He can bark. That will wake up the big dogs under the porch."

"Y-e-s, mum. Good day, mum."—New York Weekly.

Staying at Home.

A lady residing in North Columbus meeting a girl the other day who had lately been in her service inquired:

"Well, Mary, where do you live now?"

"Please, ma'am, I don't live nowhere," rejoined the girl. "I'm married."—Indianapolis Journal.

We Are Cleaner Today.

With regard to all the refinements of habit conveyed in the words cleanliness, sanitation and facility of locomotion the small shopkeeper, the mechanic, the very peasant of today, is better off than were princes and noblemen 70 or 80 years ago. That little bathroom of poor Queen Marie Antoinette at the Trianon must have been almost as much an object of curiosity for its singularity in her day as it is now for its associations, and certain it is that in all those vast piles of buildings at Versailles, with all their gorgeous magnificence, bathrooms were an unknown quantity.

According to some authorities, Louis XIV never washed, a little cold cream applied with a cambric handkerchief serving instead. This let us hope was a calumny, but in St. Simon's minute and detailed account of the monarch's day, from the handing in of his periwig through the closed bed curtains in the morning until several dukes and marquises had handed the royal night chemise to each other, the highest in rank placing it on the royal shoulders, and his chaplain, kneeling at a priedieu at the foot of the bed, had said his night prayers for him, no mention is made of any ablutions, except that he was shaved every other day.—Cornhill Magazine.

Age Told by Teeth.

"Men's ages can be told by their teeth as accurately as horses," said a Frankford bookkeeper over his luncheon. "I have found this out by my intercourse with salesmen. They come into the office, stand at the little counter, and when the proprietor is not in they entertain me a weary while with accounts of their business skill and merited success. Having nothing to do, I watch their mouths—their mouths that cannot be stationary.

"Up to the age of 28, I have learned, a man's mouth closes and opens like a child's, and what teeth are displayed are the upper ones. At 30 the lower lip becomes loose, and the lower teeth are as much shown as the upper teeth. At 32 the tops or edges of the lower teeth are blunt, but they are still white. At 34 the upper teeth don't show at all. The lower ones' edges then are a pale brown.

"And so on, as the years go by, the lower lip droops more and more, the lower teeth become shorter, and their edges grow blunter, thicker and darker. I have often wondered why it is that the lower teeth wear down in this way, while the upper ones don't do it, and why only the upper front teeth decay."—Philadelphia Record.

There Was Sorrow There.

The colonel halted his horse in front of a Dakota dugout and uttered a vigorous "Hello!" and after a minute a towheaded girl of about 16 years of age showed up and looked him over and said:

"Now, then, what ye whoopin fur and who be ye?"

"Can I get anything to eat here?"

"Not a thing."

"Any water for my horse?"

"The spring's gone dry."

"How far is it to the river?"

"Dunno."

"Please ask your father to step out."

"Pop's bin on a drink for a week."

"And your mother?"

"She's got the toothache. That's her cryin."

"Haven't you got a brother?"

"Yep, but he got snake bit yesterday and don't feel well."

"Well, what about you?" persisted the colonel. "You seem to be all right."

"Oh, but I ain't," she replied as she made ready to disappear. "I was to git married yesterday, but my feller got shot by an Injun, and it'll take two weeks to ketch on to another. This ar' a house of sorrow, sir, and ye will please to ride on and not ask any more fool questions!"—New York Sun.

Japanese Courtesy.

Dr. Seaman is an authority on Japan, and he tells this story of his last visit to that country:

"There was a little incident happened while we were in port that showed the magnanimity of those people. A United States soldier was out riding a bicycle, and he was coasting down hill, when he ran over a man. They promptly arrested him, and he was taken before a magistrate. We all went up from the transport to see how things went with him. The magistrate heard the case and fined him $5 for running over a blind man.

"'What!' said the soldier; 'was the man blind? Here, give him $20,' and he pulled out a $20 goldpiece and handed it over to the magistrate.

"And what do you think they did? They were so pleased that they remitted the whole fine, or would have done so, only the soldier would not take it back, but insisted on its being given to the blind man, and then they gave him a diploma setting forth what he had done."—New York Tribune.

In the time of Louis Quatorze in France food in general was placed upon the table in one huge dish, and each helped himself with his naked hand. As late as the middle of the sixteenth century one glass or goblet did duty for the whole table.

Men have missed their opportunities more often than opportunities have missed them.—Elliott's Magazine.

Paid For His Joke.

The editor is fond of a joke and has the good sense to appreciate one at his own expense. A few weeks ago he was walking with a friend, and at the corner of a busy thoroughfare he saw a dilapidated looking Hibernian standing at the opposite corner gazing listlessly into vacancy.

"Watch me surprise this old fellow," said he to his friend. "Look right into his face and see if it won't be a study."

A second later they were abreast of the son of Erin, and the editor pulled out a silver coin and said as he thrust it into the man's hand: "Here's that half a crown I owe you. Now, don't go round any more telling people that I don't pay my debts."

For a second the man's face was a study. He was amazed at the unlooked for kindness, and then, as its purport dawned on him, he raised his hat and said: "Heaven bless yer 'onner! I'll never say another word ag'in ye. But," and his eyes twinkled merrily, "are ye sure it wasn't a crown ye owed me?"

The friend roared: "Oh, pay the man in full! Don't try to beat him out of a paltry half crown." The Irishman got his crown, but the editor no longer pays his debts at sight now.—London Telegraph.

Used Olive Oil.

A mistress before going out told her negro cook to fry some Saratoga chips in olive oil. The first thing that greeted the mistress upon her return was an unrecognizable and awful odor that penetrated every cranny of the flat. Rushing to the kitchen, the mistress found the chips sizzling away in a pan full of what proved to be vinegar.

"But I told you olive oil!" cried the mistress.

"Yes, ma'am, I know, ma'am," returned the cook, who, by the way, can read and write and is "up" upon matters of geography and history. "But, you see, ma'am, I didn't know what it was, and I saw that bottle there," pointing to a jar of olives, "and I just poured the stuff out of that over the potatoes. I s'posed that where there was olives there must be olive oil."—New York Sun.

A little social life is good for one. As time goes on and the old friends have gone to their promotion it is well to keep up one's interest in the world of today by cultivating friendly relations with those about us.—Ladies' Home Journal.

It may be good for us to remember, as an English novelist tells us, that the shade of each departed day falls on our graves.

NOTICE!

Board of Control Clarendon Co.

Manning, S. C., June 27, 1900.

On the 14th day of July, 1900, at 12 o'clock M. in the office of the County Supervisor, applications for the position of County Dispenser will be opened and considered. Said applications must comply with Section 7 Acts General Assembly 1894, which reads as follows:

"Section 7. Applications for positions of County Dispenser shall be by petition, signed and sworn to by the applicant and filed with the County Board of Control at least ten days before the meeting at which the application is to be considered, which petition shall state the applicant's name, place of residence, in what business engaged, and in what business he has been engaged two years previous to filing petition; that he is a citizen of the United States and of South Carolina; that he has never been adjudged guilty of violating the law relating to intoxicating liquors, and is not a keeper of a restaurant or place of public amusement, and that he is not addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors as a beverage. This permit or renewal thereof shall issue only on condition that the applicant shall execute to the County Treasurer a bond in the penal sum of three thousand dollars, with good and sufficient sureties, conditioned that he will well and truly obey the laws of the State of South Carolina, now or hereafter in force, in relation to the sale of intoxicating liquors, that he will pay all fines, penalties, damages and costs that he may be assessed, or recorded against him, for violations of such laws during the term for which said permit or renewal is granted, and will not sell intoxicating liquors under his permit at a price other than that fixed by State Board of Control."

R. H. DAVIS, Chairman Board.

14-3t]

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

County of Clarendon.

By James M. Windham, Esq., Probate Judge.

WHEREAS, F. H. CHEWNING made suit to me to grant him letters of administration of the estate of and effects of Mrs. Josephine Holladay, deceased.

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said Mrs. Josephine Holladay, deceased, that they be and appear before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Manning, on the 21st day of July next, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand this 21st day of June, A. D. 1900.

JAMES M. WINDHAM, Judge of Probate.

[SEAL.]
14-4t]

R. L. BELL.

MANNING, S. C.,

Machinist, Blacksmith and Wheelwright.

MANUFACTURER OF

Wagons and Log Carts.

All work entrusted to me will be done with neatness, despatch and durability and guaranteed.

HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.

Bring on your work.

R. L. BELL.

Notice.

All parties holding claims against the school fund of the county will please present them for payment on or before the 30th inst., as on that day the scholastic year will close. My annual report to the State Superintendent of Education will be due on the 10th day of July and I am anxious to pay up all claims by the 30th inst., so that I can make a full report.

L. L. WELLS.
Co. Supt. of Education.

Manning, S. C., June 16, 1900.

For Sale.

Two Second-Hand Gins, Feeders and Condensers, complete, will be sold cheap. They are in good condition.

A. L. LESESNE, Manning, S. C.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 14, 1900.

On and after this date the following passenger schedule will be in effect:

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

South-Bound.

	*35.	*23.	*53.
Lv Florence,	3.25 A.	7.55 P.	
Lv Kingstree,		8.57	
Ar Lanes,	4.38	9.15	
Lv Lanes,	4 38	9.15	7.40 P.
Ar Charleston,	6.03	10.50	9.15

North-Bound.

	*78.	*32.	*52.
Lv Charleston,	6.33 A.	5.17 P.	7.00 A.
Ar Lanes,	8.18	6.45	8.32
Lv Lanes,	8 18	6.45	
Lv Kingstree,	8.34		
Ar Florence,	9.28	7.55	

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

No. 52 runs through to Columbia via Central R. R. of S. C.

Trains Nos. 78 and 32 run via Wilson and Fayetteville—Short Line—and make close connection for all points North.

Trains on C. & D. R. R. leave Florence daily except Sunday 9.55 a m, arrive Darlington 10.28 a m, Cheraw, 11.40 a m, Wadesboro 12.35 p m. Leave Florence daily except Sunday, 8.00 p m, arrive Darlington, 8 25 p m, Hartsville 9.20 p m, Bennetsville 9.21 p m, Gibson 9.45 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.55 a m, arrive Darlington 10.27, Hartsville 11.10

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6.35 a m, Bennettsville 6.59 a m, arrive Darlington 7.50 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 7.00 a m, arrive Darlington 7.45 a m, leave Darlington 8.55 a m, arrive Florence 9.20 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4 25 p m, Cheraw 5.15 p m, Darlington 6.29 p m, arrive Florence 7 p m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 8.15 a m Darlington 9.00 a m, arrive Florence 9.20 a m.

J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager. JNO. F. DIVINE, Gen'l Sup't.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

W. C. & A.

South-Bound.

	55.	35.	52.
Lv Wilmington,	*3.45 P.		
Lv Marion,	6.34		
Ar Florence,	7.15		
Lv Florence,	*7.45	*2.34 A.	
Ar Sumter,	8.57	3.56	
Lv Sumter,	8.57		*9.40 A.
Ar Columbia,	10.20		11.00

No. 52 runs through from Charleston via Central R. R., leaving Charleston 7 a m, Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.09 a m.

North-Bound.

	54.	53.	32.
Lv Columbia,	*6.40 A.	*4 15 P.	
Ar Sumter,	8.05	5.35	
Lv Sumter,	8.05		*6.06 P.
Ar Florence,	9 20		7.20
Lv Florence,	9.50		
Lv Marion,	10.34		
Ar Wilmington,	1.15		

*Daily.

No. 53 runs through to Charleston, S. C., via Central R. R., arriving Manning 6.04 p m, Lanes, 6.43 p m, Charleston 8.30 p m.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Conway 7.40 p m, returning leave Conway 8.30 a m, arrive Chadbourn 11.50 a m, leave Chadbourn 11.50 a m, arrive at Hub 12.25 pm, returning leave Hub 3.00 p m, arrive at Chadbourn 3.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

CENTRAL R. R. OF SO. CAROLINA.

	No. 52
Lv Charleston,	7.00 A. M.
Lv Lanes,	8.34 "
Lv Greeleyville,	8.46 "
Lv Foreston,	8.55 "
Lv Wilson's Mill,	9.01 "
Lv Manning,	9.09 "
Lv Alcolu,	9.16 "
Lv Brogdon,	9.25 "
Lv W. & S. Junct.,	9.38 "
Lv Sumter,	9.40 "
Ar Columbia,	11.00 "
	No. 53
Lv Columbia,	4.00 P. M
Lv Sumter,	5.13 "
Lv W. & S. Junct.	5.15 "
Lv Brogdon,	5.27 "
Lv Alcolu,	5.35 "
Lv Manning,	6 04 "
Lv Wilson's Mill,	5.50 "
Lv Foreston,	5.57 "
Lv Greeleyville,	6.05 "
Ar Lanes,	6.17 "
Ar Charleston,	8.00 "

MANCHESTER & AUGUSTA R. R.

	No. 35.
Lv Sumter,	3.47 A. M.
Ar Creston,	4.43 "
Ar Orangeburg,	5.10 "
Ar Denmark,	5.48 "
	No. 32
Lv Denmark,	4.28 P. M.
Lv Orangeburg,	5.02 "
Lv Creston,	5.27 "
Ar Sumter,	6.18 "

Trains 32 and 35 carry through Pullman palace buffet sleeping cars between New York and Macon via Augusta.

Wilson and Summerton R. R.

TIME TABLE No. 1,

In effect Monday, June 13th, 1898.

Between Wilson's Mill and Dalzell.

Southbound. No. 73. P M	Daily except Sunday Stations.	Northbound. No. 72. P M
1 45	Le.....Dalzell.....Ar	1 30
2 08	.....N W Junction.....	1 02
2 10 / 3 00	.....Sumter.....	1 00 / 12 30
3 03	.....N W Junction.....	12 27
3 15	.....Tindal.....	11 55
3 33	.....Packsville.....	11 30
3 50	.....Silver.....	11 10
4 05 / 4 35	.....Millard.....	10 45 / 10 15
4 45	.....Summerton.....	10 10
5 15	.... Davis.....	9 40
5 40	.....Jordan	9 25
6 00 P M	Ar.....Wilson's Mills.....Le	9 05 A M

Between Millard and St. Paul.

Southbound. No 73. P M	No. 75. A M	Stations	Northbound. No. 72. A M	No. 74. P M
4 05	10 15	Le Millard Ar	10 45	4 35
4 15	10 25	Ar St. Paul Le	10 35	4 25
P M	A M		A M	P M

THOS. WILSON, President.

THE

Bank of Manning,

MANNING, S. C.

Transacts a general banking business.

Prompt and special attention given to depositors residing out of town.

Deposits solicited.

All collections have prompt attention.

Business hours from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

JOSEPH SPROTT,
A. LEVI, President. Cashier.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

J. W. McLEOD, W. E. BROWN,
S. M. NEXSEN, JOSEPH SPROTT,
A. LEVI.

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