The Manning Times.

LOUIS APPELT, EDITOR.

MANNING, S. C.:

WEDNESDAY, MAR. 3, 1897.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year	$1.50
Six Months	75
Four Months	50

ADVERTISING RATES:

One square, one time, $1; each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Obituaries and Tributes of Respect charged for as regular advertisements. Liberal contracts made for three, six and twelve months.

Communications must be accompanied by the real name and address of the writer in order to receive attention.

No communication of a personal character will be published except as an advertisement.

Entered at the Post Office at Manning as Second-Class Matter.

"You can fool some of the people all the time and all of the people some of the time, but you can't fool all of the people all of the time.

What's right is right, sooner or later the meaningless boasts and pretenses of jingo merchants will be found out by the people.

We have done what we said. We have but one price, the lowest.

DIAMOND FAUNTLEROYS RACKET STORE

Sumter, S. C.

Opposite Bank of Sumter.

AN EXPENSIVE SESSION.

The Legislature was to have adjourned last Saturday, but it did not, owing to the vast amount of matter still unground in the legislative mill. Without a doubt, this Legislature has worked harder without accomplishing anything, other than to raise the tax levy, than any Legislature assembled at Columbia in a number of years. The bills ratified and which are now laws, with but very few exceptions, have no bearing on the people. If anything has been to done raise the free schools from a little better than a farce we have been unable to see or hear of it. If there was any legislation which would make the machinery less cumbersome and less expensive we have not seen nor heard of it. No wonder the people are getting heartily tired of annual sessions of the General Assembly and would be glad if the constitution could be amended to have one session every five years, and if the body is to be made up of material similar to that which represents us now, we think one session to celebrate each centennial would be very acceptable.

Judging from the number of bills introduced and the groping in the dark of a large portion of the members, we doubt exceedingly whether there are a half-dozen men in both branches who, before leaving their homes, took the trouble to ascertain the needs of their constituents; but they must do something, and having an idea that their constituents would be pleased at voting for the reduction of salaries, they pitch in and slash at the salary of some obscure clerk who does more actual work in one day than the members themselves during a session; at the same time they will take days to pass a bill to make it lawful to accept a free pass on the railroads, and this too, at the cost of about one thousand dollars a day for the people to pay. The little saved by cutting salaries of clerks, and printing bills is wasted by frittering away time in discussing matters which do not concern the people. How much did the anti-free pass bill cost the taxpayers? And who was to be benefited by it had it passed; surely not the people who pay the taxes? but the men whom they elected to protect their interests, would be sole beneficiaries. The Governor appointed a Librarian; right off some man who had an axe to grind proposed a bill to take this appointment away from the Governor; of course it had to be discussed and the time consumed cost the people more than the salary of the Librarian would amount to in twelve months. If men, when they receive the nominations, would prepare themselves for the work before them, study the needs of the respective counties they represent, and then go to Columbia with a fixed purpose to work and get through, there would not be such long sessions and the Statute books would not be filled up with a lot of laws to be amended or repealed at the session following. There is bound to be a shaking up; our Government affairs must be conducted on business principles; men elected to represent the people must be taught that they are not sent to the Capitol to munch "pindars," drink one X liquor and scheme for their own or the political advancement of some friend. Members of the General Assembly have no more right to go on junketing trips at the expense of the people than would a County Treasurer have to use the funds committed into his hands to take a trip. The body, when it goes on a trip, does so at the invitation of the railroads with free transportation, but their per diem goes right on just the same.

Tillman had a Legislature which he called "driftwood," but Ellerbe's Legislature can not even be dignified with a name which would indicate anything so solid. The "driftwood" crowd did something, but the present crowd have done so little it might be said they did nothing, at least for the benefit of the people.

OH, FOOLISH CHARLESTON!

If Charleston can not do something silly it will do nothing at all. Ever since the election of Governor Ellerbe the politicians of that city have been prostrating themselves at the feet of His Excellency imploring him to take away from them that dreaded monster, the Metropolitan police. In their many prayers they promised to enforce the Dispensary law with a rigidity never before heard of and, while making these promises they did not fail to endeavor to impress upon the Governor that the Metropolitan police had been charmed by the "tigers" and were not doing their duty. A number of ministers joined in a petition endorsing the work of the head of the police force, and for doing so, they have been severely arraigned by the lovers of "Home Rule" and "blind tigers" and political pulls; nevertheless the clergy did what they were convinced was a duty they owed to the community in which they live and they, to a man, reiterate all they formerly said in contradiction of the claims made by the self-appointed representatives of the good people of Charleston. Now, while this matter is undergoing an investigation to ascertain whether or not there exists a necessity for the continuance of the force, and while the politicians are contending that the present force is not enforcing the Dispensary law, another element is claiming if the force is removed, the law would be laughted at, a grand jury drawn by men who are known to be bitterly opposed to the law, throw out every case which is presented to them, and one of the jurors is reported as saying that "it is not the violators of the law, but the law itself which is on trial." The recent conduct of the Charleston grand jury ought to convince the Governor that if the Dispensary law is to have any enforcement at all it must come through the present machinery, and if he takes off the Metropolitan police he has no power to take away the Dispensary law; then, taking off the only means of getting the law enforced would virtually be assuming a responsibility to give Charleston a free license to sell liquor and violate a State law which a large majority of the people throughout the State want to see enforced everywhere. There are "blind tigers" in Charleston, and crimes of every kind are committed there, but nevertheless, we believe Charleston is well policed and the endorsement given Chief Martin by representatives of the law-abiding element is the very best evidence of the efficiency of the force and that it is preferred to the old order. It may appear somewhat strange for outsiders to take a hand in Charleston affairs, but as a State law is at stake, we feel at liberty to enter our protest against that which we believe would have a damaging effect over the entire State—hence our opposition to the Governor's removing the Metropolitan police until there is more assurance of the enforcement of the law, than has been given by those who are anxious for action on the Governor's part, and the grand juries drawn by partisan commissioners.

THE SYSTEM DEFECTIVE.

If our information is correct, the recent court cost the taxpayers of Clarendon county about $800. Why is it? It is because the system is defective; trifling little cases which should be determined by a Magistrate burdens down the session's docket and it is as expensive to try such a case as it is to try one for murder. As an example, in the last term of court a case was tried which lasted two days and the amount stolen was but $26.00 worth of goods at such prices as, thread, five cents per spool, sardines twenty cents per box and so on. Of course these tremendous prices were put in to make the amount sufficiently large to bring the case into the sessions court where witnesses for the State get a per diem and mileage. If Magistrates had jurisdiction in such cases and in fighting cases, the county would save a great deal of money and the law would be better and more speedily vindicated.

The case we mentioned cost the county about $150; the party who lost his goods, got no pay for them and the convicted was put into prison, a further expense to the taxpayers. No county can get along without courts, they are a necessity; without them life and property would be unsafe, but we are sure a simpler, more expeditious and less expensive system in conducting the courts would be more pleasing to those who have the taxes to pay. The Magistrates should have a more extended jurisdiction, and they should be men qualified to fill such important offices.

Governor Ellerbe has appointed Miss Montgomery, of Marion, State Librarian in the place so long and acceptably filled by Mrs. LeConte. The change has created considerable talk. A great many think the Governor should not have displaced Mrs. LeConte, who is a widow, and who has filled the position in a very creditable manner; they argue that she was appointed by Governor Tillman, of whose administration Governor Ellerbe was a part, and probably was largely instrumental in urging her claim upon his chief. We should have been glad if Mrs. LeConte was retained, but the appointing power was with the Governor, and he used it according to his own judgment, but we hope he will be able to find another place for this deserving lady.

The opponents of Senator Tillman are constantly harping on "Tillman's waning influence," that he has "relegated himself to the rear," etc., but the readers of the great metropolitan press cannot agree in the belief that Tillman is no longer an important factor in national politics. The New York "World" of last Sunday has its cartoon page filled with Senators in various attitudes and among the number Tillman stands on the top round of the ladder. On another page the Sunday's "World" has a large bust picture of South Carolina's senior Senator; which goes to show that he is a shining light in the nation. Tillman may make some mistakes, as any other man made of flesh and blood, but even his political enemies cannot rob him of the fame he has made.

To-morrow the National Administration goes into the charge of the Republican party and the country will expect the golden promises made in the campaign to be fulfilled. If, however, the promises are not carried out and an era of business activity does not set in, the reaction of those who voted the Republican ticket will be so great that no earthly power can prevent that party from being hurled from power. Mr. McKinley goes into office badly hampered; the country is in a state of unrest; they expect more from him than he or any other President can give, and while we do not believe there will be any material change in the financial condition, yet we hope the new Administration will be able to give some relief.

Senator Tillman, in a speech in the Senate last Monday, raised the ire of some of his colleagues by charging, that the trusts and monopolies had their paid agents in the Senate. When tackled by Senator Hawley he dared to stand by his assertion and in alluding to President Cleveland he exclaimed: "Our illustrious President, who, God be praised, goes out of power in three days more." The measure he was advocating was carried and a cool million dollars was saved to the people.

It is hinted that while Mr. John T. Duncan ostensibly has opened a law office in Columbia, another string may be attached to his new move, and the probability is he will be the recipient of a position at the hands of the new Board of Control. Should the Board decide to elect a liquor commissioner the plum might fall into Duncan's lap, as a majority of the Board are supposed to be his friends. It is known that Duncan's friends worked hard to elect some of the present members of the Board.

The New York "World," in the last campaign did all in its power to defeat the Democratic nominee, and now it is equally as antagonistic to the incoming Administration. It fought its party nominee because it differed with him in his financial views, now it is fighting the incoming Administration on account of the monopolies and trusts to whom the new Administration is under obligations for its election.

Ex-Governor Evans has returned to South Carolina from his trip to Washington, where he went to look after some money due from the Government to people living on the coast. He finished his work and because he does not receive as large a commission as some of the newspapers thought he would get, they are worrying themselves and telling their tales of woe to their readers.

Dr. Samps Pope has loomed up in Washington to aid George W. Murry to tear up South Carolina's electoral vote. The South Carolina delegation know all about the wily doctor and when they get through with him the country at large will have a good insight into his political character.

The United States Senate was in session last Sunday.

Mark Hanna will be John Sherman's successor in the United States Senate. A right good reward for his services.

It will be Mr. Grover Cleveland after to-morrow. He will be the second living ex-President.

Enforce the Law.

[From the Columbia Register.]

The "Register" firmly believes in local self government and for the sake of that principle it opposed the adoption of the Metropolitan police bill when it was being considered by the General Assembly. But that sacred principle cannot be made the basis for unlimited license for each locality to do just exactly what is pleasing to it. They utterly fail to comprehend what local self government means who would so debase and degrade it. The absurdity of such a conception cannot easily be demonstrated by pushing it to the last analysis. If local self government means that the State has no right to enforce a law in a county which is not liked by a majority of the people of that county, what right has the county to enforce a law in one of its cities which is not liked by a majority of its citizens, or what right has a city to enforce an ordinance in one of its wards if that ordinance does not suit a majority of the people in that ward, or who has a right to enforce a law in a square of a ward which is not satisfactory to the people living in that square, or who has a right to enforce a law in one house of a square which the occupants of that house do not think is a good law, or who has a right to compel an individual citizen to obey a law which he thinks should not have been passed? It is possible to carry the idea of local self government to ridiculous extremes, and that is what is being done in Charleston, where a deliberate attempt is being made to nullify a law of the State of South Carolina. The Dispensary law is unpopular with certain elements in that city, which unfortunately control its politics. They have gone far in their endeavor to nullify the statute, but unless "The Register" mistakes utterly the character of the people of South Carolina and of their Representatives, the Dispensary law shall be enforced as rigidly in Charleston as anywhere else in the State. It is impossible to avoid the conclusion that the Charleston grand jury has been deliberately packed with enemies of the Dispensary law who are willing to perjure themselves in order to prevent convictions for violations of that statute in Charleston. Last year the Jury Commission of Charleston county was composed of Reformers and Conservatives, and a number of "blind tiger" keepers were convicted of violating the Dispensary law, but a change was surreptitiously engineered through the Legislature and this year no Reformer has a hand in the selection of Charleston's juries. Motives must be judged by results. The Charleston grand jury on last Friday and Saturday threw out forty-six indictments for violation of the Dispensary law. Does anybody outside of an insane asylum believe for the thousandth part of a second that in not one of those cases was there sufficient evidence presented to warrant finding a true bill? Remember, the grand jury only hears evidence as to the violation of the law, the prisoner's witness only testifying after a true bill has been found. No, the Charleston grand jury did not pass on the indictments according to the evidence, but according to its prejudice, which was against the law. As long as Charleston shows this spirit of defiance and of determination to spit upon and trample under foot a law of the State, Metropolitan police must be maintained in that city and steps should be taken to have Dispensary cases tried elsewhere, without having Charleston grand juries pass on them.

Searchlight.

In a sermon delivered last Sunday in Charleston at the First Baptist church by the pastor, Rev. Lucius Cuthbert, D. D., application was made of the subject of his sermon "The Bible Searchlight" to the city of Charleston, and the language employed is of especial interest at this time when there is a strong pressure being brought on Governor Ellerbe by the politicians to get him to take away the Metropolitan police. Here is a part of the sermon:

"And if the searchlight of God's Word be turned upon the city of Charleston what a fearful and frightful condition of affairs would be brought to view! There are certain plague spots that will be revealed in all their hideous deformity.

"Ah, what demons of sin are plying their cruel craft to entrap the unwary, to immure the simple minded and to enslave in the bondage of vice many a young man and woman in this old 'City by the Sea!'

"Gambling, whether in high or low life, is a sin against the laws of God and man; whether it is in an obscure cellar or a brilliantly lighted up room, or in fashionable places where the so-called 'elite' do congregate, to spend the evening throwing dice and shuffling cards for the fun, the excitement or the money. That is a spectacle which the searching gaze of Almighty God will discover.

"The saloon, as such, is gone, and thank God, never to return again, but there are 'secret places' where this illicit traffic in strong drink is carried on in utter defiance of law, and the detriment and destruction of the men both young and old.

"If the medicinal and mechanical necessity exists for the use of stimulants, it is more manly and more in accordance with a law-abiding community to go where the law allows than to sneak in and out of some dark and dingy hole, like unto the lair of a wild beast, significantly call it a blind tiger.

"The searchlight of God will reveal those haunts of vice where under the cover of the night men will resort and waste their substance in riotous living—men who hold their heads high in society. Men who are living with women not their wives; women living with men not their husbands. Oh, what a plague spot, like unto Sodom and Gomorrah, would the searchlight reveal. There are men leading double lives in this fair city to-day, who glory in their shame and bid defiance to public opinion. It was for this shameful sin that God rained fire and brimstone upon the cities of the plain. God, in mercy, save us from ourselves!

"The only hope before us is to turn from all sin; the sin of heart and mind and life and to follow the Divine Guide, who has said: 'I am the way, the truth and the life.'"

VICTIM OF LUMBAGO.

"Last February my son was taken with lumbago, and we tried almost every remedy, but nothing did any good, and our family physician failed to cure. He was also attended by a specialist without benefit. Finally we began giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before he had finished the first bottle he was able to go about on crutches." Wm. H. Baker, Langley, S. C.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills.

In England human skin is converted into leather and the demand is growing.

The man who is afraid to do right is the biggest coward on earth.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by R. B. Loryea.

TILLMAN ON HANNAISM.

"Business Methods" Won in Ohio and the Whole Nation is Disgraced.

[From the New York World.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The attitude of "The World" in the last campaign was a disappointment to its friends who had expected that it would finally come out for free silver and then give Mr. Bryan a hearty support.

But while Democrats were disappointed that the great Democratic daily of New York city assumed the attitude it did, the telling blows which it has dealt to trusts and monopolies and the courage and persistence with which it leads the fight against corporations and their high priest, Mark Hanna, must command the admiration of every true patriot.

We are making history very rapidly in this closing lustrum of the nineteenth century and the two opposing forces in American politics, the people and organized capital, are already marshalling their forces for the contest of 1900. The last election, although it witnessed the triumph of money, is acknowledged to have settled nothing, and every student of current events must realize that the condition of antagonism between man and money of our country is becoming more and more accentuated every day.

As soon as it became known that Senator Sherman would receive the portfolio of State in the Cabinet of Mr. McKinley, the question of his successor came prominently to the front and for two months the figure of Mark Hanna has loomed portentously above the horizon as the man who was to take Sherman's place in the American House of Lords.

There have been reports, interviews and surmises almost daily leading the people to believe that Governor Bushnell and Senator Foraker would resist the demand for Mr. Hanna's appointment to fill the Senatorial vacancy. There were patriotic Americans trained in the old school of our politics, both Democrats and Republicans, who hoped that official subserviency would not stoop so far, and that the great State of Ohio might have as its representative in the Senate one worthy to succeed John Sherman.

But the "business methods," for the first time made familiar to the American people in the recent Presidential canvass, have been too strong. The news came to us within a week that Hanna is to be the next Senator from Ohio. Organized capital flaunts in the face of American people the commission to a seat in the Senate wrung from a reluctant Executive, and the 4th of March, which will witness the withdrawal of Sherman, will be followed swiftly by the entrance into the Senate chamber of a man who boldly and unblushingly bought the Presidency for his friend and patron.

I say patron, for I am not ready to use a harsher term which, however, is floating in the minds of the people, nor to believe that Mr. McKinley will permit himself to become the mere puppet and tool of Hanna and the men he represents.

The two men are very intimately associated and one owes the other much, very much, but I shall hope to see the new President perform the duties of his high office in a manner that will reflect credit upon himself and the millions of true Americans who voted for him, rather than lend himself to the scheme of the conspirators who are pressing onward, either to defeat or revolution.

The American people have done a great deal of thinking since the November election and the masses have learned a great deal about the true nature of the issues presented in the last campaign.

It is fortunate for those who have not despaired of the Republic and who believe in the capacity of men for self-government that Mark Hanna is to enter the Senate. His advent marks a further step downward, a "lower deep" in the debauchery of American politics. The election to the high office of his Democratic predecessor by bribery has been charged with much show of truth, and no evidence to disprove it ever saw the light of day.

What, with the fact that Ohio cast one vote in the recent election for every three and three-quarters inhabitants and now sees the manipulator of that election translated to the Senate—it is easy to see that the downward course, the "easy descent to hell," is being rapidly trod. The "business methods" which have brought about these results and the reward claimed and obtained so unblushingly must mark an epoch in American history.

The seat filled by blunt, honest old Ben Wade and "Grand Old Man" Allan Thurman is to be occupied by Mark Hanna, and the question naturally presents itself, what is the reason for thus honoring this man? Is it because he has oppressed and robbed labor? That he is in fact the embodiment of modern Republicanism, which is more cruel than the ex-slaveholders of the South and knows no God but Mammon?

Let the cause be what it may, the American people have only themselves to blame for the conditions in which they now find themselves. The struggle for the control of the Government by the trusts and corporations has caused us to witness strange sights within recent years. The Federal patronage and the possession of the veto power are the prizes fought for in the Presidential election.

A seat in the Senate, which is the fortress of the wealthy classes and favored interests, is becoming so valuable that the election of a Senator in any State, North or South, where money can be used, is no longer left to the people or their representatives. Partisan feeling runs so high as to threaten rioting and bloodshed. Witness the scenes in Kentucky last spring, and see the situation in Oregon now. Then the elections for Senator in South Dakota, Idaho and North Carolina are too recent to need more than an allusion. They all cry with trumpet voice for the election of Senators by a direct vote of the people.

The robbery of the people by still more oppressive legislation than they now endure cannot be accomplished except by legislative action, and a seat in the Senate in the equally balanced condition of parties becomes more and more a prize to be fought for, and—alas, I must say it—bought. The Republican chairman, who is to become Senator, has been actively at work securing votes in that body.

When Congress convenes in extra session he will himself be a member of it, and his intimate relations with the new President will naturally give him more weight than any man in the Senate. Thus bribery, the wholesale debauchery of the ballot, is rewarded by the highest honor and influence. The highest honor in the gift of the State is the wholesale prostitution of the American people.

Again I say, it marks an epoch in our country's history, and it remains to be seen whether the triumph of wrong over right, of falsehood over truth, of dishonesty and corruption, shall be permanent. I repeat that the brazen effrontery which has brought about this object lesson is fortunate for the cause of humanity and patriotism.

"The mills of the gods grind slowly, but they grind exceeding fine." The people of great wealth who use such unscrupulous methods to increase their ill-gotten gains are only damming up the water.

B. R. TILLMAN.

RHEUMATISM QUICKLY CURED.

After having been confined to the house for eleven days and paying out $25 in doctor bills without benefit, Mr. Frank Dolson, of Sault Ste Marie, Mich., was cured by one bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, costing 25 cents, and has not since been troubled with that complaint. For sale by R. B. Loryea, the druggist.

It is time enough to think of to-morrow's opportunities when we have done our best with the opportunities of to-day.

Cultivate the habit of always seeing the best in people, and, more than that, of drawing forth whatever is the best in them.

SOMETHING TO KNOW.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. The medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centres in the stomach, gently stimulates the liver and kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c. or $1.00 per bottle at R. B. Loryea's drug store.

Corn

is a vigorous feeder and responds well to liberal fertilization. On corn lands the yield increases and the soil improves if properly treated with fertilizers containing not under 7% actual

Potash.

A trial of this plan costs but little and is sure to lead to profitable culture.

All about Potash—the results of its use by actual experiment on the best farms in the United States—is told in a little book which we publish and will gladly mail free to any farmer in America who will write for it.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

He Was Hawked.

One day last week, Conductor James, on the W. & S. railroad, and the section master, had a novel experience. While at a standstill at a wood rack, some one shot a large bird and broke one of its wings; the bird could not fly and had to depend on its legs for motive power. James has a very fine stride; he took in after "birdie" and after somewhat of a race he came upon the wounded creature. To his astonishment, instead of a turkey, as he hoped, it was a hawk, but he would not have his race for nothing and calling the section master to his aid, each grabbed a wing and on they went towards the rack; by some means the hawk managed to work his claws high enough to grasp Conductor James's hand and there he swung until the conductor was glad when friends got him loose, and he declares he will never chase a hawk again no matter how much it resembles a turkey.

Onion sets at R. B. Loryea's.

Garden seed, all varieties, at R. B. Loryea's.

To Consumers of Lager Beer:

The Germania Brewing Company, of Charleston, S. C., have made arrangements with the South Carolina State authorities by which they are enabled to fill orders from consumers for shipments of beer in any quantity at the following prices:

Pints, patent stopper, 60c. per dozen.
Four dozen pints in crate, $2.80 per crate.
Eighth-keg, $1.25.
Quarter-keg, $2 25.
Half-barrel, $4.50.
Exports, pints, ten dozen in barrel, $9.

It will be necessary for consumers or parties ordering, to state that the beer is for private consumption. We offer special rates for these shipments. This beer is guaranteed pure, made of the choicest hops and malt, and is recommended by the medical fraternity. Send to us for a trial order.

GERMANIA

Brewing Company,

Charleston, S. C.

Notice.

Office Superintendent of Education,
Clarendon County.

Until further notice I will be in my office every Saturday, from 9 a. m. to 1 m., and from 2 p. m., to 5 p. m. Other days will be spent in visiting the schools.

W. S. RICHBOURG,
Supt. Education, C. C.

Manning, S. C., Feb. 1st 1897.

Land Surveying and Leveling.

I will do Surveying, Etc., in Clarendon and adjoining Counties.

Call at office or address at Sumter, S. C., P. O. Box 101.

JOHN R. HAYNESWORTH.

Discharge Notice.

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of March 1897, I will apply to the Judge of Probate for Clarendon County for a discharge as administrator of the estate of Henry DeSaussure Gardin, deceased.

THOMAS E. RICHARDSON,
Administrator.

Sumter, S. C., Feb. 10, 1897.

Engleberg

Rice Hullers

The only machine that in one operation will clean, hull and polish rough rice, putting it in merchantable condition, ready for table use. SIMPLE AND EASY TO MANAGE.

—ALSO—

CORN MILLS, SAW MILLS, PLANING MACHINES,

And all kinds of Wood-Working Machiny.

Talbott and Liddell

Engines and Boilers

On hand at Factory prices.

V. C. BADHAM,

General Agent,

COLUMBIA, S. C.

J. L. Wilson,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

—AGENT FOR—

THE HOME MUTUAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION OF S. C.

Protects from Fire, Wind, and Lightning.

REGISTRATION NOTICE.

The State of South Carolina.

CLARENDON COUNTY.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with an Act of the General Assembly, the books for the registration of all legally qualified voters, will be open at the court house, between the hours of 9 o'clock, a. m., and 3 o'clock, p. m., on the first Monday of each month and for three successive days, until thirty days before the next general election. Minors who shall become of age during that period of thirty days, shall be entitled to registration before the books are closed, if otherwise qualified.

G. T. WORSHAM,
S. G. GRIFFIN,
E. D. HODGE,
Supervisors of Registration.

Manning, S. C., January 1st 1897.

It Is a Common Expression

In the mouths of everybody that times are hard, and so they may say; but, my friends, if you will bring your little cash earnings and savings to our Store and see what turns of goods can be secured for such a small sum of money, you will realize the fact that times are not as hard as one might think. Come to our store with the cash, and we guarantee you will not go off dissatisfied with your purchases.

We made our reputation as a merchant by selling our goods cheap for the cash, and we are here now for no other purpose than to sell goods cheap, and we want the public to know that we have plenty of goods to sell all the time and can buy them as cheap as any house upon the face of the globe.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT:

We still have some of our Fall and Winter Stock of Clothing on hand, and it must and will be sold, so friends, if you want Cheap Clothing, now is your opportunity. We are closing out the remnant of our stock at cost for the cash.

A Very Good Wool Mixed Suit of Clothes for only **$3.50**, former price $5.00.

A Nice Black Wool Cheviot Suit, **$4.50**, former price $6.00.

A Nice All Wool French Clay Worsted, satin piped, only **$9.00**, former price, $12.00.

We have the Greatest line of Pants ever shown in this town.

Just think of it! A Nice Pair of Wool Cassimere Pants, in beautiful styles, only $1.00, never sold before for less than $1.50. In short, we can furnish you Pants at any price from 45c. per pair up to $5.00.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT:

Ladies, we still have some Great Bargains to offer you in Worsted Dress Goods, Ginghams, Calicoes and Suitings, and they must be sold for the money.

We also have in stock one of the prettiest lines of Spring Worsteds ever shown in this place, comprising Etamine Suitings, Pompadour Suitings and Mohairs of all kinds.

We also wish to call your attention to a line of Shirt Waist Silks, which cannot be beat for the money. Styles entirely new. One of our lines of Shirt Waist Silks we are offering at 22 1-2c. per yard, which is certainly a Great Bargain for the money we ask for it.

Ladies, one of the attractions in our Dress Goods Department is our beautiful line of Black Skirtings, containing Black All Wool Crepons, 46 inches wide, only 60c. per yard. Black Silk Warp Brilliantines, 38 inches wide, at 75c. Black All Wool Cacillians, 38 inches wide, only 50c. per yard. All Wool Brilliantines and Serges, 36 inches wide, at 25c. per yard. Black Bucake French Satines, 15c. and 20c. per yard; looks just like Fine Black Worsteds. Colors warranted to stand.

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT:

We are preparing this spring to give our lady friends the advantage of one of the Finest Millinery Departments ever shown in this town.

Our Miss Beckham Has Gone North,

Where she will spend five or six weeks in some of the largest trimming rooms in the United States. She will also visit the large center of fashion, and gather all the information possible with regards to Spring Millinery, so that the work turned out from our Millinery Department will be of the very latest styles.

Ladies, we want your support in this Department. We have gone to no little expense in fitting up a nice Millinery Department and intend to have it as complete as the trade in this section will warrant, and we wish it understood that our prices will be right, and will be ready to meet any competition that may present itself.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS:

We have just made a large purchase of Goose Neck Handle Hoes of all sizes. Also a large quantity of Eye Hose, Orangeburg Sweeps, and everything suitable for the cultivation of cotton and corn. We also have a full line of Turn Shovels, Hames, Back Bands, Traces and Collars. A large line of staple Tinware.

SHOE DEPARTMENT:

It is useless for us to mention that we keep a large stock o Shoes on hand all the time and at the lowest possible cash prices. But we mention to the ladies that our Spring Stock of Oxford Ties are now coming in and we will have, when they all get in, one of the prettiest lines of Oxford Ties ever shown in this town, ranging in price from 50c. per pair up to $2.25.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT:

We wish the public to remember also that we are up to date in our Grocery Department, and we keep nothing but the best we can buy.

When you want Bargains in Coffee, give us a call. We have it in stock at 10c., 15c. and 20c. per pound. A large stock of Tobacco, in small boxes for farmuse, from 22 1-2c. per pound up.

Axle Grease, in tin boxes, 5c. per box, or 6 for 25c. Machine Oil, 5c. per bottle.

A large stock of Soap and Lye at very close bargains. Call and get our prices on all kinds of Soaps, both Laundry and Toilet. You know, we always keep a full stock of the famous Lana Oil Buttermilk Soap, 10c. per cake, or 3 cakes for 25c., also a full line of glassware and crockery.

SEWING MACHINES:

We keep on hand all the time a full line of the world renowned light running "NEW HOME" Sewing Machine, the lightest running and best Sewing Machine on earth. We can furnish the latest style "NEW HOME" for the spot cash $29.00. The "NEW IDEAL" we can furnish for $21.50. This is one of the best cheap Machines ever placed on the market.

Thanking our friends for past favors and soliciting a continuance of their patronage, we remain as ever,

For the cash,

W. E. JENKINSON.