

THE MORGAN

THE ANDERSON MEETING.

ONE OF THE LARGEST HELD DURING THE CAMPAIGN.

Evans and Ellerbe Go for Each Other and their Partisans Applaud the Mutual Candidates.

ANDERSON, S. C., August 7.—Two thousand five hundred people sat on an octagon platform, with a contingent perched in the trees near by, to hear and whoop up the day's performance. The speaker was a man of a different type from the speaker of the night before, and his manner of speaking was apparently in sympathy with him. The two elements were not altogether friendly with each other, and they showed, naturally and in the usual manner, the signs of antagonism. Governor Tillman spoke last. The candidates, without exception, had departed, leaving the field to him, the reporters and the unanimous, visible and audible approval of the audience. However, the audience had left. The Governor and the remainder had a royal old time together which they enjoyed immensely. Job Ashley composed a large portion of the audience and was heard volitionally.

CANDIDATES FOR THE STATE OFFICES.

Gen. Kilbourne spoke first, and was willing to admit that "he was wrong in permitting his name to remain on the Haskell ticket in 1890."

Four or five cheers hailed Gary Watts, who stated that "he had been criticised and even black-balled for doing his duty and being a Tillmanite."

Next came Jones, Whitman, Keitt, Yeldell, Wilborn and Gray in the order named, with scintillations interpolated from Joshua Ashley. Gray stated that his own county convention had endorsed his candidacy.

THE SENATORIAL CANDIDATES.

Mr. John Gary Evans was made supremely happy by long continued cheers when he was introduced. Evans read an anonymous letter which he had not said or intimated that he would oppose W. A. Neal for re-election to his present office. Evans asked that Neal had come to him and asked him to lead his fight for superintendent of the penitentiary, and he had done it. Now he had heard that Neal was fighting him, and (rassionately) "I will fight any man that fights me."

This raised the ire of one Joshua Ashley, standing twenty feet in front of the speaker, and he called out that Evans should "return good for evil."

Evans: "Josh and I are together."

The crowd howled and counter-howled. Josh appeared inflamed and blared sonorously.

A citizen near the stand: "You shut up, Josh." A remark which he repeated several times with gaudy red trimmings.

Finally the chairman begged for quiet, and Evans rose and said that he had sent him word by his (Evans's) brother that he was not fighting him, and that he would support Neal, as he had always supported him, so long as he was true to the Reform movement.

Evans referred to the fact that Ellerbe owned a plantation and store, and shouted, "All of you who have paid a lawyer \$50 hold up your hands." Two hands were raised. "Anderson." "Now," said Evans, "all of you who have paid a merchant \$50 or \$100, hold up your hands and a good sized force of them rose and the shriekers shrieked."

Mr. Evans declared that the usual hand primary on the opening of the dispensary, with the same old result. The entire audience did not vote; it never does. Mr. Evans closed, and an enormous bouquet hurled from the crowd nearly missed crashing him.

Dr. Pope declared that he did not want to be elected if he had to appeal to passion and prejudice. This he followed with hard blows in advocacy of the constitutional convention, emphasizing the necessity of a solution of the negro question by the passage of a limited suffrage provision. He defended the sub-treasury valourously. My friend Evans, said Dr. Pope, makes fun of what I have said, but he cannot cross a man's ears and swallow him whole. I'm not this sort of a man. Here Josh Ashley's hands clapped to gether.

Mr. Tindal, after going in the history of the Reform movement and impressing the importance of education, asserted that he had come into "the race to cringe and crawl before no man." He had fought in the ranks for Reform in the days when his friends were a minority, and now that all his objects have been accomplished, they talk about turning us old horses out. "I don't believe you are going to do it," he said, with a confident air.

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Evans introduced and a cheer was given rallying the Evans demonstrators. The crowd was cheering for Evans. Ellerbe promptly began the spanking process and the Evans crowd became restive. They jeered Mr. Ellerbe repeated his usual attack on Evans, but spoke with unusual power. Ellerbe's people in the right, Ellerbe and Evans on the left shrieked.

The chairman advanced but Ellerbe repelled him saying: "I can handle this crowd." The fuss was kept up for several minutes. Evans to the crowd dividing time about equally. Noise grew louder as Ellerbe's lick became harder. Joshua Ashley was traitic with delight.

Evans is making the "Bessy and the black" the main theme of his speech. Gov. Tillman told him at Wintboro that he had nothing to do with refunding the State debt and now he is going around claiming credit for it.

THE LAST MEETING

OF THE CAMPAIGN HELD AT ABBEVILLE ON WEDNESDAY.

Tillman as a Last Gesture the Crowd, Butler's "The Speeches" the General, and the Candidates Have Their Last Levy but Good Natured Fight.

ABBEVILLE, Aug. 8.—Down in a shady hollow, some pine and poplars, 2,500 to 3,000, some say 3,500 people including 600 Georgians from Ellerbe's mostly Tillmanites, generally nicely dressed and well behaved, and many pretty girls sat and heard the Governor, who advanced and began. A not a sound was heard. The Governor, after a few remarks, observed that he had more friends in South Carolina than any man. (Whoops, short, sharp snuff.)

TILLMAN AND BUTLER.

Chairman Bradley rallied the crowd, begged that Abbeville's reputation be preserved and that attention be given all the speakers. He introduced the Governor, who advanced and began. Not a sound was heard. The Governor, after a few remarks, observed that he had more friends in South Carolina than any man. (Whoops, short, sharp snuff.)

The Governor enumerated what has been done by Reform that is of value to the people and State, beginning with the chocking of Coosaw into submission and going through other things as he went along. He spoke of the right to see candidates before voting for them; making Railroad Commissioners elective by the people direct; reappointment of the State primary judges; refunding the State debt; building Clemson College and the Woman's College; collection of railroad and bank taxes and making corporations obey the law after a hard fight; calling a constitutional convention, the Dispensary and the Dispensary law. The Governor was applauded as he went through this list and spoke strongly and forcibly of the various achievements of the greatest of all Governors.

When discussing the scarcity of money there were many sharp comments by the crowd. The Governor asked what is money?

Evans: "We haven't any yet."

Evans: "No we haven't. I hope booted the track, Tindal sees spokes and Ellerbe is sprung in the knees. (Laughter.) He shot a good deal of his ammunition at the Governor and down at the feet of the candidates before voting for them; making Railroad Commissioners elective by the people direct; reappointment of the State primary judges; refunding the State debt; building Clemson College and the Woman's College; collection of railroad and bank taxes and making corporations obey the law after a hard fight; calling a constitutional convention, the Dispensary and the Dispensary law. The Governor was applauded as he went through this list and spoke strongly and forcibly of the various achievements of the greatest of all Governors.

The Governor began to speak again and the crowd howled. The noise partially subsided and the Senator closed. The band broke into "Dixie" and the crowd cheered.

When the Governor was introduced, hats waved and the Tillman ovation was given with a vim. It was some minutes before the Governor could quiet the enthusiasm.

Evans got a good voice and a brass throat. You can all hear me if you'll sit down."

The Governor, defending the August convention, asked: "You want for Governor a man as much like me as you can get, who will keep the negro in the State, and insist that you do you want to give the Antis a chance to come in and determine who of the Reform candidates shall govern you?"

Evans: "You give it to us for \$100." Tillman: "You snuff have it at that price." (Applause.)

The Governor in talking on the sub-treasury asked when had the sub-treasury ever won a fight.

He said the politicians are in league with the "black" men to elect him to the Legislature of Ocala and sub-treasury party. After they get to the Legislature they will vote for Butler.

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THE POLITICAL PROBLEM.

THE RESULT OF THE GUBERNATORIAL RACE IN DOUBT.

The Silent Vote as an Unknown Quantity—A Prediction as to the Result by Counting Many Schemes Reported Brewing to Defeat Tillman.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 10.—A few days ago I said in the Register that the man who pretends that he knows who is going to be nominated in the Reform primaries on Saturday for Governor is a man who does not know his own mind. I am still of that opinion and believe that he not only has water on the brain but is full of the new cheap brace dispensary whiskey.

While mentioning the subject of bets I have found that the odds in the betting on the gubernatorial race are of the order of a good deal of money is going up, and Ellerbe's friends have been getting more confident every day for the last two weeks. It has been a jolly crowd which has gone the rounds of the campaign, and at Abbeville on Wednesday a general handshaking and a lot of sincere farewells. There has not been an unpleasant incident in the party from beginning to end, except that between Butler and Tillman at Union Academy. There has been a great deal of sympathy with those who are left and congratulated such of the victorious fellows as they think are worthy to hold office. They have asked for and have gotten.

W. W. PRICE.

THE CONVENTION.

It is Thought That a Full State Ticket Will Be Named.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 10.—State politics are getting lively just now. The dull, heavy and uneventful campaign speaking is over now, and the next ten days will witness more real work than has been done in three months just past. The fact is, the real fight is just beginning. It is pretty safe to predict that there is going to be no end of fun between now and the election in 1894. It is not too much to say that no one can tell how it is going to end.

There is every indication now that Evans, as stated yesterday is going to get the Reform convention nomination, and that the ticket headed by Captain R. F. Kolb has been elected. The alternative is presented of submission to reform, insult and robbery or to assert the sovereign power, before which thrones totter, scepters fall and outrages of tyrants cease. The alternative must meet a response from manhood or silent submission from those unworthy of citizenship. A proud and chivalrous people worthy of freedom cannot sit idly by and see their situation enforced. A distinguished patriot has asserted that the man who will not fight for his liberty is unworthy of freedom. We do not advise fighting or lawlessness of any kind, but the crisis has arisen that the sovereign power shall assert itself to compel unworthy servants of its will to submit to its power and recognize its authority.

Your committee recognizes that it has been entrusted with an arduous and delicate task, and it feels authorized only in going to the extent of advising and urging those whom it represents to exercise the power invested in them after the 23d of August, at the respective court houses, if not otherwise specified to act upon this great crisis and to insist that manhood patriotism and love of liberty which has always evoked prompt and decisive action in the past, shall be exercised in their course, that will be creditable to their revolutionary sires and furnish a precedent in our history to which all will ever revert with pride and satisfaction.

At the same time and place, we would urge the organization of law and order leagues to uphold the supremacy of the greatest of all law and power—the sovereign will of a free people. Upon the adjournment of these courts, the reports of the proceedings should be furnished immediately to W. H. Skaggs, chairman, Birmingham, Ala.

(Signed)—W. H. Skaggs, Chairman Central Campaign Committee; A. T. Goodwin, Chairman Jeffersonian Executive Committee; John W. Little, Chairman People's Party Executive Committee.

Went Back on Him.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 7.—Nearly every county in Alabama has a heavy loss for Kolb as compared with his vote of 1892. For instance, Madison County in 1892 went for Kolb by 296; 44 returned voters gave it to Oates by 1,414 a clear majority of 1,118. Lowrence, another Tennessee Valley County for Kolb by only 1,350, as against 2,135 before. Limestone goes for Kolb by only 1,535, as against 1,623 in 1892. Tallapoosa goes for Kolb only 920, as against 1,892 in 1892. Cherokee his majority falls 300. Crenshaw went for Kolb 775 in 1892. This year it is very close. Sumter goes for Oates by over 2,500; Democratic gain of over 2,000 yesterday from the Reform for Oates by 800, a Democratic gain of over 1,500. Henry Oates' own County went for Kolb in 1892 by over 1,500; 44 returned voters gave it to Oates by 1,500, a Democratic gain of 2,000. Legislative returns indicate safe Democratic majorities in 21 counties. The prospects are that Jefferson has gone Democratic.

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The torn and bleeding flesh was strong enough to hold, but he almost lost his eye in the dreadful torture. Seizing a bean above his head, young Supple pulled his body up so that the hook slipped from the wound.

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THE WEATHER AND CROPS.

The Interesting Weekly Bulletin of the State Bureau.

For the week ending August 6th the temperature deviated but little from the normal, but up and including Friday the 3rd, a minimum of 60 having been reached, the air was cooler on Sunday; elsewhere the lowest was but 59, while the highest temperature for the week, 96, was reported from Greenwood and Spartanburg on Tuesday. The week began and ended with cloudy weather and gave only from two to three entirely clear days in the interior, while along the southern coast every day was cloudy or partly cloudy; northward along the coast, in the latter part of the week, there was more sunshine, amounting to about the average.

The rainfall for the week was excessive. Until the 4th, showers were scattered and although heavy in places they were not of great extent. The State was dry and needing rain, but during Saturday afternoon heavy showers occurred in many counties and by night of that date a general heavy rain set in, and the rain continued for several days. The heaviest rain fell through to Monday night at which time the weather still looked threatening. The rainfall over the entire State during this period varies from two to five inches, the exact amount varying being available at this writing. The effects of this heavy rainfall on ground already too wet for the best development of most crops cannot be fairly estimated but will be reflected in the fact that the cotton crop is already apparent due to freshets which have submerged large tracts of fertile bottom lands highly cultivated and covered with most promising fields of corn and cotton as well as grass for hay and winter wheat. The heavy rain during the week cotton has fallen off in condition, or at best, had failed to take the gains it should at this season. For correspondents that reported excessive shedding of fruit or enlargement of buds and fruiting too little, with a decided yellowish color on light sandy soil that showed an unhealthy yellowish color, it is noted that the soil is in a condition of being saturated with water. The falling off in condition is estimated at from 10 to 40 per cent. There are portions of the State where the soil is in the most excellent condition.

Corn continues to do well except on bottom lands where it is rising to the ear. Fodder pulling will soon become general but the weather is unfavorable for curing.

Rice harvest has begun in a small way and the entire crop is heading very promising from fair to very good yield.

A second crop of strawberries reported from Darlington county. The crop is being taken by large crops in sight and water favorable for curing it in good condition. Melons still plentiful. Cabbages rotting owing to wet weather.

J. W. BARNER, Director. Columbia, S. C., Aug. 7, 1894.

WHO WILL BE GOVERNOR?

HOW THINGS STAND AT THE CLOSE OF THE FIGHT.

According to the Columbia Register and Governor Tillman the Race for Governor is Nip and Tuck Between Evans and Ellerbe.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 5.—The Register of today prints the following from its campaign correspondent, Mr. W. W. Price, who has followed the speakers all over the State:

The people are trying to figure out who is to be the next Governor, or rather who is to be the Reform nominee for that place. This interesting question will be answered in a few days by the people of the State. There are going to be some surprises, is a prediction I make.

Well, the fact and the straight fact is this: The man who says he knows who is going to be the Reform nominee has cocked his head and is ready for examination. Governor Tillman agrees with me. I spent Friday night with him at Clemson College, and in conversation with several persons he said the race is one with as much doubt in it as he ever knew. He declared that nobody knows who will be the winning man, and an even even was the result of the brain and quiet vote in the Reform ranks which cannot be assessed at that and the weight of it will be felt. This is the vote which the friends of Ellerbe and Tindal claim.

It's all muddled, I have now been in every county in the State except three, but the nearer I get to the end of my campaign vote the more muddled I become. On this question of the next Governor (One day I think it is going to be Ellerbe and the next I think Evans will be the winner. I do not believe there will be twenty votes difference between them in the Reform convention. It may not be the Secretary of State, and his friends will hold the balance of power in the convention.

Governor Tillman made a statement in his speech at Pickens which was understood by some to have indirect reference to General Ellerbe. He was talking about the efforts being made to change the Clemson plan convention to a primary and said that the friends of "certain" candidates "were responsible for all trouble. In view of the impression nearly everywhere that the Governor is a friend to Senator Evans, it is no wonder that the remark was taken as a slap at General Ellerbe. I remark to the Governor at Clemson College that his words had the sound of a round or significant. He said that he had no reference to General Ellerbe, and then proceeded to eulogize Ellerbe as one of the best and strongest men in the Reform ranks. He warmly complimented the Marion Swamp Fox on his Spartanburg speech. The Governor up to now has not seemed to appreciate the fact that the Reform ranks were almost anything he may say which is not definite and explicit will be likely to more than one construction. The situation is delicate and I am satisfied the Governor is chafing under it.

Since the Union Row Governor Tillman has spoken in such a way that each other freely alone. They were getting pretty "chummy" before that exciting little incident. They used to ride together in carriages and would joke each other on trains and everywhere. They got to be as thick as school boys and as gay with each other as two-year-olds. Now they avoid each other and do not know the name of his rival. I heard in Greenville that they refused to ride to the speaking place in the same carriage together. This may have been a rumor. At any rate it is not probable that they will refer to each other on the stump again this campaign.

Interesting to Stockmen.

Colonel Thos. W. Holloway furnishes the following interesting information to raisers of live stock at the Agricultural and Mechanical Society of South Carolina, at Rock Hill, August 20, Messrs. E. R. Melver, R. A. Love and W. G. Hinerson were appointed a committee to consider and report on the feasibility and advisability of having sales of stock during Fair Week, made the following report, which was adopted:

The committee to whom was referred the resolution to institute auction sales of live stock at the annual State Fair, and to suggest a plan for regulating same, beg leave to report that they have carefully considered the same and make the following report, which was adopted:

"1st. The committee think it entirely feasible to have such sales and suggest that the Secretary be instructed to have prepared for general distribution at the annual State Fair, a catalogue of the fair as possible a catalogue of all animals to be sold with their pedigree registration numbers, and such other information as shall be furnished by owners of said animals, preceding such sales, and may be offered for sale.

"2d. That no by-bidding will be allowed, but the owner will be allowed to fix a price below which no bid will be considered.

"3d. All entries must be made on or before November 1st, 1894.

"4th. That a payment of 25 per cent. of purchase money shall be made by such purchaser of an animal as soon as the animal is knocked down, and the balance shall be paid within twenty-four hours of close of sale; but the animal shall be at the risk of the purchaser immediately after his bid is accepted and animal completed.

"5th. That the sales shall take place in the horse arena, beginning at 3 o'clock p. m. on Thursday, November 15th, 1894.

"6th. That in order to compensate the Society for advertising the sales, as well as for the expenses of the winner, no animal shall be entered in said catalogue for sale before the owner's bid to the Secretary of the Society, of \$100, or by the more and \$200 of any other animal, and there shall also be paid to the Society by the owner of the animal a commission of 2 1/2 per cent. upon all moneys received for sales.

Raisers throughout the State are hereby informed that as soon as blanks can be gotten ready I will most gladly furnish the blanks to all applicants.

Already I have information of three horses to be sold in compliance with the foregoing report of the committee.

Stock can be shown at the Fair as well as sold.

KOLB MEANS TO FIGHT.

His Recent Defeat Denounced as Wrong and a Robbery.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 9.—The conference of Kolb leaders which closed yesterday finished their labors today. They have been consulting on the situation and discussing a plan of action. The following address to the people was given out this afternoon as the result of their deliberations:

To the people of Alabama: The campaign committee of the Jeffersonian Democracy and the People's party of Alabama have been instructed by a conference of our State candidates, the leading supporters of that ticket and the State Executive Committee to promulgate the following:

The election returns as reported by the Associated Press and supporters of the ticket headed by General Ellerbe show a repetition of the election frauds of 1892 with less pretext and absolute fraud without the least semblance of justification. In order to overcome legitimate majorities in 21 out of forty-one white counties. The false and fraudulent majorities aggregate 24,107 from fifteen black belt counties. In 1892 these same black belt counties had aggregated majorities of 18,000. In addition to this there have been perpetrated in white counties of not less than 15,000. With the consummation of these has also been brought forth four or five fraudulent elections of Senators and eleven trustees of counties. This fraud of Representatives in the General Assembly. This outrageous action, intensified by the impudence and effrontery with which it has been taken, displays a disregard of public sentiment in such a gross and brazen manner that it seems to have been intended to add insult to injury.

The law under which the election of 1892 was held, which was devised to assure the people of Alabama of a fair facility and safety, has been amended by the Sayre law, the purpose of which was to assure the perpetration of greater frauds and to disfranchise illiterate voters and made inoperative by the action of this law has been demonstrated by the election just held, and was known and intended by the usurper who exercises the functions of Governor and was illustrated by his remark when he signed that law, that he was going to allow to allow and prevent a popular uprising in 1892 to be broken in the most shameful manner, and the perfidy and treachery displayed was afterwards boasted of as a line piece of legislation.

These returns show that the promises made by the usurper to those who have proven themselves recreant to every requirement of law, to every demand of honor and to every dictate of public sentiment, that they are enemies to liberty and republican institutions.

In the face of the fact that only a few months ago the proposition to submit the election to a State primary was broken to the most shameful manner, and the perfidy and treachery displayed was afterwards boasted of as a line piece of legislation.

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COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 10.—A few days ago I said in the Register that the man who pretends that he knows who is going to be nominated in the Reform primaries on Saturday for Governor is a man who does not know his own mind. I am still of that opinion and believe that he not only has water on the brain but is full of the new cheap brace dispensary whiskey.

While mentioning the subject of bets I have found that the odds in the betting on the gubernatorial race are of the order of a good deal of money is going up, and Ellerbe's friends have been getting more confident every day for the last two weeks. It has been a jolly crowd which has gone the rounds of the campaign, and at Abbeville on Wednesday a general handshaking and a lot of sincere farewells. There has not been an unpleasant incident in the party from beginning to end, except that between Butler and Tillman at Union Academy. There has been a great deal of sympathy with those who are left and congratulated such of the victorious fellows as they think are worthy to hold office. They have asked for and have gotten.

W. W. PRICE.

THE CONVENTION.

It is Thought That a Full State Ticket Will Be Named.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 10.—State politics are getting lively just now. The dull, heavy and uneventful campaign speaking is over now, and the next ten days will witness more real work than has been done in three months just past. The fact is, the real fight is just beginning. It is pretty safe to predict that there is going to be no end of fun between now and the election in 1894. It is not too much to say that no one can tell how it is going to end.

There is every indication now that Evans, as stated yesterday is going to get the Reform convention nomination, and that the ticket headed by Captain R. F. Kolb has been elected. The alternative is presented of submission to reform, insult and robbery or to assert the sovereign power, before which thrones totter, scepters fall and outrages of tyrants cease. The alternative must meet a response from manhood or silent submission from those unworthy of citizenship. A proud and chivalrous people worthy of freedom cannot sit idly by and see their situation enforced. A distinguished patriot has asserted that the man who will not fight for his liberty is unworthy of freedom. We do not advise fighting or lawlessness of any kind, but the crisis has arisen that the sovereign power shall assert itself to compel unworthy servants of its will to submit to its power and recognize its authority.

Your committee recognizes that it has been entrusted with an arduous and delicate task, and it feels authorized only in going to the extent of advising and urging those whom it represents to exercise the power invested in them after the 23d of August, at the respective court houses, if not otherwise specified to act upon this great crisis and to insist that manhood patriotism and love of liberty which has always evoked prompt and decisive action in the past, shall be exercised in their course, that will be creditable to their revolutionary sires and furnish a precedent in our history to which all will ever revert with pride and satisfaction.

At the same time and place, we would urge the organization of law and order leagues to uphold the supremacy of the greatest of all law and power—the sovereign will of a free people. Upon the adjournment of these courts, the reports of the proceedings should be furnished immediately