CONFEDERATE REUNION.

WINNIE DAVIS'S WIGWAM CROWDED WITH VETERANS.

The Fourth Annual Reunion Formally Opened-Governor Jones' Address of Welcome-Over. 500 Camps Represented

BIRMIMINGHAM, Ala., April 25 .- The fourth annual reunion of Confederate Veterans was formally opened this morning by Gen. Fred S. Ferguson of this the first Aiabama brigade in Win-nie Davis wigwam at 90 clock. There were fully 10,000 in the building and many who could not gain access to the immense hall. Governor. T. G. Jones of Alabama made a brief but eloquent and was followed by Hon. David J. Fox, mayor, on behalf of Birmingham. Gen. John B. Gordon, commander-in-chief, on behalf of the United Confed-

served in a gorgeously appropriate man-ner. The corner-stone of a Confederate monument to be erected by Camp Clay-ton Sons of Veterans will be laid and of two. The Federal soldier was Maj. Gen. Stephen D. Lee of Mississlppi will Misted.

Misted. Gen. Vereing will then be decorated in Oak Hill Cemetery.

Misted. Gen. Vereing will then be decorated in Oak Hill Cemetery. Assistant Chaplain, Gen. J. Wilson Jones, in the absence of the Chaplain

General in calling blessings upon the fourth annual reunion of United Con-federate Veterans and upon whom are left, said in a fervent manner: "Heavenly Father we ask that Thy blessings be upon us today as we are gathered to-gether in this reunion. We thank Thee that Thy blessings were over us in battle, and we thank Thee that Thy blessings are over us here today. We thank Thee that while many have fallen out Gen. W. H. Jackson of Tennessee that in the days that tried men's souls, we had men of courage to light for our cause. We thank Thee that there still in Jesus name. Amen

After prayer General Ferguson intro-duced to the vast audience his excel-lency, Gen. Tnomas G. Jones, who for Alabama extended the visiting Confederate Veterans a cordial welcome to the confines of Alabama and assured them that during their stay they would be met with hospitality characteristic

of true Soldiers. He said: Gentlemen, citizens and countrymen: The proud honor has fallen to my lot in behalf of Alabama to welcome you to her soil, but what is the power of words compared to the deep feeling that swells up in our hearts as we contemplate the grandeur and significance of God bless the soldier in his old a Some asked if it would not have been better if these veterans who survived fighting for justice and right and avoided the temptations and trials of a later time; but if the career of the Confederate soldiers was grand in war it has not surpassed his career in times of peace. But the soldier in peace has been equal to the soldier in war. We have not met here today in a spirit of apology or in a spirit of condemnation. Every man who went into battle with a clear hand and came out with a clean hand went in as a brave man and came out as a brave man is our countryman. It seems but a dream those thirty years when the shadow of Appommatox feil like a pail upon this land. We look inevery great commander who fell in don, Commander-in-chief, United Con-Shiloh. We look into the eves of man independent Water and Conwho heard the immortal words: "See Jackson standing like a stone wall," and as countrymen we meet here today in memory of a lost cause. Your exercises are to be crowded and I will not detain you longer. I know I endorse the true sentiment of every man in Birmingman and in Alabama when I

the Confederate Veterans." General Ferguson to extend to the viswelcome to Birmingnam, a city now,

United Confederate Veterans the speakers and asserted that, coming as they did they were true and simple welcomes

cherished cause. His response was elo- a basket of flowers, which were handed quent, terse and received commenda- to the battle-scarred veterans and sons W. P. Pollock, and Mr. Kollock by tion He said: It is my pleasure to respond to the Gen. John B. Gordon, the Governors of hearty welcome just given us by this the States, the representative stars and been damaged; at any rate he left the grand old State. I wish to according to the control of Comp. Harden together the day of this together the control of Comp. Harden together the day of this together the control of Comp. Harden together the day of this together the control of Comp. Harden together the day of this together the control of Comp. Harden together the day of this together the control of the co My Confederate Brothers and Sisters: grand old State. I wish to some the the sponsor of Camp Hardee together county before the day of triel. His aters of those immortal men to whom he has referred are ready to meet with him in his cordial memory of those immortal dead. Yes, here are the men who tude made the welkin ring. It was a who did not seem to have any case, f. llowed Lee and Jackson and John-grand and inspiring spectacle. son and all the leaders who have made the pages of American history what they are. In one sense, my brethren, I am not the man to respond to a welcome from Alabama, for in that sense I am am an Alabamaian myself and her welcome rather than to receive it. all living men the proper one to make greatest reunion of ex-Confederates made in a subsequent issue which should this response, recause no living man is ever known more indebted to her than I am. It was The Confe among the mountains of Alabama that I first heard the voices that called us to made the official organ of the United battle. It was an Alabama regiment which I led, or rather which led me, into that bloody fray and made principles when it swept over the frowning breast works and left death upon the fields. We all have a right to feel thankful and be proud of all Alabama today. We can lay our tributes at her feet for her ing. Over a dozen armies are now in welcome. Alabama's name is enough to endear her to your hearts. In the first place she is composed of seven letters which is a lucky number, three of the letters are first letters of the alpha-

men and of this great State whose hos-pitality is as limitless as the air around

There were over 500 camps represented at the roll call. A subscription towards the Chicago Confederate monu ment was then taken up and \$1,500 was handed in in a very few minutes. Routine business then followed. The local thousands.

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 26 - Just as yesterday, the wigwam was crowded long before the convention began. There was the same eager interest marked on every face. Chaplain John W. Jones led in prayer.

Gen. John C. Underwood announced that \$1,827 had been raised for the Confederate cemetery at Chicago by yesterday's contributions, for which he welcoming address in behalf of the State | thanked the old soldiers. The reading clerk read out the list of contributions made yesterday. Additional contribu-tions were handed in. Rosters of the dead at Johnson's Islands and Chicago chief, on behalf of the United Contederate, on behalf of the United Contederate Veterans responded in an able and eloquent manner.

Tomorrow, decoration day, will be observed in a gorgeously appropriate manifeld by a Federal solider, and asked the served in a gorgeously appropriate manifeld by a Federal solider, and asked the served in a gorgeously appropriate manifeld by a Federal solider, and asked the served in a gorgeously appropriate manifeld by a Federal solider, and asked the served in a gorgeously appropriate manifeld by a Federal solider, and asked the served in a gorgeously appropriate manifeld by a Federal solider. that that soldier be escorted to the

Gen. William Cabel submitted his report as chairman of the Jefferson Davis monument fund, stating that \$12,-333 had been received. This monument is to be erected at Richmond, a. Gen. Cabel made a brilliant and forceful-talk in the interest of the monument.

Maj. C. Milsted of the Fifth West Virginia, who saved the one-legged Confederate on the field at Lynchburg, was introduced, and made a few re-

of our ranks, so many of us remain to took the stand at this moment, and in-bless Thy name today. We thank Thee army, commander of the Alabama G. A. R. Gen. Miller made a shot speech cause. We thank Thee that there still complimentary to Gen John B. Gorg remains the principles of justice and don for his chivalry in saving the life truth that we fought for. We thank of Gen. Francis C Barlow of the Fed-Thee that those principles have been eral army, July 1863, at Gettysburg. preserved and that the sons of veterans today maintain the principles of their today maintain the principles of their cut on Barlow's Hill, at Gettysburg, as a memento of his kindness to Gen Barlow (Can Miller's eneed) mes most be with us in our reunion and grant that Barlow. Gen. Miller's speech was most firemen answered promptly, however, the God of Abraham and Isaac and of felicitous. He characterized Gen. Gorthe Columbia Company being the first Jacob and the God of Jackson and of Lee be with us in the days that are to come. We ask this all Gordon responded with the elequence days that are to come. We ask this all Gordon responded with the elequence days that are to come. We ask this all Gordon responded with the elequence days that are to come. We ask this all Gordon responded with the elequence days that are to come. Gordon responded with the elequence and the taste marking everything he does. He dwelt particularly upon the re-united Confederate and Federal soldiers. "As a former foe, now friend. I stand before you, Gen. Miller, and

> By motion of Gan. Underwood a rising vote of thanks and the rebel yell was accorded Maj. Milsted for his gallantry in bearing a Confederate soldier from the battlefield at Lynchburg.

After further discussion a resolution this meeting? There never was a time Republic and to urge it to accept At-when the soil of Alabama did not throb last a's invitation to hold the grand enwhen the feet of a soldier pressed it campment there in 1895, was unaniments were expressed on this resolution and the Confederates promised to give had fallen in the paths of bravery while the Grand Army veterans a hearty welcome and a good time if they came down to the old battlefields again.

A fitting ending to the fourth reunion of the United Confederate Veterans and by far the greatest feature was the parade and review, followed by the laying of the corner stone of a monument to the memory of the dead of the Confederacy, to be erected in Capitol Park, at the head of Twentieth street.

At 4 o'clock the column was formed on Avenue E. and Twenty-first street and headed by a band of music from Mobile marched steadily up Twentybridge to Park Avenue, where it passed of shafting, belting, etc. The State take them. As Governor of Montana I in review before General John B. Gormerely furnished the motive power for hereby request you to have the Rederel

There were camps from all the Southern States in line and all the surveying 8900, was put in the mill. A year ago ted States Court issuing the writ regenerals with their staffs together with a third story was added to the structhe three local military companies visture. iting from other towns, the A. and M. College cades from Auburn, University of Alabama (Tuskaloosa) cadets and Howard College (East Lake) cadets, say welcome, thrice welcome, God bless and a fair estimate of the number of men in the ranks, places it at 4,000 Mayor Fox was then introduced by There were innumerable carriages and throughout the South. All the machinthe procession was viewed by fully 35,iting people a hearty, cordial and warm | 000 people. The column was a mile stock of goods on hand and the loss on Dakota, instructing him by direction long, the veterans and sons of veterans the stock was great. The total loss sus. of the President, to have a sufficient twenty revolvers to the Treasury's the swindlers for them.—Chronicle. but unknown when the old soldiers who marching in fours. Enthusiastic outbut unknown when the old soldiers who are nine old soldiers who bursts greeted the old battle-scarred \$12,000, \$9,000 being on machinery and in the unlawful seizure of the North-streams and the many flags relics of \$3,000 on the stock. Mr. Graham had a three states at the unlawful seizure of the North-seventy men, devided into two reliefs the "Lost Cause," were recipient of lov-total of \$9,000 insurance—Register. In response to these welcomes which the "Lost Cause," were recipient of lov-had been tendered visiting Confederates ing tributes. The bands played martial and their wives and children, Gen John airs, the rebel yell was heard, flags and

B. Gordon thanked in behalf of the bandkerchiefs were waved and it was altogether a sight never to be forgotter At Paris Avenue, the column passed between two long rows of beautiful damages, came off in frial Justice J. f. seized and constant threats are being ever, to increase the supply in view of earth, received a telegram calling him of cherished persons who fought for a school girls, dressed in white each with of the Confederacy. Passing in front

tendant upon the laying of the corner stone was gone through with in an imposing manner. Gen. Stephen D. Lee of Mississippi delivered the address which was a master-piece of oratory. feel that it would be more proper for Other distinguished speakers were presme to stand with ber Governor and ex- ent and the corner stone was placed in to grant the nonsuit. The cause of the tend to the brave men of other States position in an appropriately solemn action was the publication in the Reporand on the other hand I am perhaps of | Hon. Frank L Pettus. Thus ended the | called a spy. An explanation, was

The Indust-1-1 Armey. NEW YORK April 23 .- A special disthe West comes the news that the crueade of the industrial armies is spreadthe field. In all large towns companies are rapidly being formed. Armies, deranks of our Southland. Since our last men at Ottumwa, Iowa; Capt. Sullivan. meeting, many of our comrades have 1,000 men, Chicago; 150 men at Ander rest. Kirby Smith has gone and that son, Ind.; and General Aubrey, 700 fallen from the ranks into that sleep of men, Indianapolis, Ind. Besides these sturdy Roman Early has followed him. armies large numbers of recruits are

A PENITENTIARY FIRE A Total Loss of Nearly \$25,000-The State

a Heavy Lucer.

COLUMBIA, S. C , April 26 .- The hosiery mill within the walls of the State Penitentiary was destroyed by fire yes-terday afternoon between 6 and 7 military gave an exhibition battalion o'clock. Nothing was saved but a lot drill in the afternoon, witnessed by thousands.

O'clock. Nothing was saved but a lot of hose. The fire was too fierce and spread too quickly to permit anything. to be done and very little to be saved. It was the hottest and most stubborn ire which Columbia firemen have been

called on to battle with in years. The mill is worked by convicts with the exception of probably twenty free laborers, mostly women. All work is stopped each afternoon at 6 o'clock. The convicts are given their supper in tin pails and are then put into their cells. When the machinery was shut down yesterday afternoon at the usual hour there was no fire in any department. The only person who remained in the building longer than 6 o'clock were Foreman Baldwin, Mr. Roe and a white life term convict named Short. It was the business of the the convict to lock the doors and see that everything

Twenty minutes after 6 o'clock, while Bookkeeper Burris was in the prison yard, he saw smoke issuing from the upper windows of the building, which was a three story brick structure, forming aportion of the Western wall of the prison. The building is well known to every person who has visited the Peni-

Mr. Burris quickly gave the alarm, notifying Captain Allen, who was in the convict barber shop. Captain Allen rushed to the building and was fol-lowed by several of the convicts who are allowed the privileges of the yard. The door leading to the second and third stories was knocked down and Captain Allen and the convicts rushed up the steps. They were forced to return at once as the building was full of smoke. It was ascertained, however, that the fire had been started in the toilet room in the second story of the mill. There was nothing inflammable in the room.

but it could have been saturated with

oil. After it started and began to spread there was plenty to feed the flames. The fact that the building was burning was telephoned to the city, but the alarm was late in being given. The hydrants in the prison yard. It was nearly 7 o'clock before streams were gotten on the flames. It was then too late and the water had no effect. The fire was so hot that streams had to be pledge to you as noble and partriotic a people in the South as the sun shines on. I bid you a hearty welcome."

(Cheers.) catching ire. The firemen worked hard and faithfully, but there was no possi-

The walls fell in with a crash, making the work dangerous for the firemen. Some of the convicts worked shoulder to shoulder with the firemen, lending States Marshal for the District of Monassistance in holding the nozzles and tana for Federal aid in arresting the After further discussion a resolution to send a committee of three to bear greetings to the Grand Army of the Republic and to urge it to accept Atlasta's invitation to hold the grand encampment there in 1895, was unanimously adopted. The kindest sentimously adopted. The kindest sentimously adopted a committee of three to bear greetings to the Grand Army of the majority having been locked up in the big prison building at marresting the to try to induce the 25,000 miners of the Hogan contingent of the army of the Flat Top region of West Virginia to goin the great coal miners' strike, was in money. Eighty dollars of it was in locked up in the big prison building at the mandate of the unemployed for seizing a train at list to try to induce the 25,000 miners of the Georgia train. At the barracks Dilloman was searched and he had \$688.65 dicates that at this period it is equal, in money. Eighty dollars of it was in locked up in the big prison building at the United States Court, President of the United States Co vict is suspected of having set fire to the mill. There is not much ground the mill. There is not much ground "To the President of the United for the suspicion except that he was the States: Information reaches me by

ble chance of saving the building.

not a cent of insurance on the building. In addition to this the State loses at \$2,500 in machinery. A ten-horse power longing to the State were destroyed. the mill. The State, therefore, sustains

The hosiery mill was established years ago. It was run with varied success until Captain J. M. Graham bought the machinery and began to operate it. He leased the convicts to run it from the State and did a large business ery belonged to him. He had a heavy tained by Mr. Graham is estimated at total of \$9,000 insurance -Register.

The Reporter Wins.

CHERAW, April 25 .- The libel case of C. H. Finch against A. G. Kollock, editor of the Cheraw Reporter, for \$100 Hurst's court at Chesterfieled on the made of seizing others. Attorney 14th. Mr. Finch was represented by E ward McIver and W. F. Stevenson. with their maids, they greeted them toney, therefore, had to act both as with cheer after cheer, which together witness and lawyer in the case. Messrs. with the booming of cannon, playing McIver and Sievenson argued for a non-of the bands and cheers of the multi-sur, and completely routed Mr. Pollock tailed to make but a very poor showing. After the review, the ceremonies at- The trial justice granted a nonsuit on the attorneys for the defense made other points for a non-uit, but the justice considered the one mentioned as sufficient manner by the Grand Master of Masons | ter of an article in which Mr. Fuch was have been sufficient to drop the suit . at Nashville by S. A. Countingnam, was as I know, ever brought in this county

Murd-red by Whitecaps. dead in his field yesterday by whiteparch from Chicago says: From all over caps. Wooley was ploughing at the time. No one saw his assassins, but there is no doubt that they were members of the Murray county white-ap gang. Wooley was formerly a member of the band, most of whose leading members are moonshiners. They sustachments and divisions are now in the pect him of treachery and last weak Federal authorities be supported by field in the West. There are: General took him out and strung him up. One troops, that being the sole alternative the letters are first letters of the alpha-bet. You may look at her from the front or behind and she still stands at the head of the list, and if Alabama General Frye's second division, 800 should have any trouble in selecting a Governor, we will furnish her all the and men, Plattsville, Col.; General Gal-But he did not leave and declared that ing the matter, General Schofield was candidates she wants. (Laughter.) The vin, 200 men, Loveland, Ohio; Sorjeant he was coming to Atlanta to give Gov directed to call upon the commander iron of her mountains, the rich soil of Kendali, 500 men, Chicago; 100 men ernor Northern the names of 100 mem of the department of Dakota (in which her black belt, and the timber of her at Little Falls, Minn.; 300 men at Butte, bers of the gang. Before Wooley could military department the affair took There are 100 members in this league, troops to arrest all persons engaged in aching struck a cow which had attemptdivided into clans and sub-clans. Their the unlawful seizure of the Northern principal object is to protect their illicit stills, which abound in the moun- hold the train and persons until they ington and knocked him into a pool of tains. Several whipping outrages have could be delivered to the United States water. When the engineer ran back he but into the rolls and when next seen is heretofore been experienced, has added

BATTLE WITH COXEYITES.

SULIMINA

THE TRAIN STEALERS HAVE A FIGHT WITH DEPUTY MARSHALS.

uty Marshals-The Marshals Overpower-

BILLINGS, MONT., April 26.—The first bloodshed resulting from the clashes of the law and the industrial army movement, which is now sweeping over the country in a wave of monster propor-tions was witnessed here today. About 11 o'clock this morning this little city was thrown into wild excitement by the announcement that the train-stealng contingent of the Coxey army was rushing into the city on a Northern Pacific train from the West at a high rate of speed closely followed by a train load of United States deputy marshals. The truth of the statement was verified a few minutes before noon when the train of box cars ran into town. The Coxeyites were overtaken by the special train of the marshals just as they entered the limits of the city.
After their arrival it was learned

hat the marshal's train overtook the Hogan contingent just as they were pulling away from Columbus, and at-tempted to arrest the progress of the train bearing the 500 unemployed who are in possession of the train. The leaders would not yield to the demands of the marshals to give up the train and instructed their men to go ahead, which was done. The two trains came on during the forenoon hours until this city was reached, when a stop was or-dered, the conflict between the two

bodies resulting. As near as can be learned Marshal McDermott ordered the leaders of the captured train to surrender, and when hey refused to do so a few of the marshals, before receiving a command to do so, fired upon the crowd of men on the cars. The shots were quickly returned by the industrials. A number of shots were exchanged between the parties before Marshal McDermott could regain control of his men. During the firing one of the deputies was seriously wounded and one of the men on the rear platform car was shot in

the groin. McDermott decided that his men were not equal to the odds against them and ordered his men to desist firing, which they did. The capfured train soon after pulled out from the depot and McDermott notified the authorities that his force was madequate to capture the 500 men who were determined to retain possession of the rain. At the latest advices of the train the captured train is pursuing its way to Miles City, where it is expect-ed the national troops will arrest them

and recover the train. WASHINGTON, April 25.-In addition to the request of the Judge of the United States Court, the United States

last person in the building. It is not wire that a band of Coxeyites fleeing known how the fire could have origithe State with stolen train were overtaken at Billings by United States dep-The building was owned by the State uty marshals who were trying to serve and was worth not less than \$10,000. a writ emanating from the United gained by striking." Hansen's related to O'Reien in the soil, stout fellow, well dressed and a smooth talker. He said if Fischer has sold Col. Brown the patent was a smooth talker. A fight ensued. One ed on it in repairs. A new roof was put on and much money spent in improvements on the inside. There was deputy marshal was wounded. The deputy marshals were overpowered and driven off with revolvers and other weapons. The mob then surrounded the deputies and now hold them prisand a twenty-horse power engine be- oners. The train of Coxeyites is within a few hours run of Fort Keoh. It is impossible for the State militia to overhereby request you to have the Federal troops at Fort Keog intercept, take ina clear loss of fully \$12,500. About ten to custody, arrest and hold these Coxdays ago an electric dynamo, valued at eyites subject to the orders of the Uniferred to. If the Coxeyites; pass Fort Keog before orders can emanate from you for their apprehension, I request that Federal troops be ordered to overtake them. Promptness required. G. E. RICKARTS.

"(Signed) night sent a telegram to General Merrett, commanding the Department of force sent to arrest all persons engaged Marshal for Montana subject to the or-

Court. sota had previously been instructed to the same effect and all of them are diunable to control the populace.

The order of the President for the troops to intercept the Northern Pacific train and arrest the runaway Hoground that the attorney for the plaintift gan contingent was issued solely to notified if there was at any time any tailed to prove any special damages. The command respect for the mandate of apprehension of trouble. the United States Court and was not in any sense a national interference in local affairs. It is explained at the White House that the Butte miners had applied to the Northern Pacific officials hat road being in the hands of government receivers) for free transportation to Washington, and when this was arger growth for Columbia. The mill, refused the strikers broke into the ound house, seized a locomotive, The Confederate Veteran, published This is the first case of the kind, so far coupled cars to form a train and when the United States Court granted an injunction against this action and issued an order for the arrest of the marau-ATHENS, GA., April 23 .- Henry Woo- ders and the United States marshals atley, a Murray county farmer, was shot tempted to execute the orders of the court with as strong a possee as he was abie to summon to his aid, his forces were overprwered and the stolen train When these facts were reescaped. ported to the Department of Justice ion of the Attorney General that the

last night to Col. P. T. Swaine, who is commander of the Department of Da-

kota, with headquarters at St. Paul. Colonel Swaine's orders were sent to Lieutenant Colonel John H. Page, commanding Fort Keogh, near Miles City. Montana, informing him of the President's orders and directing him to make the arrests and under no circumstances to permit the train to pass Miles City. This afternoon, when it was learned that the train might be some time in reaching Miles City, Colonel Page was ordered to make the arrests with as little delay as possible and it is not unlikely that he may put troops on a train and make the effort to capture the mi-ners train tonight. There is some apprehension that Colonel Page may meet with resistance when he carries his orders into effect as the men in possession of the train are undoubted-

ly all armed and have already shown a disposition to lawlessness. Every confidence is felt, however, in Colonel Page being equal to whatever emergency arises. Reports have been received at Police headquarters from authorities of other places, showing the strength of the various contingents now moving on Washington to be

ST. PAUL, MINN., April 26 .- 2. a. m. The Coxevites were arrested at 12.30 by Colonel Page's troops at Forsythe, Mon., forty-six miles west of Fort

A Flend's Work.

derer is a brother of the mother of the the children in the absence of their arms; how he split their heads with an set fire to a number of buildings, the burnings of which had heretofore been a mystery. He said that others were implicated in the burning of the buildings and that he had each time been delegated to apply the torch. This band is composed of both men and women and several of them have been arrest-

An Agitator Killed. BLUEFIELD, W. Va., April 26.-Patrick O'Brien, who came here with other agitators from Ohio and Pennsylvania to try to induce the 25,000 miners of the of Hanseni sprang upon a box and addressed his countrymen. "This man," the strike order, and Hanseni retorted with "Your are here for the purpose of cited crowd of his countrymen drew a long bladed knife and plunged it into O'Brien's body repeatedly, killing him

The machine the men had, Mr. Allen O'Brien's body repeatedly, killing him almost instantly. The murderer then fled to the mountains. The proprietor of the salcon attempted to defend O'Brien, and was severely handled by the crowd. The other strike agitators disappeared since the O'Brien incident. More trouble is feared, as the miners strike.

Guarding the Gold.

WASHINGTON, April 24.-Treasury tion of adding fifty-five carbines and supply af arms. The normal strength can be delivered to the United States revolvers, there has always been thirtyder of the United States District of the captain of the watch, sufficient to supply one to each watchman on Already one or two trains have been duty. It has been thought best, how- Caps, whom he had successfully run to in Montana, North Dakota and Minne- ment, today informed the captain of and made all manner of bloodcurdling the watch force that in case of trouble | threats against his wife. The poor wo at any hour of the day or night, he man was frightened almost to death. could have every man in his command | Sae was too terrified to remain at the ment of Justice the moment they are at the Treasury building inside of forty house, and, taking her baby, with a well drilled in the use of arms and tack, wandered aimlessly into the hence could do much more offective wiscas. When her disappearance was work than civilians. He asked to be

Columbia's Cotton Mil. COLUMBI, S. C., April 25.—The turning of a small wheel here today by Aretas Blood, of Massachusetts, set in motion the machinery of the largest mill under one roof in the United States, and marked the beginning of a though less than half completed, is ready for work. It is five stories high, and one-fifteenth of a mile long, and will be devoted to the manufacture of corton duck. In addition to its oeing the forerunner of numerous enterprises for Columbia, and bearing the distinction of being larger than the famous King-Paillip mill, of Lowell, Mass., there is a feature about it that will re-

construction. A Curious Case.

RALEIGH, April 24.—A curious case Vance and Colquit, soldiers and states—
men, have joined the Confederate rank beyond the grave. In conclusion I wish to return the thanks of all these brave les.

| Deen reported recently. Six deputy marshal for Montana subject to the marshals lett here tonight to arrest and bring back the ringleaders of the gang. The band will certainly be broken up.

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| Deen reported recently. Six deputy marshal for Montana subject to the forces which indicate marshals lett here tonight to arrest and bring bushing forward to various lines of marshals lett here tonight to arrest and bring back the ringleaders of the gang. The band will certainly be broken up.

| Deen reported recently. Six deputy marshal for Montana subject to the forces which indicate marshals lett here tonight to arrest and bring bushing forward to various lines of marshals lett here tonight to arrest and bring bushing forward to various lines of marshal for Montana subject to the found Worthington had crawled out of the forces which indicate marshals lett here tonight to arrest and bring bushing forward to various lines of marshals lett here tonight to arrest and bring bushing forward to various lines of marshal for Montana subject to the found Worthington had crawled out of the forces which indicate marshal for Montana subject to the found will reduce the bring bushing forward to various lines of marshal for Montana subject to the found will reduce the bring bushing forward to various lines of marshal for Montana subject to the found will reduce the bring bushing forward to various lines of marshal for Montana subject to the found will reduce the bring bushing forward to various l

IS IT A SWINDLE

Have a Narrow Escape. AUGUSTA, GA., April 25 .- A case at resembles the gold brick fake perpetrated on several prominent citizens of the department of agriculture for Barnwell county, S. C., has been developed and one of the men in the veloped and one of the men in the game who got the money was arrested able weather that characterized the in Augusta at midnight last night by Detectives Howard and Murray. Late yesterday evening the police received a telegram from Allendale, S. C., ordering the arrest of B. C. Dilman, a stranger, who was said to be stopping. stranger, who was said to be stopping pervades the reports of all correspondant the restaurant opposite the Union ents, covering the past week, except Depot. Closely following the telegram from those in the coast regions where Mr. George P. Allen, cashier of the Al | the improvement was not marked, ou lendale Bank, of Allendale, arrived in account of the lack of much needed rain.

ta train. He immediately went to the The temperature was slightly above

a gas generator (which Lieut. Cartlege called a money taker) for stove cook- budding and tender green leaves on the ing, and they were offering to sell the same branches. state rights, claiming the generator to Montgomery, Ala., April 23.—A be their patent. They exhibited papers friday, with considerable hall in substantiation of their claim. The places. The latter, however, did little philpot has been arrested and that he generator was so simple in make and or no damage. The rains were, in all Montgomers, Ala., April 23.—A be their patent. They exhibited papers friday, with considerable hall in debauchers places. The latter, however, did little generator was so simple in make and or no damage. The rains were, in all Montgomers, Ala., April 23.—A be their patent. They exhibited papers friday, with considerable hall in substantiation of their claim. The places. The latter, however, did little generator was so simple in make and or no damage. The rains were, in all little generator was so simple in make and or no damage. has confessed to the murdering of the such a valuable improvement that Mr. instances, needed and were very beneficial and very timely for the newly planted crops; also for grains and food miles North of Tuskegee. Philpot is a tions for the purchase of the rights. on Friday last at a point about five the machine and entered in negotiamiles North of Tuskegee. Philpot is a young negro of about 20. His arrest young negro of about 20. His arrest grew out of the discovery of the tracks grew out of the discovery of the tracks and grown a superior of the state and along the grew out of the discovery of the tracks and grown a trade coast the showers were very light, or and which has checked the whiskey elemade by a pair of old shoes given the and on Monday went over to Allendale altogether absent. In those sections ment this far. The court was far-sight-murderer by George Sinclair, the father of the murdered children. The mur-with him in the scheme. Dillman and ton a very poor stand, where up; to The employees still in the service of Fischer went to Allendale with Mr. cause oa's to turn yellow with little children. When arrested he told a calm story of the crime; how he persuaded Bryan, Mr Allen and several-others to mies of young corn, such as worms. go in with him to buy the rights, he birds, etc., a chance to do much dam-

Monday the trade was finally closed axe and after killing them, carried them and the gentlemen paid Dillman and some fifty vards and placed them together under a tree, because, he said, he did not think they onght to be seperto Augusta. Fischer remained in Alto Augusta. Fischer rem ated. He said he had been offered three lendale to sign up the papers. Mr, lendale to sign up the papers. Mr. Time of sunshines was generally above the average except for limited areas. High winds did some damage found out think it right to kill them for money. Additional to giving an account of the horrible murders he also confessed to having murders he also confessed to having set for to a number of buildings the money have found out that the same rights that to cotton in a few localities. Cotton had been sold to him and his friends had been sold to Col. Mike Brown of State during the week and in the low set for to a number of buildings the money had been sold to Col. Mike Brown of State during the week and in the low set for to a number of buildings the money had been sold to Mr. Patterson at once telegraphed his discovery to Mr. Allen in Allendale, telling him he had seen the deed given to Col. Brown. Mr. Allen received Mr. Patterson's telegram just well advanced with this crop, with the fore the uncertainty about the decision as the train was about to leave on expectation of finishing planting be-would be removed and the investery as which Fischer was escaping.

Fischer was arrested and on his peron was found \$300 in cash and a \$300 where there is sufficient moisture, and draft on the New York National Park promises a good even stand. The fartank Through Fischer it was found. Bank. Through Fischer it was found out that his pal, Dillman, was in Au "up counties" although they have been gusta and Mr. Allen's telegram was received just in time to arrest him bequently the germinating period of fore his departure for Chicago on the their planting will be shorter. A genthrow down their picks and demand better treatment and pay from the mine owners. A foreigner of the name with a Knights of Pythias charm attached to his chain.

dressed and a smooth talker. He said great extent. ent rights then he is in the "soup" but general are being planted in greater marks were interpreted to O'Brien in he claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities than usual in many locality and the claims his part of the transaction quantities are the claims his part of the transaction quantities are the claims his part of the transaction quantities are the claims his part of the transaction quantities are the claims his part of the transaction quantities are the claims his part of the clai was straight. Dillman volunteers to monstrated with Hanseni for opposing go back to Allendale without a requisi- work which is well up with the needs tion and will return there this morning of all crops. with Detective Howard and Mr. Allen. doing my people harm." The lie was Mr. Allen is delighted that \$1,288.65 of passed, and Hanseni backed by an exhis and his friends \$1,400 has been rehis and his friends \$1,400 has been recovered by the finding of \$600. on

he thinks now that the strangers have no patent right upon it. Lieut. Cartlege thinks the men are swindlers who present, as follows: have worked a skin game on the Allendale crowd. It'is not known for District. what Diliman and Fischer caught Col. are steadfast in their purpose not to Brown, but it is hardly possible that he Distric has escaped without loss, for he has the deed to the patent right which he District. holds. This is the second time in the Schofield, commanding the army, last trouble on account of the prescence of well have been caught by such tricks the crowds incident to the coming of as this. The last time the gold brick Coxey's army, have taken the precau- game was worked upon them, and then like row, the Augusta police caught

A Woman Crazed.

ATLANTA, April 24 .- An exceedingly and in addition to two or three dozen revolvers, there has always been thirty-in Gordon county. Deputy United five carbines in the racks in the office States Marshal Turner, of Calhoun, who was in Atlanta awaiting the preliminary trial of a party of White the crowds of hangers on of the Coxey home. It appears from the details as General Omey today telegraphed the United States marshal of Washington city during the coming week. The White Caps, whose victim. Robert United States marshal of washington to use every means in his power to maintain the peace and the security of property. The United States marshals minutes. He stated that his men were pistol to defend herself from any atthe county for ner, but without avail. The frantic husband and father renewed the search when he arrived at his desolate home, and found his wife wandering in the woods, a raving maniac. She still held her baby in her arms and had the pistol ready to shoot. The threats of the Wnite Caps effected an awful revenge on the faithful de puty marshal. The news has been received here by friends of Mr. Turner that his wife is better and hopes are

entertained of her ultimate recovery. A Southern Invention

CHATTANOOGA. April 24 .- A Chatanooga company has just completed and had patented a con innous automatic roll train, for convering steel billets into rods and hoops, that they claim will volutionize mill construction. This is revolution ze that portion of the steel the application of eleccitrity to cotton | manufacturing business. The billets of manufacturing, the power being deve- steel when once placed in the rolls can, they were brought to the attention of the President, with the recommendation of the President, with the recommendation of the president with transmitted over wires to fifteen elecout in any dimension or shape wanted. tric dynamos in the mull. The mill will It is claimed this will save fully \$1.50 have, in all, 18,000 spindles, which are on every ton of steel handled. The paequal to 160,000 spindles of ordinary tentroller was built by Stanley O. Haskins, a son of the patentee and builder of the first continuous rolls ever pany have encountered a supernatura made and which are now used in nearly came up in the superior court here. W. every large steel mill in the United the longest bridges on the line in a bot H. Worthington sues the Raleigh and States. A company has also been tomless abyss. To a reporter the chief Augusta railway for \$5,000 damages formed in this city to put the patent into engineer stated that 200 car loads of her black beit, and the timber of her sunny coast places her in the front sunny coast places her in th next thirty days begin the manufacture

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 24 - The following is the weekly weather crop re

police barracks where he was delighted to find the man there in custody he was after. Mr. Allen said he and a trai and western parts, until the latter party of his friends had been fleeced part of the week when the nights beout of \$1,400 by Dillman and his part- came quite cool, but from no place them with cheating and swindling.

Mr. Allen said Dillman and Fischer
who claim to be from Kansas City,
went to Barnwell a few days ago with

fect of withered and dried, as well as There was showers on Thursday and

mother to leave the house with him; thinking it was a great money making age; and to retard gardens and field how he carried the younger one in his machine.

Time of sunshines was generally likely to be finished this present week him and began if the weather remains favorable. In of questions. the central counties, farmers are also fore the first of May. In both sections to its meaning solved. He said:

ond planting promise better. The first Dillman is a tall, stout fellow, well prospects are not improving to any Rice, sorghum and food products in

ties. The weather has favored farm

J. W. BAUER Director S. C., S. W. S.

Thirty Young Doctors.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 25.—The State Board of Medical Examiners held says, is all right and a good thing, but their first meeting yesterday in the he thinks now that the strangers have Senate Chamber of the House of Representatives. All of the members were

A. E. Williams of Cottageville, First C. F. McGahan of Aiken, Second W. H. Nardin of Anderson, Third

A. L. Gaubert of Columbia, Fourth District. W. D. K. Wylie of Rossville, Fifth District. L. W. Nettles of Manning, Sixth District. W. R. Lowman of Orangeburg Sev-

enth District. Dr. W. H. Nardin of Anderson was elected chairman and Dr. C. F. Mc-Gahan of Aiken secretary and treas arer.

The bill creating the board provided that four of the members should serve for two years and three for one year each. Drs. Nettles, Wylie and Low man drew the one year terms and the others the two year terms. Thirty applicants for licenses to prac-

examinations were conducted orally. The following applicants passed successful examinations and were granted icenses to practice medicine: F. G. Asbul, Ridge Spring, S. C.

J. W. Bell, Anderson, S. C.

E S. Booth, Sumter, S. C.

J. E. Boyd, Darlington, S. C. I. Brown, Charleston, S. C. B. H. Carlton, Elberton, Ga. S. M Eirod, Guyton, S. C. P. G Ellisor, Newberry, S. C. W. M. Brockman, Greenville, S. C. B. G. Gregg, Florence, S. C. W. G. Gample, Gourdins, S. C. T. E. Howle, Darlington, S. C. J. W. Tram, Ridgeway, S. C. C. W. Harris, Cypress, S. C. F. G. James, O'N-il, S. C. L. H. Irby. Hulsville, S. C. J. W. Johnson, Savage, S. C. J. A. Lindsav, Highlands, S. C. J. R. L-vy, Florence, S. C. E. B. C. Mole, Brunson, S. C. Daniel Moorer, Orangeburg, S. C. R. S. McKown, Mercer, S. C. D E. McEschero, Marion, S. C. T. M. McCutchen, Fowler, S. C. L. A. E-rle, Anderson, S. C. W. A. Fripp, Brushy Creek, S. C. A. Woite, Huntsville, S. C. 1. M. Woodham, Sickes's Bridge. B J Witherspone, Lancaster, S. C. D D Salley, Orangeburg, S. C. J. P. Young, Ninety-Six, S. C.

A Bottomle-s Lake. LAPORTE, Ind., April 25 .- The Chi cago and West Michigan Railroad comforce which threatens to engulf one of of cotton ties on a large scale. With the new machine, the billet of sized is Lily Lake in the northern limits of the the new machine, the billet of steel is cit y and the fact that no trouble has water. When the engineer ran back he found Worthington had crawled out of a cotton tie ready for bundling and mystery to the forces which indicate

ITS FREE LIQUOR NOW.

GOVERNOR TILLMAN GIVES HIS VIEWS ON THE DECISION.

He says He is Paralyzed; His Hands are Tied-B-r-rooms Can Be Put Up at Every Street Corner and Cross Roads in

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 24.-No move was made in any direction yesterday in the whiskey-Dispensary law mudtle. It was hoped that something would be done to relieve the uncertainty. The onger the problem goes without solu ion the worse jumbled becomes the deas of the public. Men now change

opinoion as often as the wind. Each change brings no relief. The puzzle grows more perplexing. Lawvers are 'not in it" at this juneture. They are as badly rattled as the man who never saw a law book. The Supreme Court ner, F. W. Fischer, who had been arrested in Allendale, and he charged them with cheating and swinding.

was frost reported. The warmth in has made worse than a "fifteen puzzle" the early week, caused an immediate improvement in the appearance of vegits that nobody can work the puzzle. for this Slate and the disagreeable part The Supreme Court decision amounts

o one of two things-prohibition pure and simpls or free whiskey. The latter means that there is no law against the sale of whiskey, that any man can start in the tusiness at any place and any time, and that there is no restraint on debauchery and the full sway of the li-

Many pepole now believe that the maority of the court saw what would be

The employees still in the service of the State Dispensary were engaged yes. terday in taking stock at that institution. The quarterly report must be made the last of this month and the amount of goods on hand must be given. A car pensive phase of a correspondent "ev- load of whiskeys billed just before the erything going from bad to worse." decision to County Dispensaries and was rendered.

Governor Tillman yesterday publicly expressed an opinion on the decision for the first time since it was rendered. He was in a particularly good humor when the small regiment of reporters struck him and began to ply him with a variety

The Governor was asked how long be would be removed and the investery as know whether the decision means prohipition or free liquor or what it means. Who can tell what they mean? I don't see what object they could have had in leaving the matter in doubt at all."

"It is claimed by some that the deci sion leaves the law a prohibition law and from first planting, but those from sec- that the police regulation teature of the

law stands. How about that?" Governor Tillman replied: "All I have to say is that the Legislature gave me authority to enforce the Dispensary law. When the court declares the Dispensary law dead why of course my anthority to enfore it dies with it. I don't see what right I have to attempt to

maintain the constabulary to enforce a prohibition law if it is such." "Governor, whose business is it to find out what the court means?" "I don't know. It's not mine." Then is that Byron said about Wordsworth? Oh, yes, 'I wish he'd explain his explana-

tion." The Governor was asked what he intended to do about having the stocks of the various County Dispensaries shipped back here and stored; if the rents and insurance would not amount to more than the expense of doing this. He said be had no authority whatever to go into the expense of moving the stock and things would go on just as they are. Continuing, he said: "You see I am paralyzed. I can't do a thing. It seems to me that the court in so many words expressly declares that the Dispensary law is not a prohibitiory law.' The Court denies emphatically that the municipalies have the right to issue liceneses. Now fit is not a probibitory law and the right to issue licenses does not stand and there is no other law applying to the liquor traffic it looks to me like free liquor. It looks like anybody and everybody can go out anywhere in the country, at every cross-roads and everywhere else, and start up barrooms and sell liquor. All tice appeared before the board and Ac sapplying to the liquor traffic incon-

> Governor Tillman then made the folowing important statement: "The whole situation as I see it now is that I can only maintain the statue quo, shut up shop close up business, do absolutely nothing, and obey the law. The State is forbidden to sell whiskey. As to who else can or may I can't and won't pretend to say. It is confusion worse con

founded."-Register. Terrible Earthquakes. ATHENS, April 22 .- Many reports from the towns which have suffered most severely from the earthquakes of the last two days were received this afternoon and evening. The loss of life and property is much greater than was at first supposed. In the Locris district 129 persons are known to have been killed by falling walls, and many others are missing. A paris church in Proski-no collapsed during vespers and thirty men and women were killed outright while several who were duz out alive from the ruins are likely to die. Ninety persons were buried in the ruins of Malesina and sixty of them were killed. The others may recover. In many towns whole households have disap peared without leaving an inkling of their fate. In Martino, thirty-nine persons were killed by failing timbers. Mest of them died within the walls of a church whose roof fell in during service. Although there has been small loss of human life in Athens and its environs, the damage to property has

been enormous. Going to Congress. CHICAGO, April 24 .-- At a meeting

f five hundred union moulders yesterday 1. was announced that the three unions of Chicago would send five hunbridge, the only effect being to hold up dred men to Washington to present the bridge for a few hours, when it misveness to Converse There will glievances to Congress. They will move by train and delegations from a lozen towns in Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin are expected to join them. A morning paper says that a strike of our thousand employes of the Pullman issue hinges upon the question of negli- cost of manufacturing cotton ties by Thousands of people have visited the Company will be declared on May