

COURT.

Court convened last Monday morning, Judge Aldrich on the bench. In addressing the Grand Jury, he began by paying a high tribute to the memory of Dr. Jno. I. Ingram. He said but little on the duties of the grand jury. He advocated the restoration of the whipping post for certain offenses, saying that with the large majority of colored people, the penitentiary produced in them no fear or disgrace, for generally the biggest men and greatest heroes among them were those who had served a term in the penitentiary. He said that the only way to reach a negro's conscience was through his hide, therefore he advocated that for trivial offenses, petit larceny and such things, the whipping post should be established.

Only one case was tried in the court of sessions: Richard Proctor, colored, charged with housebreaking and larceny; guilty, one year in the penitentiary. The petit jury was dismissed by 3 o'clock Monday. Tuesday morning the grand jury made their presentment, as follows:

PRESENTMENT OF GRAND JURY.

To His Honor, A. P. Aldrich, presiding judge, Court of General Sessions for Clarendon County, May Term, 1888:

The Committee of the Grand Jury, appointed at the last term of the Court of General Sessions for this County, which were instructed to take under consideration the report of the Grand Jury for 1887, and to make the charges preferred in said report, and the statements therein made, beg, most respectfully, to submit to the Honorable Court this their report:

The investigation of the committee extended from the 21st to the 24th of March. They were assisted by W. L. Bass, Esq., of Kingstree, whose services as an expert they had secured to aid them in making this examination.

The committee, in making this investigation, have endeavored to keep prominently before them the fact that they represent not individuals but their country, and that however much pity or sympathy may have attempted to wean them from an unenviable task, they knew full well that their government demanded the strictest impartiality and the fullest justice, keeping this in view, and having a full sense of the responsibility and obligations upon them, they have attempted to discharge their unpleasant duty in accordance with the obligations of their oaths, their government's commands and their own sense of right and justice. The conclusions reached, and the facts found, are as follows:

I. The Committee finds that in the year 1887 only \$169.75 was collected from liquor licenses, when \$200 should have been collected, as there were two bar-rooms in this town during that year. They find that this difference was occasioned by the payment of \$30.25 for a part of the sum required by law. Therefore they present the Board of County Commissioners for 1887 for failing and neglecting to institute proceedings against said M. Schartz to recover the \$30 required by law to be paid for license to sell liquors.

II. This Committee repeat the recommendation of the former grand jury that the \$190 which it "has been customary for the School Commissioners to collect" for traveling expenses, be not paid for the year 1887, but that the same be applied to the general school fund.

III. The Committee after careful examination finds that in the fiscal year 1884-1885 S. J. Bowman collected on School Commissioner's salary \$33, and J. J. Conyers, \$667, making the sum of \$700, the total amount allowed by law for the compensation of J. J. School Commissioner; nevertheless J. J. Conyers, on January 2, 1885, gave W. D. Gamble a draft on the Treasurer for \$50, a copy of which is hereto annexed and marked "A"; also on April 24, 1885, said J. J. Conyers gave M. Levi a draft on the Treasurer for the sum of \$144.25, and an assignment to said M. Levi of his claims against the County for services as School Commissioner to the amount of \$144.25, a copy of which draft and assignment is hereto annexed, and marked "B". The amount of both these drafts were ordered by the School Commissioner to be charged by the account of the School Commissioner's salary. This shows that during the fiscal year 1884-1885, and on the account of the School Commissioner's salary for that year, there was paid the sum of \$844.25, \$33 to S. J. Bowman, and \$811.25 to J. J. Conyers and others by his orders. No notice of draft made of either the draft of \$50 or draft and assignment of \$144.25, in either the Treasurer's or School Commissioner's reports; neither does any mention of either appear in the books of the Treasurer and School Commissioner.

IV. A paper purporting to be a check was found among the Treasurer's vouchers, a copy of which is hereto annexed and marked "C". The Committee does not think that that paper should have been paid by the Treasurer, as it is not addressed to any one. No voucher for this check appears in the School Commissioner's office. The Committee thinks that it is the intention of the law that the School Commissioner shall have a voucher for every check, draft, or warrant he issues from his office, and that without such voucher he has no authority to order the payment of money to any person whatsoever. The Committee also finds that School Commissioner J. J. Conyers approved and ordered paid, and that the Treasurer paid, quite a large number of school warrants which were not examined and approved by only one member of the Board of Trustees. This should not be permitted.

V. The Committee is very glad to be able to report that, without any increase in taxation, the public schools of the County during the past year were opened for four and five months. Therefore they have been run only from two weeks to two months. The School Commissioner should be commended for so materially improving the system of dispensing the school funds.

VI. However much they regret to do so, yet the Committee is forced to present Dr. H. H. Huggins, County Treasurer, for that, on November 30, 1885, he collected from Sam Scott, Nero Hudson, Henry Felder, Cicero Lewis, Lewis Manning, Joe Branson, Rush Payer, Jyrtie Floyd, and Moses these taxes to the amount of \$17 and 4 mills, without warrant or authority; and that on November 4, 1885, he collected from Dr. S. C. Richardson, for Mrs. A. C. Butler, taxes to the amount of \$10.40, without warrant or authority. None of these taxes were charged on either the Auditor's or Treasurer's duplicate, or list of additional; therefore they were collected without any authority whatever. Furthermore the moneys so collected has never been accounted for by the Treasurer. Witnesses: All the above mentioned persons from whom the said taxes were collected, J. E. Scott, F. P. Cooper, T. B. Brailsford, and others.

VII. The Committee finds that it is true that taxes have been collected by the Treasurer, and reports the same without the approval of the School Commissioners. Witnesses: F. P. Cooper, T. B. Brailsford, the School Commissioner, and the County Commissioners.

In the Treasury applicable to these warrants, the Treasurer refused to pay them. Witnesses: J. T. Stokes and Abe Levi.

IX. The Committee finds that in the fiscal year 1884-1885 the Treasurer paid school warrants to the amount of \$763.75 for which he has never received any credit on the School Commissioner's book, but the School Commissioner has carried forward all balances, including the above amount, charging the Treasurer with the same, except a balance of \$90.69 which was not carried forward by the School Commissioner. In the year 1884-1885, and has never been charged against the Treasurer. A list of the warrants so paid as above mentioned is hereto annexed and marked "D." Also in 1885-1886 the Treasurer paid school claim of W. J. Conyers for \$8, for which he has never received credit on the School Commissioner's book. Furthermore, in fiscal year 1884-1885, the Treasurer paid on school claims for District No. 2 \$16.45, for which he has never received credit for that District. He has never received credit for this amount.

STATEMENT.
Paid by Treasurer in 84-85, for which he has received no credit \$763.75
Paid by Treasurer in excess of apportionment in No 9 84-85 16.45
Paid by Treasurer, claim of W. J. Conyers, no credit given 8.00

Total for which Treas. has no credit \$788.20
Amount in Treas. hands in 1884-1885, for which he is not charged 90.69

Leaving the sum of \$697.51 for which the Treasurer has never received any credit on the School Commissioner's books. The Committee recommends that the School Commissioner be instructed to credit the Treasurer with the above amount of \$697.51, on the School Commissioner's book.

X. The Committee presents that the books of the Ex-Auditor, J. E. Scott, are in the exact condition as represented by the former Grand Jury; that he, said J. E. Scott, has never completed his original duplicate of the year 1885-1886; that all of his auditor's duplicates as far back as 1880 are incomplete; that upon these books no totaling the columns, and a large part of the work is in pencil, contrary to the direct printed instructions of the Comptroller General; that he has failed to record in their proper places, viz, in the back of Auditor's and Treasurer's duplicates, any of the additions issued by him; and that no record of additions can be found in the auditor's office. Witnesses: W. E. Stoney, D. J. Bradham, F. P. Cooper, T. B. Brailsford and others.

The Grand Jury respectfully reports that they have adopted as their presentment at this term the foregoing report of the committee. H. C. CARRIGAN, Foreman.

At the end of the reading, the judge complimented the grand jury on the great care and diligence shown by them in this report, and said that an order would at once be issued for the parties, presented in the report, to show cause at the next term of court, why they should not be indicted. He stated that while he believed the officers presented had exhibited great carelessness in the conduct of their official business, he did not suppose any one of them was criminally guilty.

The only cases heard in the court of common pleas were three appeals from trial justices. Court adjourned about one o'clock Tuesday.

Summerton Wants the Railroads.

Mrs. Ebbrois—I am puzzled to understand the oscillating manner in which Mr. B. C. Barkley, president of the Eutawville Road, talks. Sometimes he says that the road will run one route, and other times he says it will run another, hence, I am surprised at his lack of decision.

Let me review the cause of his last determination to run the road towards Mr. D. Levi's, and from thence to the neighborhood of Panola. The agent at Wrights Bluff says that Mr. D. Levi ships about 1700 bales of cotton, and Mr. J. P. Brock about 475 bales. Now about one third of these amounts are bought, and at prices they feel (where there is no competition) they can best pay. Of course, if we were in these gentlemen's places we would do the same, and would threaten to ship everything by any other route than theirs, unless they should so run their road as to completely block out cotton buyers. This route will do it, and result in the Steamboat Co. reaping the benefit. Besides the above amounts, Mr. Levi ships about 500 bales, and early the whole amount is paid for in cash, without competition in buying.

Now I argue, that to run the road by Summerton you would immediately concentrate and develop a business that makes Summerton a town, and assures a cotton buyer; then instead of hundreds of bales of cotton, and hundreds of dollars going to Sumner, the district of 20 miles (and the people deriving a benefit notwithstanding the distance,) all would be brought to Summerton. Then Mr. Levi would be compelled to come to Summerton, for his honor would force him to receive cotton where there was competition, if his neighbors insisted that they could realize better prices. Mr. Brock would do the same, and Mr. M. Levi would be compelled to have some business there too, and why? Because Manning gets a tremendous support from this section, and no sooner than the road reached Summerton, Manning would lose it, and Mr. Levi would also lose it, unless he made some arrangement to catch it; and who is it that knows him would for one doubt his having a hand in the Summerton business? therefore it would be far more profitable to the road to run this route, and far more beneficial to the community.

I can see the same spirit of opposition to Summerton that keeps a cotton buyer from Manning, and who are the sufferers? Why every man who has cotton to sell, and goods to buy.

Instead of every one working for these roads which will develop our country, each man has a hope of a town being built at his door. Can we scatter little stations all about and build up any of them? Yet we see the Eutawville Road, a little town on the Eutawville Road called "Leviton," and about one mile further, another called "Brockton," and as we stand at "Badgerville" near Summerton, and look down the Wilson Road about one mile we will see on the road running by Mr. W. W. Benbow's a beautiful town called "M. Leviton." But suppose the depots are brought together in Summerton, then there will be no chance for the imagination, reality will burst upon our vision, and we will force immediate incorporation, and a beautiful little town springs up in one of the most prosperous sections in the State, and the result is, that the roads are profited, and the community benefited. Where would you find a healthier place, and a more desirable place for people to move to from cities than Summerton? yet we find men who are building railroads, jumping and dodging from one point to another, and why is it that those who live in the road is soon to go by his house, trying to fool everybody, and please everybody, without making a single effort themselves to examine into the country, or without asking themselves why? Is it that merchants scattered about this section prefer their running the road anywhere rather than to Summerton? and why is it that those who sympathize with Summerton only pray that the road may immediately spring up that will put the Manning of 25 or 30 years to shame. In case the Wilson Road should run up into Summerton, I am satisfied that the builders of the Eutawville road will see in less than six months that they allowed parties who were working for their entire interests to lighten them. SUMMERTON.

About the Payment of Pensions.

Bethlehem, Clarendon Co., S. C., May 11, 1888.

Hon. Jos. H. Earle, Att'y Gen'l., Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir—I enclose by our county paper that "the checks for the April payments of Confederate pensions of the State are in the possession of the clerks of court," to be delivered and paid by the treasurer only on the personal application of the respective pensioners." I will here premise by saying, that I am sure the intention of the "Pension Board" was to facilitate the disbursement of this fund, in the absence of an appropriation by the Legislature for its disbursement, and I can very well anticipate the difficulties your Board labored under in this respect; but it appears to me that the ends sought will be at great hardship and expense to the parties this fund is intended to benefit. The mere fact that each Pensioner is required to go to his her county seat in person each month to get payment, no matter the distance, nor the physical or financial ability of the party to get there, is in itself sufficient to negative this mode of disbursement. A great majority of these Pensioners are extremely indigent, with no money or mode of conveyance to get to their respective county seats; others again are physically unable, and it would be too much to rely upon the assistance and charity of friends or relatives for aid in this respect.

I can very well conceive that the object sought in this manner of disbursement, was to be sure that the persons to whom the funds belonged should receive it and no other, and your Board should be commended for attempting to carry out the evident intention of this beneficiary enactment.

Permit me to respectfully suggest that the following mode of payment be adopted, applicable with the May disbursement, as I apprehend that the April payment has already been disposed of as above indicated: The May payment is to be made, send each pensioner, to his or her P. O. address, (which your Board already has,) a check for \$4.50, reserving the 50 cents for postage, etc., for the remainder of the fiscal year, leaving it to the ensuing session of the Legislature to provide for this as well as other years' disbursement, which if done the 50 cents thus reserved can be returned to the pensioners in a future payment. I am aware that this plan, but I apprehend that they could be obviated. The mode proposed would enable the pensioners to receive their monthly stipends promptly at the end of each month, these checks they could have cashed in their neighborhoods, or get the necessities of life at cash prices, and thus carry out in full the eleemosynary intention of the Legislature.

I have the honor, General, to be Your obedient servant, ROBERT M. THOMPSON.

Picnic at Panola.

PANOLA, May 14.—Last Saturday was a day long to be remembered by the young, old, and courting folks of this section. Your correspondent accompanied by a most charming companion set out about 11 A. M. in a regular old fashioned jog, in a winding pine woods road, for Flood mill (followed by two companies of soldiers—no literally pack-trail lardies—with the most beautiful young ladies it has ever been our good fortune to behold,) to attend the Panola High School picnic.

It is utterly impossible to give an accurate description of this most enjoyable affair. Though old Sol's face was sometimes hidden by horrid clouds, there seemed to be sunshine everywhere. Swamp birds of rare and variegated plumage perched here and there in the abundant and verdant foliage (forming, as it were, a green wall betwix mill-dam and sky) warbled their sweetest notes. The mill-pond frogs were in full concert also with their various chants, trying to call up a gentle spring shower to wet the beautiful array of spring dresses of the most beautiful lot of young ladies who have ever perambulated these picturesque picnic grounds. Now and then you hear the sudden deep mellow bass voice of the bull-frog as he goes out from the turbid pool, bellow and stretch across for a more private habitation to the opposite banks of the stream.

The boys though numerically weak, were equal to the emergency. You could see a fellow either with his own, or some other fellow's sweet heart, strolling, boat-riding, dancing, or seated in groups of twos. Occasionally he would say something—then she'd smile and nod, and then both would laugh. Mr. Editor, if a girl's face is an index to her soul the boys did their whole duty, for they were much pleased—we mean the girls. John Washington, leader of the Panola string-band, furnished the music in the mill house. It was rather warm for dancing, but John's waltzes were just too irresistible, so in due time gallant young men and lovely maidens were thronging the piazza of the mill.

"Which to me more melting tune, Baw Irish jig, and ancient rigadoun, Scotch reels a'vant; and country dance, forego Your future claims to each fantastic toe." Next approaches the hour for dinner. "Oh! hour of all hours, the most blest upon earth; blessed hour of our dinner." The Panola matrons with Capt. D. W. Brailsford's assistance can set up the most magnificent dinner that it has ever been our good luck to assault. Suffice it to say, that this was one of their best. A baked gobbler confronted us on our first charge, and we commenced and finished our dinner right there.

Privateer, Packville, Hodges Corner, Fulton, Calvary, Friendship, and Summerton were well represented. About 6 P. M. the picnickers packed for home. We returned via Hickory Hill, Big Branch, and Panola. The River road from Flood's mill to Hickory Hill was once the prettiest road in the County. We regretted to see that the most beautiful section had been completely denuded of its natural beauty, in order to give more sun-shine to King Cotton. But at the same time we noted with pleasure the wonderful agricultural improvements made in this same section in a few years. Crops, though young, looked well. We have always thought that Clarendon farmers plant cotton too late, and lose considerable thereby, but a loss that's never known a never hurt.

Our homeward journey was, if anything, more enjoyable than the picnic, the beautiful landscapes, the delightful evening breezes, the level hard clay roads, the glowing sunset. There was scarcely any twilight here. The day star sinks apparently into the Santee swamp; a blood red or orange colored flag hangs like a signal for a moment from his western tower; it is then suddenly withdrawn, leaving in place only a dusky streamer, which suddenly disappears within the tents of night. The gray of twilight thickens magically into darkness. But we were unusually fortunate on this jaunt. We were under the enchanting influence of a Ray that we trust will never fade. A Ray that did not set with the sun, but was transformed into a brilliant star, which continued to illuminate our friendly hearts to our weary end.

The remainder of the evening, with a half dozen or more picnickers was most delightfully spent in the charming and hospitable family circle of our neighbor, Hon. James E. Tindal. Misses Sadie Furman of Sumter Co., and Amanda Paisley of Fla., and a few of the Panola and Summerton Gentry, added to the enjoyment of the evening. To Misses Alice Beas, George, and May Tindal for some very sweet instrumental and vocal music, recitations, &c. OCCASIONAL.

If you have never had a good picture of yourself try W. A. Reekling, of Columbia, who is making pictures by a new and superior process. His work is recognized as among the very best in the State. Get your grist, meal, and lumber from D. M. Bradham's grist and saw mill.



TORPID LIVER
Is known by these marked peculiarities:
1. A feeling of weariness and pains in the limbs.
2. Bad breath, bad taste in the mouth, and a furrowed tongue.
3. Constipation, with occasional attacks of diarrhoea.
4. Headache, in the front of the head; nausea, dizziness, and yellowness of skin.
5. Heartburn, loss of appetite.
6. Distention of the stomach and bowels by wind.
7. Depression of spirits, and great melancholy, with lassitude and a disposition to leave everything for to-morrow.
A natural flow of Bile from the Liver is essential to good health. When this is obstructed it results in

BILIOUSNESS, which, if neglected, soon leads to serious diseases. Simmonds Liver Regulator exerts a most beneficial influence over every kind of biliousness. It restores the Liver to proper working order, regulates the secretion of bile and puts the digestive organs in such condition that they can do their best work. After taking this medicine no one will say, "I am bilious."
"I have been subject to severe spells of Constipation of the Liver, and have been in the habit of taking from 15 to 20 grains of calomel which generally did me up for three or four days. Lately I have been taking Simmonds Liver Regulator, which gave me relief without any interruption to my business."—J. Hogg, Middleport, Ohio.

ONLY GENUINE
has our Z stamp in red on front of Wrapper,
J. E. Zullin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
A. LEVI,
Attorney at Law.
Manning, S. C.
Notary Public with seal.

W. F. B. HAYNSWORTH, Sumter S. C.
B. S. DINKINS, MANNING, S. C.
HAYNSWORTH & DINKINS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
MANNING, S. C.

JOHN S. WILSON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Manning, S. C.

JOSEPH F. RHAME,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
MANNING, S. C.

Valuable Florida Land for Sale.
I give notice, that I am agent for the Land Department of the Florida Southern Railway Company, which owns large bodies of valuable and choice lands in various parts of the State of Florida, now on the market in quantities to suit purchasers. Any information wanted concerning these lands can be obtained by applying to the undersigned.
JOSEPH F. RHAME,
Manning, S. C.

F. N. Wilson,
INSURANCE AGENT
MANNING, S. C.

DR. G. ALLEN HUGGINS
DENTIST.
—OFFICES—
Manning and Kingstree.

—OFFICE DAYS—
Kingstree, from 1st to 12th of each month.
Manning, from 12th to 1st of each month.
—OFFICE HOURS—
9 A. M. to 1 P. M. and 2 to 4 P. M.

MACHINERY FOR SALE!

To The People of Clarendon:
I am the Agent for the Celebrated
REVOLVING HEAD
PRATT GIN,
LIDDELL & Co.'s
Engines and Boilers.

I am sole agent in this county for the
BOSS COTTON PRESS.
Corn Mills, Pulleys, Shafting, etc.

All this machinery is direct from the factory and will be sold at the **Factory's Lowest Cash Prices.** It will be to the advantage of purchasers to call on me before buying.
W. SCOTT HARVIN,
Manning, S. C.

PHILADELPHIA SINGER.
High Arm, \$28. Low Arm, \$20.



FIFTEEN DAYS' TRIAL
IN YOUR OWN HOME BEFORE YOU PAY ONE CENT.
Don't pay an agent \$5 or \$10, but send for circular.
THE C. A. WOOD CO., 17 North Tenth St., Philadelphia, Pa.
FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD.
The wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of inferior grease.
FOR SALES BY DEALERS GENERALLY.
Get your grist, meal, and lumber from D. M. Bradham's grist and saw mill.

MOSES LEVI,
THE CHAMPION LOW PRICE LEADER, READY FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

GRAND BUSINESS STARTERS.

Opening the season with a blaze of glory. All departments complete in every detail. Grand accumulation of exquisite styles in Dress Goods. Ladies we solicit your inspection. A well selected stock of Linens for ladies and childrens dresses, with Torchon Trimming to suit. A nice line of heavy Linen Duck for gents' and boys' clothing. A tremendous line of colored Muslin from 5 to 12c. A beautiful lot India Lawn, &c. A magnificent line of white goods, Marcellis, Nainsooks, India Lawn, Persian Lawn, India M.B. and Victoria Lawn; these goods are a specialty, and run from 7 to 35c. A large assortment of Seersuckers, both for ladies and gents. A complete line of Gingham, embracing all the finer qualities, such as Toile Du Nord, Corded Gingham, Suitings, &c. Special bargains offered in the fine Dress Goods department. This line is complete and we defy any Southern market to undersell us. A nice line of Lace Curtains. A splendid assortment of white and colored Scrim for curtains. Hamburg Edging and Inserting in all styles. A fine assortment of Oriental and Torchon Laces. We have on hand a very large and carefully selected stock of Shoes. We would call special attention to our Common-sense Shoes, and the celebrated Zeigler Shoe. A large lot of Children's Spring Heel Shoes, ladies and children Slippers. Old ladies low-quartered Shoes. Clothing buyers will find just what they want. We have an immense stock of Ready-made Clothing and of fine goods.

Grocery Department.

It is fully supplied with everything needed, whether in the heavy or fancy line—and every thing sold at bottom prices. We want to see you; we want to sell to you.

F. VON OVEN,
SUCCESSOR TO C. D. ABRENS.

Staple and Fancy Groceries
TABLE LUXURIES,
WINES AND LIQUORS.
287 King Street,
Charleston, S. C.

[Geo. E. Toale HENRY OLIVER.]
Geo. E. Toale & Co.
MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN
Doors, Sash,
Blinds,
Mouldings,
Mantels,
Grates, etc.

Scroll Work, Turning and Inside Finish. Builder's Hardware, and General
Building Material.
OFFICE AND SALESROOMS,
10 and 12 Hayne Street,
BEAR CHARLESTON HOTEL,
Charleston, S. C.
All Work Guaranteed.
Write for estimates.

[ESTABLISHED 1855.]
James Allan & Co.
The place to get reliable goods,
Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Silver Plated-ware, Spectacles, and Eye-glasses.

Special attention is called to our stock of Watches in Gold and Silver and Nickel cases.
Best Goods at Lowest Prices.
Silver Double Case Watches, \$7.50, \$10.00, and \$15, up to the finest railroad time piece.
Ladies' Gold Watches \$30, \$40, and \$45 and upwards.
A fine stock of Scrappers' and Druggists' tools and material.
Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired.
JAMES ALLAN & CO.,
285 KING STREET,
[SIGN OF DEER CLOCK.]
CHARLESTON, S. C.

LADIES' EMPORIUM
TWO DOORS BELOW RIGBY'S,
Manning, S. C.

WE respectfully call attention to this new Enterprise, which meets a long felt want in this community.
—A FIRST CLASS—
Ladies' Store
WITH COMPLETE AND CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK, AND WITH THE
MILLINERY AND DRESS MAKING

Department in highly competent hands. We are now receiving the Prettiest and Cheapest stock of Dress Goods; with Trimmings of all kinds to match, White Goods with the newest kinds of Embroideries and Laces, Neckwear; Gloves, Fans, Parasols, Corsets, Bustles. All of the Latest Styles. Also, an Elegant Line of
French and American Millinery.

I will be assisted in the dress making Department by Miss Epps, a lady of rare taste and skill, from the city of Charleston. Ladies from the country will find for their accommodation a comfortable
PRIVATE ROOM.
Mrs. L. A. BROWN, Manager.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
Main Street, - - Sumter, S. C.
CHARLESTON STEAM DYE WORKS,
326 KING STREET,
Side, - - Near George
Work Delivered Free of Charge.

Mrs. A. Edwards
Keeps always on hand at the
MANNING BAKERY,
a full supply, and choice assortment, of
FAMILY AND FANCY GROCERIES.
Bread, Cake, Candy, Fruit, Etc.
I always give a full 100 cents worth of goods for the Dollar
MRS. A. EDWARDS, Manning, S. C.

SEEDS. SEEDS.
In Stock in Their Season, and for Sale by
LORICK & LOWRANCE
COLUMBIA, S. C.
SEED CORN—Shoe Peg, Golden Dent, White Flint, Red Cob, etc.
Seed Rye, Barley, Wheat, Oats, and Clover.
ONCHARD GRASS, BLUE GRASS, Timothy, Red Top, Mixed Lawn, Lucerne, Millet, KAFFIR CORN, GARDEN and FLOWER Seed generally.
Irish and Sweet Potatoes for Seed.
Farmers having MERITORIOUS Seed to sell, please correspond with us
Lorick & Lowrance.

Manning Shaving Parlor.
HAIR CUTTING ARTISTICALLY EXECUTED, and Shaving done with best Razors. Special attention paid to shampooing ladies' heads.
I have had considerable experience in several large cities, and guarantee satisfaction to my customers. Parlor next door to MANNING TIMES.
E. D. HAMILTON.