The Herald and News.

Entered at the Postoffice at Newberry, S. C., as 2nd class matter.
E. H. AULL, EDITOR.

Tuesday, July 14, 1914.

The Newberry people behaved beautifully on campaign day. It was what we expected them to do.

Be sure to get your name properly on the club roll or you will not be allowed to vote in the primary. The time for enrolling expires on July 28.

Use the split log drag wherever you can and whenever you have the time. There are some good roads in the county that could be kept good by the proper use of the split log drag. is simple and inexpensive in its use.

The time for enrolling will expire on the 28th of this month. Remember that if you want to vote in the primary your name must be on the club roll, and it must be your full name. Hunt up the secretary of your club and see that your name is properly on the club roll.

Senator Smith left the Greenwood meeting to go around by Clinton to look at some of the nail stricken districts with a view, as he said, of seeing if he could get some government aid for the sufferers. There are some in this county who would be glad to get aid. It is hardly probable that the government can or would give aid in cases of this kind.

The people of South Carolina should come to the aid of those gentlemen who are making an effort to have the State represented at the Panama exposition in California next year. A small amount from all the interests will not fall heavily on any one. The question is not so much whether the State should be represented but whether or not it can afford not to be represented. With all the other States represented it will look a little queer for South Carolina not to be in the picture.

TWO MEETINGS.

We attended the campaign meetings at Newberry and Greenwood on Friday and Saturday respectively of last week. It was said that these two were the largest in attendance that have yet been held. The meeting at Greenwood was at least a third larger in number than the one at Newberry. If there were two thousand people at the Newberry meeting there were easily three thousand at Greenwood. At both places the crowds were orderly and upon the whole attentive to the speakers.

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Of course no two men will see a meeting just the same. Our judgment is always more or less biased by our prejudices, our likes and dislikes. We believe that all will admit, however, that the meeting at Newberry was largely a Blease meeting, and we mean by that that the effort to discount Blease in his home county was a failure, and that the sentiment in favor of Blease for the senate largely predominated at the meeting. Certainly, we feel sure that those who got up the scheme will admit that their effort to boost Smith with the bale of cotton and make a display was a dismal failure. So much so that the gentleman who drove the wagon out returned all alone by one of the back streets. The scheme had been planned for several days, and the evident purpose was to make a big display in favor of Smith, so that it might be used in other parts of the State to the hurt of Blease. We have often wondered why it was that some people in Newberry would fight Blease so bitterly. Of course, some of them will tell you that he is not their "style." We have wondered if some of the others they have tried to put in high places were their "style." We have about come to the conclusion that a great deal of the opposition to him in his home county comes from envy and jealousy. Instead of being proud that one of their citizens has risen from the humble walks of life to the highest position in the gift of the people and trying to encourage him, they seem to take pleasure in throwing every stumbling blocks possible in his way. But in the face of that opposition he will carry Newberry county in his present fight and will receive the endorsement of the people of South Carolina. Surely he must have received some votes besides those that the opposition are pleased to term "the lawless element" for if he has not it is a terrible arraignment to make of the people of South Carolina to charge that a majority belong to that class.

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Then we hear a good deal about "the mill vote" and many times it is referred to in a sneering sort of way by the speakers and the newspapers. We have observed one thing and that is that every election year there are a number of those who are seeking office that get very affectionate and loving to this "mill vote" and you will find them sending for the mill people and going to see them and in every way trying to get that vote. In fact there are just as good people among the mill folk as there are anywhere else.

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To get back to the Newberry meeting we admit to great disappointment in Mr. Jennings. From what he had read in the newspapers we had reached the conclusion that he, at least, was a good speaker and something of an orator. We had never seen Mr. Jennings before, and did not have the pleasure of an introduction on this occasion, but we listened to what he termed his speech. There was nothing to his speech and we were not favorably impressed with the appearance of the man. As to Pollock we have known him for a good many years. He can make a good speech and is a right clever fellow, but no man can do his best when he sets out first, last, and all the time, simply to abuse his opponent. We are surprised that he would permit himself to be used in this manner. Of course, neither he nor Jennings expects to be elected, but the scheme is to have them do the abusing and have Smith get the votes. A very patriotic position to take, but one that will in no sense inure to their benefit.

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They claim to be showing up Blease's record. Why every school boy in South Carolina knows all they are telling, and has known it all along, for there has been no secret about that record. Everything that Blease has done that it was thought would be to his injury has been heralded to the world, and these young gentlemen are only referring to such things as they deem may be used to his hurt. Blease is doing the proper thing to pay no attention to them, and we hope he will continue the same policy as to what these men have to sey. They are worried just a little because they are not noticed, and the Record in particular, among the newspapers, seems to think that it is doing a great deal of harm to Blease because he does not answer them. Well, really there is nothing to answer. To be sure you can find something in the record of any man that you can criticize legitimately, and things that you don't agree with and do not endorse, but this thing of wholesale denunciation and the hope of defeating any one simply by abusing him the people will not stand for it.

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We also attended the meeting at Greenwood on Saturday and as already stated the attendance was much larger than in Newberry and it was not all the "mill element" either, though there were a good many mill people present, but there were farmers ther efor many miles around. It should be stated as to Newberry that there were not a great many mill people at the Newberry meeting for the reason that all three of the mills were running just as usual during the speaking. At Greenwood, if you could judge the sentiment of the crowd by the applause given each speaker and the attention given and the way in which they pressed to the front to hear the speaker, Blease had a decided majority of those at the meeting on Saturday. We would say that some five of six hundred left the grounds when Blease finished his speech. Of course Smith had finished also. Conservative men and those who are not supporters of Blease estimated the Greenwood meeting about equally divided between Blease and those who oppose him. And the majority of the crowd were farmers.

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Judge Jones had a majority of about 150 in Greenwood county two years ago in the race for governor. Of course no one can tell what will be the outcome of a primary election. Many things may happen to change the whole trend. We have her given our impressions as the situation occurs to us. We do not claim to know any more about it than any one else.

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We found a very strong Dominick sentiment in Greenwood for congress. In fact, though there is a candidate from Greenwood, the sentiment seemed to be that Dominick would carry the county by a majority in the first primary and some seemed to think there would be no second primary.

Dr. W. A. Hawes Dead.

About the 15th of May, 1864, I thought it was necessary to use a stick on the head of a nurse in the Delain hospital, Charlottesville, Va. During the excitement a young man came to my bunk and asked what was the trouble. I explained to him how the nurse had treated me, so he had the nurse sent o the front and he took charge of me. By his pleading with the doctors for me, my leg was put in a wire splint and swung from the bed and with the kind attention of Dr. Hawes I recovered. Three years ago I visited Dr. Hawes at Charlottesville. He showed to me a great deal of kindness and now he has passed to the great beyond. I loved him like an elder brother.

W. G. Peterson.

The following account of the death of Dr. Hawes is taken from the Charlottesville Daily Progress of July 6:

This community suffered a loss in the death of D. Waliker Aylett Hawes which occurred Saturday morning.

Though born near Hawesville, Ky., in 1840, Dr. Hawes was of Virginia ancestry, the son of Aylett and Mary Hawes of King William county, and his qualities were those which our State is glad to claim as typical.

Too highminded and genuine to be anything but unassuming, Dr. Hawes moved in the community as skilful physician, generous friend, and devoted husband and father.

Leaving the university as one of the Southern Guard, Dr. Hawes later became lieutenant in the well known King William Artillery company. In 1862 he became a member of Campany H, of 9th Va. Cavalry and continued until the close of the war. He was seriously wounded in the battle of Brandy Station and also below Petersburg. While recovering from the latter wound, Dr. Hawes was an inmate of the hospital at Charlottesville and during this period pursued a course of lectures at the University of Virginia, graduating in 1866 with the degree of doctor of medicine. After an intership at the Charity Hospital he practiced in King William county until 1871, when he removed to New York city. Here he engaged in general practice until 1905, when he removed with his family to Charlottesville where they have since resided. In 1868 Dr. Hawes married Miss Virginia Sinclair, daughter of George and Ruth Belt Sinclair of "Locust Grove" near Charlottesville. He is survived by Mrs. Hawes and by four daughters, Misses Mary, Virginia and Ruth Hawes of Charlottesville and Mrs. Emory Hill of Chicago. A little grandson, Walker Hawes Hill is two years of age. His only surviving sister is Mrs. Alice Hawes Campbell of King William county.

The funeral services on Sunday afternoon at his late home, 408 Park street, were attended by a large gathering. Many of those present represented friendships of several generations. Dr. George L. Petrie conducted the services and read the Scriptures, and Dr. Henry W. Battle made a prayer of singular appreciation, sympath and aspiration. The hymns sung were "Abide With Me" and "I Heard the Voice of Jesus Say."

The pall bearers were Drs George L. Harrison, John Staige Davis, E. M. Magruder, H. S. Hedges, W. D. Macon, and Mr. John H. Shaw.

Some of the relatives from a distance were Mr. C. H. Sinclair and Misses Virginia and Julia Belt of Dickerson, Md., Mrs. S. C. Mitchell, of Richmond, Va., Dr. Walker H. Campbell of Hanover and Misses Mary and Hester Everett of Keswick.

BLAMES STORSTAD

Holds Collier Responsible for Empress Wreck—Tuftenes at Fault.

Quebec, July 11.—The collier Storstad is held to blame for the Empress of Ireland disaster in the findings of the wreck commission handed down today.

The commission held that the disaster was due to the Storstad's change of course, ordered by the third officer without instructions from the first officer, who was in charge of the collier at the time.

The Empress was sunk in the St. Lawrence on May 29 with a loss of more than 1,000 lives.

The inquiry into the disaster was begun in Quebec on June 16 by a commission composed of Lord Mersey, formerly presiding justice of the British admiralty court, Sir Adolfo Routhier of Quebec and Chief Justice MeLeod of New Brunswick. The commissioners were assisted in their work by Commander Cahorne of the British royal naval reserve, Prof. John F. Welsh of Newcastle, Eng., John Demers of the Dominion wreck commission and Engineer Commander Howe of the Canadian naval service. Commander Cahorne and Prof. Welsh were nominated by the British Board of Trade. Lord Mersey also presided over the inquiry into the Titanic disaster.

Third Officer Blamed.

The collier's third officer, found responsible, is Alfred Tuftenes. He was on the bridge when the crash occurred.

A Nature Freak.

Mr. A. G. Wise, of Prosperity, has a sow that gave birth to a litter of five pigs on last Wednesday and on Sunday gave birth to two more, making seven in all, and all of them are living and doing well. This is something unusual. In fact those who are familiar with hog raising say they never heard of such a thing before.

Fish Fry and Stew.

Several gentlemen in Newberry have bought the Langford mill pond and will let the water off on Wednesday of next week, July 22, 1914, and serve a fish stew and fry. Everybody is invited to come and enjoy a first class fish stew and fry. The charge will be one dollar for each person.

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester S Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

OPERA HOUSE

Where Good Pictures Are Shown

Programme

Week Commencing July 14

Tuesday

"A Pack of Cards"
A 2 Reel Lubin

"Sunny Jim at North Pole"
Vitagraph

"At His Expense"
Lubin

Wednesday

"A Chance in Life"
Lubin

"Mrs. Romana's Scenario"
Edison

"Medicine Man's Vengeance"
A 2 Reel Kalem

Thursday

"An Easter Lily"
Vitagraph

"Battle at Elderbush Gulch"
A 2 Reel Biograph

Friday

"Her Husband"
A 2 Reel Vitagraph

"Mystery of Laughing Death"
Edison

Saturday

"High Life Hits Slippery Slim"
Essanay

"Business and Love"
Lubin

"A Leap For Life"
Kalem

Monday--Next Week

"The Scar"
Biograph

"Adventures of Kathlyn" No. 8
A 2 Reel Selig

"Confiscated Count"
Kalem

Good Vaudeville

Every Thursday, Friday and Saturday

Admission - 5c and 10c

The Gangsters of New York

RELIANCE FOUR-PART DRAMATIC MASTERPIECE

Vivid, Vital, Thrilling and true to life; a picture that depicts the life of the Gangsters as it really is

This photo-drama was produced at a cost of $40,000 and is perfect in every detail. The Gangsters is thoroughly moral and will not offend the most refined person.

Arcade-Airdome

ONE DAY ONLY

Wednesday, July 15th

Admission, Evening 5 and 10c, Night 10c.

REPORT

Of County Supervisor for the month ending June 30, 1914.

386—I. H. Sheppard, commutation tax	$ 4.00
387—C. W. Ringer, commutation tax	3.00
388—Mrs. Alice White, pauper	6.00
389—Lominick & Reighley, county home	61.40
390—J. C. Miller, commutation tax	45.00
391—F. W. Higgins, court	5.00
392—J. P. Harmon, chaingang	1.50
393—A. L. Aull, commutation tax	2.00
394—Mrs. Mary P. Livingston, contingent	10.00
395—Jno. W. Scott, commutation tax	10.00
396—Jno. L. Epps, county treasurer, coroner's pay bills	13.20
397—Jno. L. Epps, county treasurer, court	532.20
398—Jno. L. Epps, county treasurer, coroner's pay bills	1.00
399—Jno. L. Epps, county treasurer, court	16.30

H. C. Holloway, Clerk.

Jno. H. Chappell, County supervisor.

Statement showing exact financial condition of appropriations for the year 1914, as it appears at the end of the month of June.

Items.	Appropriations	Allowed	Balance.
1—Salaries county officers	$ 8665.00	$3468.54	$5196.46
2—Salaries magistrates, constables, etc	2500.00	601.10	1898.95
3—County home, pensioners, paupers	2000.00	948.05	2051.95
4—Roads, bridges and ferries	10000.00	1223.48	8776.52
5—Chaingang	6500.00	2888.83	3611.17
6—Repairs public buildings	600.00	561.56	38.44
7—Books, stationery, printing	900.00	185.60	714.40
8.—Contingent expenses and supplies for public buildings and county officers	2000.00	626.40	1373.60
9—County physicians	200.00	42.87	157.13
10—County board of education	45.00		45.00
11—Court expenses	3000.00	1355.55	1644.45
12—Board of assessors etc	800.00	645.10	154.90
13—Sheriff, dieting and incidentals	1800.00	589.86	1210.14
14—Post mortems and lunatics	400.00	65.00	335.00
15—Insurance	400.00	182.75	217.25
16—Interest on loans	1750.00	1497.42	252.58
17—Contingent and miscellaneous	1000.00	458.60	541.40
18—Commutation tax	5690.00	1054.81	4635.19

H. C. Holloway, Clerk.

Jno. H. Chappell, County supervisor.

Approved:
Eug. S. Werts,
County auditor.