

The Herald and News.

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NEWBERRY, S. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1914.

TWICE A WEEK, \$1.50 A YEAR.

COLUMBIA EDITOR HELD UNDER BOND OF \$5,000

CHARGED WITH LIBEL UNDER
ACT OF 1912.

Editor Columbia Record Arrested in
Connection With Article On Gov.
Blease.

Special to The Herald and News.

Columbia, April 23.—Two warrants were today served upon James H. Moore, editor of the Columbia Record, charging him with the offense of originating, uttering, circulating and publishing slanderous and libelous matter in regard to Governor Blease. The warrants were sworn out by Mr. W. Frank Blackburn, stenographer in the governor's office, on information and belief.

The first warrant is based upon an article appearing in the editorial columns of the Columbia Record on April 16, under the heading, "McLaurin Sins Against the Light," in which the Record said that "he (speaking of Senator McLaurin), with apparent frankness, made confession in the columns of the Record some months ago of his mistakes and rededicated himself to the service of his State and her best interests; armed with this high purpose, which he further and formally enunciated at the well-known dinner he gave to Governor Blease and the governor's political lieutenants," the affidavit in the warrant charging "that the statement that McLaurin paid for said dinner is wilfully and maliciously false," the affidavit going on in the words of the libel statute of 1912 to charge, that said statement "was originated, uttered, circulated and published with intent to injure the reputation personal and political of the said Cole L. Blease."

The second warrant is based upon an editorial appearing in the Columbia Record of April 21, under the heading, "How The Encampment Was Lost." In this editorial it was stated that "he (speaking of Governor Blease) has been abusing and denouncing the Democratic administration at Washington ever since it came into office." The affidavit in the warrant alleges, however, "the entire article being slanderous and containing malicious false statements."

The Columbia Record of yesterday afternoon published a card from Governor Blease, as follows:

April 21, 1914.

Editor The Columbia Record, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: As a usual thing, I do not pay any attention to editorials, and I would not pay attention to yours of this date, ordinarily, but I now demand of you, without equivocation on your part, to furnish proof of the following statement contained in your editorial of this date, headed, "How The Encampment Was Lost":

"As a matter of fact, he (speaking of Governor Blease) has been abusing and denouncing the Democratic administration at Washington ever since it came into office."

That statement is a malicious lie, and I demand of you your proof.

Very respectfully,

Cole L. Blease.

In reply to this card, the Record published an editorial of a column and a half in length, under the heading, "Proof Asked By Governor Blease."

Following the publication of this editorial the warrants were placed in the hands of Sheriff McCain this morning. They were issued by Magistrate H. F. Buechel upon the affidavit, as stated, of Mr. Blackburn.

Upon the warrant based upon the statement as to the dinner, the names of the following witnesses appear: Governor Cole L. Blease, Senator Jno. L. McLaurin, Mr. Jno. J. Cain, owner of the Jefferson hotel, where the dinner was given, Assistant Attorney General Fred H. Dominick, and Private Secretary Jno. K. Aull.

Upon the other warrant the names of the following witnesses appear:

Governor Blease, Private Secretary Aull, Mr. W. F. Caldwell, Columbia correspondent of the News and Courier and other newspapers, and Col. Leon M. Green, Columbia correspond-

Latest War News.

Special to The Herald and News.
Columbia, April 23.—President Wilson has placed an embargo on the shipment of all arms into Mexico from the United States. It is reported from Mexico City that mobs of Mexicans are flocking into the city and are attacking all Americans, though the report lacks confirmation. President Wilson and Secretary Bryan and the cabinet are in constant consultation over the situation. No reliable information has been received but it is stated that the two factions in Mexico are probably negotiating in order to unite their forces against the American cans.

OLD MAN AND THE HORSE

Not Exactly On Equality As Wornout Workers.

Atlanta Journal.

An old man found himself out of work and homeless.

He had been only a common laborer, and had always lived in the city, where it cost all he could earn to live—and so now on a bright summer day he had lost his place, because he was considered too old to be a safe night watchman.

So he bought himself a lunch to carry in a paper bag, and he started to walk away from the city—which no longer held anything for him.

He walked and walked until he was in a great pasture, where he saw an old black horse eating grass contentedly.

"My! that old horse looks fat and happy—and he is in no danger of starving as I am," exclaimed the old man. "I believe I'll go and talk with him."

He started toward the old black horse, whose hair was turning to a rusty brown now where it wasn't grayish in spots, and this surprising dialogue took place:

"How are you, my friend?" asked the old man.

"Very fine, my friend," replied the old black horse.

They stood looking at each other a moment. The old black horse noted that the old man appeared very tired, and so he said: "Why don't you lie down on the grass and rest?"

"Oh they would arrest me for trespass, for I have no job; I am a tramp," replied the old man.

"Why, I don't work, either," said the old black horse.

"You don't work! exclaimed the old man.

"No, my master said: 'He's too old to work; let's turn him out in the big pasture to end his days in peace.' Didn't you work for someone all of your life?" asked the old black horse with great interest.

"Forty years for one big corporation," was the reply.

"What's a corporation?" asked the horse.

"Oh, it's a company, a big concern, where the common workers like me don't ever see the big boss, and if they do see him they dare not speak to him," explained the old man.

"Well, well," said the old black horse, "men are our masters, and I supposed they were a great deal better off than horses."

The old horse looked up at the sky which was blue, flecked with some fleecy clouds, and he looked at the shed built to shelter him when it rained, and then he walked a few steps to where the green grass was taller and sweeter. "But, anyhow," he stopped to say, "men have a heaven to go to after they die."

ent of the Charlotte Observer and other newspapers.

The warrant was served this morning by Deputy Sheriff Heise and Mr. Moore was bound over to appear before the circuit court and was granted bail by Magistrate Buechel in the sum of \$5,000. Mr. Moore furnished bond signed by W. W. Ball, editor Columbia State and Col. August Kohn, manager Columbia bureau News and Courier.

THE STATE TROOPS ARE READY FOR EMERGENCY

PREPARED FOR ANY CALL MADE
UPON THEM.

Their Services at the Command of
Their State and the Nation in
The Present Crisis.

Special to The Herald and News.

Columbia, April 23.—The war excitement in South Carolina has been evidenced almost every minute during each day in the governor's office by telegrams, special delivery letters, telephone messages, and other communications from officers and others, offering their services in connection with the Mexican situation. The South Carolina National Guard is ready and anxious to go, if the necessity should arise, and if the call should be made. The colonel of one regiment, with the permission of the governor, wired direct to the war department offering the services of his regiment. The two other regiments have volunteered their services to the governor, and most of the captains of the various companies have individually wired the governor expressing the willingness and the desire of their companies to be among the first when the call is made, if it should be.

In addition to telegrams and other communications from the regularly organized State troops, the governor has been tendered the services of many others, some of whom have heretofore seen service, and several requests for the mustering in of new companies have been received.

The telegram of the governor to the president of the United States, stating that the South Carolina troops, and as many other men as might be needed, were ready to defend the United States, and were prepared and willing to obey any orders that President Wilson, as president, might issue; that they would go to Mexico or elsewhere at once, if needed, and that the governor himself would go at the head of the South Carolina troops whenever the call was made, has already been published in full in The Herald and News.

NEWS FROM ST. PAUL.

Preaching at St. Phillips—Fork School
To Close—New Road to St. Pauls.
Personal.

Special to The Herald and News.

St. Paul, April 23.—Rev. A. G. Voigt, D. D., dean of the Lutheran Theological seminary, of Columbia, was with us last Sunday, assisting in the communion and preaching an excellent sermon and making an address interesting to all. It being one of the all day service held here each year. There was a good congregation present, the weather and the roads being good and not much sickness around.

Our pastor announces that there will be preaching at St. Phillips next Friday at 3:30 o'clock and that on the following Sunday there will be all day services at that church, with preaching by the Rev. P. D. Risinger, of Lexington. It will be a communion occasion. Dinner will be had at the church as usual on such occasions.

Mr. C. M. Riser, of the Anderson city schools, spent the Easter holidays with his brother, the Rev. Y. von A. Riser.

Mr. W. B. Kinard went down to Columbia Wednesday night on account of the death of his brother, Mr. A. C. Kinard, who died in Columbia Wednesday morning.

Miss Helen Kibler is visiting the family of Mr. J. B. Livingstone.

Misses Beulah von Avaloe and Annie Livingstone, spent Saturday and Sunday of last week with Mr. Drayton Wicker's family.

The Luther league will meet in the church the first Sunday night in May at which time Mr. W. H. Hunt, of Newberry, will be present and deliver an address. Mr. Hunt is one of our ablest speakers.

Fork school near here, taught by Miss Beulah Vann will close on Friday with exercises by the school on Saturday night to which the public is most cordially invited. Music will be furnished by Dr. J. Roy Johnson, J. A. Bundrick and Jason Ringer.

There is some talk of a new road being opened up by the old Aull place which, if done, will be of great convenience to a part of the St. Paul congregation, and help the community. One thing we would suggest, have the road run around the steep hills, no matter if a little farther as that is a veryilly section. They will have to do like they do in the mountains. Why people in the old time around here generally laid out their road along somebody's line of fence and straight up the steep hills we could not understand. There is one man who is very much interested in good road and a man who is scientific at the head of the proposition mentioned above. Now we are going to look to him to have some good engineering done, else the road proposed will not be of much service.

The grain crop in this section is looking very promising, especially the cats. The wheat looks a little yellow as if it might have the rust, although we hope it is caused by the rainy weather.

The farmers are very bad behind with their work, but have been making great headway this week.

Drift.

THE NEWS OF PROSPERITY.

The Social Calendar Has Interesting
Events—"Valley Farm" to be
Presented by Local Talent.

Special to The Herald and News.

Prosperity, April 23.—Miss Maud Livingston has gone to Spartanburg to visit her mother.

Mrs. G. Y. Hunter spent Thursday in Columbia.

Miss Elizabeth Hawkins closes her school at Monticello Friday and will then be home for the summer vacation.

Mrs. J. D. Quattlebaum has gone to the Columbia hospital for treatment. She was accompanied to Columbia by Mr. Quattlebaum and Dr. O. B. Simpson.

Mrs. Rosa Lester has returned from a short visit to Columbia.

Mr. T. P. Wise, of Americus, Ga., was the guest Wednesday of Mrs. F. E. Schumpert.

The following visited Parr Shoals Tuesday: Messrs. P. B. Mitchell, Ellis Wheeler, Camel Lake, I. S. Miller, Roy Fellers, W. H. Caldwell, B. B. Hair and C. H. N. Brown.

Rev. C. H. Nabors goes to Laurens Friday where he will give a lecture in the A. R. P. church entitled "The Land of Sacred Stories."

Mr. B. T. Gibson, of McFeats Business college is home for the summer on account of ill health.

Mrs. Olin Bobb has been called to her home in Columbia on account of her mother.

Mesdames Pinner, Setzler, Aull, Hent, and Mr. Reiser, of Pomaria, were shoppers here Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Baker are visiting in Columbia.

Mr. W. E. Moseley has returned from a business trip to Newberry. Messrs. P. C. Singley, H. J. Rayl, J. A. Counts, H. P. Wicker and J. D. Hunt went to Leesville and Batesburg to inspect the electric light plants, as Prosperity is considering installing one here.

The social calendar for the next two weeks is full of interesting events. On Friday evening, April 24, Mrs. Corrie McWaters is giving an at home to Miss Virginia Beal, designer in the millinery department of Moseley Bros. The invitations number 25 all among Prosperity's younger set. There will be bridge and cards after which will be served an ice course by Misses Marguerite Wise and Elizabeth McWaters. Prosperity's social leaders are anicipating the event with much interest.

On Friday evening May 1, the Drama league here will present a rural comedy drama entitled, "Valley Farm," a play in four acts by Arthur Lewis Lubbs. The rehearsals are progressing rapidly under the direction of Mr. Vernon Wallace, of New York, who is laying off here prior to his summer season in stock at Charlotte, N. C., where he is a prime favorite as leading man. The players having been selected with much care as to types and faces. The comedy element being characters drawn and copied from the characters seen about Prosperity during the cotton season.

Carranza Objects Landing; O'Shaughnessy to Get Out

MAY INVOLVE ALTERATION
IN PLANS FOR REPRISALS

PROTEST AGAINST THE SEIZURE
OF VERA CRUZ.

Restoration of Embargo on Arms Suggested as Good Measure to Meet
Rebel Leader's Demand.

Washington, April 23.—Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American charge at Mexico City, has been handed his passports by Gen. Huerta, and is preparing to leave Mexico City.

Washington, April 23.—Gen. Carranza's note to President Wilson declaring the seizure of Vera Cruz by American forces a violation of the national sovereignty of Mexico, inviting the United States to suspend hostile operations and withdraw its forces, and suggesting that the constitutionalist government should receive demands for reparation of offenses committed by Huerta stirred the Mexican situation to a new and acute crisis this morning.

Opposition to the American government's action, coming from an unexpected quarter after the Washington administration had hoped for an attitude of neutrality from the constitutionalists, brought the government face to face with possible hostility from the great body of Mexican forces lying in proximity to the southern border of the United States.

Secretary Bryan received the Carranza note at his home just before midnight. He did not comment on it.

Secretary Garrison and Assistant Secretary Breckenridge, who were waiting at the war department, were given copies of the message, Secretary Tumulty, who had been asleep, hurried to the war department and Maj. Witherspoon, chief of staff of the army, was summoned to join the conference.

President Wilson was awakened about 1:30 o'clock and talked over the telephone with Secretary Tumulty, who was at the secretary of war's office.

Gen. Witherspoon positively declines to discuss the subject of the embargo on arms. He said no orders for the movement of troops had been issued yet but that the border forces might be strengthened at several points particularly along the Imperial valley.

In this valley is located a great government irrigation project.

It was reported about the state, war and navy departments that word had come of several large shipments of arms nearing the border for the constitutionalists and that the army officers desired the embargo restored before morning.

None of the officials who participated in the conference would talk, and it soon became apparent that no announcement would be made tonight. At 2:45 o'clock the lights were extinguished in the White House offices which had been alive with officials and clerks for hours.

A few minutes later Secretary Garrison and Secretary Tumulty left the conference, entered a waiting automobile and drove away. As Gen. Witherspoon and Mr. Breckenridge left, the general stopped in the telegraph room.

Rumors of a possible restoration of the embargo on arms, current during the day, were revived last night, and it was believed this was the subject of the war department conference.

While Mexican constitutionalist representatives here professed to see a tone of friendliness in Carranza's note, its blunt request for the withdrawal of the American forces from Vera Cruz and its virtual demand for recognition of the rebels injected phases which made administration officials manifestly uneasy.

Plans thus far made by the army and navy board to force Huerta's apology had contemplated no move along the American border. The

COMPLETES CAPTURE
OF MEXICAN SEAPORT

UNITED STATES FORCE TAKES
WHOLE CITY.

Six Dead and 30 Wounded—Advance
Under Hot Fire—Mexican Authorities Flee in Haste.

Vera Cruz, April 22.—Six Americans killed and about 30 wounded marked the complete investment of Vera Cruz at noon today by the United States.

Rear Admiral Frank F. Fletcher has taken up headquarters at the Terminal hotel. The entire city is strongly patrolled and quiet prevailed tonight. Rear Admiral Fletcher is in command of the land operations, while Rear Admiral Badger, commander in chief of the Atlantic fleet, has brought his flag into the harbor on the Minnesota.

After the general advance began this morning, Mexican sharpshooters on the roofs put up a stubborn resistance. There was one brisk action, guns of the Prairie and Chester assisting in silencing a heavy fire from the naval college. Shells from the Prairie finally shattered its walls.

The General Advance.

Rear Admiral Fletcher at 8:30 o'clock this morning ordered a general movement for occupation of all the town. A bluejacket column advanced and passed the uncompleted market place and naval college. When they reached the wall of the college a terrific fire was poured in on them from roofs and windows. The bluejackets, helpless to return the fire against the stone walls, scattered.

The Prairie, Chester and San Francisco opened with their five and six inch guns and shattered the walls. The bluejackets formed again and advanced against the fire, which had diminished. By 10 o'clock there was only desultory firing from the inshore side of the tower. Battalions of bluejackets had made their way along the waterfront to the southern end of the town and cleared several streets, but the sniping from houses continued at intervals.

The scout cruiser Chester pounded buildings on the outskirts with six inch shells, firing over the heads of the men ashore and showing almost perfect marksmanship.

The general movement from all the positions taken yesterday began in the direction of the main plaza.

Marines under Lieut. Col. Wendell C. Neville moved to the southward along parallel streets towards the centre while marines commanded by Lieut. Commander Buchanan of the Florida and Lieut. Commander Arthur B. Keating of the Arkansas were ordered from their positions east of the centre towards the plaza.

Rush Three Blocks.

The two forces swung forward with a rush for a distance of three blocks. The machine gun and rifle gun was supplemented by shell fire from the smaller guns of the Prairie and Chester. The ships' guns supported the movement of clearing roofs to the south and east, occasionally dropping a shell a few hundreds yards in advance.

Lieut. Commander Buchanan's men, under direct command of Lieut. Guy W. O. Castle, who moved forward to a position one block directly east of the plaza, and other detachments occupied positions to the north and west. Both marines and bluejackets dragged light field pieces but there was little work for them.

There was no organized resistance, but from the beginning of the advance a smart fire came from defenders on house tops, which invariably drew a merciless fire from the advancing parties. The machine guns sounded their "tap tap" in all quarters and American sharpshooters posted at street corners and other points of vantage picked off at will any man who appeared to them to be acting suspiciously.

The city, after a day and a night of

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5.)

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