

**The Herald and News**

E. H. AULL, EDITOR.

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Tuesday, September 4, 1906.

**THE SECOND PRIMARY.**

It is just one week until the second primary will be held. The first primary in this county did not arouse a great deal of interest and four hundred less ballots were cast than were cast two years ago. This should not be. The people should go to the polls and cast their ballots for the men offering for the various positions selecting those whom in their judgment are best fitted for the positions to which they aspire. It is true this is not always done for men frequently "throw off" as they term it on some candidate whom they think is not so strong in order to bring up the lead of a friend or favorite. This should not be but men should vote straight.

In the second primary there is generally a light vote. The voters should turn out just as much on next Tuesday as they did last Tuesday. There was a light vote throughout the state last Tuesday. Less than one hundred thousand. There are still to be chosen for state offices a governor, attorney general, two of the most important of the state offices and a railroad commissioner. If the primary is to remain the people must go out to the second primary just so strong as they go to the first. Especially should the people in the county bear this in mind. It will take very little of your time and your failure to go out may result in the election of some one not your choice and not the choice of a majority of the white people of the state or county. It is your duty to go to the polls next Tuesday and cast your ballot.

In the county there is one other member of the legislature to be chosen, a county supervisor and both sub supervisors, all three important positions.

**THAT UNION STATION.**

For the past several weeks we have heard nothing as to the cause for the delay in completing the union station at Newberry. We presume there is a good reason why work has been suspended, but during this wet and rainy weather it is very inconvenient to the traveling public to have to use the C. N. & L. road to get in and off the train. It does seem that there has been time enough to have this work completed.

In this connection and before the umbrella shed, which it is proposed to erect, is put up, we would like to suggest the advisability and feasibility of moving the Southern station across main street on the north side and between the C. N. & L. track and the Southern track. If this were done the present station would afford fill the space between the two tracks and passengers could enter the depot from main street and it would be unnecessary to build any umbrella shed, and in addition we would then have in reality a union station stretching from one road to the other. Besides this, such an arrangement would give more room for buggies and carriages between the two tracks on the southern side of main street.

A fence could be put along each track and such an arrangement would make a very desirable place for vehicles, and it seems to us would be much more convenient and less expensive. We would suggest that the city council or the Commercial Club or the proper committee of the club look into the matter and see if the suggestion which we here make is not desirable, and if it is, take the matter up with the railroad authorities and railroad commissioners before the work progresses any further. At the present rate of progress they will have plenty of time, but it is hoped that more rapid progress will be made with the work very soon and if anything is to be done, it should be done at once.

**CURB THE JUTE TRUST.**

By the arbitrary action of the American Jute Bagging Trust the price of jute bagging is 3 cents a yard higher than it was one year ago. Not only is this true of new bagging, but piece bagging, as well, has advanced in price, thanks to our friends the cotton factories. Is this a coincidence, or does it show concert of action and some sort of understanding between the Jute Trust and the mills? The price of ties, whole and pieced, has likewise advanced in price. The advanced price of these two commodities will cost the southern farmer at least 20 cents a bale over last year, or,

reckoning the crop at 12,000,000 bales, a cost of \$2,400,000. What are the cotton growers going to do about it? Will they sit quietly and indifferently and pay this enormous tribute when by using a covering from a product grown in their own fields they can throttle this monster, or at least clip his claws.

In years gone by the Farmers' Alliance brought this jute trust to its knees. The Farmers' Union and the Southern Cotton Association have a work to do right here. Are they equal to the occasion? Why the farmers of the south submit year after year to the usual deduction of at least 6 per cent from the weight of every bale of cotton has always been a mystery to us. It is robbery in the broad open daylight and of the most stupendous kind. We wonder that a self-respecting, independent yeomanry will tamely submit to this unjust and iniquitous extortion. Let the cry go up from every hamlet in the cotton belt: Cotton covering for everything! Down with the jute trust!—Southern Farmer.

We are glad that Southern Farmer has drawn attention to this important matter affecting the interests of our farmers so vitally. The jute trust is tampering with sharp-edged tools when it extorts millions of dollars from the farmers without any excuse save the greed of gain. Many unnecessary and rapacious exactions upon the farmers like the present advance in the price of bagging and ties by the jute trust, whose example is closely followed by our cotton factories, will drive our farmers in their organizations to drastic measures which may result in far-reaching injury to all parties concerned.

Our farmers of the south are in better shape than ever they have been in their history to enforce their demands and make their dislikes felt upon any trust or combination that may endanger or attempt to endanger their continued prosperity, and we believe that trust that crosses them. We confidently predict that any combination looking to the curtailment of the farmers' wishes for a fair field and no favor, equal rights to all, special privileges to none, will meet with summary demolition.

Answering the enquiry of one of our most intelligent farmers, we cannot tell why the mills have advanced the price of old pieced bagging, when the cost to them is no more than the price paid last year. We cannot think that the mills are in collusion with the jute trust in this matter in opposition to the interests of our farmers, for upon the prosperity of the farmers depends the prosperity of all the people.

Hon. W. J. Bryan's reception in New York last week was a remarkable tribute to a remarkable man and it was a tribute to true manhood and not to official position for he is but a private citizen and has never held office except that of congressman for one or two terms. The president of the United States could not have had more tribute paid him by the people of the country in his official position.

**Johnstone Academy Farmers' Union.**

We are requested to announce there will be a meeting of Johnstone Academy Farmers' Union on next Saturday afternoon at three o'clock. A full attendance is urged as business of importance will come before the union. The following appointments for addresses on the subjects named have been made: Alan Johnstone, Cotton Situation; D. Q. Wilson, labor question; Antine Buzhardt, diversified farming; J. B. O'Neal Holloway, education of the farmer.

**Hand Car Accident.**

On last Saturday morning an extra force with several hand cars started from Whitmore on the Seaboard to do some special work on the track a few miles towards Union. In some way a negro on the front car fell off the car on the track which derailed the car which he was on and piled the other cars on top of it. There were some fifteen or sixteen negroes along on the several cars, and the wonder is more of them did not get hurt. The one who fell off had both legs broken and one or two ribs fractured. Another negro also had one leg broken. Dr. Hugh K. Boyd, of Whitmore, and Dr. Young of Clinton, attended the injured negroes and amputated one leg of the one with the two broken legs, and at the last report which we had, it was thought that it would be necessary to amputate the other leg in case death did not result. The negro with the one broken leg was thought would not require the limb removed. Several others were more or less bruised up, but not seriously hurt.

**NO STATUTE LAW.**

**Man Who Allowed Son to Die Without Calling Doctor is to Be Tried.**

The State. Anderson, Sept. 2.—Rev. R. B. Hayes, the faith cure evangelist whose young son died yesterday afternoon for want of medical attention, was arrested last night and lodged in the county jail. There is no statute law in South Carolina providing a remedy for cases of this particular kind, but the arrest was made for neglect and cruelty.

The case has attracted considerable attention here and elsewhere. No little indignation has been expressed in the city, but it seemed that nothing could be done to save the child, and it simply lingered and suffered until death ensued. Hayes and his wife claim that they have never called in the services of a physician since they began to believe in the doctrine of divine healing. They have four children all of whom, they claim, have been restored from illness by means of prayer.

The outcome of the case will be watched with great interest. The home of Hayes' family is in Toccoa, Georgia. They are natives of Anderson county, Hayes having been born and raised about five miles south of the city.

Application was made to Judge Prince for bond for Hayes. An order granting bail was signed, and your correspondent is informed that Hayes was released from custody this afternoon.

The case will come up for trial at the next term of the sessions court on the third Monday of this month, unless a continuance is granted.

**COTTON HOLDS RECORD IN THE EXPORT TRADE.**

Washington, Sept. 2.—"Cotton is king in the export record of the United States for the fiscal year just ended." This is the introductory sentence of a statement just issued by the department of commerce and labor. Continuing, the statement says:

"The total value of raw cotton exported for the first time crossed the \$400,000,000 line and exceeded by far the value of any other article of merchandise sent out of the country. The exports of breadstuffs of all kinds aggregated but \$186,000,000, those of provisions but \$211,000,000, and those of iron and steel manufactures but \$161,000,000.

"The value of cotton exported has increased very rapidly during the last five years. It was not until 1901 that it crossed the \$300,000,000 line, and in a short five years' period it has grown to more than \$400,000,000, or an increase of about 33 per cent. This is due in part to an increase in the quantity exported, but in part also to the advance in price since the quantity exported in 1906 was about 700,000,000 pounds less than in 1905, while the value was \$21,000,000 more than in 1905.

"The exportation of manufactured cotton was also larger in 1906 than in any earlier year, aggregating practically \$53,000,000, against \$50,000,000 in 1905 and \$22,500,000 in 1905 and exports on manufactured cotton has been quite as striking as that of the raw material.

"Europe is of course, our principal customer for raw cotton. The United Kingdom took last year \$177,000,000 worth, Germany \$101,000,000, France \$45,000,000 and Italy about \$27,000,000 while the other countries of Europe took about \$32,000,000 worth.

"Japan is also a customer for our raw cotton, but very irregular in the quantity bought, since she only buys largely of American cotton when prices are low relying upon India and China in years when America prices are high. The value of cotton exported to Japan in the fiscal year 1906 is, in round terms, \$8,000,000; in 1905 \$17,000,000 and in 1904 less than \$3,000,000.

"In manufactured cottons China is by far our largest customer. The total value of all cotton manufactures exported in the fiscal year 1906 was, as above indicated, \$53,000,000 in round terms of which about \$30,000,000 went to China. Practically all of the cotton goods sent to China was in the form of cloth, the total value of cotton cloths exported to China in the year being \$29,641,188, and of other cotton goods \$172,887. The exports of cotton cloths to China in the fiscal year 1906 exceeded both in quantity and value those of any other earlier year, the value in 1906 being about \$2,000,000 greater than in 1905 and the number of yards about 24,000,000 greater than in 1905. China's rank as a purchaser of American cottons is indicated by the fact that of the 711,000,000 yards of cotton cloths ex-

ported in 1906, 498,000,000 went to China, while about 133,000,000 yards went to the American countries south of the United States, and 25,000,000 to Asia and other than China and Oceania."

**TEACHER WANTED.**

For the Dead Fall school. Salary \$35.00 per month. School opens October 1, and runs seven months. Applications may be filed with any one of the undersigned by September 15th.  
B. L. Dommick.  
R. S. Boozer.  
Newberry, R. F. D. No. 4.  
J. W. Crouch.  
Silver Street.

**TRESPASS NOTICE.**

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass upon the land of the undersigned. Persons trespassing upon our lands without our consent will be dealt with according to law.  
Rufus A. Sligh.  
J. B. Kempson.  
E. E. Sligh.

**CHARLESTON & WESTERN CAROLINA RY.**

Schedule in effect June 3, 1906.  
Lv. Newberry (C. N. & L.) 12:36 p. m.  
Ar. Laurens 1:42 p. m.  
Lv. Laurens (C. & W. C.) 2:09 p. m.  
Ar. Greenville 3:25 p. m.  
Lv. Laurens 2:07 p. m.  
Ar. Spartanburg 3:40 p. m.  
Lv. Spartanburg (So. Rry) 4:00 p. m.  
Ar. Hendersonville 6:35 p. m.  
Ar. Asheville 7:30 p. m.  
Lv. Laurens (C. & W. C.) 1:50 p. m.  
Ar. Greenwood 2:48 p. m.  
Ar. McCormick 3:40 p. m.  
Ar. Augusta 5:25 p. m.

Pullman Chair Cars between Augusta, Laurens and Asheville, tri-weekly. Leave Augusta Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; leave Asheville Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Note: The above arrivals and departures, as well as connections with other companies, are given as information, and are not guaranteed.

Ernest Williams,  
Gen. Pass. Agt.,  
Augusta, Ga.  
Geo. T. Bryan,  
Gen. Agt.,  
Greenville, S. C.

**TEACHER WANTED.**

Lady teacher for Maybinton school, who will teach children at school house and not expect parents to teach them at home. School small. Term about 7 months. Salary \$30. Opens Sept. 17th. Address,  
W. B. Whitney, Ch'm'n.  
W. B. Oxner, Clerk.  
Blairs, S. C., R. F. D. No. 1.

**Coal! Coal!! Coal!!!**

I am making arrangements to establish a coal yard and will be in position to supply your wants for both hard and soft coal. Should you wish to buy your winter supply for August or September delivery I would be pleased to quote you prices.

See me before buying. I can deliver any time after August 15.

S. B. JONES.

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What will last a life time is what you want. Our Organs have a pure tone and lovely cases. We can supply you with an Organ that will please in every particular for only \$65 and \$70 delivered. Write us for our special terms of payment, and for illustrations of the beautiful Organs referred to. If you prefer a Piano we have beautiful and good new Uprights from \$185 up on easy terms.

Address

Malone's Music House,  
COLUMBIA, S. C.

**SCHOLARSHIP!**

A chance is still open to the young men of this county to get a Normal Scholarship in the University of South Carolina. An examination for that purpose will be conducted by the County Superintendent of Education, Friday, August 31, 1906. Write at once for application blanks to BENJAMIN SLOAN, President, Columbia, S. C.

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R. C. CARLISLE, V-Pres G. B. CROMER, Atty.

**J. A. BURTON,**  
**Real Estate, Stocks and Bonds,**  
NEWBERRY, S. C.

Money Cannot Make Brains, But Brains Can Make Money.

It is no disgrace to be poor, but it is inconvenient and really not necessary. "How may I avoid this?" you ask. By putting your money in the right place and giving it a chance to work for you, since every day your savings remain idle you lose. If you invest your money in good stocks and good real estate your capital will grow rapidly without any effort on your part. Every minute, forces over which you have no control, are adding to the value of your property.

The all important thing is to put yourself in the right position to get these benefits. It is best not to rely entirely upon yourself to do this. Suppose you allow me to assist you. I have a great many of the most convenient and best located lots to be found in the city. I have recently added to my list a number of beautiful lots on the Y. J. Pope property, which are very convenient to the business centre of the city. I have also added a two story brick store on upper Main street and a two story frame building store. You know it is much better to own your store and do business on Main street than to rent one on a back street, even at a very low rental. The difference in a year's sales will amount to a considerable sum. If it is cheap rent you are looking for, suppose you try the suburbs and wait for the consequences.

I have also added to my list a four acre lot with five two room houses, rents for \$180 per year, one dwelling with out houses, good garden, good orchard and four acres of land directly on the Southern Railroad. This would make a splendid place for a manufacturing plant, as well as residence.

I want several tracts of land within three or four miles of the city, from 100 to 400 acres each.

Don't forget that I want to buy and sell stocks. Come to see me and let me show you the good bargains that I have.

**J. A. BURTON,**

"The Man Between" the Buyer and Seller.