POETRY.

Oh, Who'd be a Bachelor.

Oh, who would be a bachelor,
And pass the vale of life,
Without the fond caresses
Of a young and lovely wife?
Not like the gaudy butterfly,
With charms that wax and wane;
A wife hath charms that long endure,
And e'en to death remain.

Around the winter fire-side,
When howling storms are rife,
There's naught that's half so pleasant,
As a loving, cheerful wife!
Her smiles dispels the darkest mist,
That o'er beclouds the way,
And sheds around the path of life,
An ever cheering ray.

When spring time bids the earth be
In new and beauteous life, [clothed,
Then fairer than the fairest form,
Appears the loving wife.
Whoever then would live alone,
Must bear in mind the bane,
That he who is a bachelor
Is not a happy man!

MISCELLANEOUS.

Over-Production of Cotton.

A friend of ours in a letter we recently published, asks our reason for the opinion we expressed some time ago, that there was no danger whatever of the over-production of cotton. Our first reason is the general one, that applies to all products. Whenever the production of any commodity becomes unprofitable, it will be promptly reduced by a resort to some other that pays better. Hence the least and the rarest of evils is over-production of any thing useful.

But there is no probability that the consumption or price of cotton will for ages be such as to indicate a reduction of the supply. Thus far it seems the United States contain the only soil and climate well adapted to the culture of cotton. The attempts to raise it elsewhere—in India, Turkey, Egypt and the West Indies have thus far signally failed—although they had all the co-operation of ample means. In those countries it seems the climate is not favorable. It is warm enough, but is too uniform. It does not afford enough frost to kill the boll worm, and hence after the first two or three crops, the worm becomes so abundant as to be ruinous. There may be other regions hitherto unexplored or untried in which this difficulty would not occur, but if there are, it is probable that they are in countries whose institutions are unfavorable. Indeed, no country but one in which a political despotism or domestic slavery exists, would answer for the cultivation of cotton. Without one or the other, people will not work in so warm a climate. Hence whilst abolition abroad and at home, has abolished slavery in some places and excluded it from others, one result has been to render the regions that remained slaveholding more valuable and prosperous financially than before. The evil is that they have thus been weakened politically and materially, so as to be growing insecure.

The present consumption of cotton extends all over the civilized would and into much of the barbarous. The civilized races are all increasing in population, in various ratios, and already number about three hundred millions. The slaves of the South are only three millions. They multiply more rapidly than the rest of mankind, except their masters. But the per centage of slave labor realized every year from the increase of slave population, will not supply the augmented demand for cotton, resulting from the annual increase of the civilized world.

Nor are the cotton lands yet to be cultivated, of an extent or quality to augment the ratio of cotton production, whilst those now under culture are undergoing some impoverishment.

Nor is there any probability that a substitute for cotton will be found. We have seen a great deal in the papers about flax cotton. But we don't apprehend the least rivalry from that. According to Mr. Clausen's method, the process of preparing the flax is so tedious and laborious as to render its competition with cotton hopeless. On the other hand the only real competitor with cotton will rise from recent events, and has risen in price. A large portion of wool hitherto manufactured, has been obtained from Australia. But the discovery of gold in that region has raised the price of labor so much, and diverted it from raising wool, that there is danger of actual loss of the flocks in that country.

The discovery of gold in California and Australia has advanced the money value of labor all over the world. For the enormous demand or inducement for labor in digging gold, has acted and must continue to act, for some time to come, on its value. The price of cotton and all other commodities must rise. The value of capital generally cannot rise in the same ratio, because the supply is increased by the production of gold. But the value of Southern capital of which so large a portion is labor, must advance largely. We think that the gold of California and Australia will add more to the wealth of the South than to that of any other country. And it is remarkable that as slavery, which encountered a severe assault in 1821 in the Missouri controversy, and was sustained afrerwards by the wonderful extension of the cotton culture, should again be fortified financially by the discovery of gold.

Southern Press.

TRIBUTE TO PRINTERS.—In a letter to the Printers of Baltimore, in reply to an invitation to be present at a grand banquet given to the members of the National Convention of Printers, held recently in that city, Governor Lowe, of Maryland wrote the following:

'Without wishing to draw invidious distinctions, I may be permitted to say, that if there is one class of men who claim my regard and admiration more than any other, it is that large, intelligent, industrious and most valuable, but often least appreciated class, the Printers. Day and night, winter and summer they toil; quietly, patiently, incessantly—and for what? Not to make food and raiment for the body—not to add merely to the material comforts of our fellow men—to enlighten the public mind of a nation, whose duty and destiny is self-government—and more than all, to sow the seed of liberty in foreign soils, where the blood of the Patriots may germinate it into fruitfulness.—Senates and Cabinets have learned wisdom from the praiseworthy Printers, and nations are indebted to you for much of all they enjoy. Allow me to offer the following sentiment:

The Press: The Archimedean lever which can move the earth.

Singular Delusion.

Mr. Kendall, in his last letter to the Picayune, from Paris, tells the very singular story:

I will close this letter by mentioning the fact that a most unaccountable whim, if whim it can be called, has recently entered into the heads of the lower classes in Posen, Galicia, and has even spread into some parts of Bohemia and Hungary, if all accounts be true According to the papers—you may have already seen the report—it would seem that a story had got out, and that it flew abroad with the greatest rapidity, to the effect that the richest of all the Rothschilds was under sentence of death, and that his only chance of saving his life was through the means of a lottery. For this purpose he offered what our lottery ticket venders would call a brilliant scheme, the main features of which were as follows: his entire property was to be divided into sums of 3000 florins, and any and all who chose to take a ticket in the lottery, gratis, of course, would certainly draw that amount in yellow gold, save one person only! In plain terms, every ticket placed in an immense wheel, except one, had a number upon it, and was to draw a prize of 3000 florins; but the holder of the only blank was to offer his head to the chopping-knife instead of Rothschild, who transferred the honor.

Notwithstanding the risk of drawing the blank, it is positively asserted that the rush for tickets to many of the towns and villages, has been immense. The magistrates, as well as the military authorities, have had the greatest difficulty in convincing the poor farmers and peasants that there is no such lottery in existence, and thousands have been sent away disappointed, because they have been deprived of the chance of drawing 3000 florins, at the trifling risk of gracing an executioner's block. This is an age of progress and advancement. In the same section where the above strange excitement has prevailed it is also said that the idea obtains that Kossuth has been proclaimed king of America, and that he is shortly to appear again in Europe at the head of an immense army. That such a story as this should get abroad is not as singular, however, as the lottery scheme hoax, for the accounts of Kossuth's first reception in the States might lead the masses of Europe to believe almost anything.

An old gentleman of the name of *Gould*, married a girl of nineteen. He wrote a letter to a friend, informing him of the happy event, with this couplet:

'So you see, my dear friend, though eighty years old,
A girl of nineteen falls in love with old *Gould*.'

He received a reply in these terms:

'A girl of nineteen may love *Gould* it is true,
But, believe me, dear sir, it is *Gould*, without *U*.'

☞ The man who was appointed a committee to inquire into his own conduct, has reported in part, and asked for power to send for persons and papers. He says if he had known how much there was to do he never would have undertaken the job.—*Boston Post.*

Threat to Swallow a Steam Boiler.—Twenty-seven years ago a committee of the House of Commons was appointed to examine into the state of steam navigation. Lord Stanley (now the Earl of Derbey,) was chairman of that committee, and on Mr. Robert Stephenson, the eminent engineer, speaking of the probability of steamships crossing the Atlantic, Lord Stanley rose from his seat and exclaimed: 'Good heavens! what do you say? If steamships cross the Atlantic, I will eat the boiler of the first boat!'

☞ Dignity does not consist in possessing honors, but in deserving them.

BEING appointed the Agent of NEWMAN & BROTHER's PIANO FORTES, I can recommend them as being finished in exquisite manner, with an entire Iron Frame to keep them in tune, and not liable to get out of tune so readily, with English Grand Action, 6 to 7 octaves, in Rosewood cases. These Pianos are manufactured in Baltimore, in a Southern State, warranted to stand the climate; not to wind or draw up. I shall be pleased to receive orders, and will have them delivered by a competent person, who will put them up and tune them.

Terms moderate and easy. Call and see before purchasing elsewhere.

PERRY MOSES, Agent.
June 28, 1852. 36-tf

Cheap Goods.

THE subscriber has just returned from Charleston with a full assortment of A L L KINDS OF GOODS, Wares and Merchandise in his line of business; having exercised the utmost *diligence* in buying them *CHEAP AND GOOD, (and goods well bought are half sold)* he can make it an object to any one to make a bill with him, either at Wholesale or Retail. PERRY MOSES.
April 6th, 1852 24—tf

PERRY MOSES,

(At the old stand of A. J. & P. Moses)
Offers to his friends and the public generally, a fresh supply of every variety of goods selected by himself, viz: in Dry *Goods*—
3-4, 7-8, 4-4, 5-4, up to 12-4 Domestics, from 5 cents a yard up, or less by the quantity.
Brown Linens at 12 1-2 cents a yard,
Colored muslins, and Linen Lustres, 8 yards to the dollar.
White Crape Shawls at $5 00

IN GROCERIES,
Baltimore Flour, (warranted good) at $6 50
Cash,
25 Sacks Salt.
Barrels of Lard.
Old Government Java Coffee in Matts,
Sugars of all kinds, some excellent quality at 6 1-4 cents.
Sperm and Adamantine Candles, less than they can be bought regularly in Charleston by the box. Almonds, Raisons, Figs, Currants, Citron, Candy, &c.

CROCKERY,
in great variety, at very low prices, and he DEFIES competition in Hardware, Cutlery and Carpenter's Tools.
April 27th, 1852 27—tf

1,000 Bushels of Corn.

WANTED by the subscriber One Thousand Bushels of Corn, for which the highest market price will be paid.
PERRY MOSES
February 10, 1852 16-tf

Butter.

Fresh Goshen Butter.
Loaf, Crush, Charafied and Brown Sugars.
Best Rio and Java Coffee.
Orleans Molasses.
Sardines, Lobsters, Salmond and Mackeral.
Pickels, Preserves, &c.
Also CHEESE of the DURHAM Brand, that will keep in any climate, and improve with age, at PERRY MOSES'
Feb. 17th, 1852 17—tf

Iron.

Swedes and English, Broad and narrow Bar, Square, Round and Oval; Hoop, Band and Boiler Iron. Cast, German and Blister Steel. Smith's Tools Carpenter's Tools Buggy Axles and Springs, Carriage Trimmings. Hollow Ware, Cut and Wrought Nails, always on hand and for sale low by PERRY MOSES
Feb. 24, 1852 18—tf

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!!
BARGAINS to be had in the above article at PERRY MOSES'
Feb. 17th, 1852 17—tf

READY MADE CLOTHING
Of all descriptions as low as $2 50 a full suit.
L. B. HANKS.
April 6th, 1852 24—tf

Notice.

The Co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of A. J. & P. MOSES is dissolved by its own limitation and mutual consent.
All persons indebted to the said firm by Note or otherwise will please call and SETTLE.
A. J. MOSES.
PERRY MOSES.
February 10, 1852. 16-3m.

Cheaper than Ever.

A lot of colored Barages, at 8 cents per yard,
Silk Warp Bareges, at 18 3-4, 25 and 31 1-4c.
Superfine quality Paris Bareges, at 70 cents.
Extra super Broche Embroidered Barages.
Superfine Silk Tissue Silks and Tissue Silks, at 25 and 31 1-4c.
Fine quality Mourning Muslins, slightly damaged, at half price, 12 1-2 cents.
Col'd Muslins, yard wide, at 12 1-2, 18 3-4, 20 and 25 cents.
Col'd Muslins, 5-4 wide, at 25 cents.
White Emb'd Swiss Muslins, at 18 3-4, 25 and 31 1-4 cents
Col'd Lawns and Col'd Emb'd Muslins, 12 1-2.
Striped Linen Lustres at 10 cents.
Superior Silk and Linen Poplins, at 31 1-4
Strong Blue Shirtings, Stripes and Tickings, at 6 1-4 cents, and
A lot of Muslin Insertings and Edgings, at half price, to close out, at
W. J. JACOBI & SON,
221 King-st., opposite the Big Boot.
June 29, 1852. 36-tf

Administrator's Notice.

I HAVE appointed Mr. W. M. Green, my Agent, to settle all the matters of the Estate of John McDonald, late of this District. MARY E. McDONALD.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of John McDonald, will present them duly attested. Those indebted will make immediate payment to
W. M. GREEN, *Agent.*
February 14, 1852. 17—t

Notice.

DR. C. H. RICHARDSON, having located himself at Nettles' Store, respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Sumter District.
June 15th, 1852 31—tf

Notice.

DR. J. M. STAGGERS, having located at Murray's Ferry, permanently, offers his services to the people.
June 4th 1851 32 tf

Lewis M. Hatch,

No. 120 MEETING STREET
CHARLESTON, S. C.
OILS—Sperm and Whale—Agent for the Brooklyn Factory.
WHITE LEAD—Agent for Union Company.
IRON SAFES—Agent for Rich's Salamander
PLATFORM SCALES—Agent for Labartes.
ROGARDUS'S MILLS—Agent for Mr. B.
GEORGIA BURR STONES. Manufacturers' Articles. tf
LEATHER BANDS, a large stock.
Charleston, Oct. 6, 50

Selling Off!

STOCK OF DRY-GOODS,
AT REDUCED PRICES.
W. J. JACOBI & SON will this day commence offering the whole of their large and well selected Stock of Dry-Goods at greatly Reduced Prices, to which they invite the attention of purchasers and dealers.
W. J. JACOBI & SON,
221 King-st., bend, opp. the Big Boot.
Charleston, June 23, 1852. 36-tf

LIVER COMPLAINT,

JAUNDICE, DISPEPSIA, CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS,
and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart-burn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, dots or webs before the Sight,

Fever and dull pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imagining of Evil, and Great depression of Spirits, can be effectually cured by DR. HOOFLAND'S
Celebrated German Bitters,
PREPARED BY
Dr. C. M. Jackson,
AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,
120 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled—if equalled—by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are withal, safe, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.
From the Boston Bee.

The editor said, Dec. 22nd
Dr. Hoofland's Celebrated German Bitters for the cure of Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, is deservedly one of the most popular medicines of the day. These Bitters have been used by thousands and a friend at our elbow says he has himself received an effectual and permanent cure of Liver Complaint from the use of this remedy. We are convinced that in the use of these Bitters, the patient constantly gains strength and vigor—a fact worthy of great consideration. They are pleasant in taste and smell, and can be used by persons with the most delicate stomachs with safety, under any circumstances. We are speaking from experience, and to the afflicted we advise their use.

"Scott's Weekly," one of the best Literary papers published said, August 25—
Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, manufactured by Dr. Jackson, are now recommended by some of the most prominent members of the faculty as an article of much efficacy in cases of female weakness. As such is the case, we would advise all mothers to obtain a bottle, and thus save themselves much sickness. Persons of debilitated constitutions will find these Bitters advantageous to their health, as we know from experience the salutary effect they have upon weak systems.

MORE EVIDENCE.

The 'Philadelphia Saturday Gazette,' the best family newspaper published in the United States. The editor says of
Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters.—It is seldom that we recommend what are termed Patent Medicines, to the confidence and patronage of our readers; and therefore when we recommend Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, we wish it to be distinctly understood that we are not speaking of the nostrums of the day, that are noised abroad for a brief period and then forgotten after they have done their guilty race of mischief, but of a medicine long established, universally prized, and which has met the hearty approval of the faculty itself."

☞ Evidence upon evidence has been received (like the foregoing,) from all sections of the Union, the last three years, and the strongest testimony in its favor, is, that there is more of it used in the practice of the regular Physicians of Philadelphia, than all other nostrums combined. A fact can easily be established, and fully proving that a scientific preparation will meet with their quiet approval when presented even in this form.

That it is medicine will cure Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, no one can doubt after using it as directed. It acts specifically upon the Stomach and Liver; it is preferable to calomel in *all bilious diseases*—the effect is immediate. They can be administered to female or infant with safety and reliable benefit at any time.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

This medicine has attained that high character which is necessary for all medicines to attain to induce counterfeiters to put forth spurious articles at the risk of the lives of those who are innocently deceived.

Look well to the marks of the genuine.

They have the written signature of C. M. JACKSON upon the wrapper, and his name blown in the bottle, *without which they are spurious.*

For sale Wholesale and Retail at the GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, No. 120 Arch-Street, one door below Sixth, Philadelphia, and by respectable dealers generally throughout the country.

Prices Reduced.

To enable all classes of invalids to enjoy the advantages of their great restorative powers
Price of Bottle 75 Cents.
Also for sale by R. S. MELLETT, Druggist, Sumterville, S. C.
☞ Wholesale Agent for Georgia, South and North Carolinas.
HAYLAND, HARRALL & CO.
Dec. 23 1851. Charleston, S. C.

New Arrivals

AT THE CAMDEN BAZAAR.
The subscribers have just received their new assortment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, which consists partly of
Calicoes, Ginghams, plain and embroidered Lawns, Fancy Muslins, at all prices; Linen Cambric, assort'd colors; Cambric and Muslins, plain and checked; Crapes, Barages, Challys, Delaines, Plain Silks, and a great variety of other articles suitable for Ladies' Dresses.
Also.—A large assortment of Linen Cambric Hdkfs, Needle-worked Collars and Cuffs, Chemisetts and Caps, Muslin and Lace "Sleeves" Capes and Mantillas, Lace and Muslin Edging and Inserting, Bonnets and Ribbons of the newest styles, Ivory, Black and Feather Fans, Umbrellas and Parasols, and a great variety of other articles too numerous to name.
They recommend their stock of bleached and brown Shirting, blue and striped Homespuns, Cotton and Linen Osnaburgs, Bed Tick, and every kind of Towelling and Table Linen. A very large assortment of Hosiery of every description, Linen, Thread Lace and Silk Gloves Mitts, &c. &c.
They invite their friends to call at their Store, feeling certain to be able to satisfy them in every way, as well in the prices as in the assortment of the Goods. M. DRUCKER & CO.
April 20, 1852. 26-tf

New Fall and Winter Goods.

The subscribers are now receiving and opening their usual supply of Dry Goods, Hardware and Groceries, the prices of which will be very much reduced, and invite their friends and the public to examine their stock.
M. DRUCKER & CO.
Camden, Oct. 28, '51. 1-tf

New Spring Goods.

M. DRUCKER & CO., have just received their new supply of SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING, to which they would invite the attention of the public, at the same time they would recommend their Stock of Outfitting Articles, viz: Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Undergarment, Hosiery, Gloves, Suspenders, &c.
April 20, 1852. 26-tf

Notice.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of O. S. REES, deceased, will hand them in properly attested, and those indebted will make immediate payment to
W. WATHES REES.
May 4, 1852. 28-tf

Notice.

ALL Persons indebted to the subscriber by Note or Account are respectfully solicited to call and settle immediately as circumstances compel him to call on them.
D. J. WINN.
March 15, 1852. 21-tf.

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1851, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., in the clerk's Office of the District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

Another Scientific Wonder!
GREAT CURE FOR
DYSPEPSIA!
DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S

THE TRUE
DIGESTIVE FLUID,
OR, GASTRIC JUICE.

Prepared from RENNET, or the fourth *Stomach of the Ox*, after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipation, and Debility, Curing after Nature's own method, by Natures's own Agent, the Gastric Juice.

☞ Half a teaspoonful of Pepsin, infused in water, will digest or dissolve, *Five Pounds of Roast Beef, in about two hours*, out of the Stomach.

Pepsin is the chief element, or Great Digesting Principle of the Gastric Juice—the Solvent of the Food, the Purifying, Preserving, and Stimulating Agent of the Stomach and Intestines. It is extracted from the Digestive Stomach of the Ox, thus forming an artificial Digestive Fluid, precisely like the natural Gastric Juice in its Chemical powers, and furnishing a Complete and Perfect Substitute for it. By the aid of this preparation, the pains and evils of Indigestion and Dyspepsia are removed, just as they would be by a healthy Stomach. It is doing wonders for Dyspeptics, curing cases of Debility, Emaciation, Nervous Decline, and Dyspeptic Consumption, supposed to be on the verge of the grave. The Scientific Evidence upon which it is based, is in the highest degree Curious and Remarkable.

SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE!

Baron Liebig in his celebrated work on Animal Chemistry, says: "An artificial Digestive Fluid, analogous to the Gastric Juice, may be readily prepared from the mucous membrane of the stomach of the Calf, in which various articles of food, as meat and eggs, will be softened, changed and digested, just in the same manner as they would be in the human stomach."

Dr. Combe, in his valuable writings on the "Physiology of Digestion," observes that "a diminution of the due quantity of the Gastric Juice is a prominent and all-prevailing cause of Dyspepsia;" and he states that "a distinguished professor of medicine in London, who was severely afflicted with this complaint, finding every thing else to fail, had recourse to the Gastric Juice, obtained from the stomachs of living animals, which proved completely successfully."

Professor Dunglison, of the Jefferson College Philadelphia, in his great work on Human Physiology, devotes more than fifty pages to an examination of this subject. His experiments with Dr. Beaumont, on the Gastric Juice obtained from the living human stomach, and from animals, are well known. "In cases," he says, "digestion occurred as perfectly in the artificial as in the natural digestions."

Dr. John W. Draper, Professor of Chemistry, in the Medical College of the University of New York, in his "Text Book of Chemistry," page 236, says: "It has been a question whether artificial digestion could be performed—but it is now universally admitted that it may be."

Dr. Carpenter's standard work on Physiology, which is in the library of every physician, and is used as a Text Book in all the Colleges, is full of evidence similar to the above, respecting the remarkable Digestive power of Pepsin, and the fact that it may be readily separated from the stomach of the calf or Ox, and used for experiments in Artificial Digestion, or as a remedy for diseases of the Stomach, and deficient secretion of Gastric Juice.

☞ Call on the Agent and get a descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of Scientific Evidence, similar to the above, together with Reports of Remarkable Cures, from all parts of the United States.

AS A DYSPEPSIA CURER,

Dr. Houghton's PEPSIN has produced the most marvellous effects, in curing cases of Debility, Emaciation, Nervous Decline, and Dyspeptic Consumption. It is impossible to give the details of cases in the limits of this advertisement; but authenticated certificates have been given of more than Two Hundred Remarkable Cures, in Philadelphia, New York, and Boston alone. These were nearly all desperate cases, and the cures were not only rapid and wonderful, but permanent.

It is a great Nervous Antidote, and particularly useful for tendency to Bilious disorder, Liver Complaint, Fever and Ague, and the Evil effects of Quinine, Mercury, and other drugs upon the Digestive Organs, after a long sickness. Also, for excess in eating, and the too free use of ardent spirits. It almost reconciles Health with Intemperance.

OLD STOMACH COMPLAINTS.

There is no form of Old Stomach Complaints which it does not seem to reach and remove at once. No matter how bad they may be, it gives *instant relief! A single dose removes all the unpleasant symptoms;* and it only needs to be repeated for a short time to make these good effects permanent. *Purity of Blood and Vigor of Body* follow at once. It is particular excellent in cases of Nausea, Vomiting, Cramps, Soreness of the pit of the Stomach, distress after eating, low, cold state of the Blood, Heaviness, Lowness of Spirits, Despondency, Emaciation, Weakness, tendency to Insanity, Suicide, &c.

Dr. Houghton's *Pepsin*, is sold by nearly all the dealers in fine drugs and Popular Medicines, throughout the United States. It is prepared in Powder and in Fluid form—and in Prescription vials for the use of Physicians.

Private Circulars for the use of Physicians, may be obtained of Dr. Houghton or his Agents, describing the whole process of preparation, and giving the authorities upon which the claims of this new remedy are based. As it is *not a secret remedy*, no objections can be raised against its use by Physicians in respectable standing and regular practice. Price, *One Dollar* per bottle.

☞ OBSERVE THIS!—Every bottle of the genuine PEPSIN bears the written signature of J. S. HOUGHTON, *M. D.*, sole Proprietor, Philadelphia, Pa. Copy-right and Trade Mark secured.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

For sale in Sumterville by
MILLER & BRITTON.
December 16, 1851. 8-1y.

Just Received,

AT L. B. HANKS',
A lot of cheap Muslins and Ginghams,
Swiss and Book Muslins. Alpaccas,
Embroidered curtain Muslins,
Furniture Dimities, Fringes,
Chambra Ginghams, Silk and Linen Lustres,
Mohair and Grass Skirts. Corded do.
Chemisetts & Collars, Mourning Collars,
Ladies white and col'd Kid Gloves and Slippers,
Ladies and Misses col'd and blk Gaiters.
—ALSO—
13 Bales Superior Factory Yarn.
May 24, 1852. 31-tf

Notice.

All persons having demands against the Estate of F. S. Belser, deceased, will present them duly attested; and those indebted will make payment to E. M. Anderson, Esq., Sumterville, S. C., LOUISA BELSER, Adm'rx.
Oct. 20th, 1851 52 tf

Executors Notice.

I have appointed Mr. Samuel E. Wilson my Agent to settle up all the matters of the Estate of Col. Stephen Lacoste, late of this District.
ANNA E. LACOSTE.
All persons having demands against the Estate of Stephen Lacosto will present them duly attested. Those indebted will make immediate payment to S. E. WILSON, Agent.
May 7th, 1851 26 tf

Charleston Advertisements.

D. C. Kemme,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BROAD-STREET—CHARLESTON.
June 15, 1852. 34-tf

GAILLARD & WHITAKER,
Grain and Hay Dealers,
No. 17 State-Street,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
F. PEYRE GAILLARD. EDWARD L. WHITAKER.
May 17, 1852. 30-tf

W. J. Jacobi & Son.
W. J. JACOBI. NATHANIEL JACOBI.
NO. 221 KING-STREET,
(SEVENTH STORE ABOVE MARKET-STREET.)
Importers and Dealers in
Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods
☞ Our customers are ensured *Moderate Rates* and a strict adherance to the *One Price* System.
Jan. 6, 1852. 11-tf

DUNN & DURYEA.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Clothing Warehouse,
No. 238 King street,
SAMUEL C. DUNN, JOHN DURYEA, } CHARLESTON, S. C.
May 21st, 1851. 30 tf

W. A. KENT & MITCHELL,
FASHIONABLE
Clothing and Out-Fitting
ESTABLISHMENT,
MASONIC HALL,
No. 268 King-street, corner of Wentworth, Charleston, S. C
Purchasers will find at all times a full and complete stock of Gent's.
READY-MADE CLOTHING ARTICLES.
W. A. KENT. G. H. MITCHELL.
Manufactory 113 Washington Stores N. Y.
May 1849 30 tf

HARMONIC INSTITUTE
FERDINAND ZOGBAUM,
Importer of
MUSIC, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
King street, Sign of the Lyre,
Charleston, S. C.

SAMUEL C. DUNN,
WHOLESALE CLOTHING
AND
Furnishing Warehouse,
NO. 20 HAYNE STREET,
Charleston, S. C.
March 1st. 1852 19—tf

Great Excitement in Charleston.
AT DUNN & DURYEA'S,
238 Bend of King-Street.

WE Are now selling our Stock at remarkably low prices—Neat Linen Coats as low as 75 cents; Very neat Linen and Marseilles Vests at 75 cents; Black dress Alpacca Coats at $2; Black dress Pants $2; Linen Pants at from $1 to $3, very pretty patterns; Black Cloth Dress and Frock Coats at $8. Our Stock is now the most complete in the city, and will be sold at prices to correspond with the above, and with our reputation of being the cheapest and best Clothing Store in the city—those in want are invited to give us a call.
June 1, 1852. 32-tf

Dry Goods for Fall Trade
IN CHARLESTON.
W. G. BANCROFT,
253 and 255 KING-STREET.
(One door below Wentworth-Street.)

We would again respectfully invite the attention of our friends and customers in the country, to our extensive Stock of DRY GOODS, when they visit our City. Always in hand
SOUTHERN MANUFACTURED,
Consisting of Georgia Plaines and Kerseys.
Alabama do do.
Plain and Striped Osnabergs.
Bleached and Brown Domestics
SUPER DUFFIL BLANKETS—DIRECT IMPORTATION.

We would also particularly invite attention to our IMPORTATION of SILKS and DRESS GOODS, being one of the LARGEST STOCKS IN THE SOUTHERN COUNTRY.

We are also prepared to furnish every article in the Dry Goods Line, viz: Hosiers, Golves, Linens, Flannels, Cloths, Casimers, Bombazines, Alpaccas, Merenoes, Moussellain de Laines, Plaids, Jaconets and Swiss Muslins, Furniture Dimity, Prints, Ginghams, Shawls, Laces, Edging, Ribbons, Trimmings, &c., *&c.*
September 23, 1851. 48--tf

CIRCULAR.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and customers, that he is now receiving, at his old stand, No. 26 HAYNE-STREET, (up stairs,) from England, Germany, France and the Northern States, a complete assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dress Goods,
Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, &c,
as per Catalogue annexed, which he is prepared to sell on reasonable terms, at *Whole-sale only*, to the Country Trade. He respectfully solicits a call, being determined to sell as low as any House in the City. E. G. BROWN.

CATALOGUE.

Silk and Straw Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers and Silk Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Scarfs, Cravats, Together with a complete assortment of Millinery Goods, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, &c.
Guns, Rifles, Revolving and other Pistols, Percussion Caps, Game & Shot Bags, Powder Flasks.
Knives, Scissors, Razors, Gent's Travelling Toilet Cases,
Musical Instruments.
Writing Cases, Work Boxes, Fancy Stationary,
Coats' Spool Cotton, Common do., Tapes, Yarns,
Buttons, Combs, Needles, Pins, Brushes, Colongnes,
Soaps, Perfumery, Inks,
And a general assortment of Fancy Articles,
Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry,
Marine Time Pieces. French Mantel Clocks,
Common Brass and Wood Clocks, &c.
English and German Guns, Bird Cages and Traps, and various other articles too numerous to mention.
N.B.—Just received from Paris the most splendid assortment of Gilt and Gold Jewelry ever offered in this market. E. G. B.
October 14, 1851. 50-tf.

Corn.

1500 BUSHELS OF CORN, Just received and for sale low by
June 28, 1852. PERRY MOSES

Lime

For Sale at PERRY MOSES'
Feb. 17th, 1852 17—tf

Notice.

The subscriber having purchased the STOCK OF GOODS belonging to A. J. & P. Moses, will continue business at their old stand, and assures his friends, and the public generally, that he will do all in his power to merit their confidence and *patronage.*
PERRY MOSES.
February 10, 1852 16 tf

Candidates.

FOR STATE LEGISLATURE.

☞ **Many Voters of Claremont** County desire to be represented in the next Legislature by Major WILLIAM HAYNSWORTH, and present him as a Candidate to the citizens of the County at the ensuing election. July 13—37 tc.

☞ **Mr. Editor: Please an**nounce Colonel JOHN A. COLCLOUGH, a Candidate to Represent Claremont County in the next Legislature, and oblige
MANY FRIENDS.
April 13, 1852. 25-tf

FOR ORDINARY.

☞ **Mr, Editor:**—You will please announce WILLIAM H. BRUNSON as a candidate for the Office of Ordinary of Sumter District, at the ensuing election.
MANY VOTERS.
April 27th, 1852 27—tf

☞ **The friends of John F** HAYNSWORTH, Esq., announce him as a Candidate for the Office of Ordinary for Sumter District at the ensuing election.
March 23, 1852. 22-tf

FOR CLERK.

☞ **We are authorized to** announce T. J. DINKINS, Esq., a Candidate for Clerk of the Court, at the ensuing election.
MANY VOTERS.
April 16th 1851 25 tf

☞ **Mr. Editor: Please an**nounce Mr. J. J. McKELLAR, a Candidate for *Clerk* of the Court, for Sumter District, and oblige MANY VOTERS.
April 13, 1852. 25-tf

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

Mr. Editor: Please announce Mr. ROBERT W. DURANT, a Candidate for Tax-Collector of Salem County, at the next Election, and oblige MANY VOTERS.
January 14, 1852. 13-tf

☞ *Mr. Editor:* You will please announce Captain P. M. GIBBONS, a Candidate for Tax-Collector for Salem county, at the ensuing Election, and oblige MANY VOTERS.

☞ MESSRS. EDITORS: Please announce Mr. JOHN F. BALLARD, a candidate for Tax Collector, at the next election, and oblige
MANY VOTERS.
February 5th, 1851 15 tf

☞ **We are authorized to** announce ALEXANDER WATTS, Esq. as a Candidate for Tax Collector, of Claremont county at the ensuing Election,
MANY FRIENDS.

☞ **The Friends of Thos.** L. SMITH, announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector, for the County of Claremont.
November 6, 1850 2

☞ **We are authorized** to announce Capt. J. W. STUCKEY as a candidate for Tax-Collector for Salem County, at the next election.
Oct. 16th, 1850 51 tf

☞ **The Friends of John** G. WHITE, Esq, announce him as a Candidate for Tax Collector of Claremont county at the next Election,

Through Fare from Charleston to Baltimore $17.50; to Philadelphia $19; and to New-York $20.

THE GREAT MAIL ROUTE FROM CHARLESTON, S. C,
LEAVING the Wharf at the foot of Laurens-st. daily at 3, p. m. after the arrival of the Southern cars, via WILMINGTON, N. C., from which point two daily trains are dispatched at 8 A. M.; and 2 P. M.; *the 8 o'clock only* connecting at Weldon with the lines to Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New-York. The public is respectfully informed that the steamers of these lines, are in first rate condition, and are navigated by well known and experienced commanders; the Rail Roads are in fine order, (the Wilmington and Weldon, as well as the Seaboard and Roanoke having recently been relaid with heavy Trail) thereby securing both safety and despatch. By these routes passengers availing themselves of the FIRST TRAIN may reach Baltimore in 40 hours, Philadelphia in 45 hours, and New York in 50 1-2 hours; and by the SECOND TRAIN they arrive in Baltimore in 50 hours, Philadelphia in 56 hours, and New-York in 61 1-2 hours.

Through tickets can alone be had from E. WINSLOW, Agent of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company, at the office of the Company, foot of Laurens street, Charleston, S. C., to whom please apply.
March 23, 1852. 22—tf

Warranted to Stand the Southern Climate.

$100,000 SAVED YEARLY! MARK THIS FACT.
Silver's Plastic Mineral Paint
Will Stand any Climate Without Cracking.

SCEPTICS: read this testimony from the President of the Reading Rail Road Company.
OFFICE OF PHIL'A. & READING R. R. CO.,
No 73 S.-Front-st. cor. Willing and Alley.
PHILADELPHIA, May 3, 1852.

J. S. Silver, Esq.:—Dear Sir—We have used your "Plastic Paints" for more than a year, and for painting bridges, depots, &c., &c., we have found it equal to any paint we have used; in fact we now give it a preferance over all others we have tried for such purposes.
Yours respectfully,
JOHN TUCKER, *President.*

The above is but one of the many certificates we have received from gentlemen of our city, who have used Silver's Mineral Paints.

COLORS.—We have seven different colors, viz: three browns, two chocolates, black and yellow, and by combination, make every variety and shade of color.

IRON.—To iron, they furnish a perfect protection against rust, for they contain no metal, which, like white lead, acts destructively on the iron. In fact, this paint makes iron doubly valuable for building purposes.

BRICK WORK.—They give to house-walls a much heavier coating than any other paints, and if stand