MISCELLANEOUS.

[From the Baltimore Sun.]

Cast Iron Buildings.

The subject of guilding warehouses, dwellings, public edifices, &c., of cast iron, is beginning to attract considerable attention throughout the country. The first entire cast iron building constructed in this country was erected about two years since in New-York by Mr. Borgardus, a mechanic of the highest order of genius and talent. It was built for his own business, (building cast iron houses,) and is a complete and beautiful structure. The next of importance in size, and of an entirely original design, will be erected in Baltimore for the Sun newspaper, which we hope will do credit to all the different mechanics and laborers engaged in its construction, and prove an ornament to our city.

We find the following on the subject of cast iron buildings in the New-York Mirror:

Cast Irron Buildings.—Public attention has been aroused to the necessity of adopting some method of building which will effectually prevent the spread of a conflagration when it occurs in the business portions of our city, and the lamentable destruction of property consequent upon it.

The Sun newspaper has recently taken up the subject warmly, and is advocating the passage of a law, "That no building shall hereafter be erected except it is *Fire proof*."—The operation of such a law would appear at first impracticable, but a little reflection will satisfy every one that it would not only be entirely feasable, but would attain the end so much to be desired, without involving any new pridciple or burthening the builder with any additional expense.

The public probably do not sufficiently appreciate the fact, that we have at hand a material destined, as if by Providence, to be applied to just such a purpose; we refer to iron—a meterial better adapted to the construction of houses for living, manufacturing, or public purposes, than either brick, wood or stone, and one susceptible of being worked with more ease, beauty and economy than any other in use.

The space of a newspaper article is too limited to allow of a full discussion upon the peculiar adaptation of iron for the purposes alluded to, but a few of its most obvious advantages may be enumerated.

First—As regards form and shape. Forms which stone could never be made to assume, varying from the lightest fairy structures to the most elaborate designs of the Grecian or Gothic.

Saving of space in foundations, discarding the cumbrous pile of stones, and substituting a firmer and more compact base.

The capability of being speedily and easily erected, or of being taken down and removed without a loss of time or material.

Protection against lightning—a philosophical certainty.

Security against fire—In addition to the iron presenting no "food for fire" naturally, in the formation of the parts of an iron building, it can never be injured by contraction in the event of internal conflagration, or cracked by the sudden application of water, even were it brought to a white heat.

Ventilation—the nature of the material affording the best method of securing the most perfect system of ventilation.

Facilities for the transmission of sound—a desideratum in all churches or public buildings adapted for large audiences.

Absence of vermin—avoidance of mildew and absorption of dampness.

For the application of paint—the best known material, affording a beauty of external finish with a pretection from the weather.

Durability, strength and firmness, in particular for factories employing steam and heavy machinery.

Strengthening properties of iron for the constitution, as a principle of health.

External and internal ornamental finish by the means of castings.

Economy.—The slight effects of time and wear, the slight repairs necessary, and the ease and small expense with which additons may be made.

The repetition of form.—Through the medium of castings, a single design may be multiplied a thousand times at the simple expense of the iron, saving time and manual labor.

The peculiar adaption of iron to the formation of circulinear and graceful lines in contradistinction to the rectangular and perpendicular. The severe rules which govern the Gothic and Grecian structures in the laying of stones, can be departed from in every essential particular.

In connection with this last mentioned advantage, much might be said in regard to the adaptation of antique forms to the wants of our commercial community; and whether shapes more in keeping with the purposes intended would not be preferable to the Grecian Temple or the other structures of the ancients, however beautiful they may appear at Rome or Athens?

The foregoing are a few of the many advantages which iron affords over every other material in use for the construction of our dwellings, factories, warehouses or churches.—The subject ought to be examined into and treated by men of science; and the public, in these days of burning down and building up, should give their careful attention to a material which carries with it the three great essentials of house building, viz: a *saving of time, labor and expense.*

Population of San Francisco.

The community of San Francisco is a perfect *alla podrida*, although its principal ingredient and general character is American. The Americans are the onions and flavor that season the whole dish Let any one place himself in any one spot for a half an hour, and he will see as many castes as were ever dreamed of in his philosophy—casts of humanity in clay by a great master not the counterfeit presentment in plaster-of-paris, wrought by human hands. And yet there is no clashing no interference, no national, sectional feelings engendered, and a better regulated community never existed. Here you will find the New York merchant, Southern planter, the Western farmer and the Eastern trader—the slave-holder and the hot, headed abolitionist. Here is the volatile, enthusiastic, sanguine Frenchman. Then comes the fiery, hot-blooded Italian, who lowers his brows, and growls out a deep '*diavolo*' through his teeth, if one but jogs his elbow. In his wake comes the stolid German, with his little blue cap and enormous vizor, who seems, while he inhales his tobacco smoke from the bowl of his Dutch pipe, to exist but in a dream; but in his eyes you can see his favorite expression, 'Mein Gott, what a countries!' Next we see the Englishman—who, let him live under American institutions till he grows grey—let him associate, with Americans all his life—never loses his nationality. He bears his birth-right upon his brow he carries it in his hat, it is imprinted upon his coat, it is perceptible in his vest, it it evident in his trousers; and unquestionable in his gaiters and shoes. Then comes the child of Erin; poor, downtrodden, betrayed Ireland. His looks are brighter now, but saddening thoughts will cast a shade over his brow when he thinks of the green sod that grows over the graves of his ancestors. When he conjures up the history of her long, long years of poverty and oppression, when he sees the thousands upon thousands of his countrymen starving and dying like dogs upon the wayside, the big tear glistens in his eye: and yet he yearns for home, and determines when he has obtained wealth to fly again to his own, his native land. The harpe is music to his ear, the shamrock the oasis in the desert and he echoes the words of the song:

"Oh, steer my bark to Erin's Isle
For Erin is my home."

in all due reverence and sincerity, and with his 'heart in his mouth.' And here is your cannie Scot, from Aberdeen or Glasgow, a long-headed chiel, who takes care of the pennies, the bonnie. merry Scot. Now stalks the Spaniard, with his dark complexion, his raven locks, his piercing eye, 'jealous in honor, sudden and quick in quarrel;' the proud blood of the Castilian nobles mantles readily to his cheek, and he bows with the air of a Don of olden time. He is followed by a Mexican. He is proud of the few drops of Castilian blood that remain in his veins; but he is merely a counterfeit presentment. Here comes a bevy of Celestials, with their dark, loose clothing, their irreproachable white stockings, and their practical boots and shoes. They are all very happy and very clanish; the only real socialists in existence. They guard their pig-tails as they do their honor, and cherish them with the utmost devotion. A Chinese would as soon think of severing his head from his body, as curtailing the fair proportions of the heirloom of his country The Celestials are very useful, quiet, good citizens, and are deserving the respect of all. Then comes the tawney Malay' dressed in a half-civilized style, very dirty, but with a carriage and bearing that would become a regal court. He looks out of place in our streets, giving one the idea of a degenerated and disgusted Othello. Here comes the tall and manly Pole; and as we watch his form, we can but drop a tear for poor Poland, whose children have shed so much of their heart's blood for liberty, bnt in vain. Watch the Chilanos, the Peruvians, the Swiss, the Russians, Prussians, Kanakas, negroes, and——no, we have no Ghilanes here as yet, though many bear as distinctive marks of their consanguinity to the animal race as do the newly-discovered 'Ghilanes or men with tails.' And all these inhabitants of the four quarters of the globe have been attracted to the spot by the magnetic influence of gold.—They are all seeking it—some with high and noble thoughts, some for the sake of gold, that they may make a noise in the world, some for ends, and some for a simple living, bed, board and lodging—for the mere sustenance of nature. This strikes the eye of all and is but a faint, meager shadow of our population, As the clown says in the circus, 'Let 'in go, Johny!'

Alta California.

A Highland Anecdote.

BY SIR WALTER SCOTT.

The story is an old but not ancient one; the actor and sufferer was not a very aged man, when I heard the anecdote in my early youth. Duncan, for so I shall call him, had been engaged in the affair of 1746, with others of his clan; and was supposed by many to have been an accomplice if not the principal actor, in a certain tragical affair, which made much noise a good many years after the rebellion. I am content with indicating this, in order to give some idea of the man's character, which was bold, fierce, and enterprising. Traces of this natural disposition still remained on Duncan's very good features, and in his keen grey eye. But the limbs, like those of the aged borderer in a former tale, had become unable to serve the purpose and obey the dictates of his inclination. On the one side of his body he retained the proportions and firmness of an active mountaineer; on the other, he was a disabled cripple, scarce able to limp along the streets. The cause which reduced him to this state of infirmity was singular.

Twenty years or more before I knew Duncan, he assisted his brothers in framing a large grazing in the Highlands, comprehending an extensive range of mountain and forest land, morass, lake and precipice. It chanced that a sheep or goat was missing from the flock, and Duncan, not satisfied with despatching his shepards in one direction, went himself in quest of the fugitive in another.

In the course of his researches, he was induced to ascend a small and narrow path, leading to the top of a high precipice. Dangerous as it was at first, the road became doubly so as he advanced. It was not much more than two feet broad, so ragged and difficult, and, at the same time so terrible, that it would have been impracticable to any but the light step and steady brain of a Highlander. The precipice on the right rose like a wall, and on the left, sunk to a depth which it was giddy to look down upon; but Duncan passed cheerfully on, now whistling the gathering of his clan, now taking heed to his footsteps when the difficulties of the path peculiarly required caution.

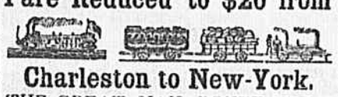
In this manner he had more than half ascended the precipice, when in midway, and it might almost be said, in middle air, he encountered a buck of the red deer species, coming down the cliff by the same path in an opposite direction. If Duncan had had a gun no rencontre could have been more agreeable; but as he had not this advantage over the denizen of the wilderness, the meeting was in the highest degree unwelcome. Neither party had the power of retreating, for the stag had not room to turn himself in the narrow path; and if Duncan had turned his back to go down, he knew enough of the creature's habits to be certain that he would rush upon him while engaged in the difficulties of the retreat. They stood perfectly still and looked at each other in mutual embarrassment for some space.

At length the deer, which was of the largest size began to lower his formidable antlets, as they do when they are brought to bay, and are preparing to rush upon hound and huntsman. Duncan saw the danger of a conflict in which he must probably come by the worst, and as a last resource, stretched himself on the little ledge of rock which he occupied, and thus awaited the resolution which the deer should take, not making the least motion for fear of alarming the wild and suspicious animal. They remained in this posture for three or four hours, in the midst of a rock which would have suited the pencil of Salvator, and which afforded barely room enough for the man and stag, opposed to each other in this extraordinary manner.

At length the buck seemed to take the resolution of passing over the obstacle which lay in his path, and with this pnrpose approached towards Duncan very slowly and with caution. When he came to the Highlander, he stooped his head down as if to examine him more closely, when the devil, or the untameable love of sport peculiar to his country, began to overcome Duncan's fears. Seeing the animal proceed so gently, he totally forgot not only the dangers of his position, but the implicit compact which certainly might have been inferred from the circumstanoes of the situation. With one hand Duncan seized the deer's horn, with the other he drew his dirk. But in the same instant the buck bounded over the precipice, carrying the Highlander along with him. They went thus down upwards of a hundred feet, and were found the next morning on the spot where they fell.

Fortune, who does not always retributive justice in her dispensation, ordered that the deer should fall undermost, and be killed, on the apot, while Duncan escaped with life, but with the fracture of a leg, an arm, and three ribs. In this state he was found lying on the carcass of the deer, and the injuries which he had received rendered him for the remainder of his life the cripple I have described. I never could approve of Duncan'a conduct towards the deer in a moral point of view (although, as the man in the play said, he was my friend,) but the temptation of a hart of grease, offering, as it were his throat to the knife, would have subdued the virtue of almost any deerstalker.

Fare Reduced to $20 from



Charleston to New-York.

THE GREAT MAIL ROUTE FROM CHARLESTON, S. C,

LEAVING the Wharf at the foot of Laurens-st. daily at 3, p. m. after the arrival of the Southern cars, via WILMINGTON, and WELDON, N. C. PETERSBURG, RICHMOND, to WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA. and N. YORK.

The public is respectfully informed that the steamers of this line, from Charleston to Wilmington, are in first rate condition, and are navigated by well known and experienced commanders, and the railroads are in fine order, thereby securing safety both and dispatch. A THROUGH TICKET having already been in operation will be continued on and after the first of Oct. 1849, as a permanent arrangement from Charleston to New York. Passengers availing themselves thereof, will have the option either to continue without delay through the route or otherwise. to stop at any of the intermediate points, renewing their seats on the line to suit their convenience. By this route travellers may reach New York on the third day during business hours. Baggage will be ticketed on boardthe Steamer to Weldon, as likewise on the change of cars, at the intermediate points from thence to N. York.—Through Tickets $20 each, can alone be had from E. WINSLOW, Agent of the Wilmington and Raleigh R. R. Company, at the office of the Company foot of Laurens-street, to whom please apply. For other information inquire of

L. C. DUNCAN,
At the American Hotel, Charleston S. C.
May 9 05 1y

"I am a man, and deem nothing which relates to man foreign to my feelings."

READ!! Youth and Manhood
A VIGOROUS LIFE, OR A
Premature Death.
Kinkelin on Self-Preservation
ONLY 25 CENTS.

This Book, just published, is filled with useful information, on the infirmities and diseases of the Generative Organs. It addresses itself alike to YOUTH, MANHOOD and OLD AGE. To all who apprehend or suffer under the dire consequences of early or prolonged indiscretions—to all who feel the exhaustive effects of sedentary and baneful habits—to all who in addition to declining physical energy, are the victims of nervous and mental debility, and of moping and melancholy despondency. Dr. K. would say—

Read this Book.

The valuable advice and impressive warning it gives, will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually Thousands of Lives.

Parents by reading, it will learn how to prevent the destruction of their children.

☞ A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to DR. KINKELIN, N. W. corner of THIRD & UNION Streets, between Spruce & Pine, PHILADELPHIA, will ensure a book, under envelope, per return of mail.

FIFTEEN YEARS

Extensive and uninterrupted practice spent in this city have rendered Dr. K. the most expert and successful practitioner far and near, in the treatment of all diseases of a private nature.—Persons afflicted with ulcers upon the body, throat, or legs, pains in the head or bones, mercurial rheumatism, strictures, gravel, disease arising from youthful excesses or impurities of the blood, whereby the contitution has become enfeebled, are all treated with success.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. K., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

☞ Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (post-paid,) and be cured at home. PACKAGES of MEDICINES, DIRECTIONS, &c., forwarded, by sending a remittance and put up secure from DAMAGE OR CURIOSITY.

☞ Booksellers, News Agents, Pedlars, Canvassers, and all others supplied with the above work at very low rates.

Feb 13, 1850. 16 1y

Be Wise in Time!—'TIS FOLLY TO DEFER! AFFLICTED READ—Thousands are suffering from disease from which there is no difficulty in being permanently and speedily relieved, provided the right means be used.—As every vice has its own punishment, so it would seem every disease has its remedy. This is true, and there is nothing in this life more certain than that the AMERICAN COMPOUND is the most speedy and certain remedy for all diseases of a delicate character, known to the world. Adapted to every stage of the disease, sex and constitution, at all times and seasons, there is no fears of exposure, detention from business nor restriction in diet; from the certain and speedy relief it gives, it is now the most popular remedy of the day. Ten Thousand cases have been cured effectually by it during the past year Prepared by a practical physician the afflicted can rely with confidence on its curative powers over diseases of this character. Full directions accompany each bottle.

☞ CAUTION.—ask for the american compound and purchase only of the agents. Price 1 50!

For Sale by P. M. Cohen Charleston, Boatright & Miot Columbia; Z. De Hay Camden and by the principal Druggist in all the County towns throughout the State:

Gin Bands.

1000 Feet 4 inch Copper riveted Gin Bands.

Oil Floor Cloth, India Rubber Cloth, Brussels Carpeting, together with a full assortment of Carriage Trimmings, Oils, Paints, Varnish &c. For Sale by

A. J. & P. MOSES.

REMOVAL
OF THE
NEW DRUG STORE.

The undersigned having Removed one door below Wm. Webb's New York Store, would respectfully solicit the patronage heretofore favored by his friends and the citizens of Sumter generally, being satisfied that he can accommodate them with any articles in his line of business, consisting of a large and well selected assortment, &c.

R. S. MELLETT.

Fresh Garden Seeds.

CONSISTING OF
English Peas, Beans, Cabbage, Turnips, Onion Setts, &c. &c. For Sale at
MELLETTS DRUG STORE.
——ALSO——
Improved Yeast Powders.
For Sale by R. S. MELLETT.

SUPERIOR CABINET FURNITURE.

FREDERICK CLARK, NOS. 195 AND 197 KING STREET,

Would respectfully inform the people of Sumter District, that he has recently received from his Manufactory in the City of New York, the choicest assortment of CABINET FURNITURE, ever offered in the Southern market, and which for beauty of style or workmanship, cannot be surpassed.

He also invites those who are about to purchase, to call and examine his stock and prices—satisfied that they will be met with general approval.

Among his Stock now on Hand, are the latest Styles of

Wardrobes	Card Tables
Book Cases	Piano Stools
Centre Tables	Mahogany Rockers
Sofas	Bedsteads
Divans	Dining Tables
Sofa Tables	Arm Chairs
Dressing Bureaus	Mahogany Chairs
Marble Top Wash Stands	Walnut Do.
Mahogany Do. do.	&c. &c. &c.

——ALSO——

WRITING DESKS in great variety.

Frederick Clark,
195 *and* 197 *King Street, Victoria Range, Charleston, S. C.*

☞ All Furniture safely packed for Transportation.

Jan 9, 1850. 11 1y

Law Notices,

GEORGE W. MORGAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SUMTERVILLE, S. C.

☞ Office one door South of A. C. SPAIN's office.

Sumterville, June 5 32—tf

JOHN T. GREEN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Sumterville, S. C.

Will practice in the Courts of Law, for Sumter, Darlington and Kershaw Districts. Office one door below Clark's Hotel.

COLLETON H. TOBIAS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CHARLESTON, S. C.

Will practice in the Courts of Sumter, Kershaw, Darlington and Richland.

Jan 9, 1850. 1y

Law Notice.

The subscribers have this day formed a co-partnership in the practice of Law.

T. B. FRASER,
L. L. FRASER, JR.

Jan 1, 1850. 1y

THE CAMDEN BAZAAR.

The Subscribers beg leave to announce to their friends and Customers in Sumter, that they have just opened a splendid stock of FANCY and STAPLE GOODS; all of which they offer at the lowest prices possible. To the following articles they wish most particularly to draw the attention of purchasers:—

Plain, figured, and satin-striped Bareges
Figured and Embroidered Lawns
French and other calicoes
Tissue silks, and Ginghams
Plain and Figured Swiss Mulls
Plain and Figured Cambricks; Jaconets
Embroidered curtain muslins
Linens—Irish and Grass; Linen Cambric
Handkerchiefs, Lace Capes, and a great variety of Needlework Goods

Together with a general assortment of all other articles usually found at their establishment.

We wish to draw the attention of gentlemen to our stock of Ready-made Clothing, which embraces every article in that line.

M. DRUCKER & CO.

Columbia Advertisements.

SCOTT & EWART,
NO. 1, MERCHANTS' ROW,
Columbia, S. C.

Keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

Hardware & Groceries,

Consisting of
Bellows, Vises, Anvils, Hammers, &c.,
Planes, Saws, Gauges, Levels, Squares,
Mill Cranks, Mill Screws, Wrag Irons,
Mill Spindles, Winged Gudgeons, &c.,
LIME, Calcined Plaster. Nails, Hoes.
Plough Moulds. Iron and Steel, Locks,
Hinges, Screws, Bolts,
Window Fastenings, Pruning Shears,
Whale, Sperm and Linseed Oils,
Varnish, Paints, Paint Brushes,
White Lead, warranted pure, manufactured by Wekeritt & Brother, with a large and well selected stock of Shelf Harware and Cutlery.

——ALSO——

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Flour, Spices, Teas, &c. Any article not answering to description given will be exchanged, and all sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

☞ GOODS delivered at Rail Road Depot free of charge.

Jan 10, 1850 1y

CHINA, GLASS & EARTHEN WARE,
Wholesale and Retail.
R. MORRISON, & CO.
FIRST STORE NORTH OF THE MARKET,
COLUMBIA, S. C.

R. M. & CO. have on hand a full and complete assortment of *CHINA, GLASS* and *EARTHEN WARE*, together with general assortment of *BRITANIA AND PLATED WARE*, Gilt and Mahogany Framed Pier and Toilet Looking Glasses, &c., &c.

All of their Stock being entirely new, and selected by one of the firm, they flatter themselves, they will be enabled to give satisfaction, to purchasers, both in prices and quality.

ROBERT MORRISON.
WM. B. STANLEY.

April 24, 26 tlj

School Books,

Of Every Description from the Elementary Speller, to Latin and Greek, including Stationery of all kinds, for Sale by

A. J. & P. MOSES.

Brown, Lee & Co.,

Agents fo the Sale of *HARVIN'S* SHOES *and Harness.*

June 1 32 tf

Wool Wanted.

The highest market price paid for WOOL by A. J. & P. MOSES.

Charleston Advertisements.

Wm. Allston Gourdin,
FACTOR,
NO. 4, EAST BAY, CHARLESTON, S. C.

Is prepared to make liberal advances on Consignments of

Rice, Cotton, Corn, Sugar, Flour, Grain, Hay, &c.

REFERENCES.—Messrs. Gourdin, Matthiessen, & Co., George A. Hopley, Alonzo J. White, Charleston, S. C.; Tandy Walker, Esq., Greenville, S. C.

April 24, 1850. 26 1y

W. A. KENT & MITCHELL,
FASHIONABLE
Clothing and Out-Fitting
ESTABLISHMENT,
MASONIC HALL,
No. 268 King-street, corner of Wentworth, Charleston, S. C.

Purchasers will find at all times a full and complete stock of Gent's.

READY-MADE CLOTHING ARTICLES.

W. A. KENT. G. H. MITCHELL

Manufactory 113 Washington Stores N. Y.

May 1849. 30 tf

Merchants' Hotel,
BY STEEN & DIVVER.
Corner of King and Society-streets,
CHARLESTON, S. C.

This Hotel, situated in the business part of the city, offers every desirable comfort and convenience to the Traveling Community, and Permanent Boarders. The establishment is conducted strictly on Temperance Principles. TERMS MODERATE.

An Omnibus and Carriage will attend the Steamboat Wharf, and also to the Rail Road Depot, for the accomodation of Passengers.

Feb. 21 1850 1y

Trout & DeLange,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 112, EAST BAY,
Charleston, S. C.

Keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of Fresh burnt Stone Lime, Rosendale Cement, Plaster of Paris, New York Marble Lime, Philadelphia white do., Gypsum, or Farmers manuring Plaster, Fire and Hearth Bricks, Plastering Hair, and Building Materials in general.

ORDERS left with Messrs. J. T. SOLOMONS & CO. will meet with prompt attention.

Jan 23 1y

HARMONIC INSTITUTE,
FERDINAND ZOGBAUM,
Importer of
MUSIC, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
King street, Sign of the Lyre,
Charleston, S. C.

J. & E. DALY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BOOT, Shoe, Hat and TRUNK
WAREHOUSE,
NO. 326, KING-STREET,
Charleston, S. C.
(*Sign of the Golden Buck,*)
2 DOORS NORTH OF GEORGE-STRT.

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Edward C. Tharin,
AUCTIONEER,
AND
GEN'L. COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 24 Vendue Range, Charleston, S. C.

Keeps always on hand a general Stock of Groceries, &c., and disposes of every description of Produce at private sale.

References:

M. C. MORDECAI, Esq., and Col. JAMES GADSDEN. Jan 23, tf

W. C. Dukes & Son,
FACTORS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
SOUTH ATLANTIC WHARF,
Charleston, S. C.

Jan 23 1y

Paul T. Villepigue,
FACTOR,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
ACCOMMODATION WHARF,
Charleston, S. C.

Jan 23 1y

IMPROVED ENDLESS CHAIN
Water Elevators,

All Persons wishing the above Elevators can be supplied by the Subscriber, who is the Agent for the District of Sumter S. C

R. F. LIGON.

Sumterville, Oct. 31st 1849. 1 1y

A BUGGY

FOR SALE, Cheap for Cash Apply at this office.

DR TOWNSEND'S

OFFICE MANUFACTORY

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND'S
COMPOUND EXTRACT OF
SARSAPARILLA.
Wonder and Blessing of the Age.
The most extraordinary Medicine in the World

This Extract is put up in Quart Bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures disease without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the Patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other Medicines is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINES

ever known; it not only purifies the whole system and strengthens the person, but it creates, new, pure and rich blood; a power possessed by no other Medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success. It has performed within the last two years, more than one hundred thousand cures of severe cases of disease, at least, 50,000 were considered incurable. It has saved the lives of more than 15,000 children the three past seasons.

100,000 cases of General Debility and want of Nervous Energy.

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND'S Sarsaparilla invigorates the whole system permanently. To those who have lost their muscular energy, by the effects of medicine, or indiscretion committed in youth, or the excessive indulgence of the passions, and brought on by physical prostration of the nervous system, lassitude, want of ambition, fainting sensations, premature decay and decline, hastening toward that fatal disease, Consumption, can be entirely restored by this pleasant remedy. This Sarsaparilla is far superior to any

INVIGORATING CORDIAL,

As it renews and invigorates the system, gives activity to the limbs, and strength to the muscular system in a most extraordinary degree

Consumption Cured.

Cleanse and Strengthen. Consumption can be cured. *Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Soreness in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Difficult or Profuse Expectoration. Pain in the Side, &c., have been and can be cured.*

Spitting Blood.

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND—I verily believe your Sarsaparilla has been the means, through Providence, of saving my life. I have for several years had a bad Cough. It became worse and worse. At last I raised large quantities of blood, had night sweats, and was greatly debilitated and reduced, and did not expect to live. I have only used your Sarsaparilla a short time, and there has a wonderful change been wrought in me. I am now able to walk all over the city. I raise no blood, and my cough has left me. You can well imagine that I am thankful for these results. Your obedient servant. WM. RUSSEL, 65 Catherine-st.

Female Medicines.

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND'S Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for Incipient Consumption, Barrenness, Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Costiveness, Piles, Leucorrhœa, or Whites, obstructed or difficult Menstruation, Incontinence of Urine, or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system—no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident. Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons all weakness and lassitude, from taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of Barrenness. It will not be expected of us, in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted, that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Thousands of cases where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable Medicine, have been blessed with fine healthy offspring.

Great Blessing to Mothers and Children.

It is the safest and most effectual medicine for purifying the system, and relieving the sufferings attendant upon childbirt', ever discovered. It strengthens both the mother and the child, prevents pain and disease, increases and enriches the food; those who have used it, think it is indispensable. It is highly useful both before and after confinement, as it prevents diseases attendant upon child-birth—in Costiveness, Piles, Cramps, Swelling of the Feet, Despondency, Heartburn, Vomiting, Pain in the Back and Loins, False Pains, Hemorrhage, and in regulating the secretions and equalizing the circulation, it has no equal. The great beauty of the medicine is, it is always safe, and the most delicate use it most successfully, very few cases require any other medicine, in some a little Castor Oil, or Magnesia is useful. Exercise in the open air, and light food with this medicine, will always secure a safe and easy confinement.

The Rev. John Seger

Of Jersey City, an old and highly respectable clergyman of the Baptist Denomination, headed in the following certificate at Dr. S. P. Townsend's office. It speaks for itself.

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND—Dear Sir: I am constrained to give you a statement of the benefit I derived from using your Sarsaparilla, believing, by so doing, I shall render a benefit to those who are suffering as I have been. I was reduced for many months by the Dyspepsia, so much that it was with much difficulty for me to walk or keep about I had also a tetter, which covered the most part of my head—which was extremely troublesome and sore; it got to be almost a scab. I used quite a number of remedies for both the complaints, but received little or no benefit, until I took your Sarsaparilla, which, through the kindness of Providence, has restored me to more than my usual health, as I am now enjoying better than I have for a number of years. I am now 60 years of age. I believe it to be an invaluable medicine, and recommend it to my numerous acquaintances, which is very large, as I have been a minister a great many years. I hope this hasty sketch may be as much benefit to you as your medicine has to me.

July 11, 1847. JOHN SEGER, Jersey City.

Methodist Clergyman.

The following was sent to our Agent in Rahway, by the Rev. J. O. TUNISON, of the Methodist Episcopal Church—one of the most learned and respected in the connection—and is another evidence of the wonderful effects of Dr. S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla on the system.

FRIEND PEARSON—Having for some time past, as you are aware, experienced great general debility of my system, attended with constant and alarming irritation of my throat and lungs, I was, at your instance, and in consequence of having read Captain McLean's decided testimony in its behalf, induced to try Dr. S. P. Townsend's far-famed Sarsaparilla. I tried it, I confess, more in the hope than in the confidence of its proving efficacious; but I am bound in candor now to acknowledge, that I had not tried it long before I began to experience its salutary effects; and I may now say, with Captain McLean, "that I would not be without it on any consideration." It has done me more good than any previous remedy I have tried, and if this statement is deemed by you of any importance, you have my full consent to make it public.

Rahway, August 2d, 1847. J. O. TUNISON.

SCROFULA CURED.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

Three Children.

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND—Dear Sir: I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the Scrofula by the use of your excellent medicine. They were afflicted very severely with bad Sores; have taken only four bottles; it took them away, for which I feel myself under great obligation.

Very respectfully,
ISAAC W. CRAIN, 100 Wooster-st.

OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND is almost daily receiving orders from Physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to Certify that we, the undersigned Physicians of the City of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations in the market.

H. P. PULING, M. D.
J. WILSON, M. D.
R. B. BRIGGS, M. D.
P. E. ELMENDORF, M. D.

Albany, April 1, 1847.

Dr. S. P. Townsend's Principal Office has been removed from 126 Fulton, to 352 Nassau street, in the building formerly occupied by the South Baptist Church.

AGENTS.—Redding & Co., No. 8 State-street, and Mrs. E. Kidder, No. 100 Court-street, Boston; Samuel Kidder, Jr., Lowell; Henry Pratt, Salem; James B. Green, Worcester; Allison & Gault, Concord; J. Balch & Son, Providence; and by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the United States, West Indies, and the Canadas.

A. J. & P. MOSES,
Sole Agents for Sumter District

A Nice assortment of Spirit gass Lamps. Also, the Spirit-gass For sale by

L. B. HANKS.

Boots and Shoes,

Fur, Silk, Panama, Leghorn and Straw Hats, just opened by L. B. HANKS.

Blanks for Sale at this Office