

upon his own head. His wife, his daughters, labor diligently with the needle for daily bread; and will doubtless feel the bitterness of the unjust reproaches they have heaped upon them, in days when they revelled in their father's ill-gotten wealth. You are right, father," said Frederick, "and tho' he called me a scape-grace, reprobate, and all else that was disrespectful—as he thought to raise him in public opinion, by that means—I will endeavor to raise myself by forgiving him; for it has been truly said by an author of old, that the greatest man on earth can no sooner inflict an injury, than a good man can make himself greater by forgiving it. The old stand formerly occupied by Mr. Gruff, having been handsomely rebuilt, Millmay, on taking Frederick into partnership with him, removed into it; and the firm of Millmay & Son is at this time the most flourishing mercantile house in this place;—the head proprietor having long since proved to his numerous customers and to the world, to be the noblest work of God—'AN HONEST MAN.'"

He, who the Christian's course has run,  
And all his foes forgiven;  
Who's measured out life's little span,  
In love to God, and love to man,  
On earth, has tasted Heaven.  
Baltimore, 1846.

(From the New Orleans Picayune, February 7.)  
**LATER FROM TAMPICO.**  
Loss of the Ship Ondiaka—Col. De Russy and four Companies of Louisiana Volunteers wrecked—the Mexicans in possession of the Wreck—Conflicting Rumors—Reported Battle at Chihuahua, &c. &c.

There were two arrivals yesterday from Tampico—the brig Perfect, Captain Gardner, and the sloop, Charron, Captain Golding. The Perfect sailed on the 5th and the Charron on the 6th inst. The news by these arrivals, though somewhat indefinite in its details, possesses great interest. Quite the most important intelligence received is the loss of the ship Ondiaka. This fine ship got away from the Balize about the 20th ult. with four companies of the Louisiana regiment of volunteers, viz: Company C, Capt. Preg; Company F, Capt. Hunt; Company G, Capt. Pope; and Company K, Capt. Lewis. They were under the immediate command of Col. De Russy, and exceeded three hundred in number. The Ondiaka touched at the Brazos and sailed thence on the 25th ult. She was off the bar of Tampico on the 25th, and the next we hear of her is her total loss. The scene of the disaster, we learn from Captain Golding, was about thirty miles south of Tampico. Some passengers, with whom we have conversed, make the scene more distant, and one of them places it to the north of Tampico. This we incline to think an error, and presume the accident occurred to the south, and not very far from the island of Lobos. It must have happened on or about the 1st inst. All the troops on board, and the crew got safely ashore. The first rumour we had was that the troops were all taken prisoners as soon as they landed, glad to escape from the water with their lives. Subsequently a passenger, to whom we are indebted for much intelligence, assured us that they got safely ashore with their arms and a week's provisions, and at once erected a slight temporary defence. Capt. Golding confirms the report of the safety of all on board the ship, both from the waves and the Mexicans, and he adds that the first and second mates and the crew of the ship and all the volunteers had arrived at Tampico before the Charron left. He speaks of the condition of the volunteers as being deplorable, wanting shoes, hats and other necessary clothing, and he adds that the crew of the Ondiaka had been confined at Tampico to be used as witnesses in the legal questions growing out of the loss of the ship, or on suspicion of having abandoned their ship. Capt. Hesley, who commanded the Ondiaka on this voyage, had not reached Tampico, nor do we hear that he had left his vessel ashore.

The steamer Ondiaka was dispatched from Tampico, upon hearing of the loss of the Ondiaka, with company H of the third Artillery on board, to render any assistance that might be required. The boat had not returned when the Charron sailed, but a pilot boat is said to have arrived at Tampico with a rumor that this company of artillery had in some way been surprised and cut off by a body of 800 Mexican cavalry. We place very little confidence in this story, but are compelled to give it, because it reaches us by two or three distinct channels. We had another rumor, which we came near omitting, that the Mexicans had attacked the volunteers after they had landed, and succeeding in seizing their week's supply of provisions, and that this led to the dispersal and forced march of the volunteers to Tampico. A more probable version of these stories is this, that after the volunteers and crew had left the vicinity of the wreck, some Mexican irregular troops took possession of it, and upon the arrival of the Ondiaka, the artillery company found themselves anticipated.

From the Delta.  
**NEWS FROM TAMPICO.**  
The news which we publish from Tampico is important and interesting. The report of the battle between the Mexicans and a part of Gen. Kearney's command at Chihuahua, we do not think at all improbable, though the details may be considerably exaggerated. The Mexicans, who inhabit the city and state of Chihuahua, are a superior race to those who live further south. They are brave, determined, and possess

comparatively considerable resources for defence. The American force detached from General Kearney's command, is the regiment of Mounted Volunteers, commanded by Col. Dunlaphan. They are hardy Missourians—men of iron frames, of indomitable courage, and resistless vigor—men who have travelled near two thousand miles to get a fight, and when accommodated in their desire, would not be likely to make it a small fight.

**VERY INTERESTING FROM MEXICO.**  
*Correspondence of the Daily Delta.*  
IN TAMPICO, Feb. 2.  
The frigate Rariton was off the bar this morning, and an officer and boat's crew are in the city to-night.  
News, or a rumor, reached the city to-day, probably from the squadron, that Commissioners had been sent from Mexico, to arrange the difficulties existing between the two governments. It is hard to swallow.  
TAMPICO, Feb. 4, 1847—10 P.M.  
*Eds. Delta.*—We have some very important news from Chihuahua, which is generally credited by the officers of the army, and which, if true, reflects another victory upon our arms. A commercial house in this city, which has a branch in Chihuahua, received a letter from their agents there, under a very late date, stating that an American force from Santa Fe, a part of Gen. Kearney's command, had showed themselves near Chihuahua, and were immediately attacked by a superior Mexican force. A long and sanguinary battle was fought, in which the slaughter on both sides is said to have been very great, surpassing, according to numbers, any which has yet been fought. Ultimately the Americans were victorious, and entered the town, and placing our flag in the place of the Mexican, in the principal square, proclaimed the town to be taken in the name of the United States of America. The letter particularly stated that the men were principally Missourians, and immediately set them down as Col. Price's men. I must say that this news receives more credit here than any Mexican news that has been in circulation since I have been in this country.

So hostile are the people around Tampico at this time, that they will not bring in their cattle, or sell them to our butchers for beef. From Victoria down here, they have paid great attention to the orders of the "big men" of their country, not to furnish us with any thing to eat. There is one thing certain, that if they will not bring in their cattle and receive pay, the army will go after it and take it for nothing.  
A very malignant fever prevails at this time in the hospital at Tampico, and many of our soldiers are suffering from it. The physicians have been much troubled with it, and have now pronounced it a mild type of the yellow fever. Here as at Monterey, there is, and has been a great abundance of fruit, and it has been so cheap that every one could obtain it; and I believe the disease may be more accurately attributed to the fruit than the climate.  
TAMPICO Feb. 6, 1847.  
The account I sent you yesterday of the occupation of Chihuahua by our troops, is more generally believed than I anticipated, but General Patterson is of the opinion that the only light of consequence was in the pass leading to the city, and the loss we sustained was very light. I should be happy to state this to you as a matter of certainty.  
The volunteers from the Ondiaka have not yet reached town, but I feel quite certain they will be up this morning.  
The Quartermaster was very busy yesterday in inspecting the wagons at this post, and I believe he reckoned up 450 fit for immediate use, enough to transport the baggage and provisions for the entire force now here. There was an arrival during the day from the Brazos, and orders to get all the wagons in readiness may have come from Gen. Scott.  
Gen. Patterson has issued his orders with regard to the exorbitant demands of the Mexicans, and rents and all dues will have to come down to their original value.  
The General says that he has had information that there was much neglect of duty on the part of the officers and crew of the Ondiaka, and that he shall keep them in custody until the matter is investigated.  
The "Tampico Sentinel," an American paper, will go the rounds for the first time, to-day.

From the Charleston Mercury.  
**LATER FROM MEXICO.**  
The bark St. Mary's, from Havana arrived at New Orleans on the 17th inst., bringing dates from Vera Cruz to the 1st inst., and from the city of Mexico to the 29th ult. From the New Orleans Evening Mercury, of the 18th inst., we copy the following summary.  
SANTA ANNA, at the last dates was at San Luis Potosi, his army represented to be about 22,000 strong, destitute of clothing and food; and, with but little prospect of relief, as the bill authorizing the hypothecation of the church property in negotiating a loan of \$15,000,000, or if necessary to sell, a sufficiency of it to raise that sum, was apparently of no avail, although it had received the sanction of SANTA ANNA. The whole body of the clergy had protested against it, and a large portion of the lower classes sided with the clergy; and such was the general feeling in relation to the measure that it had been found impossible to borrow, and the impression appeared to be that if seizure and sale of the property were resorted to, no purchasers could be

found. It is almost needless to add that the rumor of SANTA ANNA's assassination in consequence of opposition to this measure was entirely unfounded. It has been proposed in Congress by several deputies to repeal the law empowering the Government to sell or hypothecate the property not cultivated, called in Mexico dead property, but these propositions were not countenanced. The Governor of San Luis Potosi issued a decree on the 30th ult., providing for the raising of a loan in that State of \$50,000 to meet the immediate expenses of the army. This sum the Governor is authorized either to borrow, or seize by force, by the Congress of the State.  
No mention is made in the papers of the capture of Chihuahua, by our troops, but the report of a battle in its vicinity is fully confirmed.  
Gen. LA VEGA has been appointed Governor of the State of Vera Cruz. Among those who know his aspirations, it is believed this appointment will not give him satisfaction. He expected to be appointed second in command in the army. Does he desire military renown, however, he will have an opportunity of displaying his prowess should Vera Cruz be attacked.  
SANTA ANNA it is said has given much dissatisfaction to the older officers of the army by his military appointments. Men have been appointed to high commands utterly ignorant of military affairs. Some have been appointed who have notoriously made themselves wealthy by plundering the Treasury when holding civil offices, and others who were among the banditti of the country have been commissioned—all for their services in bringing about the restoration to power of their rewarder.  
SANTA ANNA it is stated was preparing to leave San Luis, it was supposed for Tula, on the direct road between San Luis and Tampico. He is much censured by the press for his inactivity, but it is doubtful if he will seek an encounter with our army.

**FROM BRAZOS SANTIAGO.**  
The schooner Sea, FLANDERS, arrived at New Orleans on the 17th inst. from Brazos Santiago, from whence she sailed on the 6th inst. She brings intelligence that Lieut. KRETZ, of the 6th Infantry, bearer of despatches from Gen. SCOTT to Gen. TAYLOR, with an escort of ten dragoons, was cut off by the enemy between Monterey and Victoria, and all killed. The despatches which have thus fallen into the hands of the enemy are said to have been important, giving the plan of intended operations.  
The Sea brings accounts that Gen. WORTH had received a communication from Capt. W. W. CHAMMAN, dated at Saltillo on the 25th ult., stating that Major BURLAND, of the Arkansas cavalry, with 50 men, and Majors GAINES and CASSIUS M. CLAY, with 30 men were surprised and captured at Encarnacion, about 45 miles beyond Saltillo, on the morning of the 23d, by Gen. MINON. MINON had 500 cavalry. Generals SCOTT and WORTH were retreating at Brazos Santiago. The latter, it was understood, would soon embark for Tampico.  
The Court Martial which tried Col. HARNEY on the charge of disobedience of orders, sentenced him to be reprimanded. Gen. SCOTT remitted the sentence, and ordered him to the discharge of the duties for the neglect of which he had been tried.

**THE ARMY BILL.**—Passed the Senate on the 10 inst., upon the basis of a report from the joint committee of conference of both Houses, recommending a modified proviso, to which the House promptly agreed, and which, after some debate, was adopted by the Senate, by an apparently large majority, as the vote was not counted. The proviso as it stands authorizes the President to appoint all the officers "below the grade of field officers," during the recess of the Senate, not subject to confirmation by the ensuing session of the Senate. One of the Regiments of Infantry at the discretion of the President, is to be organized and equipped as Voltigeurs and as foot riflemen, and to be provided with a rocket and mountain howitzer battery.—*S. Carolinian.*

**A MAN OF ALL WORK.**—Commodore Stockton is not only the Governor of California, but he is also the religious comforter and adviser. The Polynesian, of August, 1st, devotes three columns to the publication of a sermon preached on the afternoon of the 28th June, before the Rev. Mr. Armstrong's congregation, by Commodore Robert F. Stockton, of the U. S. Navy! Rev. Mr. Armstrong interpreted the gallant Commodore's talk to the natives, as delivered. We have heard of sailors spinning yarns, but it is something new for them to weave sermons.

**HORRIBLY BRUTAL.**  
The N. Y. Police Gazette of the 20th ult. mentions that a late number of the St. Louis Gazette records that an Englishman, a wealthy man there, had a boy named "Reuben" almost white, whom he caused to be branded in the face with the words, "a slave for life." It has always been remarked that strangers to the domestic institution of slavery, on becoming owners of slaves, are, generally, severe and cruel masters; and the instance just mentioned is a horribly brutal illustration of the fact.

**SCENE IN BOSTON.**  
The same paper has the following. Rev. Mr. Phillips tells of a scene he recently witnessed in the wealthy city of Boston. In a miserable hotel which he entered, he

found a man lying dead, with some of his family drunk about him. In the same room with the corpse, a couple were being married—the bridegroom wearing the very clothes which the dead man had just cast off, and everything was going on merrily as though it was a very joyful time.  
[Such a narration tells its own tale and needs no comment. Ed. Ban.]

**THE BANNER:**  
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We remind our readers that Saturday, the 13th of this month, is return day; an court will be held on the 20th, the first Monday after the fourth Monday in March.

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Col. John Moore was called to the chair, and W. F. B. Haynsworth, Esq., was appointed secretary.  
The Hon. F. J. Moses addressed the meeting in an appropriate, spirited and fervent address, closing with the submission of the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:  
*Whereas*, The distress and suffering of the people of Ireland present claims upon the sympathies and charities of the civilized world, not to be disregarded;  
*Resolved*, That the people of Sumter District, South Carolina, are sensibly alive to this demand on their humanity and philanthropy, and desire to make a ready response;  
*Resolved*, That, for the purpose of accomplishing this noble design, a call be immediately made upon the citizens of this District for contributions to be applied to the relief of the suffering of the Irish people, and that a Committee be forthwith appointed to make application for subscriptions.

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After the appointment of this Committee, subscriptions were immediately taken up from those present to the amount of \$200.  
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**TRI-WEEKLY MAIL TO DARLINGTON.**  
The necessities and wants of the people require that the continually increasing facilities of the times, for transportation of all kinds, and in particular of passengers, the mail and heavier and very bulky freights, should be extended to all places, which can be reached without such pecuniary loss as would prevent or crush the practicability or utility of such extension. Admitting the prevalence of such a principle and opinion in this country, and that it is the duty of our rulers to act for the welfare of the people, as they are their servants, agents and instruments for its promotion, and that the interests of the people demand the recognition and acknowledgment of such a principle, it is evident that it is the duty of our rulers to take and carry into effect all practicable and advisable measures for the true welfare of the country.  
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**CONTEMPLATED STAGE LINE.**  
A late number of the Wilmington Chronicle understands that the Messrs. PETERS, extensive stage line operators in Georgia and Alabama, contemplate the establishment of a daily line of stages between Wilmington, N. C. and Manchester, S. C., in anticipation of the proposed rail road.

**STORE BREAKING AND ROBBERY.**  
About 7 o'clock on the evening of Friday, Feb. 26, the store of Mr. A. J. Moses, in this place, was robbed of money to the amount of sixty-five dollars, or more; as the amount has not yet been precisely ascertained. The robbery was committed while the clerks were absent at supper.—There is reason to believe that the robber concealed himself in the store until the absence of the clerks, committed the robbery, and then got out of the store by breaking open and through the window in the bedroom of the chief clerk. The boldness of this robbery and the early hour of its commission should serve as a warning to all and in particular to our merchants.

**MURDER AND SUICIDE.**  
On the 3rd of February, it was our painful lot to record the murder of his wife and two children, on the 30th of January, by Reuben Stark near Fulton in Clarendon County of this District, and his immediately subsequent unsuccessful attempt at suicide.  
It is again our painful duty now to record a murder of a similar nature, attended by successful suicide, committed by a man of the name of Samuel Stuckey, on Feb. 23rd, near Spring Hill in Claremont County of this District.  
Stuckey, it seems, had not well treated his wife, had left her suddenly and unknown to her, and after, converting the greater part of his property into ready money, had gone to Georgia to seek a new location, as was supposed. This was 6 or 7 weeks since. His wife, finding him gone, she knew not where, by her friends' advice, sold the remaining property, and went to live with her mother. On the 20th of Feb. Stuckey returned at night and asked lodging, as a traveller merely, at her

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