

**FOR PRESIDENT.**  
**RUTHERFORD B. HAYES,**  
OF OHIO.

**FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.**  
**WILLIAM A. WHEELER,**  
OF NEW YORK.

**Republican State Nominations.**

**FOR GOVERNOR,**  
**D. H. CHAMBERLAIN.**

**LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,**  
**R. H. GLEAVES.**

**SECRETARY OF STATE,**  
**HENRY F. HAYNE.**

**COMPTROLLER GENERAL,**  
**T. C. DUNN.**

**STATE TREASURER,**  
**F. L. CARDOZO.**

**ATTORNEY GENERAL,**  
**R. B. ELLIOTT.**

**SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,**  
**JOHN B. TOLBERT.**

**ADJUTANT GENERAL,**  
**JAMES KENNEDY.**

**FOR CONGRESS, FIRST DISTRICT,**  
**R. H. CAIN.**

**PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.**  
*At Large.*

**C. C. BOWEN.**

**JOHN WINSMITH.**

*Districts.*

1. **T. B. JOHNSON.**

2. **T. HURLEY.**

3. **W. B. NASH.**

4. **WILSON COOK.**

5. **W. S. HAYES.**

**FOR 44th CONGRESS.**

**UNEXPIRED TERM.**

**C. W. BUTTZ.**

**SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1876.**

**Platform of the Republican Party of South Carolina.**

1. The republican party of the state of South Carolina, in convention assembled, believing that the principles of equal civil and political rights are vital to the interests of good government, and that they can only be enforced by the party which has engrained them upon the state and national constitutions, hereby reaffirms its confidence in the national republican party by pledging firm adherence to the platform adopted by the Cincinnati convention in this the one hundredth year of American independence.

2. We hereby pledge our undivided support to the standard bearers of that party, Rutherford B. Hayes and William A. Wheeler, whose unblemished and statesmanlike record in the past is sufficient assurance that all reform lying within the province of their respective offices will be earnestly prosecuted and the national government wisely and economically administered, with due regard to the rights and interests of the whole American people.

We heartily endorse the administration of President Grant, so honestly and economically conducted as to exalt the nation in the estimation of the world and advance its faith and credit. We recognize in the soldier statesman and president a firm, devoted lover of American liberty, a stern unflinching champion and protector of the rights of American citizens at home and abroad, and we will ever hold in grateful remembrance his deeds in war, in peace, in all that makes our country great—though the youngest of the nations, yet the equal of all.

4. That in presenting to the people of South Carolina our nominees for the high offices of the state for the coming two years, we believe we should make plain and unmistakable the aims and principles to which we stand pledged, in the event of their

election; not in glittering generalities of reform, but in specific and substantial articles.

5. We declare our abhorrence and repudiation of all forms of violence, intimidation or fraud in the conduct of elections, or for political purposes, and denounce the same as a crime against the liberty of American citizens as well as the common rights of humanity; and, while we insist upon and will jealously guard the right of every citizen freely to choose his political party, and deny the unfounded charge that the republican party countenances any interference with colored voters who may choose to vote the democratic ticket; we protest against and denounce the practice now inaugurated by the democratic party in this state of attending republican meetings and by show of force and other forms of intimidation of disturbing such meetings or taking part therein without the consent or invitation of the party calling them.

6. We pledge ourselves to thorough reform in all departments of the state government; where abuses shall be found to exist, and, as an earnest of the same, declare our purpose of submitting to the qualified voters of the State the following specific reforms as amendments to the State constitution.

1. That the present adjustment of the bonded debt of the State shall be inviolable.

2. That the general assembly shall meet only once in every two years, and that the length of no session thereof shall exceed seventy days.

3. That the number of sessions of courts of general sessions and common pleas shall be reduced to two annually in each county, with power reserved to the judges to call special sessions when necessary.

4. That the veto power of the governor shall be so modified as to allow of the disapproval of a part without effect upon the rest of an act.

5. That agricultural interests shall be relieved from burdensome taxation by a more equitable distribution of taxes and by the inauguration of a system of licenses fixed upon fair principles.

6. That no public funds shall ever be used for the support of sectarian institutions.

7. That the enormous evil of local taxation and legislation shall be prohibited whenever private interests can be protected under general laws.

8. And inasmuch as the system of free schools was created in the State by the Republican party, and should be especially fostered and protected by it, we pledge ourselves to the support of the amendment to the State constitution, now before the people, establishing a permanent tax for the support of free schools, and preventing the removal of school funds from the counties where raised.

7. We pledge ourselves and the nominees of the Republican party of this State to the securing of the following purposes by legislative enactment.

1. The further and lowest reduction of salaries of all public servants consistent with the necessities of government.

2. The reduction of fees and costs, especially of attorneys in civil cases, and the amendment of the laws governing the settlement of estates in such manner as to secure a more economical administration and settlement of small estates.

3. The immediate repeal of the agricultural lien law.

4. Public printing to be reduced at least one-third of the present appropriation.

5. Convict labor to be utilized under such laws as shall secure humane treatment, and the support of convicts without needless expense to the State.

6. The annual appropriations for public institutions to be economically made and properly expended.

7. The number of trial justices to be reduced throughout the State, and each justice to be assigned to specific territory, with moderate salaries to cover costs of criminal business, adjusted in proportion to population.

8. Recognizing the enormous expense of fencing farms, and the scarcity of timber in some sections of the State, we feel it to be necessary that practical relief be afforded to the people of the State, and we pledge ourselves to secure such legislation upon the subjects as will give to the electors of each county the right to regulate this question for themselves.

9. That whereas in some of the upper counties of the State certain evil disposed persons have induced

many citizens to disregard and violate the revenue laws of the United States, and in violation of the rights of the citizen, and it is apparent from the action of the national democratic house of representatives that the revenue tax will be continued, we therefore earnestly recommend that his Excellency, the President of the United States, do grant a general amnesty and pardon for all violations previous to this time. And the senators are hereby instructed, and the representatives in Congress are requested, to urge this action without delay.

10. We charge the democratic party with perversion of all truth and history; with opposition to all the interests of the masses; with fostering class preferences and discriminations; with a denial of rights to those who do not accept their political dogmas; with constant and persistent antagonism to the principles of justice and humanity; with a resistance to the manifest will of the people and spirit of the age; with a determination to make slavery national and liberty sectional; with a purpose to rend the union in twain to perpetuate human bondage; with plunging the nation into a fratricidal war; with deluging the land in blood and filling it with sorrow and distress; with burdening the people with a debt that makes a higher taxation necessary and continuous; with opposition to the reconstruction of the States they had violently forced into a confederacy; with resistance to the passage and ratification of the amendments to the constitution of the United States made necessary by the results of the war, which clothed the humblest in the nation with citizenship and placed in his hands the power of protecting it; with a purpose to reopen sectional prejudices and animosities, to make "the war a failure," reconstruction "void" and the amendments to the Constitution nullities; with deception, misrepresentation, extravagance in the conduct of government, dishonesty in the disbursement of the public funds and an abuse of the public confidence with fraud in the management of elections; with intimidations of electors; with atrocities during political campaigns unheard of in civilized communities; with assassinations and murders of those whose only offending was a steadfast adherence to the principles of the republican party; with threatenings of violence and death against those who advocate the perpetuity of the republican party; with armed preparation and hostile intent in the States of the South, intending by such a formidable array to frighten or force Republicans into a support of their party and partisans, or to remain away from the polls; with disseminating to the North by assurances of an acceptance of the results of the war, a desire for reconciliation and brotherly relations, when they are only thirsting for the opportunity to secure what they have lost to the ascendancy of the national democratic party to power and thus inflict upon the nation further evils and embarrassments; with nominating national and State officers known for their antagonism to all the Republican party has accomplished.

10. Reiterating our reliance in the justice of our cause and the truth of the principles underlying our national platform, and of the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth amendments of the constitution of the United States, pointing with gratification to the many important reforms established by the Republican party of our State during the last few years, we invoke the guidance and blessing of divine Providence upon our standard bearers and upon the whole people of South Carolina. And we the members of the Republican party, in convention assembled, do hereby earnestly pledge ourselves to an uncompromising support of its nominees, with the firm hope and the solemn determination to guard our rights, protect our friends and elect our candidates.

ORANGEBURG, S. C. Sept. 30th 1876.

A Meeting of the Orangeburg Agricultural and Mechanical Association was held this morning, Dr. T. A. Elliott acting as Chairman. Dr. W. F. Barton then stated that this meeting had been called by the Board of Directors for the purpose of considering the propriety of holding the Annual Fair of the Association as advertised for November 1st 1876. The matter having been thoroughly discussed, the following resolution was then unanimously adopted:

Resolved That in view of the pre-

sent political state of the County, and the financial stringency of the times, on account of the low price of cotton, we think it best not to hold the Annual Fair of the Association this year.

Dr. W. F. Barton, president of the Association, then tendered his letter of resignation, stating as his reason for resigning, that his health was failing, and he was unable to discharge the duties of the office any longer.

On motion the resignation of Dr. W. F. Barton was accepted, and a vote of thanks was tendered to him for the able and efficient manner in which he had conducted the affairs of the Association. This vote was taken by rising, and with great regret we parted with our beloved and honored President. The meeting then adjourned.

Kirk Robinson,  
Secretary.

Immediately after the adjournment of the Association the Board of Directors held a meeting, and elected Mr. Morgan J. Keller to fill the vacancy in the Board, and Captain John L. Moorcer was elected President of the Association. The following resolution was then adopted by the Board:

Resolved That the proceedings of this call meeting of the Association, and of the meeting of the Board of Directors be published in the Orangeburg News and Times. The meeting then adjourned.

Kirk Robinson,  
Secretary.

[FOR THE NEWS AND TIMES.]

ORANGEBURG, S. C.

September 30th 1876.

Editor Orangeburg News and Times:

DEAR SIR:

In this morning's issue of the Charleston Journal of Commerce, a correspondent (Ubet) from Orangeburg, does you injustice, (unwittingly, I doubt not) by mistaking your paper for another, and charging you with discourtesy toward me. I beg leave, willingly and with pleasure, to say that from the ORANGEBURG NEWS AND TIMES, its Editor and whole staff, I have received nothing but marked courtesy and kindness.

Truly Yours,  
J. BACHMAN HASKELL.

A Wrong Impression.

ORANGEBURG, S. C.,

September 30, 1876.

To the Journal of Commerce:

In your issue of this morning, one of your correspondents from Orangeburg, signing himself "Ubet," induces the impression (doubtless inadvertently) that I was treated with discourtesy by the editor of the Orangeburg News and Times, and publicly rebuked him for the same.

It is true that I, in connection with a brother clergyman of this town, was treated with unprovoked discourtesy, and that I referred to it as stated, but it was by the editor of another paper.

In justice to the editor of the Orangeburg News and Times, I ask the use of your valued columns to say that from him and his staff I have ever received marked courtesy and kindness.

Respectfully yours,  
J. BACHMAN HASKELL.

The Convention Train.

AIR "GOSSPEL TRAIN."

The Convention train that's coming,  
Is heard on every hand;  
Be sure and have your baggage checked,  
For Cainians happy land.

CHORUS:  
Get on board for Cainian,  
There's scarcely room for more.

The echo from the rivers  
For all to be in time;  
O! people you've forever lost,  
If Cain is left behind.

Get on board for Cainian,  
There's scarcely room for more.

No cliques, no gags, no bartering,  
Allowed along this line;  
No Democrats on board this train,  
For all are left behind.

Get on board for Cainian,  
There's scarcely room for more.

No signal for another train,  
To follow on the line;  
She is bound for "Senate station,"  
And sure to make her time.

Get on board for Cainian,  
There's scarcely room for more.

The Duncan trestle she will cross,  
Although its bad condition,  
With Cain the engineer and boss,  
We'll land at "Senate Station."

Get on board for Cainian,  
There's scarcely room for more.

Get on board for Cainian,  
There's scarcely room for more.

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There's scarcely room for more.

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[Advertisement.]  
**A CARD.**

Having read an article in the last issue of the "Free Citizen" of Orangeburg S. C. that was intended to cast ridicule upon a respected clergyman, I felt it a duty to call upon Mr. E. A. Webster of that paper, and enquired if a certain gentleman (whom I named,) was the party to whom the item of ridicule referred, and demanding a reply in writing, I have received it from Mr. Webster as follows:

ORANGEBURG, S. C.  
Oct., 4th 1876.

J. Hermann Walters:

SIR:

Your note says, "In your issue of Saturday last, I observed an allusion to a minister of the Gospel which is generally believed had reference to the Rev. ——— pastor of the ——— church.

I desire to know whether said impression is correct or not. An answer will oblige."

"In reply I would state that I am in no way responsible for "said impression." It might be well to ask those that assert that "said impression is correct" for their authority. I for one am quite ready to stand by any assertion that I have made in reference to the matter in question. As no personal allusion was made to Mr. ——— in the last issue of the Citizen I do not now propose to make it personal by stating to you that I was informed that the Rev. ——— was the minister of the Gospel that had the conversation with a colored man to which reference was made in the last issue of the Citizen, nor that he was not the minister in question as reported to me, nor whether I knew who that minister was."

He claims that he is not responsible for the impression made by the article, and that he is ready to stand by any assertion he made. I claim that as a public journalist he is responsible for impressions, when they are printed even ever so ambiguously as to assail a member of the clergy, who is powerless by reason of his vows to resent ridicule. Again he claims that he neither will or will not say that he referred to the gentleman in question. Here he uses the sophistry of the special pleader to cover up under the guise of independence the slur he attempted to cast.

If he were a gentleman, he would not have dodged the issue in this manner. But knowing nothing of the conventionalities of Southern society and less of its virtues, he seems content to occupy the position of slanderer and coward combined. This is not the first time that E. A. Webster has insulted the respected clergy of this County; nor is it the one hundredth time that he has ridiculed its white people. To make him oscillate between the boot and the cowhide would probably result in a trial before his august Court as Trial Justice. To bruise his body would give him a chance to raise the bloody shirt. So I have come to the conclusion to pronounce him and his villainous crew arrant cowards and beneath the uttermost contempt of honorable men the world over. But for this fact I should pursue a different course.

I regard his reply as a shuffling evasion of my demand. I believe that the article was printed with the writer's usual partizan zeal, to defame this community, and even if possible to stain the fair names of our clergy. I believe the author of it capable of traducing the most blameless citizens, and his course recently as seen by his sheet shows that even the pulpit is maligned by him. When men cannot press political claims without stooping so low as this, they earn that supreme contempt that attaches to willing slanderers, and which sinks them to a depth of degradation below the notice of any, who respecting virtue and the representatives of the pulpit, must despise and loath him who is mean enough to cast an innuendo, and too unmanly to repair a cruel wrong.

J. HERMAN WALTERS.

MARRIED—On the 24th of September 1876, by the Rev. J. D. A. Brown, Mr. A. B. WALKER, formerly of Barnwell County, S. C., to Miss S. R. NORRIS, formerly of Edgefield County, S. C. All of this Town. No Cards.

DEPARTED this life on the third of August 1876, at Glenalter near Orangeburg, Mrs. Sophia Glover, of a long and painful illness which she bore with patience, and resignation to the Divine Will. She died a Christian and I hope through the merits of a crucified Redeemer, the heart that had throbbed under so many sorrows, is at rest where the weary are at rest. Where sickness and sorrow, pain and death are felt, and feared no more. Farewell my beloved friends, I hope we will meet in a better world than this, where farewells are unknown.

J. H.

**NOTICE.**

The several Democratic Clubs throughout the County of Orangeburg are hereby notified that the Central Executive Committee is composed of the following named gentlemen:

- Capt. James F Izlar, Chairman.
- Dr. O. H. OIL.
- Dr. O. W. Bowman,
- Maj. J. H. Hydrick,
- Col. John C Edwards,
- Wm. T. Rives, Esq.
- James H. Fowles, Esq.
- W. A. Mackay, Esq.
- F. A. Schiffley, Secretary.

The Rooms of the Committee have been established over the Citizens Saving Bank Building in the Town of Orangeburg, S. C.

The Secretary will be found at the Executive Rooms every day (Sundays excepted) from 9 o'clock A. M. to 2 o'clock P. M. prepared to receive Reports and give any information wanted.

All communications to the Committee will hereafter be directed to the Secretary.

JAMES F. IZLAR, Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of the County of Orangeburg, S. C.

F. A. SCHIFFLEY, Secretary.

oct 7 21

Samer S. Howell R. Heber Scriven

**HOWELL & SCRIVEN**

Factors and Commission Merchants

Accommodation Wharf, CHARLESTON, S. C.

Solicitors Consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores and Rice

oct 7 2m

**NOTICE.**

OFFICE OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONER, ORANGEBURG COUNTY.

ORANGEBURG, S. C., October 2nd 1876.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the School Districts of Orangeburg County at the Commissioners office on Saturday September 30th 1876, it was agreed that Teachers should be paid this Scholastic year according to the grades held, \$20, \$25, \$40. After which the following resolutions were introduced and adopted:

WHEREAS, the present term, for which our School Commissioner was elected will soon expire; and our existing relationship under the present term will soon terminate, and this perhaps may be the last opportunity for us to assemble as a County Board of Trustees under his rule. THEREFORE, Be it

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt thanks for the uniform kindness shown us by the Rev. T. Phillips School Commissioner, and his hearty co-operation in the difficult task assigned him in looking after the school interests of our different School Districts. Be it

Resolved, That whilst we recognize the fact that there is much yet to be accomplished in the noble work of education as established under the new order of things, yet under existing circumstances, the progress thus far made is encouraging and assures us that with care and more material, the system of Free Common Schools under an experienced Commissioner in the course of time can be brought up to a higher and much improved standard; also our thanks to J. Hammond Fortham and E. A. Webster for their interest in selecting efficient teachers for our schools under whose management there has been great improvement and great good done. That we heartily endorse the administration of Rev. Thomas Phillips School Commissioner and commend him to the voters of Orangeburg County for re-election.

oct 7 11

**VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL.**

I am prepared to receive a few Pupils more in Vocal and Instrumental Music.

Apply to

ANTON BERG.

sep 30 1f

**SCHOOL NOTICE.**

All parties desirous of becoming employed in the Free Common Schools of School District No. 10, Orange Township will hand in their letter of application accompanied with certificates granted by County, Board of Examiners on or before the 19th of October 1876. The Board will meet on said date to elect Teachers.

V. D. BOWMAN,  
Clerk Board Trustees  
School District No. 10,

sep 30 2f

**Attention Edisto Rifle Club,**

Attend your Regular Quarterly Parade on Tuesday October 10th at 4 o'clock P. M. For the benefit of new members there will be volunteer squad drills on the following evenings at 7 1-2 o'clock P. M. Saturday October 6th.

Officers Drill Monday Oct 9th at 7 1-2 o'clock.

By Order of the Captain.

F. S. DETREVILLE,  
Secretary.

sep 30 2f

**Administrators Sale.**

By virtue of an order of the Probate Court, I will sell on the 18th day of October 1876, at the late residence of Mary S. Bolen deceased, all the perishable property deceased, consisting of: Horse, Cattle, Hogs, Household and Kitchen Furniture Terms Cash.

JOHN S. BOLEN,  
Qualified Administrator,

September 29 1876.

sep 30 2f

**FOR RENT**

The Two Story Building in the Town of Lewisville. The first Story fitted up as a Store, complete in all respects. The second Story arranged for a Residence.

For particulars apply to

GEORGE BOLIVER,

aug. 5 1f