

GOVERNOR TILLMAN'S INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

Before an audience of four thousand people on the 4th instant B. R. Tillman was inaugurated Governor of South Carolina, and delivered his inaugural address. It is a paper replete with research, clearness of comprehension, and forcible suggestion.

Impressed with the magnitude of the responsibility resting upon him, he devotes himself to the subjects under consideration with an evident desire to be fair and at the same time correct, and seeks to probe to the bottom. Some of his suggestions may not be practicable, but they are well put, and he courts discussion, and difference if need be, on the part of the Legislature, assuring them that he has no pride of opinion.

His address is an agreeable surprise in its tone, and baring a tinge now and then of egotism, is a State paper of great force and ability. There is no clap-trap or stumpy orator style about it, but the dignified repose and keen analysis of the student and logician. He has devoted his time since the election to a study of the condition and needs of the State, and boldly asserts his views and calmly gives a reason for every change suggested.

It is the most elaborate inaugural delivered since 1876, and stamps him as a man of very decided ability, and we trust presages a conservative and progressive administration. It should be read by every citizen of the State and we will therefore only make a running comment on its details.

His declaration on the negro question and denunciation of lynch law will go far towards assuring them of his intention to do them justice and protect their rights. We are not familiar enough with the school problem to appreciate his plan as to having square school districts, but one familiar with the scheme with whom we have conversed, regards it a good one.

His opinion of the necessity of a College for the women of the State, and tribute and recommendations as to the Winthrop training school, are eminently proper and forcible.

His views on the modes of assessing and equalizing taxes, are well conceived and expressed, and if a wholesome change can be effected much good will be accomplished, for a change is certainly needed.

He appreciates the necessity of sustaining the credit of the State, and while his views may be rather chimerical as to reducing taxes by increasing phosphate royalty and pledging the income from this source as security for the debt, yet they are worthy of consideration, and if practicable would be a relief.

His increase of the poll tax for school purposes, and raising the phosphate royalty, are not measures of reduction, but are certainly on the line, as he expresses it, "that rigidity is often false economy."

His resume of the condition of the Asylum and the Penitentiary, and suggestions as to remedying certain defects in both institutions, are not altogether novel, yet are on their face just and proper.

His onslaught on the Cosaw Phosphate Mining Company is justified by the manner in which it acquired its rights originally, and under the opinion of Attorney Generals Connor, Earle and Pope it is worthy of an effort to test the question as to whether it has a lease which expires next March or vested rights in perpetuo. He speaks in no uncertain sound on this and every question he touches, and perspicuity marks his every utterance.

He is outspoken in advocating an appropriation for the Citadel, and equally plain in suggesting that the University be reduced to a classical and literary institution, as the Clemson College, which is a pet measure with the farmers, can be utilized for all scientific and practical purposes.

In regard to abolishing the University system much can be said pro and con, and the Legislature ought to give the matter grave consideration. The Clemson College is a fair way to become a success, and if it can be made so, will prove a beneficence to the State.

We agree with him in regard to the necessity for a constitutional convention. The address rises above any suspicion of demagoguism, and is pitched on a high plane. It is thoughtful, able, and earnest, and does Governor Tillman great credit. We commend it to the thoughtful attention of our people. Office, as a rule, promotes conservatism, and the expressions of the Governor in recommending the Legislature to select for office not men only who have been reformers, but Democrats and competent, is patriotic and an olive branch to heal differences in the party, and we trust his advice will be heeded. Much good will ensue therefrom.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE. On the first instant Benjamin Harrison, by Divine permission and Republican money President of these United States, presented his annual message to Congress as required by the Constitution, and we have scanned it most carefully to find a single redeeming virtue, forcible idea or patriotic impulse in it, and have failed. It is in keeping with the brain and heart of its author, and stamps him as lacking in the former and devoid of the latter. It has not the virtue even of meaningless generalities or platitudes which are so often the refuge of weakness, but makes up its venom what it lacks in force. He might well be termed a Republican Bourbon, for he learns nothing, forgets nothing, and is as blind as a bat and obstinate as a mule.

The recent elections have neither taught him a lesson nor enforced a moral. Wedded to fixedness of purpose, and that purpose to maintain Republican rule by means of monopolistic contributions, he waddles along regardless of consequences, and in common with the leaders of the party, with the exception of Blaine, is so befogged by jargon and sectional hate that he will not see the handwriting on the wall or take heed to the popular verdict. With the pertinacity of a drowning man he clings to the Tariff and the Lodge Bill, and neither regrets nor acknowledges the error or unwisdom in favoring the one and attempting to force the other.

He says the Tariff bill has not had a fair showing and that it is too early yet to foresee its consequences. If the aggravation it has caused and loss entailed grow in proportion to still further enlightenment the people will receive as time progresses, and their anger and contempt continue to increase, the cyclone of the 4th of November will be by 1892 but a gentle breeze. And yet he and his party seem oblivious to the warning and lesson of the late elections, and are apparently determined to fight it out on this line, even down to the last ditch of political destruction.

He seems to contemplate with satisfaction that this bill "will be the quickening and enlargement of our manufacturing industries," but has not a word for the down-trodden and oppressed wage-earner and consumer, and with the falsity and folly of all high protectionists, has the impudence to say it will give "more constant employment and better wages for our working people," when a cut of wages and shutting down of mills has been taking place. He deprecates any further tinkering with the Tariff, and says "there is neither wisdom nor justice in the suggestion that the subject of Tariff revision shall be again opened." Oh! no. It suits the greedy out of whom Quay and Dudley "fry the fat," and therefore it should stand. A Democratic Congress will take issue with Mr. Lord who speaks so patronizingly of "our people" as though he and his impus owned or carried them in their pockets, and endeavor to bring relief to them.

He urges the passage of subsidies in the interest of the monopolists, and it matters not whether such legislation increases the burden of the people. And then, as a sop to those who are kicking against the Tariff, he advocates the reciprocity treaty fad, which is an acknowledgment that the Tariff is restricting the business of the country and is a curse.

He is very urgent in his advocacy of the Force Bill, and urges Congress to pass it, and in the face of the quiet, free and unobstructed recent elections in the South, which completely refute the necessity for such a law, says "the need of such a law has manifested itself in many parts of the country, and its wholesome restraints and penalties will be useful in all." This means chicanery, devilry and expense, and is the surest evidence of the moribund condition of his party. But we are not yet convinced that the Senate will respond to his suggestion. And if it does the House Bill will be so amended as to disappoint Harrison, Reed and Hoar in their venomous purposes.

Of course he is strong on the pension grab and steals, and to fix the soldier vote he proposes to recommend any amount of Treasury depletion. The financial blood can flow in huge streams, and devil take the tax payer so long as it secures the Grand Army. The business men and tax payers are getting heartily sick of this political clap-trap, and are determined to call a halt some where. Worthy soldiers and their widows should be pensioned, but not every deserter, bumner and bounty jumper. The fact is the attorneys are stirring up the matter, and such fellows as Tanner are making fortunes out of the business.

He demands a reapportionment of representatives on the basis of the new census, but Democrats will demand an investigation of Porter's iniquitously unfair returns before consenting to it.

He felicitates the country on our harmonious foreign relations, abundance of crops and absence of plagues. The message has one virtue—it is comparatively brief and devoid of rhetoric; but, like its author, is as a whole, a hot-air, unsatisfactory, weak production, and reflects no credit on him.

It is unpleasant to harshly criticize the Chief Magistrate of a great country, but a smaller, weaker man never occupied the Presidency. He has personal honor, and has never been accused of personal dirty conduct, but as a Statesman and official he is small-souled, partisan and pig-headed.

Governor Tillman's Inaugural. From the Columbia Register of the 5th instant we extract the following account of the inauguration: It has been said that Providence has smiled on the State administration that has just entered upon its duties, and whether this be true or not, no day could have been selected more favorable for the inauguration ceremonies incidental to the entrance into office of Governor Benjamin R. Tillman of Edgefield.

No day perhaps ever dawned in South Carolina in which more was expected or fraught with greater interest to the people of this Commonwealth, and the result was in many instances the surprises that were anticipated.

At 11:10 the band played an interesting selection, and through the open doorway came the Sergeants-at-Arms of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the former bearing the sword of State and the latter the mace. Following them was Lieutenant-Governor Mauldin and Speaker Irby and the members of the Senate and the House, and the members of the press.

Passing down through the crowd the procession came to a halt at the end of the aisle. Lieutenant Governor Mauldin took a seat at the left end of the table and Speaker Irby at the right, while the legislators sought the seats that had been reserved for them. The appearance of the procession was a signal for uproarious cheering, which was only quieted at the end of several moments.

Then came a wait of about fifteen minutes, and suddenly the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House appeared and announced "His Excellency the Governor elect and his escort." Speaker Irby replied: "Admit His Excellency the Governor and his escort."

Then through the crowd and down the aisle came Chief Justice Simpson and Associate Justices McIver and McGowan of the State Supreme Court, Governor-elect Benjamin Ryan Tillman leaning on the arm of Senator R. R. Hemphill, Governor John Peter Richardson escorted by Senator W. D. Evans, Lieutenant-Governor-elect Eugene B. Gary and Hon. John Gary Evans, Secretary of State-elect J. E. Tindal and Secretary of State J. Q. Marshall, Comptroller-General-elect W. H. Ellerbe, and Comptroller-General J. S. Verner, Attorney General-elect Y. J. Pope and Attorney General Joseph H. Earle, Treasurer-elect W. C. T. Bates and Treasurer E. R. McIver, Adjutant and Inspector General-elect Hugh L. Farley, and Adjutant and Inspector General M. L. Bonham, Superintendent of Education-elect W. G. Mayfield, and Superintendent of Education J. H. Rice, Judge J. F. Blaz of the First Judicial District, Judge T. B. Fraser of the Third Judicial District, Judge J. H. Hudson of the Fourth Judicial District, Judge I. D. Witherspoon of the Sixth Judicial District, Judge J. J. Norton of the Eighth Judicial District, and St. Julian Jervey, W. Perry Murphy, John S. Wilson, J. M. Johnston, P. H. Nelson, J. E. McDonald, O. L. Schumpert and M. F. Ansel, the Solicitors of the various Judicial Districts.

When the procession was announced those on the platform rose and remained standing until they had been seated. Seated on the platform were Mrs. Governor Tillman, Congressman George P. Tillman, Col. William Elliott, George Johnston, George W. Shell and W. H. Brawley, ex United States Minister Edward J. Phelps of Vermont, General A. R. Law of Savannah, and a great number of prominent gentlemen and ladies.

Speaker Irby called the gathering to order. The crowd about the stage became silent, though for several moments nothing but cheers for Governor Tillman could be heard. Speaker Irby announced that the proceedings would be opened with prayer by Rev. O. A. Dabey. Standing there with head uncovered, his white locks flowing in the breeze, the reverend gentleman raised his voice to God in supplication for the universal blessing for this country, the State, the Executive and his staff and for the people. The invocation was received by all with the greatest respect, and at its completion Speaker Irby announced that Hon. Benjamin Ryan Tillman was present and ready to qualify. The Chief Justice and the Governor-elect advanced to the table. The latter picked up the Bible and the Chief Justice read him the oath prescribed by law. At the completion of each of the two sections, the answer was given in a low firm voice: "I swear," and then he kissed the book and plucked it on the table.

Opinions of a Representative Colored Man. Among the opinions given by a number of the representative colored men in an interview with the staff of the Charleston World we find the following: Gen. Samuel J. Lee, the well-known colored lawyer, of this city said he regarded Tillman's message generally as the greatest state paper that had appeared since the inauguration of Governor D. H. Chamberlain in 1874, and one that could not fail to have its due effect on the progress and prosperity of the state at large. His position in regard to the colored people was much kinder and more favorable than they had been led to expect. The ideas conveyed are plain and statesmanlike, and all that any executive, of whatever party, could say, and so far as he could understand, the colored people felt that these pledges would be kept. The document was well calculated to bring about the greatest possible good feeling between the races, which has been, in his opinion, latterly somewhat disturbed in consequence of the injustice which they believe had been done to Tom Miller in his election to congress from the Seventh district—a matter, however, with which Governor Tillman had nothing whatever to do.

Increase in the Internal Revenue Receipts—The Public Debt Increased. WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The collections of the internal revenue during the first four months of the current fiscal year aggregate \$31,024,280, being an increase of \$4,245,290 over the collections during the corresponding period of last year. There was an increase of \$1,633,477 on spirits, \$1,193,616 on tobacco, and \$1,301,550 on fermented liquors.

It is estimated at the Treasury Department that the public debt, less the cash in the Treasury, has been increased about \$1,000,000 since the first instant, due principally to the heavy payments during the month.

A Cold Fact. The modern designer of the nickel-in-the-slot machine is dead. He died the other day. The real inventor died hundred of years ago in obscurity and poverty, as explained in the Herald some time ago. The irony of fate is very cruel. Neither inventor was shrewd enough to make money out of his machine, but it has enriched thousands. It is so with newspapers. They boom their section and make fortunes for many, but if the editor gets more than a meagre support from his work he is fortunate.—Roanoke Herald.

Promiscuous Items. Can any school boy or girl write eleven thousand eleven hundred and eleven down in figures? Baum Bros. certainly have got the largest stock of new and elegant Carpets. You must go and see them. Any one wanting Christmas goods, go to Mrs. S. Tweed.

President Polk says in his address to the National Alliance that "Congress must come nearer to the people, or the people will come nearer to Congress."

For the largest assortment in black goods of all qualities you must go to Baum Bros.

Hon. T. B. Fraser and Hon. J. J. Norton, were re-elected Judges of the 3rd and 8th Circuits, respectively, by the Legislature on December 5th, there being no opposition.

If you wish to see the nicest and finest stock of Dress Goods ever brought to Camden, go and see Baum Bros. It will surprise you, for the like you have never before seen here. It reminds one of the Altmans and Sterns of New York.

The Supreme Court has decided that Col. Elliott is entitled to receive the certificate of election as Congressman from the Seventh District. The State Board of Canvasers have accordingly declared Col. Elliott elected.

We have seen 50,000 yards of the best round thread made at Baum Bros., which they offer at 5c per yard, and they have eleven accommodating clerks to wait on you.

There are twenty farmers, ten lawyers, one journalist, one planter, one lawyer, banker and farmer, two physicians, and one physician, farmer and journalist in the State Senate.

In the House there are: Sixty eight farmers, 25 lawyers, 3 physicians, 1 dentist and farmer, 6 merchants, 3 planters, 1 builder and contractor, 2 farmers and ministers, 4 farmers and mechanics, 4 physicians and planters, 1 farmer and surveyor, 2 teachers, (one colored,) 1 mechanic, 1 lumberman, and farmer, 1 millwright, 1 farmer and machinist.

Colored, two from Beaufort, both farmers, three from Berkeley, farmers and teachers. The farmer is certainly in a large majority.

Why do you go to Columbia and Charleston to buy Furniture, when the old reliable Baum Bros. have such an elegant stock? They can certainly please every body.

The National Colored Farmers' Alliance met at Ocala, Fla., on the 3rd instant. The organization embraces twenty-two States, and has a membership of over one million.

R. L. Humphreys, of Texas, is President. One of the chief objects of the organization of colored men South is to divide the negroes politically, which, of course, means the taking of large numbers of them into the ranks of the Democratic party.

ONE DOLLAR WEEKLY. Buy a good Gold Watch by our "Club System." Our 14 Karat patent stiffened gold cases are warranted for 20 years. Waltham or Elgin movement, reliable and well known. Stem-wind and set, hunting or open face, Lady's or Gent's size. Equal to any \$75 Watch. We sell one of these Watches for \$25 cash, and send to any address by registered mail, or by Express C. O. D., with privilege of examination; also by our "Club System" at \$1 per week.

An Ordinance TO RAISE SUPPLIES FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD 1891. Be it ordained by the Intendant and Wardens of the Town of Camden, in Council assembled, and by the authority of the same. That the following Taxes be, and the same are hereby levied for the current year, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one; that is to say:

SECTION I. A tax of four (4) mills on each and every Dollar of Real Estate and Personal Property within the corporate limits of the Town of Camden on the first day of January, 1891.

SECTION II. That all able bodied Male Persons, between the ages of Eighteen and Fifty years, residing within the corporate limits, not exempt from Road Duty under the laws of the State, shall work the streets, ways and bridges under the direction of such overseers as may be appointed, for a space of time not exceeding Twelve days in one year; Provided, that at the time of receiving the notice any person may pay to the person giving such notice, Three (\$3) Dollars commutation, which shall be received in lieu of the work; and that any person refusing to work the streets, ways and bridges as set forth, and refusing to pay the said commutation, shall be fined not less than Five (\$5) Dollars nor more than Ten (\$10) Dollars or be imprisoned not less than Five or more than Twenty days, nor be fined and imprisoned in the discretion of the Intendant.

SECTION III. There shall be an annual tax of One (\$1) Dollar on each and every Dog in the Town of Camden, to be paid on or before the 10th day of February of each year.

SECTION IV. The following Licenses shall be paid in advance on demand. All businesses, except when otherwise specified, are understood to continue from the first day of January to the 31st day of December, in the year the license is issued.

CLASS A. 1. Express Companies, or Agencies, for business done within the State and not including that done without the State, \$30 00 2. Telegraph Companies or Agencies, for business done within the State and not including that done without the State, 25 00 3. Insurance Companies, Fire, each, 15 00 4. Insurance Companies, Life, each, 10 00 5. Insurance Companies, Life, Transient, including mutual or co-operative companies, per day, \$5 00, per week, 25 00 6. Sewing machine companies or agencies, local or transient, 10 00 7. Transient Photographer or others doing business in a temporary structure, per week, \$10 00 per year, 25 00 8. Transient Dentist or tooth extractor, or dealer in tooth remedies per week, 10 00 9. Auctioneers, residents, 20 00 10. Auctioneers, transient, per day, 20 00

CLASS B. 1. Billiards, Pool or Bagatelle tables, each, \$10 00 2. Bowling alleys, for each alley, 10 00 3. Shooting Galleries, per month, 10 00 4. Hobby horses or flying trapeze, per week, 15 00 5. Circus, Equestrian Show or Menagerie, per day, 100 00 6. Theatrical, Minstrel or other Show, per day, 25 00

CLASS C. 1. Restaurants or Boarding houses, on Broad street, between DeKalb and King streets, \$10 00 2. Public Sale or Livery stables, 25 00

CLASS D. 1. Dealers or Peddlars on the streets, selling patent or worm medicines or nostrums, per day, \$5 00 per week, \$25 00 2. Dealers in books or pictures on the streets or canvases for same, per day, \$3 00, per month, 10 00 3. Dealers who sell on the streets, Fish, Eggs, or Poultry, per week,

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. F. L. Zemp.

ONE DOLLAR WEEKLY. Buy a good Gold Watch by our "Club System." Our 14 Karat patent stiffened gold cases are warranted for 20 years. Waltham or Elgin movement, reliable and well known. Stem-wind and set, hunting or open face, Lady's or Gent's size. Equal to any \$75 Watch. We sell one of these Watches for \$25 cash, and send to any address by registered mail, or by Express C. O. D., with privilege of examination; also by our "Club System" at \$1 per week.

Our Agent at Durham, N. C. writes: "Our jewelers have confessed they don't know how you can furnish such work for the money."

Our good reliable Agent wanted in each place. Write for particulars. EMPIRE WATCH CO. 48 & 50 Maiden Lane, New York.

An Ordinance TO RAISE SUPPLIES FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD 1891. Be it ordained by the Intendant and Wardens of the Town of Camden, in Council assembled, and by the authority of the same. That the following Taxes be, and the same are hereby levied for the current year, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one; that is to say:

SECTION I. A tax of four (4) mills on each and every Dollar of Real Estate and Personal Property within the corporate limits of the Town of Camden on the first day of January, 1891.

SECTION II. That all able bodied Male Persons, between the ages of Eighteen and Fifty years, residing within the corporate limits, not exempt from Road Duty under the laws of the State, shall work the streets, ways and bridges under the direction of such overseers as may be appointed, for a space of time not exceeding Twelve days in one year; Provided, that at the time of receiving the notice any person may pay to the person giving such notice, Three (\$3) Dollars commutation, which shall be received in lieu of the work; and that any person refusing to work the streets, ways and bridges as set forth, and refusing to pay the said commutation, shall be fined not less than Five (\$5) Dollars nor more than Ten (\$10) Dollars or be imprisoned not less than Five or more than Twenty days, nor be fined and imprisoned in the discretion of the Intendant.

SECTION III. There shall be an annual tax of One (\$1) Dollar on each and every Dog in the Town of Camden, to be paid on or before the 10th day of February of each year.

SECTION IV. The following Licenses shall be paid in advance on demand. All businesses, except when otherwise specified, are understood to continue from the first day of January to the 31st day of December, in the year the license is issued.

CLASS A. 1. Express Companies, or Agencies, for business done within the State and not including that done without the State, \$30 00 2. Telegraph Companies or Agencies, for business done within the State and not including that done without the State, 25 00 3. Insurance Companies, Fire, each, 15 00 4. Insurance Companies, Life, each, 10 00 5. Insurance Companies, Life, Transient, including mutual or co-operative companies, per day, \$5 00, per week, 25 00 6. Sewing machine companies or agencies, local or transient, 10 00 7. Transient Photographer or others doing business in a temporary structure, per week, \$10 00 per year, 25 00 8. Transient Dentist or tooth extractor, or dealer in tooth remedies per week, 10 00 9. Auctioneers, residents, 20 00 10. Auctioneers, transient, per day, 20 00

CLASS B. 1. Billiards, Pool or Bagatelle tables, each, \$10 00 2. Bowling alleys, for each alley, 10 00 3. Shooting Galleries, per month, 10 00 4. Hobby horses or flying trapeze, per week, 15 00 5. Circus, Equestrian Show or Menagerie, per day, 100 00 6. Theatrical, Minstrel or other Show, per day, 25 00

CLASS C. 1. Restaurants or Boarding houses, on Broad street, between DeKalb and King streets, \$10 00 2. Public Sale or Livery stables, 25 00

CLASS D. 1. Dealers or Peddlars on the streets, selling patent or worm medicines or nostrums, per day, \$5 00 per week, \$25 00 2. Dealers in books or pictures on the streets or canvases for same, per day, \$3 00, per month, 10 00 3. Dealers who sell on the streets, Fish, Eggs, or Poultry, per week,

1. Dealers or Peddlars on the streets, selling patent or worm medicines or nostrums, per day, \$5 00 per week, \$25 00 2. Dealers in books or pictures on the streets or canvases for same, per day, \$3 00, per month, 10 00 3. Dealers who sell on the streets, Fish, Eggs, or Poultry, per week,

1. Dealers or Peddlars on the streets, selling patent or worm medicines or nostrums, per day, \$5 00 per week, \$25 00 2. Dealers in books or pictures on the streets or canvases for same, per day, \$3 00, per month, 10 00 3. Dealers who sell on the streets, Fish, Eggs, or Poultry, per week,

1. Dealers or Peddlars on the streets, selling patent or worm medicines or nostrums, per day, \$5 00 per week, \$25 00 2. Dealers in books or pictures on the streets or canvases for same, per day, \$3 00, per month, 10 00 3. Dealers who sell on the streets, Fish, Eggs, or Poultry, per week,

1. Dealers or Peddlars on the streets, selling patent or worm medicines or nostrums, per day, \$5 00 per week, \$25 00 2. Dealers in books or pictures on the streets or canvases for same, per day, \$3 00, per month, 10 00 3. Dealers who sell on the streets, Fish, Eggs, or Poultry, per week,

\$3 00, per year, 10 00 4. Dealers or transient persons, who sell on the streets, Nuts, Fruit, Butter, Lard, or Meat, in quantities under a bushel, tub, keg, or firkin, except those from this or adjacent counties, for which Camden is a market town, per day, \$2 00, per year 5 00

CLASS E. Vehicles, carts, trucks, wagons, drays, hacks, used for business purposes, conveying freight or passengers; 1. Drawn by one horse, each, \$3 00 2. Drawn by two horses, each, 5 00 3. Drawn by four horses, each, 10 00 4. Omnibuses or other vehicle for transporting passengers or baggage, 10 00

CLASS F. 1. Druggists who sell Liquors in original packages of not less than one quart, \$300 00

CLASS G. Dealers, wholesale or retail, in Liquors. Applications for license must be advertised, and endorsed by Six of the nearest freeholders. Bond in the amount of One Thousand dollars, must be given that there will be no gambling on the premises; that all ordinances of the Town will be obeyed; and that the license for the year will be paid, whether the business continues or not. No license will be granted for less than the year. All places where Liquors are sold must be closed on Election days, and on any other day when ordered by the Intendant, for the better preservation of the peace of the town. Half of the license to be paid on the 1st of January, the remainder to be paid on the 1st of July, and a fee of \$5 00 to the Recorder, \$500 00

SECTION V. The charge for licenses in any business not enumerated above, shall be determined by the Intendant and Treasurer conjointly.

SECTION VI. Any person or persons refusing or neglecting to pay the required license, shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than double the legal license in that case, said fine to be collected out of the goods or wares offered for sale, or out of the properties to be shown; or shall be imprisoned not more than Thirty days, or both in the discretion of the Intendant; Provided further, that the person or persons so offending may pay the fines and costs before property is sold, twenty days notice to be given before said property is sold, unless said property is of a perishable nature, in which case it may be sold at once.

SECTION VII. All Ordinances or parts of Ordinances, inconsistent herewith shall be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Ratified in Council assembled, this first day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety.

JOHN W. CORBETT, Intendant. J. L. BRASINGTON, Clerk.

TO RENT. A desirable RESIDENCE, conveniently located, in an excellent neighborhood. Apply at this office.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE. Four hundred and ninety acres of valuable land, partly under cultivation, situated on the North side of Granny's Quarter creek, will be sold on reasonable terms—one third cash and the balance in one and two years. This land is divided into six tracts, which will be sold separately, or as a whole. Well adapted to the growing of cotton, corn and other farm products. Several good buildings on the place. A plat of the land can be seen on application to me. Perfect titles given.

Mrs. S. J. BARNES.

LUMBER FOR SALE. About 15,000 feet of good, seasoned LUMBER, consisting of 6 inch and 12 inch Flooring, 10 inch Weather Boarding, Sills, Scantling, &c. Apply to T. J. JOSEY, or J. L. BRASINGTON, Camden, S. C. Nov 13-14

RESTAURANT. The undersigned adopts this method of informing the general public that his restaurant in the rear of Mr. S. M. Rosenberg's bar will be open on and after Oct. 1st. Everything will be kept in good order, and meals will be served at all hours.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS. All persons indebted to me are hereby notified to make settlement for same to S. M. ROSENBERG, Camden, S. C. M. S. BAMBERG, Agt. Aug. 23th.

DAVID WOLFE, Call and see me Before Purchasing. I WILL SELL YOU GOODS As cheap as can be bought in any market.

My Goods were bought by myself in person in the Northern markets, and if you will examine my Stock of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Dress Goods, &c., &c. I am sure I can please you. I also handle all kinds of Furniture, Trunks, Valises, etc. Suits Made to Order a Specialty. Represents WANAMAKER & BROWN, Philadelphia. **DAVID WOLFE.**

Mrs. S. TWEED IS NOW RECEIVING A LARGE AND HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS CONSISTING OF

LADIES' HATS & BONNETS, ALSO CHILDRENS' HATS & CAPS OF EVERY SHAPE AND STYLE. Ribbons, Flowers & Feathers ALSO, A FULL STOCK OF Zephyrs, Embroidery Silk, &c.

BUTTRICK PATTERNS FOR SALE, AND STAMPING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE. Mrs. S. TWEED. Nov 7-14

DON'T FORGET TO CALL ON J. J. WATKINS AND EXAMINE HIS STOCK OF CHOICE GROCERIES, Consisting of Sugar, Coffee, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Molasses, Cheese, Potatoes, and everything usually found in a

First Class Grocery Store. All of which will be sold at prices to suit the times. Nov 7-14

FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY. Providence Washington Insurance Co., Providence, R. I. Security Insurance Co., New Haven, Conn. Fidelity Fire Insurance Co., Huron, South Dakota.

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the public that I now represent the above popular and strong Fire Insurance Companies, and solicit a share of their patronage. J. L. BRASINGTON. Aug 7-14

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE TO GET A GOOD BUGGY CHEAP. A lot of T. T. Haylock's Rice Coil Spring Buggies at \$60. A lot of Brewster Spring Buggies at \$80. One Southern Queen Spring Buggy for \$80.

The above goods formerly sold for \$70, and are warranted. A lot of Buggies ranging in price from \$38 to \$50. SMITH & HALL.

J. D. KENNEDY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Camden, S. C. Office on Law Range, in rooms over the County Treasurer's office!

FINE STOCK FOR SALE. MILK COWS with their CALVES. Graded Holstein Yearlings. Graded Jersey Yearlings. Three Burke Cows, 2 to 4 years old. Two Cows from Margin, 14 yrs old. Graded Southdown Sheep. A large lot of graded Hogs, crossed with Poland-China and Berkshire. Also, a lot of fine work Mules. Apply to JOHN C. MAN.

RESTAURANT. The undersigned adopts this method of informing the general public that his restaurant in the rear of Mr. S. M. Rosenberg's bar will be open on and after Oct. 1st. Everything will be kept in good order, and meals will be served at all hours.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS. All persons indebted to me are hereby notified to make settlement for same to S. M. ROSENBERG, Camden, S. C. M. S. BAMBERG, Agt. Aug. 23th.