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TERMS.

THREE DOLLARS, payable in advance. Advertisements inserted at one dollar and a half per square for the first insertion, one dollar for the second, seventy-five cents for the third and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion. Liberal discounts made to half-yearly and yearly advertisers. Transient advertisements to be paid for in advance. The space occupied by ten lines or less, of this size type constitute a square.

From the New York Bulletin.

Southern Credit.

It is unfortunate for the South that at a time when the reconstruction of the finances was required, the control of the State affairs should have fallen into the hands of mere political adventurers. There was a time when it was a sufficient guarantee of a Southern State obligation that it was backed by Southern men of inflexible honor and conspicuous integrity. At present, there is scarcely a State in the South whose debts have this sort of backing. For the last five years, the finances of the several States have been controlled by men who have acquired position through the political vicissitudes consequent upon the war. With no experience in statesmanship or finance and no record but that of adventurer, these men have undertaken to readjust the revenues and debts of the States. We know what we say when we affirm that the main object with these raw financiers has not been the good credit of the State, but the manipulation of the finances so as to produce the largest gains out of speculation. Their schemes have been, in most cases, hatched in Wall street banking houses; and the legislators, governors, and officials have been paid tools or carrying out the plans of shrewd bankers. The main point aimed at was to produce the widest possible fluctuation in the prices of the State bonds, irrespective of the interest of the State, the party to be "milked" being the innocent public. Most of the States have found it necessary to issue new obligations to provide for their over due bonds or their unpaid interest. Those new issues have in most cases been put out by secret sale on the market, and in amounts known only to the negotiator and the clique. In anticipation of the issue the parties of the secret would sell on the large amounts of the State securities and so soon as the new bonds had been marketed, the fact would be announced, with the result of a heavy fall in the market value of the obligations, affording the "ring" speculators an opportunity for covering their previous large sales. In other instances, a legislative "riot" has authorized large issues of bonds to railroad schemes for which there was no necessity arising out of the commerce of the State. These loans had the double speculative advantage of involving large contracts for building the roads and of yielding a profit on the manipulation of the bond market, the gains on both operations falling into the hands of the clique. In other instances, the political speculators have sought illicit gains through fictitious expedients for stimulating the credit of the State. In these cases they would first of all buy through New York capitalists large amounts of the obligations, and then manage the taxes to retire unexpectedly a considerable amount of debt, and, as a still further expedient, compel certain corporations doing business within the State to hold a considerable amount of the State obligations, which the corporation had to buy from the clique.

To our certain knowledge State officials have contrived to make large profits directly through the commissions paid by the bankers negotiating loans for the State. We know of instances where finance officers have boldly proposed, in letters to New York bankers, to give large commissions on the sale of securities, provided the allowance should be with them. And equally possible would it be to cite instances in which a Governor or comptroller have deliberately involved the State in advances upon secret issues of obligations the effect of which could only be to embarrass the finances and weaken the credit of the Government.

We allude to this discreditable management of State finances at the South for no other purpose than to promote public investigation and to redress the credit of the Southern governments from the faithless hands into which it has fallen. A knowledge of these abuses ought to suffice for their overthrow and the banishment of political speculators from public position. There is but one means of restoring the credit of the Southern States, viz: The restoration of unimpeachable Southern citizens of the old standard to representative and official positions. Men of wealth and ability and character cannot afford to stand idly by and witness the degradation of their State by interlopers and adventurers. They have an interest in their section which the new element have not and cannot have and it becomes them to assert their claims to the actual government of their States. When Southern honor and statesmanship are again infused into the local governments, we shall witness a vast and permanent improvement in Southern credit; but not before.

A young man says that the ladies look better like an upset soup plate.

ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

The Chief Clerk of the Treasury has completed the task of making up the annual estimate of expenditures of the United States Government, and reports to the Secretary of the Treasury that the total for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1872, will be \$280,272,386, exclusive of estimated balance.

The estimates for the current fiscal year were \$298,516,782, including balances, to meet which the sum of \$272,308,337 was appropriated by Congress. The war department estimates, as originally prepared by the chiefs of bureau, amounted to \$37,775,435.72. Secretary Binknap reduced the bureau estimates to \$20,383,993. The appropriations for this department for the current year were \$29,321,307.22, including the Military Academy, for which \$314,869, was appropriated. For the support of the Bureau of Freedmen and Refugees, refunding to States the amounts expended in raising troops, &c., the amount asked is \$7,542,951. For fortifications and works of military defence, and for geographical surveys, the amount asked is \$3,699,200; for rivers and harbors, \$3,842,450; for public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia, \$618,156.

The Navy Department asks for an appropriation of \$20,683,317.77. The amount appropriated for the current year is \$19,250,290.29. An appropriation of \$1,344,494 is also asked for to meet a deficiency.

The Pension Office asks for \$20,000,000, provided unexpended balances can be used. Otherwise, the Bureau will require an appropriation of \$30,000,000.

For the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments, the amount asked for is \$22,848,951.84. Included in this is \$575,520 for the Patent Office, and \$229,240 for the Department of Agriculture.

All these estimates are exclusive of unexpended balances, and are made in conformity with the law of July 12, 1870.

THE NEGRO AN UNDERLING.

The negro had better, IF THEY CAN, make the most of their present opportunity, as Daddy Cain, in his chagrin, suggests, for it will not last long. Between the upper millstone of the rapacious greed for office and plunder of their white associates, on the one hand and the heavier grindstone of the tendency of white ruffians to assassinate aspiring negro statesmen, on the other, Sambo's political chances, even where he has thirty thousand votes in majority, are very poor, let him shift as he may. He has neither the intelligence nor the courage, in our judgment, to use his present opportunity, situated, as he is, between this upper and nether grindstone, and after the next Presidential canvass will subside, even in South Carolina, into his natural condition of inferiority and dependence. Feeble tool, he will be used for a short period, and then broken and flung aside. The party of moral ideas and immoral practices will have no use for him after 1872. His support is apt to defeat them in '72, and then what a split there will be in carpet-bagdom even here, to get the Federal offices in the State, and Federal patronage in Washington! But if not in '72, then surely in '76 will his alliance prove the millstone round the radical neck, and then will his downfall come speedily. Some white people are almost as stupid as Sambo himself, in not seeing all this, and keeping firm and cool and confident of the future.

Fairfield Herald.

AN OUTRAGE AND SWIFT RETRIBUTION.

On Thursday evening last, a young lady, whose name we have been unable to learn, was attacked by a negro named Bill Bland, who had been at work in a coal bank near the wind-mill, six miles South of this place, and was shamefully mutilated. In struggling to release herself from the grasp of the demon, she was thrown violently to the ground and the heavy form of the negro falling upon her, broke three of her ribs and otherwise injured her. We are informed that as soon as he accomplished his diabolical designs he attempted to shoot her, but fortunately, the pistol would not fire. The girl is an orphan, and but little hopes of her recovery are entertained. The negro was arrested, and after making a full confession of the deed, was hung by the side of the road, where he was left hanging for three days, with a paper pinned to his coat, upon which was written, "Let this man hang."

Miami (Mo) Cable, Nov. 24.

WHO WAS PETER?—A Sabbath school superintendent, after inveighing against the pernicious practice, which well intentioned persons indulge in telling stories to children, went on to give his children something more to the point, and which should in no manner create amusement. He would tell them about Peter. "And who was Peter?" he asked. "No reply." "What!" he exclaimed, "can none of you tell me who Peter was?" At last a little boy, about four years old, held up his hand in token of knowledge on the subject. "There's a boy—a little boy—who can tell me who Peter was," said the superintendent, looking very reprovingly at the large children. Now, my lad, tell me who Peter was: "Peter, Peter pumpkin eater. Had a wife and couldn't keep her," was the instant response.

SENTENCED FOR MAIL ROBBERY.

G. W. H. Wilcox, indicted for robbing the mail on the route from Fittsville to Cornsville, Scottsville, Va., has been sentenced to the Albany penitentiary for ten years. After the examination of witnesses for the Government, the prisoner withdrew the plea of "not guilty," and pleaded guilty. Judge Underwood, in charging the jury, spoke of the Post Office Department as the most useful and beneficent institution of the Government, and said that the robbery of the United States mail was one of the greatest crimes that could be committed under the head of felony.

Captain John Frey, the useful and efficient special agent of the Post Office Department, and the terror of mail-robbers, detected and arrested Wilcox.

WHITTEMORE AT HOME.

We clip the following paragraph from the New York Tribune of Thursday last: We hear of the Hon. B. F. Whittemore, who was hustled out of the House of Representatives for selling cadetships. He is elected to the State Senate of South Carolina, and is made Chairman of the Committee on Engrossed Bills—a place in which he will be reasonably free from temptation. Of course, the touching confidence which this man's constituents still entertain in his integrity is at once gratifying to him and to ourselves. His neighbors are at full liberty to bestow upon him all the merely local truths of which they have the disposal, but the seat in Congress was a national matter, in which every citizen in the United States had an interest. So long as Mr. W.'s constituents keep him severely at home, we promise not to complain a great deal.

THE NINTH CENSUS.

Though the results of the census of 1870 are not fully collected, enough has been ascertained to establish that the population of the United States is about 39,000,000. The New York Post estimates that the principal change in the proportionate political power of the country will be the transfer of nearly one-third of that now held by New England to the States bordering on the Mississippi valley. The Southern States are saved from the loss of political power by the act of emancipation.

A FATAL SHOT.

Early on Sunday morning last, the Jailor in this place, who was engaged in visiting the different cells of the Jail, opened one of the doors where some half dozen colored men were confined, when one of them, named Hayward More, made a rush for the door, and attempted to come out. The Jailor suspecting foul play, backed himself to the wall and promptly ordered him back, and on his refusing to obey, drew his pistol and fired at him. The man fell back when the door was quickly closed and the Jailor went for a Doctor, who soon appeared and pronounced the man dead; the ball had taken effect in the right lung near the heart.

Some half dozen attempts have been made by some of the prisoners to escape, and the Jailor has been very watchful of late, especially as the one killed had been heard to say "Christmas won't find me here."

No blame attaches to the Jailor. Darlington Southern.

A story is told of a citizen of Danbury, who was broken of the wretched habit of swearing, in a novel manner. He was an inveterate curser and grumbler. At every meal he neglected a blessing, and swore at everything from the gravy to the teapot. His oaths discolored the napkins, soured the bread and curdled the milk. His wife, a woman who evidently believed the hair of a dog would cure the bite, stood this unseemly conduct "unforgiveness ceased to be a virtue." One morning he was unusually cross and profane, and was about to take a fresh start at something else, when his wife suddenly broke out with a series of damns that made the old gentleman get up and leave his chair as though some one had introduced a pin between the ears. As soon as she ceased, he breathlessly remarked, "Well, I swear, if it has got so you can swear, it is time I quit." And so he did.

GEN BEAUREGARD.

Says the Mobile Register: The personal paragraphs of the Northern and Western press, when at their wit's end for material, either send General Beauregard to France or engage him to a Virginia beauty. We had the pleasure of seeing the General at the opera in New Orleans last Monday week, looking remarkably well and listening to "Salut a la France," while sundry papers had it that he had sailed for France.

A new keg, churn, bucket, or other wooden vessel will generally communicate a disagreeable taste to anything that is put into it. To prevent this inconvenience, scald the vessel well with boiling water, letting the water remain in it until cold; then dissolve some pearl-ash or soda in luke-warm water, adding a little lime to it; wash the inside of the vessel well with this solution. Afterwards scald it well with hot water, and rinse with cold water before you use it. The reason for this is, the soapy combination of resinous matter with alkalis to form compounds soluble in alcohol.

A young husband, having celebrated a little too much, was led home by one of his friends, who rang the door bell and retreated to the opposite side of the street to see if it would be answered. Promptly the door was opened, and the fond spouse who had waited for her truant, beheld him in all his toidness. "Why, Walter, is this you?" "Yes, my dear." "What in the world has kept you so?" "Been out on a little turn with the boys, my d'arling." "Why, Walter, you are intoxicated!" "Yes, my dear, I estimate that's so." "What on earth had you so drunk? And why—oh, why, do you come home to me in this dreadful state?" "Because, my darling, all the other places' shut up."

THE VIRGINIA MOTHER.

We shall never forget that woman, says the Hillsboro (N. C.) Recorder as she stood by the fence around her neat little cottage home and gave her rations of bread to the half-starved soldiers returning home from Appomattox. "Sir," said she, pointing to a little hillock near her cottage door, "your boys, my boys—they are buried side-by-side—four boys—I gave them all." The tears streamed down her cheeks, and we left her standing there—a Rachel, like the one written of in Scripture.

A QUEER STORY.

The remarkable phenomenon of a rain-shower of five days duration, and confined to a cometary lot at Mobile, Ala., in which thirteen members of the same family have been interred, was witnessed by upwards of 200 persons. It continued night and day, and at no time during its continuance did it rain anywhere else in the neighborhood. Those who first witnessed the phenomenon were afraid to call general attention to it, for fear they might run the risk of being considered insane.

STUBBORNNESS UTILIZED.

The Paris correspondent of the London Daily News says: "I shall never see a donkey without gratefully thinking of a Prussian. If any one happens to fall out with his jackass, let me recommend him, instead of beating it, to slay and eat it. Donkey is now all the fashion. When one is asked to dinner, as an inducement one is told that there will be donkey. The flesh of this obstinate but weak-minded quadruped, is delicious—in color like mutton, firm and savory. This siege will destroy many illusions, and among them the prejudice which has prevented many animals being used as food. I can most solemnly assert that I never wish to taste a better dinner than a joint of a donkey or a ragout of cat."

A little colored girl, about nine years old, daughter of Ann Wood, of this place, was drowned in Reedy River, on Monday last. The child was walking on a plank over a part of stream above the falls, near Mr. Cline's plaining mill, in company with an older sister, when she fell into the swift current; the sister tried to save her, and would have been drowned, also, but for the rescue effected by a colored man, who happened to be near the spot. Greenville Enterprise.

THE RURAL CAROLINIAN FOR DECEMBER.

In matter unsurpassed, in typographical execution unqualified by any other agricultural periodical of the day, the Rural Carolinian deservedly maintains a proud pre-eminence in agricultural literature. Price \$2 per annum. Subscriptions received at the JOURNAL office.

The Charleston Republican says: Some of our Trial Justices, and other officers appointed to-wit: name, are an infamous set of black-legs, and others are among the stupidest asses that ever held power on earth. Gov. Spott will remove these wretches, their inefficiency or crime is fairly and dispassionately proved. This last duty devolves upon the people. Will the people neglect that duty?

What do you mean by a cat and dog life?" said a husband to an angry wife. "Look at Carlo and Kitty, asleep on the rug; I wish men lived half as gracefully with their wives." "Stop," said the lady, "tie them together, and see how they will agree."

New Views of Woman's Rights.

A Vermont girl wants to know if the woman's rights movement includes the right to do the courting. If it does, she is in for it, as the men in her vicinity are very bashful.—There is something practical in that.

A short-hand reporter of the Washington Globe can write with both hands at the same time—the left taking notes and the right transcribing—and is said to be the only man in the world who can do this.

The half of five—"How many are there of ye's down there?" shouted an Irish overseer to some men in a coal pit. "Five," was the answer. "Well, then, the half of ye's to come up here," said he.

A beautiful girl at Norfolk, has postponed her wedding day two weeks, because she wasn't going to be married with her face all speckled with mosquito bites.

Long steps in walking will be fashionable with young ladies this winter.

REMOVED!

GEORGE McLEAN,

Barber and Hair Dresser,

Has removed his Saloon to the house on Rutledge Street, next to Messrs. Kershaw & Kershaw's Law Office, which has been fitted up with a view to the comfort and convenience of his customers, where he proposes to practice his art in his usual superior style.

Rooms are attached for the benefit of those who desire to enjoy the luxury of a Bath.

He returns thanks for the patronage heretofore received and respectfully solicits its continuance. Sept 22.

WANTED AGENTS—\$75 to \$300 per

month—everywhere, male and female, to introduce the Genuine Improved Common Sewing Family Sewing Machine. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, braid, cord, quilt and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only \$16. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay \$1.00 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents \$15 to \$200 per month and expenses on a commission from which twice the amount is made. For Circulars and Terms, apply or address J. W. ROGERS & CO., 402 Liberty Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties peddling worthless cast iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

Louisville Excelsior Ploughs.

These Ploughs are made of either Cast Iron or Steel, and are the best and cheapest in the market. Send for price list. Also, Ames' and other Ploughs of all prices and descriptions, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, &c.

(Also, always on hand.)

Moore's New York Ploughs,

AT \$2 EACH.

A full stock of PLANTERS' and BUILDERS' HARDWARE, consisting in part, of Ewings' and Brad's Hoes, Spades, Trace Chains, Axes, Nails, of warranted qualities, Guns, Cutlery and Household Articles.—Wholesale and Retail by C. KERRESON, JR. & CO., 249 King Street, (sign of the Big Axe), Charleston, S. C.

G. KERRESON, JR. W. J. AXON, C. WAGNER October 6.

SIXTY-FIVE FIRST PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED

THE GREAT



Southern Piano

MANUFACTORY.

WM. KNABE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Grand, Square and Upright

PIANO FORTES

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These Instruments have been before the Public for nearly Thirty Years, and upon excellence alone attained an unparelleled pre-eminence, which pronounces them unequalled. Their

TOUCH

combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of Intonation and Sweetness throughout the entire scale. Their

TOUCH

is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos

IN WORKMANSHIP

they are unequalled using none but the very best SEASONED MATERIAL, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, &c., on hand.

All our SQUARE PIANOS have our New Improved OVERSTRUNG SCALE and the A-GRAPE TRIPLE.

We would call special attention to our life improvements GRAND PIANOS AND SQUARE GRANDS. PATENTED AUGUST 14, 1866 which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained.

Every Piano fully warranted for Five Years.

We have made arrangements for the SOLE WHOLESALE AGENCY for the most celebrated PIANO ORGANS and MELODEONS which we offer, Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Factory Prices.

WM. KNABE & CO. BALTIMORE, MD. Sept. 15.

ONE

DOSE OF

DR. SHALLENBERGER'S

Fever and Ague

ANTIDOTE

Always Stops the Chills.

This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, does not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will CURE IMMEDIATELY and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote to Malaria.

Sold by All Druggists.

New Fall and Winter

GOODS.

MRS. ELIAS has on hand, and offers at the LOWEST PRICES, a general stock of

MERCHANDIZE,

consisting in part, of DRY GOODS, of every description, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c. Also,

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, MOLASSES, FLOUR, BACON, LARD, SALT BAGGING and TIES, with every other article usually called for. Her motto being QUICK SALES and SMALL PROFITS: she is prepared to make it to the interest of purchasers to call, examine her goods and learn her prices before laying in their supplies. October 6.

SEND FOR ONE.

Sent Free on Application.

\$1000, REWARD.

For any case of Blind Bleeding, Pelling or Ulcerated Piles that De Bing's Pile Remedy fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else, and has cured cases of over 20 years standing. Sold by all Druggists.

VIA FUGA.

De Bing's Via Fuga is the pure juices of Bark, Herbs, Roots, and Berries, for

CONSUMPTION.

Inflammation of the Lungs, all Liver, Kidney, and Bladder diseases, organic Weakness, Female Affections, General Debility, and all complaints of the Urinary Organs in Male and Female, producing Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Gravel, Dropsy and Scrofula, which most generally terminate in Consumptive Decline. It purifies and enriches the Blood, the Biliary, Glandular and Secretive system; Corrects and Strengthens the nervous and Muscular force; it acts like a charm on weak nervous and debilitated females, both young and old. None should be without it. Sold everywhere. Laboratory—142 Franklin St. Balt., Md. Aug

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A Superior Article of Goshen Butter, just received at

KIRKLEY'S.

Irish Potatoes

AND ONIONS, just arrived. A splendid article of Onions and Irish Potatoes, at

KIRKLEY'S.

CANDIES,

CRACKERS, Biscuits, Raisins, Cheese, &c.

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CAROLINA

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF

MEMPHIS, TENN.

OFFICE:

NO 291, MAIN STREET.

CAPITAL, \$200,000

ASSETS, \$800,000

All Invested at the South.

Encourage Southern Institutions.

This is a Southern Company, chartered by the Legislature of Tennessee, with a CAPITAL sufficient to make her reliable beyond a question and doing a strictly LIFE INSURANCE Business and none other. Profiting by the experience of older Companies and having adopted the most liberal plans together with rigid economy in our management, our success has exceeded our greatest expectations and has placed the COMPANY in a permanent and reliable position. In its first two years we have issued between THREE THOUSAND and THREE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED POLICIES, and our accumulations amount to EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

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