# POETRY.

#### BAEY CN THE PORCH.

Out on the porch, by the open door, Sweet with roses and cool with shade, Baby is creeping over the floor-Dear little winsome blue-eyed maid. All about her the shadows dance, All above her roses swing, Sunbeams in the lattice glance, Robins up in the branches sing. Up at the blossoms her fingers reach, Lisping her pleading in broken words, Cooing away in her tender speech Songs like the twitter of nestling birds Creeping, creeping over the floor, Soon my birdie will find her wings, Fluttering out at the open door, Into the wonderful world of things.

AGRICULTURAL.

THE FARMING SYSTEM. We have for a long time advocated the division of our immense Louisiana plantations into separate fields, where different crops might be raised, and our planters left no longer dependent upon the uncertain yield of variable market value of either of our great staples. The experiment we advocated, we understand, has been tried successfully on a few plantations in this State and Texas. As a marked feature of its efficacy, the owners of these places found no trouble in securing permanent labor, whilst their neighbors were suffering from broken contracts, difficulties among their employes, and inattention to their interests. The industrious and careful laborers on a large plantation are subjected to a thousand disheartning influences. Granting they have an interest in the crop, they see around them in the promiscuous multitude, many of their fellow laborers try have been fairly tried, will comincapable, or unable to do the same amount of work as themselves. They are brought constantly at every point ance. Each cottage surrounded by into direct collision with these men, are fretted by these listlessness and indifference with which they plant, plow or hoe the common crop. Carelessness of one single individual in ried aspect to the cstate, and we venleaving gatesopen, fonces down, or letting males or horses loose in the crop, may destroy in one night the hope of man, will, at the end of ten years, or the year. We have seen on the best managed plantations, under the old regime, instances of this want of care, but the negro then only felt as an ever shipped his cotton and sugar by injury to his master, not himself .---His wants were provided for, went the "good old days" now gone forev-the crops well or ill, and it was there-er.-N. O. Times. fore a matter of no vital importance if the hopes of the year should be blasted.

Now his new responsibilities weigh heavily upon him. He becomes disheartened when accidents occur from the carlessness that he has no power to guard against. In more than one instance we have seen first-class laborers retire from the fertile soil and half-made crop of a large plantation to some barren sand hill in the pine woods. But where, "sir," he says, "we can 'tend properly to our own business. What I plants I watches | GENTS', and raises and looks after, and no lazy, triffing nigger comes in for shares of my work. I keeps to myself. I LADIES' raises my poultry, I raises my hogs, and they ain't stole afore my very eyes." There is not a really intelligent, adustrious negro on any plantation n Louisiana who will not tell you— Baild was achieved with an angle of business, feels satis-fied that he can give entire satisfaction in Baild was achieved with a fraction in industrious negro on any plantation in Louisiana who will not tell you-"Build me a cabin on any ten, twenty, thirty, or more acres of your plantations. Fence it in and give me the control of this piece of land to work as I please, and in what I please. I will pay you more at the end of the year in money or produce, than under your present system of labor would have been practicable. Your property by being thoroughly cultivated, and its soil tested by a variety of crops, will become far more valuable to you, as well as my labor more remunerative to me. I will no longer be at the mercy of unequal help and individual carelessness. You will be better able to judge of the capabilities of those to whom you intrust your interest. The lazy, shirking laborer will object to a system that will expose his own inefficiency; but that is precisely the class for which you have MACE, no use. If at the end of the year the result of my labor does not satisfy you, you will find hundreds ready to step into my place. Men who would not be willing to sink their labor in a general crop. Give us a schoolroom for our children, a church where we can worship God according to our own views, and you will establish on your place a cheerful, industrious and attached tenantry. We have ceased to be your slaves, but with these adwantages a common interest will become the strongest bond of union." Even granting that the madness of fanatic spirit arouses an unconquerable antagonism between the races, the only way by which we can combat the and will be fold exceedingly low for the ovil spirit will be by substituting for same. the labor of the negro the labor of white immigrants. In that case the labor only succeeds where the joint | Machines for sale at

interests are equally balanced, and forced association is productive of constant difficulties. A man is not willing to throw his family pele mele among strange and inharmonious associates.

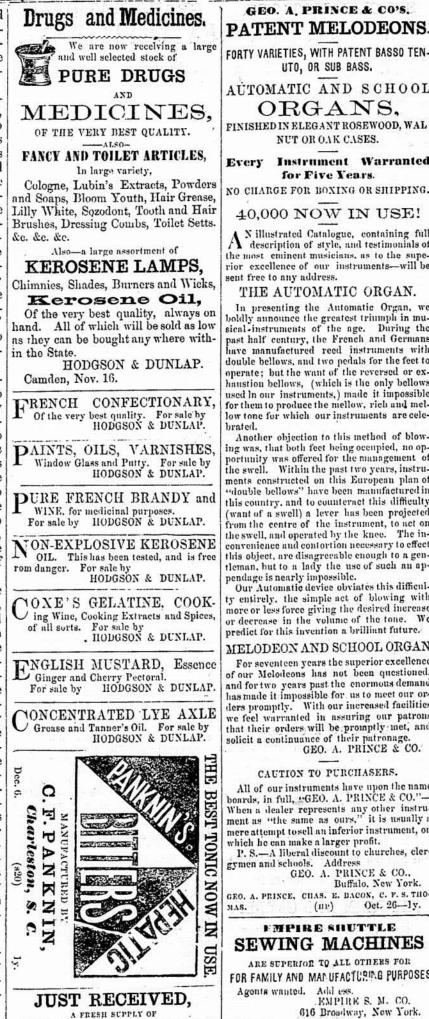
We cannot understand where advantages to a plan are so obvious, why the planters do not carry it into effect, unless indeed want of means to make the necessary alterations is the secret of the delay. The El Doradic imaginations that revel in the former omnipotence of cotton and sugar are loath to come down to the Lilly White, Sozodont, Tooth and Hair farming system. They do not remem- Brushes, Dressing Combs, Toilet Setts. ber the heavy debts, the vast expenditures for articles that ought to have been made on their places, the uncertain crops of the plantations. Their memories fix tenaciously on some golden years of grace, when the balance in their commission merchants' hands enabled them to plunge into vast and ruinous speculations in negroes and land.

They forget, too, their utter slavery to these commission merchants who held their funds, and of whom they were independent in nothing that required the outlay of the largest to the smallest sums. But qui a bou boira, and and we believe the dreams of a past power and prosperity are the most inveterate enemy we have to encounter in the exigencies of the present. But yet the benefits are so evident of the system we advocate, and to our mind the prospect is more stable and pleasing than that even of the "ancient regime."

The unity of a Grand Scigneuire may be broken up, but smiling farms, cultivated as farms alone can be, will be no bad substitute. Where an economy of labor is desirable, hedge rows, which in some parts of the counpletely supersede fencing, and will be more durable and pleasing in appeargarden and will give an appearance of populous thrift that we lacked sadly in our broad, solitary fields. The variety of crops, too, will give a vature to say that the landlord of Louisiana, if he is a sensible, judicious much less, be more truly independent, and, therefore, more truly wealthy, than the richest planter that thousands of bales and hogsheads in

A correspondent of the New Oreans Picayune writes from New Mexico, that the Indians have adopted the fashion of skinning their captives alive.





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Soda, Sugar, Wine and Butter Crackers.

AND

ALSO.

Almonds, Filberts, English Walnuts. Essences of Lemon and Vanilla,

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Oct. 26-1y.

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OFFERS his professional services to the Office immediately above BAUM'S store entrance on Rutledge street: tf. June 13

PHILADEI PHIA UNIVERSITY

### OF MEDICINE & SURGERY.

THE PHILADELPHIA UNIVERSITY OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY was organ-ized in 1848. Chartered by the Legislature, February 26, 1853. Name changed by a legislative enactment to the Eclectic Medical College, of Philadelphia, in 1860. In 1863 it purchased the Pennsylvania Medical Col-lege, established in 1842, and the Philadelphia Medical College which had supported by Medical College, which had previously been merged into the Pennsylvania Medical College. In 1864 it purchased the Penn. Medi-cal University. The Trustees of the separate schools united, petitioned, and obtained a special Act of the Legislature, consolidating these Institutions and changing their names to that of the Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery, March 15, 1865. All these various Acts are published in the stat-utes of Pennsylvania. The cost of the building and museum was over one hundred thousand dollars. It will be observed that the University, as now organized, is the legal representative of the four Medical Colleges that it has absorbed. It is a liberal school of medicine, confined to no dogmas, nor attached to any medical clique; but embraces in its teachings everything of value to the profession.

Sessions .- It has two full sessions each year, commencing on the 1st of October, and con-tinuing until the 1st of January as its first session, and from the 1st of January to the 1st of April as its second; the two constituting one full course of lectures. It has also summer session, commencing the 1st of April and continuing until August, for the preparatory branches, such as Latin, Greek. Mathematics, Botany, Zoology, Chemistry, Anatomy, Physiology, etc. Tickets.-Tickets to the full course of lec-

tures \$120, or \$60 for each session. For the summer or preparatory course \$25. Grad-uating fee \$30. To aid young men of moder-ate means, the University has issued five hundred scholarships, which are sold to first-course students, for S75, and to second-course stu-dents and clergymen for \$50, each constitu-ting the holder a life member, with the perpetual privileges of the lectures, and all the teachings of the school. The only additional fees are a yearly dissection and matriculating ticket, each of which is \$5.

The Advantages of Scholarships .- The istu-dent holding a scholarship can enter the College at any time during the year, attend as ong as he chooses, and re-enter the institution as frequently as desired. It requires no previous reading or study to

enter the University on scholarships, hence, all private tuition fees are saved.

Students, by holding scholarships can prosecute other business a part of the time. The candidate for graduation can present himself at any time, and receive his degrees as soon as qualified.

/ In case a student should hold a scholar-ship and not be able to attend lectures, it can be transferred to another, thus preventing

any loss. Parents, guardians, or friends of students wishing to purchase scholarhip for them a year or more before their attendance at the University, can secure them by advancing one-half the price, and paying the balance when the student enters. Physicians and benevolent men can bestow great benefit upon poor young men, by presenting them a scholar-ship, and thus enabling them to obtain an honorable profession.

The Faculty embraces seventeen eminent physicians and surgeons. The University has associated with it a large hospital clinic, where every form of medical and surgical discase is operated on and treated in presence of the class.



