

THE LESSON.

A FAIR OF MARRIAGE. Three young ladies were seated in a nicely furnished apartment. They were the Misses Amanda and Emma Ellis, and their cousin Deliah Carlton. The latter was engaged in the womanly occupation of sewing; the two former, in discussing critically a ball, at which all three had been present the preceding evening. "I don't like that Mr. Barton at all," said Amanda, continuing the conversation. "Nor I either," responded Miss Emma, who was the eldest. "And why not?" asked Deliah. "I am sure he is handsome enough, is he not?" "Yes, but what can he do for you, who had spoken last. Surely his manners are pleasing, and language polished—without affectation."

"A very pleasant fellow, was it not?" said Emma, looking across the table. "I spent the morning very pleasantly, conversing with him, and listening to his account of his late business trip." "Oh! I dare say," said Emma sarcastically. "I suppose he gave you a dissertation on mechanics, did he not?" "Well, and suppose he did?" said Mr. Ellis, who had been listening patiently, but into whose honest face the color now came. "Is it not better to listen to him than the senseless conversation of the footings, ball men, half monkeys, who disgrace humanity?" and the old man cast such a look upon his daughters as made them quail beneath it. "But never mind, Life," he continued in a softer voice patting his niece's rosy cheek, "never mind." Mr. Barton is worth three or four such young gentlemen as Mr. Price and Mr. Brown, and in more ways than one. Mark that girl! He is worth two or three such in more ways than one." The last sentence he addressed to his daughters. "Days, weeks, and months rolled by, and Mr. Barton had become a frequent visitor at Mr. Ellis's. It was very evident that he was paying particular attention to Deliah Carlton, and it was also plain to see that they were not unappreciated. This fact furnished an ample subject for the sister's sarcastic remarks. As for their father, whenever they indulged in their presence, a knowing smile would play upon his face, and he would repeat to them his assertion, that they would some day wish that they had obtained Mr. Barton for their husband. Thus things continued for some time. At length one morning, about three months subsequent to the period when our story commences, Mr. Ellis entered the parlor where his daughters were sitting, with a light step and sparkling eye. "Well, girls, what do you think of it," said he, rubbing his hands in glee. "What?" asked both the young ladies in a breath. "The wedding we're going to have." "The wedding! what wedding?" "Your cousin's."

"Yes, she is going to honor the mechanic with her hand. What do you think of it, ha?" "I don't think much of it," said Miss Emma with a toss of her head. "Nor I, said Amanda. "You don't eh? Well suppose I was to tell you she is going to marry a man worth two hundred thousand dollars, would that alter your opinions?" "Why, what do you mean, pa?" "Listen, and I will tell you girls," said the old gentleman bending upon his daughter's a grave and somewhat stern look. "The father of Mr. Barton, to whom your cousin is soon to be married, was an old friend of mine; we were playmates in boyhood. He was apprenticed to the carpenter's trade about the same time I entered the counting room. Sometime after he had finished learning his trade he went to the city of Baltimore, and there started business for himself, and there he married. Being possessed of genius and having a good education from a master mechanic and builder, he soon became an architect; and so subsequently amassed a large fortune. Knowing the reverse of fortune to which all are liable, he resolved to make his only son a good architect, so that if ever the 'fickle dame' should desert him, he would have the wherewith to earn his daily bread. He succeeded. A year or two ago he died, leaving his son his whole fortune—his wife being already dead, and Charles being an only child. About six months ago Charles came to this city on a visit. He called upon me as his father's friend. In the course of our conversation I asked why he was not married. He said he had never yet met with a young lady that he thought worthy of calling his wife, that he could find enough that would marry him for the sake of his money, but such a one he would never marry. I told him that I would introduce him to some of our city ladies, and see if he could not find one to suit him. He required then that I should conceal his wealth, and introduce him only as a master mechanic. I acquiesced, and knowing your false estimate of respectability, I embraced the opportunity of teaching you a salutary lesson. I knew when I brought him home with me and introduced him, that neither of you would be his chosen, because I was certain that you would not stoop so low as to marry a master mechanic, but the event which will soon take place, I easily foresaw. Your cousin knew nothing of his wealth until to-day. I see you look surprised, girls, but did I not tell you that you would be sorry some day that you did not obtain him for a husband? And did I not tell you he was worth two or three such ninety-hammers as Mr. Price and Mr. Brown, in more ways than one? Remember, girls, that wealth is a false standard by which to judge of respectability and worth. Not that a rich man may not be respectable, but that very often he who earns his daily bread by the sweat of his brow, is more of a gentleman than he who counts his thousands." "And they did remember it. In after years they showed in their choice of husbands that they had not forgotten their honest old father's lesson."

"GOOD ADVICE. Rules may be made honest men, or expelled from society. It is a common, and a very just observation, that the prosperity and happiness of a community, depend much on the industry and economy of the people. But something more is necessary to secure that liberty and happiness—I mean morality in the people. The world is full of unprincipled men. They abound in every profession, art, and calling. The honest man and the dishonest man, are both citizens, and are treated by their neighbors, as if there no reality for this evil. There certainly is. Every person has it in his power to regard, as well as to promote, the progress of vice. Let every honest man resolve to have no dealings, on any terms, with unprincipled men of any profession, art, mystery, or calling whatsoever. If we go to church, let us go to hear him whose daily walk and life correspond with the principles and doctrine of the religion he professes to teach and inculcate. If we have occasion for legal advice, let us go to the lawyer who is an honest man in principle and practice, and who understands and attends to the duties of his profession. If we are sick and need a physician, let us not give encouragement to quacks and Indian doctors; but send for one who is skilled in his profession, and who does not neglect his patients when sick, nor tax them with his visits after they are well. And let us always remember, that it is our duty to bestow our patronage, whatever it may be, upon the virtuous poor man, in preference to the man of wealth, however, virtuous or upright in his dealings he may be. By this rule, those already rich cannot suffer, and the poor will be stimulated to industry. Emphasis.—A writer on English grammar gives the following example on wrong emphasis:—A Clergyman on reading the twenty-seventh verse of the eighteenth chapter of the first book of Kings, generally placed the emphasis on the words denoted by italics. And he spoke to his sons, saying, Saddle me the ass, and the saddled him! Living without Brains.—As the late Professor H. was walking near Edinburgh, he met one of those beings usually called fools. "Pray," says the Professor, accosting him, "how long can a person live without brains?" "If dinna ken," replied the fellow, scratching his head; "how long have you lived yourself sir?" A farmer recently received a polite note from a neighbor (or whose children were going on a visit) requesting the loan of an ass for a few days. Being unable to decipher his friend's hieroglyphics and wishing to conceal his ignorance from the servant, the farmer hastily returned this answer:—"Very well, tell your master, I'll wait upon him myself presently." "Repent and marry, Tom my dear." "Nay, nay," says Tom, "I'll marry first, and then don't fear but I'll repent soon after." GAINING A LOSS. "That scandalous scoundrel has utterly ruined my character," complained Count Tracy to Foote. "That's all in your favor," replied the wag, "for it was so very bad that the scoundrel it was destroyed the better for you." A poor Irish labourer lately applied to a lady for her interest to be admitted into a hospital, as he was very ill. The lady said, she "only subscribed to the Lying-in Hospital."—"That's the very one I want," cried Pat in an ecstasy, "as my landlord threatens to turn me out; and if he does, I have no piece to lie in."

**SOUTH CAROLINA, Chesterfield District.**  
**BENJAMIN McINTOSH**, who is now in the custody of the Sheriff of the District aforesaid, by virtue of a writ of capias ad satisfaciendum, at the suit of Smith Mowry Jr. having obtained the Honorable the associate Judges of the said state, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act of the General Assembly made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and he having filed with his petition a schedule of his estate, real and personal. It is ordered, that the said Smith Mowry, Jr. and all others to whom the said petitioner is in any wise indebted, do personally, or by their attorneys, be and appear before the Honorable the associate Judges of the state aforesaid, at the Court of Common Pleas to be holden at Chesterfield Court House, on the Wednesday after the third Monday in March next, then and there to show cause if any they can, why the estate and effects of the petitioner should not be assigned, and he be discharged, pursuant to the provisions of said Act of the General Assembly made and provided for the relief of insolvent debtors.  
**T. BRYAN, C. C. P.**  
Chesterfield C. H. }  
Dec. 22, 1841. } 7 3m

**CHOICE BACON.**  
**2,500 LBS.** very choice North Carolina Bacon, at retail, at 7 1/2 per lb. Cash. In lots of 30 or 40 lb. I will sell at 7 cts. Cash. The Credit price is 12 1/2 cts.  
**AUG. P. LACOSTE,**  
February 9, 1842. 13 1/2

**IRON.**  
20 Tons, assorted sizes, for sale by  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
October 27, 1841. 50 1/2

**SOUTH CAROLINA, Chesterfield District.**  
By Turner Bryan Esq., Ordinary.  
**WHEREAS** AS, GEORGE W. DAVALL made suit to me, to grant him letters of Administration of the Estate and effects which were of Thomas G. Ellerbe.  
I do hereby give and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said Thomas G. Ellerbe deceased that they be and appear before me in the Court of Ordinary to be held in Chesterfield at the office of Benjamin McIver on the fifth day of February next, to show cause if any they have why said administration should not be granted.  
Given under my hand and seal, this 29th day of January, Anno Domini 1842.  
**T. BRYAN, O. C. D.**  
12 21

**BLACKSMITH BUSINESS.**  
I HEREBY advise that a Copartnership has been formed under the firm of  
**MAYER & LACOSTE.**  
I have employed competent persons to carry on the above business in all its branches. Shop on Market Street, opposite, lately occupied by C. H. Shaver. The charges for work done will be moderate. We shall be glad to receive from responsible persons, and with all such previous account will be kept. All debts contracted for said shop, must be on order from us, and all collections for work done will be made by us.  
**A. M. McIVER,**  
**A. P. LACOSTE,**  
Cheraw, Nov. 15, 1841. 1 1/2

**TAX NOTICE.**  
I WILL attend as follows to take returns and receive the Taxes for Chesterfield District:  
At Mount Croghan on Monday the 14th February.  
At Babney's Old Store on Tuesday the 15th February.  
At Michael Miller's on Wednesday the 16th February.  
At John Seager's on Thursday the 17th February.  
At Speer's Mills on Friday the 18th February.  
At John Jansson's on Saturday the 19th February.  
At Steer-pen Springs on Monday the 21st February.  
At Coal Hill (or Levi Casily) on Tuesday the 22d February.  
At Cheraw on Thursday, Friday and Saturday the 24th 25th and 26th February.  
At Chesterfield Court House on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday the 28th February and the 1st and 2nd days of March.  
N. B.—All returns must be made by Monday the 28th day of March as the books will then be closed.  
**W. L. ROBESON T. C. C. D.**  
January 8, 1842 11 1/2

**GLASS, PAINT, AND PUTTY.**  
A Large Stock of these articles, which will be sold at reduced rates.  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**

**SILKS NEW NOVEL CONFESSIONS, or The Blind Hart**  
Just received at the  
**BOOKSTORE.**  
December 1.

**THE Saddlery, Harness and Shoe Making**  
Business in Cheraw will be heretofore conducted by  
**S. KRELER & Co.**  
February 3, 1842. 12 6 1/2

**UPPER AND SOLE LEATHER.**  
Wax, and Call Skins, and Hemlock Tanned Sole Leather. For sale low.  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
October 27, 1841. 50 1/2

**I INTEND** on the 1st day of July next to remove my Stock of Goods to my two stores, lately occupied by B. McIntosh, and McKay & McCaskey, and to make them my permanent business stands; and now offer for Rent, my four Stores immediately below, viz: One at present occupied by Messrs. W. & T. Bailey & Co., the next below, corner Karshaw and Front streets, and now occupied by Mr. D. Malloy, and the two stores now occupied by me. To persons residing in this place, it is needless to say, that they are among the very best stands for prosecuting a Cotton and barter business; and I only make this declaration for the information of persons residing at a distance. Possession of the Stores occupied by Messrs. W. & T. Bailey & Co., and Mr. D. Malloy, will be given on the 1st day of September next; the others can be had by the 10th July next. Cheraw offers inducements to Capitalists, and men of business, that are not found in many Southern towns. It is estimated, that our receipts of cotton, for the last two years averaged 23,000 Bales, and it is supposed this year's receipts will be about the same.  
**AUG. P. LACOSTE,**  
Cheraw, Jan'y. 12th, 1842. 9 1/2

The "Charleston Courier," "Southern Chronicle," "Camden Journal," and "Fayetteville Observer" will please give the above six insertions, say on: very two weeks, and forward their bills to my payment.  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**

**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.**  
COLUMBIA, No embro 30th, 1841.  
By His Excellency JOHN P. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief and over the State of South Carolina.  
**WHEREAS**, information has been received at this Department, that on the night of the 20th of September last, a most atrocious attempt was made by some person unknown, to murder one T. W. Harley, of Colleton District: Now know ye, that to the end justice may be done, and the offender brought to legal trial, I do hereby offer a reward of One Hundred and Fifty Dollars, for his apprehension and delivery into any jail in this State,  
Given under my hand and the Seal of the State at Columbia, the 30th day of November, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and in the sixth year of the Independence of the United States of America.  
**JOHN P. RICHARDSON.**  
By the Governor,  
M. LABRUE, Sec'y of State,  
Dec. 2 10

**IN THE COMMON PLEAS, Chesterfield District.**  
Henry Eastering, } Declaration  
vs. } on note in  
G. W. B. oth. } Attachment.  
**WHEREAS** the Plaintiff in this action did on this day file his Declaration against G. W. Booth, the defendant, who is absent from and without the limits of the State (as it is said) and having neither wife or attorney known upon whom a copy of the above Declaration, with a rule to plead therein, may be served; It is therefore in pursuance of the Acts of the General Assembly of this State in such cases, made and provided; Ordered that the defendant do plead therein on or before the twenty-sixth day of December next, otherwise final and absolute judgment will be then given and awarded against him by default.  
**T. BRYAN,**  
Office of Common Pleas  
Chesterfield C. H. Dec. 25, 1841. 1 1/2

**GOOD BARGAINS.**  
I have on hand many articles of Merchandise not now in the line of business, and which he has no room in his store for; all such goods will be sold very cheap. They consist of the following articles, viz: Negro Cloths (a good article) White Plains, Blanket Overcoats, Duffel Blankets, Bale Ropes, Brass and Irons, Shovels and Tongs, Jugs and Jars, Pots and Ovens, Iron and Steel, Hardware, Crockery, &c.  
**G. H. DUNLAP,**  
November 10, 1841. 5 1/2

**"THE SUBSCRIBER"**  
PURCHASED recently in New York a very heavy and general assortment of Goods which have all come to hand, and he now offers them at Wholesale or Retail at very low price for Cash or Produce.  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
October 27th 1841 50 1/2

**SPERM AND TANNERS OIL,**  
By the Barrel or at retail, for sale by  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
October 27, 1841. 50 1/2

**2500 PAIR SHOES.**  
Comprising every variety, and for sale on accommodating terms.  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
October 27, 1841. 50 1/2

**CHEESE.**  
For Sale by  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
Dec. 1, 1841. 3 1/2

**HATS AND CAPS.**  
15 Dozen Gentlemen's and Boys, Black and Drab Fur Hats,  
28 Dozen Wool Hats,  
A Large Stock of Fur, Hair, Cloth, and Selette Caps.  
For sale by  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
Oct 27 1841. 50 1/2

**BONNETS, HOODS, AND BAND BOXES.**  
Ladies and Misses, Florence and Straw Bonnets, Ladies Coloured Hoods, &c. For sale by  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
October 27, 1841. 50 1/2

**WOOD.**  
I HEREBY tender to my late customers in the Wood Linn, my grateful acknowledgments, for the liberal patronage, I have received at their hands, and would now most respectfully request, that they would continue to give their orders to Major D. R. W. Malloy, to whom I have sold my land, and who is fully prepared to deliver any quantity of wood that may be required. All orders for Wood left at my store, will be sent to the residence of Major Malloy.  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
January 12, 1842. 12 1/2

**SADDLERY.**  
A very large assortment of Boys, Men's, and Ladies Saddles. Also, Bridles, Martingales, Whips, Collars, Saddle Bags, Girths, Sulkies, and Carriage Harness, Stirrup Leans, Girths and Surcingles. For sale very cheap by  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
October 27th 1841. 50 1/2

**CANDLES AND SOAP.**  
Sperm, Margarine and Tallow Candles, Bar and Perfumed Soap.  
For Sale by  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
October 27, 1841. 50 1/2

**HARDWARE AND SMITHS' TOOLS.**  
A general stock of these articles for sale by  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
October 27, 1841. 50 1/2

**FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.**  
A few Fancy, and a large and well selected stock of Staple Dry Goods for sale low by  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
October 27, 1841. 50 1/2

The Subscriber has just received, and will keep constantly on hand, Cotton Yarn and Twine at wholesale, from the Manufactory of Rockingham.  
**GEO. GOODRICH**  
Cheraw, Jan. 1840. 10 W

**CANDLES**  
A few Boxes Tallow and Sperm Candles for sale by  
**D. MALLOY.**  
May 31, 1841. 20 1/2

**POLE BOAT FOR SALE.**  
THE Pole Boat James R. Evin will be sold on favorable terms. She is now on the way up and will be delivered to the purchaser on her arrival. Apply to either of the subscribers.  
**D. MALLOY,**  
W. & T. BAILEY & Co.,  
JAMES H. COLE.  
December 4, 1841. 4 1/2

**CUT NAILS.**  
100 Kegs, 41 lb 3d 10d 12d and 20 nails,  
For sale by  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
October 27, 1841. 50 1/2

**CORN WANTED.**  
THE Subscriber wishes to purchase 2 00 Bushels good Corn,  
**D. MALLOY,**  
December 6, 1841. 4 1/2

**J. W. BURN**  
continue to saw Bill lumber at the usual rates and to punctual customers only. His Corn and Wheat Mills are in good order. Corn or Wheat sent to these Mills will be attended to in order, and justly meted out if possible. Still we do not argue for making good meal out of bad corn, those who wish good meal and flour must take care to send good clean corn and wheat and the meal and flour shall then be good.  
**February 2, 1841. 12 1/2**

**NOTICE.**  
A Court Martial for the trial of delinquents in the Cheraw Militia Company will be held in the Town Hall on Saturday the 14th inst. All concerned are notified to attend. Messrs. J. A. Taylor, J. Bryan, G. L. Shaver, and John H. McIver will represent the Court.  
By order of  
**W. F. FOSLER,**  
Judge.  
Cheraw February 5, 1842. 13 1/2

**CHINA CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.**  
THE Subscriber has on hand a good assortment of the above comprising a variety of patterns. For sale cheap.  
**D. MALLOY.**  
May 31, 1841. 20 1/2

**AXES.**  
15 dozen Collins' Hubs, and Marsh superior Axes, for sale by the dozen at much below the usual rates.  
**A. P. LACOSTE.**  
October 27, 1841. 50 1/2

**SOUTH CAROLINA.**  
Declaration in Attachment.  
Whereas the Plaintiff in the above stated case this day filed his Declaration in regard to the Defendant, who is absent from and without the limits of this state, (as it is said) and having neither wife nor attorney known upon whom a copy of the above Declaration, with a rule to plead therein, may be served; It is therefore in pursuance of the Acts of the General Assembly of this State in such cases, made and provided; Ordered that the defendant do plead therein on or before the twenty-sixth day of December next, otherwise final and absolute judgment will be then given and awarded against him by default.  
**T. BRYAN, C. C. P.**  
Office of Common Pleas,  
Chesterfield C. H.,  
November 19, 1840. 50

**SOUTH CAROLINA, Chesterfield District.**  
El Wallace Applicant against Tabitha Sparrow, the Heir of Henry Wallace, Joseph Wallace, Jackson Wallace, Wm. Wallace and Elizabeth Wallace.  
It appearing to my satisfaction that Tabitha Sparrow and Joseph Wallace, two of the Defendants, reside without this State, it is therefore ordered, that they do appear and object to the division of sale of the real estate of Elizabeth Wallace, on or before the fifth day of January next, or his consent to the same will be entered of record.  
**T. BRYAN, O. C. D.**  
November 1, 1841. 5 1/2

**DRUGS, MEDICINES, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c. for sale wholesale and retail by**  
**A. HOPTON, CHERAW, S. C.**  
At his Drug Store, next door to Brown Bryan & Brother.  
Where may be had at all times a general assortment of articles in the Drug line, which are supposed to be of superior quality, which will be disposed of on very moderate terms. Physicians and others wishing pure medicines, may rely on being supplied with them.  
May 26, 1841. 50

**LUMBER LUMBER.**  
50,000 FEET  
DIFFERENT kinds lumber on hand and for sale low for cash at Bards Mills.  
**J. W. BURN.**  
February 2, 1841. 12 1/2

**NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.**  
THE Subscriber has just received his WINTER Supply of Goods, which consist in part of the following, viz: Ladies English and French Kid Morocco Shoes and Slippers, Misses Kid, and Prunella Shoes and Slippers, Gentlemen's fine Call Boots, Doctees, and Shoes; Also, a fine assortment of CROCKERY, China, Glass, &c. &c. Hardware, of every description, Blacksmiths Tools, Sheet Iron and a few very fine Groves; Goods of all kinds by the Wholesale and Retail. The above will be sold MUCH LOWER than they have heretofore been sold in Cheraw, for CASH only. Persons wishing bargains, will please call on the Subscriber and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere, for their own benefit.  
**ISAAC H. ROSSER.**  
Jan'y. 12th, 1842. 9 1/2

**NOTICE.**  
**G. H. DUNLAP**  
I would respectfully give notice to the friends and the public that if any conditions or terms, in my own account, by which it absolutely necessary to carry it very much, his credit being a consequence determined to be a account only with such persons as have heretofore paid their accounts punctually at or near the end of the year and with such only as will give part to us as a mode of doing so in future.  
Oct. 13, 1841. 43 1/2

**B. BRYAN & BROTHER**, hold a lease on the lower wharf over the old Perry Linn, and will charge each Boat for the year, for a ton discharging and loading.  
Each Six ton Boat, Three Dollars.  
Each Pole Boat, Tow Boat or Lighter, Two Dollars.  
Each Cotton Flat loaded or built, One Dollar and Fifty Cents.  
With the privilege of remaining one week, longer at a corresponding rate.  
Cheraw, Sept. 24, 1841. 46 1/2

**GARDEN SEED, &c.**  
THE Subscriber has just received a full and general assortment of Fresh GARDEN SEED from the Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store of New-England Farmer, Boston, among which are Sugar Beet, Root Bags, White Flat Turnip, &c. &c. by the pound and smaller quantity.  
He has also for sale a General Assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES, with WINES and LIQUORS, Raisins, Figs, Almonds, Citrons, Currants, Candy, Pickles, Tobacco, Serrano, &c. &c.  
His Store is Two Doors below the Store of Messrs. Taylor & Pouch.  
**HARLES VANDERFORD.**  
Cheraw, December 14, 1841. 4

**ROOTS, SHOES, PALM LEAF HATS, &c.**  
**D. F. FLEMING, No. 24** Hayes Street, Charleston, S. C. (opposite Messrs. Ferrar & Hays) informs his friends and the public that he is now receiving direct from the Manufacturer a new and splendid assortment of Boots and Shoes of all kinds adapted to the country trade. Also receiving a fine assortment of Men's and Boys' Palm Leaf Hats, and a fine assortment of Ladies and Misses Straw Bonnets, all of which will be sold on the most accommodating terms.  
Charleston, S. C. January 20, 1842. 11

**NOTICE.**  
ALCOM UCHANAN, having this day executed to a certain and designated Trustee of all his property in trust for the payment of his debts, the creditors of the said Buchanan are hereby notified to assemble at the office of J. A. Taylor, on Wednesday the 3rd of February next, for the purpose of appointing an Agent or Agents to act with the Assignee, if they should see fit so to do.  
**W. H. ROBBINS,**  
JOHN A. INGLIS,  
Assignees.  
January 31, 1842. 13 1/2