PLANTATION COTTON FACTORIES.

Description of the Operations and Profits of the Clement Attachment, Destined to Make Cotton Raising a Better Paying Business.

We copy from the Atlanta *Constitution* the following interesting letter in reference to the operations of the Clement attachment for spinning yarns from seed cotton:

WINDSOR, N. C., Oct. 1, 1879.

Mr. C. F. Akers: Yours of the 18th September received and contents noted. We are running two "Clement attachments." We have been running about three months.

The attachments costs $300 each. We are running 612 spindles, cost at Bridesburg, Pa., $3 per spindle. Two top flat cards cost $225 each; card clothing $80; one drawing frame, six delivories, six into one, $600; one block list speeder, $450; two reels, forty spindles each, $250; one cotton cleaner, $72.

Fifteen-horse power is sufficient to run the above machinery. We use 1,000 pounds of seed cotton per day, and make an average of 300 pounds of yarn daily. We work ten hands: one engineer at $1 per day; one foremen, $2; four girls at 50 cents, and four girls at 40 cents each. We consume three fourths of a cord of wood per day at $1.25 per cord. Our mill nets us from eight to ten dollars per day. We get from 16 to 17 cents per pound for our yarn. We sell in Norfolk, Va., Baltimore, Md., and New York.

The new process has an advantage of half over the old. We dispense with the line room and all the machinery used therein. We do three times as much work on our card as can be done on the same card in the old process. The cotton is never allowed to fly or leave the machine until it passes off into sliver, or continuous roll, into a revolving can. The profits are more than double the old process. We only use four machines from the field to make perfect thread (except the cotton cleaner, which can be dispensed with.) There are about ten machines used in the old process, taking the cotton in the seed.

We run by steam, and think it cheaper than water, everything considered. The more attachments, or the larger the mill, the greater will be the profits, as the expense does not increase in proportion. The main object is to find out how much seed cotton you can get, and build your mill accordingly. One great beauty in the Clement attachment is that you can build on a very small scale and make it profitable, and another is that the Northern people cannot utilize it, because they can't get seed cotton, and therefore they are set down on it and doing all they can against it. We sell our seed at eight cents per bushel to the farmers.

Our machinery is all new and of the latest and best improved. Second-hand machinery can be bought for half the money, and a cheaper class of new machinery can be bought, but I always prefer the best, if it costs a little more. Bridesburg Manufacturing Company, 60 N. Front street, Philadelphia, Pa., is the address of the firm that I bought our machinery from.

Any information that I can give you in the future will be done with pleasure. I hope to live to see the day when every pound of cotton raised in the South will be manufactured in the South; then we will become a prosperous people. We have labored long enough to enrich the North, and now it is time our eyes were opened to our own interest. Let me know what success you meet with.

Very respectfully,
C. F. HARDIN.

The total cost of machinery in Mr. Harden's factory, as you will see, which does not include the engine, is:

2 Clements attachment, $300 each,	$ 600
612 spindles, $3 per spindle,	1,836
2 top flat cards, $225 each,	450
Card clothing,	80
1 drawing frame, (6 deliverics,)	600
1 block list speeder,	450
2 reels, $125 each,	250
1 cotton cleaner	72
Total	$4,338
Probable cost of engine,	1,000
Belting, pulleys, &c.,	500
Cheap framed house 35x50,	500
Total cost of factory and machinery,	$6,338

Harden says the daily capacity of his factory is 1,000 pounds of seed cotton, making 300 pounds of yarn. This for 300 working days in a year makes 300,000 pounds seed cotton, or 90,000 pounds yarns or lint cotton, at 9 cents per pound for cotton, will cost for the year $8,100. The cotton, as a matter of course, must be bought in the months of October, November and December, as we have no seed cotton at any other season of the year. But this is generally the best time to buy any way, as the price is the lowest at this time usually. This investment, however, is not required for twelve months, for you begin to return this money as soon as you start the factory, and it is entirely returned to you in six months. Therefore it may be called an investment for six months in the year.

Now as to the income and profit. The daily capacity of the factory, 300 pounds yarns per day for 300 days in a year, makes 90,000 pounds yarns. At 16½ cents per pound it will bring $14,850. Add to this the value of cotton seed, $1,000, and it makes a yearly income of $15,850.

Deduct wages of ten hands at the prices paid by Harden ($6.60) per day for 300 days,	$1,980 00
1 cord of wood per day $1.50 per cord for 300 days,	450 00
Contingent expenses, oil, &c,	500 00
Total expenses,	$2,930 00
Deduct amount paid for cotton,	$8,100 00
Insurance,	500 00
Leaves net profit of	4 320 00

Harden says his profits are $10 per day. I think he is too modest to claim more. But after taking out all the usual expenses that may be expected in running the factory and allowing $500 for contingencies, I make the profits nearly $15 per day or nearly 30 per cent. on the investment. Let's have a factory.

C. F. A.

The Greenbackers of Ohio begin to hope they have saved at least eight thousand votes this year out of the thirty eight thousand they had last year. At this rate it will take about 3 months more to wipe out the last of that organization.

A CHARACTERISTIC LETTER.

Capt. Burdell Claims To Belong To A Lost Territory, and Expresses his Opinion About Some other Matters.

[From the Camden Journal.]

MESSRS. EDITORS: I see in your valuable and outspoken paper of the 16th of October that Messrs. Allen McCaskill and John Burdell have been appointed County Commissioners for the balance of the present term. The Governor must have been under a wrong impression as to my place of residence when he appointed me. I do not think I belong to Kershaw county, and, not being a citizen, I have no right to hold office in the county. I claim to belong to a small portion of lost territory, west of the Wateree river, and that river spanned by one of the most complete deadfalls I ever saw, which will tumble down long before it is paid for. The territory I belong to was once a part of Kershaw county, I believe; but as we are without representatives or office holders of any kind, I think it shows plainly that we have been counted out of the body politic. As a further evidence, I can refer to the fact that we are not allowed a single polling precinct over here, though nearly one third of the voting population is in this territory.

As to myself, I want no office in the gift of my friends, or the people, or the Governor, and when I get out of the office of County Commissioner, and get clear of that bridge, I never intend to hold another office, unless it is in the lost territory, when it becomes to be Gary county. This little territory is only recognized on such days as D. H. Chamberlain's day and that ever-to-be remembered black Saturday. Then we were great men and of great importance. Then we could see great big men on great big horses riding around and saying to the men and clubs from this little lost territory, "For God's sake don't think of leaving Camden until the crowd gets off. It will never do to leave. Stay right here, and I will join you just as soon as I can go home and get something to eat and a little refreshment." Never saying to hungry John, "Come and break bread with us." At that very moment some of us were fifteen or twenty miles from home, with horses rode down, men starved out, and our families unprotected. After the crowd leaves, then we are permitted to wend our ways home through rain and darkness. At such times as these we are great stakes, but as soon as all is quiet, we are forgotten.

But we will show you better things than this when we get Gary county established, and we get found again, and our territory gets a name. Then, if any of our neighbors come over, we will ask them to break bread with us. I hereby ask all my friends, if they ever see me as a delegate to another so-called convention, or if they ever know me to vote for a standing candidate, or any man that declares himself a candidate before the so-called convention makes him one, I want some of them to apply the boot to me to their satisfaction. I don't believe in a convention where the delegates come packed; as soon as a candidate gets the delegates he wants he is then virtually elected, for he has counted noses, and feels as safe as if he had his commission. Why not let the eighty-seven delegates that can cast one hundred and one votes, publish in some county paper that "we have decided to elect Mr. So and so," and be done with all the trouble of conventions, holding elections, counting votes, and the devil knows what else.

But may be I am saying too much, and might get into a duel; but if I do, I live in a lost territory, under no jurisdiction, and I won't have to go out of the State to find nutual ground. I now give notice, that if I should ever be fool enough to accept a challenge, my weapon shall be a double barrelled shot gun, *loaded by myself*, with Hazards best powder and twenty one buckshot; distance, twenty paces.

Now, Messrs. Editors, I think it high time the people should put down these hungry office seekers, and elect men who attend to their own business and pay their honest debts, (I don't mean security debts.) If you send men to make laws for you who expect to make a living by holding office, it is natural for them to create offices, and good paying offices at that. As sure as these office-seekers are not put down, we will put the reins of government out of our hands. Put these fellows to plowing, and you will soon find some of them over the fence with their necks broke. "Got reared at the plow stock, and ran away and broke his neck," will be the verdict of the Coroner's jury.

Yours Truly,
JOHN BURDELL.

Lost Territory, Oct., 18, 1879.

The Prize Drill.

The Committee on the Prize Drill at the State Fair have prepared the following rules and list of prizes for the drill, which is to take place on the 13th of November, 1879.

For the best drilled company, open to the United States, prize $300.

For the best drilled company, open to the State, prize $150.

For the best drilled company, open to the State, excluding companies from Charleston and Columbia, 1st prize $100; 2d prize $50.

If none but companies from South Carolina compete, the following prizes will be offered:

Open to the State, 1st prize $150.

Open to the State, 2nd prize $75.

Open to the State, excluding companies from Charleston and Columbia, 1st prize $100, 2nd prize $50.

No prize will be awarded unless at least two companies compete for it.

Each company must drill with not less than two commissioned officers, two sergeants and twenty-four men. Officers and men must be members of the companies with which they drill.

The drill will be according to Upton's infantry tactics, and will include the school of the soldier, except the bayonet exercises and firing lying down, and the school of the company in single rank. The skirmish drill will not be required.

The following entrance fees will be required:

For the drill open to the United States, $25.

For the drill open to the State, $15.

For the drill open to companies excluding those from Charleston and Columbia, $10.

The names of companies competing for either of the prizes must be reported to the Secretary by November 2.

Commanding officers of companies taking part in the drill are urgently requested to make the arrangements necessary for accommodating their commands while in Columbia. Attention to this matter will prevent much confusion and discomfort.

The Committee on Reception will cooperate with officers in preparing for the entertainment of companies.

Committee of Rules—Maj. Hugh S. Thompson, Capt. W. B. Lowrance, Dr. W. C. Fisher.

Committee on Reception—Capt. Andrew Crawford, Capt. J. Q. Marshall, Col. Lee Hagood, Col. John Seoffin, Lieut. J. P. Arthur.

Committee on Grounds—W. D. Starling, Esq., Col. W. C. Swaffield, John Taylor, Esq.

Any further information will be furnished on application to the Secretary, C. M. Tew, Esq., Columbia.

If Bayard Were nominated, the best campaign documents in his favor would be compiled out of the leading Republican papers for years past.—*Springfield Republican.*

Government Directory.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

EXECUTIVE.

President—Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio; to March 4th, 1881.

Secretary of State—William M. Evarts, of New York.

Secretary of Treasury—John Sherman, of Ohio.

Secretary of War—Geo. W. McCrary, of Iowa.

Secretary of Navy—Richard Thompson, of Indiana.

Secretary of Interior— arl Schurz, of Missouri.

Attorney General—Charles Devins, of Massachusetts.

Postmaster General—David M. Key, of Tennessee.

LEGISLATIVE.

President of the Senate—William A. Wheeler, of New York.

Secretary of Senate—John C. Burch.

Speaker of the House of Representatives—Samuel J. Randall, of Pennsylvania.

Clerk—Geo. M. Adams, of Kentucky.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice—Hon. M. R. Waite, of Ohio.

Associate Justices—Hon. Ward Hunt, of New York; Hon. Nathan Clifford, of Maine; Hon. Noah H. Sawyer, of Ohio; Hon. Samuel H. Miller, of Iowa; Hon. Stephen J. Field, of California; Wm. M. Strong, of Pennsylvania; Joseph P. Bradley, of New Jersey.

The Supreme Court holds one session annually in Washington, beginning on the second Monday in October.

UNITED STATES COURTS IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

Circuit Judge—Hugh L. Bond.
Circuit Clerk—James E. Hagood.
District Judge—Geo. S. Bryan.
Clerk—Daniel Horlbeck.
Marshal—R. M. Wallace.
District Attorney—L. C. Northrop.

Terms for holding United States Circuit Court—First Monday in April at Charleston; fourth Monday in November at Columbia.

Terms for holding United States District Court—First Monday in January, May, July and October in Charleston for Eastern District; first Monday in August for Western District, at Greenville. [The court held at Greenville exercises circuit court powers.]

UNITED STATES OFFICERS IN CAMDEN.

Maj. S. R. Adams, Commissioner.
Edward H. Brooks, Post Master.

GOVERNMENT OF THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Governor—W. D. Simpson.
Lieutenant Governor—
Secretary of State—R. M. Simms.
Attorney General—Leroy F. Youmans.
Comptroller General—Johnson Hagood.
State Treasurer—S. L. Leaphart.
Superintendant of Education—Hugh S. Thompson.
Adjutant and Inspector General—E. W. Moise
Superintendant of the Penitentiary—T. J. Lipscombe.
Superintendant of Lunatic Asylum—Dr. P. E. Griffin.
Governor's Private Secretary—Wade H. Manning.

SUPREME COURT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Chief Justice A. J. Willard, Columbia.
Associate Justice—Henry McIver, Cheraw.
Associate Justice—A. C. Haskill, Columbia.
Clerk—A. M. Booser, Lexington.
Reporter—R. W. Shand, Union.

CIRCUIT COURTS.

First Circuit—The counties of Charleston and Orangeburg.

Second Circuit—The counties of Aiken Colleton, Barnwell and Beaufort.

Third Circuit—The counties of Sumter, Clarendon, Williamsburg and Georgetown.

Fourth Circuit—The counties of Chesterfield, Marlboro, Darlington, Marion and Horry.

Fifth Circuit—The counties of Kershaw, Richland, Edgefield and Lexington.

Sixth Circuit—The counties of Chester, Lancaster, York and Fairfield.

Seventh Circuit—The counties of Newberry, Spartanburg, Laurens and Union.

Eighth Circuit—The counties of Greenville, Anderson, Oconee, Pickens and Abbeville.

CIRCUIT JUDGES.

First—B. C. Pressley.
Second—A. P. Aldrich.
Third—T. B. Fraser.
Fourth—J. H. Hudson.
Fifth—Joseph B. Kershaw.
Sixth—T. J. Mackey.
Seventh—W. H. Wallace.
Eighth—Thomas Thomson.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT—KERSHAW.

County Commissioners—John Burdell, Allen McCaskill, T. A. Moore.
Clerk of Board—W. H. R. Workman.
Sheriff—John Doby.
Clerk of court—S. C. Clyburn.
Treasurer—E. B. Cantey.
Auditor—E. E. Sill.
Judge of Probate—F. P. Beard.
Jury Commissioner—L. W. R. Blair.
School Commissioner—Joel Hough.

TOWN OF CAMDEN.

Intendant—D. C. Kirkley.
Clerk and Tressurer—E. E Sill.
Chief of Police—W. R. McCreight.
Wardens—James Jones, W. A. Ancrum, T. J. Barfield, E. O. McCreight.

TO THE PUBLIC!

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOOD FOR 1879.

I beg to call the attention of the Public Generally, to my new FALL STOCK, which embraces

THE BEST,
THE HANDSOMEST,
AND THE CHEAPEST

Stock I have ever offered.

I ask special attention to my stock of DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS, SHAWLS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, CALICOS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, LINNENS, DAMASKS, TOWELS, &c., Together with a full line of

DOMESTICS.

IN THE

Gentlemens Department

Will be found an unusually handsome stock of

CLOTHING, HATS, UNDERWEAR, TIES, &C.,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

$1.00 PEARL SHIRT $1.00

I am also agent for the celebrated improved

PEARL SHIRT,

Which now STANDS UNRIVALLED AS THE BEST DOLLAR SHIRT IN THE WORLD.

The public will find it to their best interests to give me a call before purchasing.

R. M. Kennedy.

E. B. CAPERS.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

THE ATTENTION OF BUYERS IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED TO AN EXAMINATION OF OUR STOCK OF SHOES. WE FEEL CONFIDENT OF BEING ABLE TO PLEASE.

Ladies' Fine Shoes

IN VARIETY ARE NOW OPENED FOR INSPECTION, AND OUR PRICES CANNOT FAIL TO SATISFY. oct30tf

D. W. JORDAN & CO.

HAVE BEEN COMPELLED RECENTLY TO ADD IMPROVEMENTS TO THEIR STORE TO ACCOMMODATE THEIR LARGE AND INCREASING TRADE. YOU WILL FIND THEIR STOCK COMPLETE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS. YOU CAN

SAVE MONEY

BY MAKING YOUR BILLS WITH THEM. THEY KEEP A FIRST CLASS STOCK OF

Groceries, Drygoods, Boots, Shoes, Hats,

HARDWARE, WILLOWWARE, SADDLERY, BAGGING AND TIES GRAIN, &c. THEY ARE AGENTS FOR WILSON & CHILDS' WAGONS, CARTS, &c., SINCLAIR & AVERY'S AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS GO TO SEE THEM, AND YOU WILL SUBSERVE YOUR OWN INTERESTS.

Perkins & Nettles;

TWO DOORS BELOW DR. ZEMP'S,

Dealers in Family Groceries,

CONFECTIONERIES,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
AND LIQUORS

Having bought a FULL LINE of the above goods, we are prepared to OFFER INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS Which cannot be surpassed by any house in Camden. Give us a call and be convinced that what we say is A FACT.

W. L. ARTHUR.

OUR SHOE, HAT, AND CLOTHING MAN.

ARTHUR'S ARTHUR'S ARTHRR'S ARTHUR'S ARTHUR'S ARTHUR'S AUTHUR'S ARTHUR'S

ARTHUR'S ARTHUR'S ARTHUR'S ARTHUR'S ARTHUR'S ARTHUR'S ARTHUR'S ARTHUR'S

HATS, HATS, HATS, HATS, HATS, HATS, HATS, HATS,

Shoes, Hats, Clothing, Collars, Cuffs, Cravats, Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs, Ladies' Shoes, Misses' Shoes, Childrens' Shoes, All Kinds of Gentlemen's Wear. Can Fit You From the Crown of Your Head to the Sole of Your Feet; Cheap! Cheap!!

SHOES SHOES SHOES SHOES SHOES SHOES SHOES SHOES

CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING.

CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING.

W. L. ARTHUR.

OUR SHOE, HAT AND CLOTHING MAN.

Oc23tober, th 1879

New Store & New Stock.

New Brick Building, Broad Street.

Old Goods With Old Prices HAVE PASSED AWAY.

NEW PRICES WITH NEW GOODS HAVE TAKEN THEIR PLACE —AT—

Kennedy & McDowall's,

—DEALERS IN—

HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES, HARDWARE, DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES, HATS, CROCKERY AND SADDLERY.

TEAS —A— SPECIALTY.	MARKET PRICE PAID FOR COTTON and other Country Produce.	Cigars & Tobacco, —A— FULL LINE.

Opposite Geo. Alden's Old Stand.

Camden, S. C.

1879. 1879.

GREAT ATTRACTIONS.

At our lately remodeled store, where you will find the largest stock of goods, ever before exhibited in this market.

ON OUR FIRST FLOOR

You will find a complete and elegant stock of FANY and STAPLE DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES and HARDWARE.

SECOND FLOOR.

A full line of FAMILY and FANCY GROCERIES, CROCKERYWARE & HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

THIRD FLOOR.

You will find a large stock of Men's, Youths & Children's fashionable CLOTHING, GENTS FURNISHING GOODS & HATS.

HARNESS & SADDLERY

In endless variety, which we will make to your interest to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Thanking the public for past favors and hoping to merit a continuance of same.

Very Respectfully,

BAUM BRO'S.

LOOK AT THIS!

THE BEST NICKLE CIGAR SOLD.

JUST RECEIVED

2,000 Druggist's Medicine,
3,000 Tramps, (3 for 10 cents,)
2,000 Hurdles,
1,000 Royal Bulls,
1,000 Red and Black,
1,000 Royal Seal,
1,000 Little Commodore,
1,000 Capital Joke,
1,000 Cigarettes,
1,000 Punch,
1,000 Governor Wade Hampton,

At the "Old Corner."
Sign of the Box. W. C. GERALD.

[Communicated.

To the Taxpayers of Kershaw County.

I will be one of fifty men to pay the sum of five dollars each on or before Saturday next for the purpose of employing counsel to do away with the Bridge tax; to be paid at the GAZETTE or *Journal* office.

JOHN A. GLENN.

Camden, Sept. 27, 1879.

BUTTER! BUTTER!

25 Tubs, Goshen butter, at very low prices at BAUM BROS.

—If you wish to see a pleasing sight, call at Baum Bros.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS & CREDITORS.

All persons having claims against the estate of Hannah Crosby, deceased, are hereby notified that they must establish the same before the Probate Judge for Kershaw county within thirty days of publication hereof, or be debarred from payment. Persons who are indebted to said estate, will make immediate payment to the undersigned

GEORGE CROSBY and A. E. SINGLETON, Executors.

Oct 2 18

Important Notice.

Office COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, CAMDEN, S. C., Sept., 24th, 1879.

All persons having claims against Kershaw county, arising between Nov. 1st, 1878 and 31st October, 1879, are hereby notified and required to present same on or before the last mentioned date, properly attested, to be credited by the Board of County Commissioners of said county.

W. H. R. WORKMAN,
Oct 2 1m Clk., Bd., Co., Commissioners.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

South Carolina—Kershaw County.

Allen E. Cash, Plaintiff,
vs
R. G. Ellerbe, Defendant—Execution.

By virtue of the above execution, I will sell on the first Monday in November next, before the Court House in Camden during the legal hours of sale, all the undivided right, title and interest of the defendant in a certain tract of land lying, situate and being in the State and county aforesaid, containing 1860 acres, more or less, bounded north by Burwell Boykin, east by lands of the estate of Ancrum, south by Young & Keels, and west by the estate of Boykin.

Also, on Tuesday, Nov. 3d, at the plantation whereon the defendant resides, will be sold, commencing at 11 o'clock, the following personal property: The farming implements, Wagon, Carriage, sett of Furniture, Corn, Fodder, Cotton and Cotton Seed, Horses, Mules, Cattle and Hogs. Levied upon as the property of the defendant at the suit of Mrs. Allen E. Cash. Terms—cash.

JOHN DOBY, S. K. C.

GEO. ALDEN & CO., Ags.

COTTON BUYERS & COM. AGTS',

Will give special attention to the PURCHASE OF COTTON, AND sale of FERTILIZERS.

ARE PREPARED TO PURCHASE COTTON at Full Market Value, AND IN ANY QUANTITY,

Geo. Alden. F. L. Phelps.

Removal!

MRS. T. B. WALKER respectfully announces to her friends and patrons that she has removed her

MILLINERY STORE

To the stand just opposite Mrs. Crosby's bakery, where she is now opening

An Elegant tock of Millinery,

Just received from the Northern Markets. I have the Latest Fashions in Millinery and propose to sell these goods at THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

LADIES will find it to their interest to give me a call before making their orders.

sep11 MRS. T. B. WALKER.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

All persons having claims against the estate of J. J. Horton, deceased, are hereby notified that they must establish the same before the Probate Judge for Kershaw county within thirty days of publication hereof, or be debarred from payment. Persons who are indebted to said estate, will make immediate payment to the undersigned.

C. C. HAILE,
Oct 2 18 Admn'r.

It is false economy to buy a cheap Organ when a few dollars more will get the Incomparable and always reliable

MASON AND HAMLIN.

NOT LOWEST PRICED, POOREST AND DEAREST; BUT HIGHEST PRICED, BEST AND CHEAPEST.

New Styles.

New Prices.

Six stops, elegant embossed walnut case, new designs, only - - - $60

10 stops, 4 sets reeds in new style illuminated only $85.

10 stops, 6 sets reeds, mirror top case with Gold bronze ornamentation, only $100

ONER 100,000 MADE AND SOLD.

WINNER OF HIGHEST HONORS AT ALL WORLDS EXHIBITIONS FOR TWELVE YEARS PAST.

PARIS - -	1867.	VIENNA - -	1873
SANTIAGO -	1875.	PHILA. PA. -	1876
PARIS - -	1878.	SWEDEN - -	1878

Endorsed by Franz Liszt, Theodore Thomas, Ole Bull, Gottschalk, Strauss, Warren, Morgan, and over one thousand eminent musicians in Europe and America. The testimony as to the immense superiority of these instruments over all others is emphatic and overwhelming, and indisputable.

RENTED UNTIL PAID FOR.

These organs are now offered purchasers by monthly instalments of from $5 to $10 or will be rented until the rent pays for them. From one to three years time given for payment.

SPECIAL REDUCTION given to CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, and PASTORS. Agents wanted everywhere. We send organs to any part of the South. We pay freight both ways if not satisfactory.

SOUTHERN WHOLESALE DEPOT

For the more convenient supply of Southern trade, a Southern Wholesale Depot has been established at Savannah Ga., from which churches, teachers and retail dealers can be supplied at New York and Boston factory rates. For illustrated catalogue, price list and full information address,

LUDDEN & BAUER, Savannah, Ga.

Manufacturer's Wholesale Agents.

CANDY! CANDY! 50 boxes candy, ofr sale by Baum Bros.

BISCUIT! BISCUIT! A large stock of biscuits of all kinds, at prices to please all, at Baum Bros.