Telegraphic---Foreign News. LONDON, June 15.—A special despatch to the Times says Don Carlos has given his son the title of Prince of Asturias. He has also convoked the Biscay Juntas to meet on the 27th instant, in order to contrast the attitude of the Carlists with that of the Alfonsists, whose govern-ment, he says, is afraid to summon the

VIENNA, June 16.—The Provincial Court has acquitted Weisinger of the the charge of attempting to defraud Father-General Beck. In the course of the trial, Weisinger declared that he was an adherent of Prince Bismarck and the enemy of Ultramontanes. His sole intention was to allure the Jesuits to acquiesce in an effort to assassinate Bismarck, and thereby give the latter reason for more energetic proceedings against the Catholics. He hoped that Bismarck or Schweinitz, the German Ambassador, would reward him for his zeal. Bismarck, before leaving for the country, received the foreign represen-tatives and gave each one assurances of the peaceful disposition of Germany. Whatever result the present trial of Arnim may have, it is sure to be ultimately referred to the supreme tribunal, by ap-peal either of the defence or prosecution. Benlin, June 16.—The session of the Prussian Congress has formally closed. DUBLIN, June 16.—The American Rifle Team has arrived and were received with

great enthusiasm. ROME, June 16 .- The debate on the

public safety bill continued.

LONDON, June 16.—Alexander Callie & Co., commission merchants, have failed; liabilities 15,000,000. Also Shand & Co., East India merchants, of twenty-

three Road Lane.
London, June 16.—Fiji Island advices report a slight abatement in measles epi-

EDINBURG, June 16.—Rev. Wm. Arnott, the eminent author and divine, is dead. He visited this country three times; his last visit was at the late Evangelical Alliance in New York.

Presbyterian Church and the Church of Scotland has been consummated. nnited church is to be designated the Presbyterian Church of Canada.

Telegraphic---American News.

Washington, June 15.—The Treasury Department has decided to compromise the cases against the national banks on account of their failure to stamp their checks. The reports thus far received from the Bank Examiners show that more than 200 banks are open to prosecution on this account. The basis of compro-mise adopted is this: Where the number of unstamped checks is five or less, there is no penalty. Where the number of is no penalty. Where the number of checks range from five to fifty, the penalty is \$50. Where from fifty to 100, the penalty is \$100. This is a penalty at the rate of \$1 for each check.

In view of the County of the Agricultural Department has stated the South, the South of the So

The Agricultural Department has sta-tistics, carefully collected by responsible persons in the seven hog leading States, persons in the seven hog leading States, which show that in January last there were in those States, on the hoof, 14,-213,800 bogs. These were divided as follows: Indiana, 2,670,000 head; Illinois, 2,034,000 head; Iowa, 3,398,200 head; Missouri, 2,082,600 head; Ohio, 1,734,400 head; Kentucky, 1,706,000 head; Wisconsin, 587,800 head. It is estimated that the ratures from the

states will make the hog crop for this year over 18,000,000 head.

GALVESTON, June 15.—A special despatch from Brownsville gives an account in reference to the fight between Cant MaNaily's detailment. Capt. McNeily's detachment of State troops and a band of cattle thieves, below Brownsville, on the 12th instant, in which twelve of the raiders were killed. The raiders lost besides eleven horses and saddles, and all their arms, consisting of pistols and repeating rifles. Private S. B. Smith, of the State troops, who was killed in the fight, was buried yesterday. There was a large funeral procession of soldiers and citizens. Capt. McNeily was unable to pursue the raiders under Ricardo Flores, because his horses were broken down by hard service. Gen. Cortina is incensed at the killing of his cattle this year. The Mean service. Gen. Cortina is incensed at the killing of his cattle thieves. The Mexican papers say that the raiders were assassinated while asleep. Capt. McNeily says if they were asleep, he don't want to find any of them awake. Cortina swears he will have revenge, and is arming and has been preparing for a fight for more then a week, although he has received peremptory orders to report in received peremptory orders to report in person at the City of Mexico. Gen. Feriero left Monterey, this morning, on Governments netive, at better prices. Governments netive, at better prices. Feriero left Monterey, this morning, on the march to Matamoras, with 3,000 men. It is understood that he comes to arrest Cortina. It is not known what the brigand chief intends to do, but he is preparing for some development, and will doubtless fight Gen. Feriero if he thinks he can whip him. He may conclude, however, to cross over to this side of the border line, place himself at the head of the squatters and lay waste the country, and then recross to the Mexican side and get pardoned by the Supreme Government. The troops here are on the alert, and the citizens of Brownsville are adopting defensive measures. No one knows what a day or an hour may bring forth. There is no doubt at all as to the accountability of the Mexican authorities for the enormity of the Mexicans, and for the for the enormity of the outrages perpetrated by the Mexicans, and for the danger now threatening the frontier. Some of the Mexican officials are watch-

companies to agree upon moderate rates companies to agree upon moderate rates between all competing points, which will be maintained by both; the contract can only be terminated by a resolution of the respective boards, a special committee to be appointed by each board, to whom shall be referred all meters of difference, if any, that may arise relative to the practical working of the arrangement, and with power to adjust all complaints between the two companies. The Pennsylvania Company opens its lines between Philadelphia and New York to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad on the same terms that they give other connect-Baltimore and Ohio Railroad on the same terms that they give other connect-ing roads at Philadelphia. This agreement, it is believed, will be of a perma nent character.

BALTIMORE, June 16 .- The Directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, at a special meeting to-day, ratified the basis of a settlement as agreed on by President Scott and Vice-President dent King, making a single amendment, which it is expected will meet the ap-proval of the Board of Pennsylvania Di-

New York, June 16.—At a breakfast given to the Charleston Washington Light Infantry, yesterday, a letter was read from Gov. Tilden, expressing regret at his inability to be present and wel-coming them to the State of New York. This was followed by brief addresses from Gen. Woodward, of the Governor's staff, and from Col. Marshall Lefferts, of the veteran corps of the Seventh Regiment.

Some weeks ago, W. W. Tillotson, Treasurer of Booth's Theatre, was charged before Commissioner Davenport with having violated the provisions of the Civil Rights Bill, in refusing to sell a ticket to Wm. R. Davis, a colored man, and as such not entitled to a seat in the theatre elsewhere than in a portion in the upper part of the house set apart for colored persons. At the time of Tillotson's arrest, his counsel claimed that he had not violated the law, inasmuch as its prohibition of discrimination as to color did not apply to theatres which were managed simply as private business speculations, subject to such regulations as to admission as their proprietors might deem proporto impose. Tillotson waved an examination are described to might deem propor to impose. Tillotson waived an examination and gave bail to await the action of the United States Grand Jury. During the sessions of the Grand Jury, Davis has been before it several times, but failed to impress the jurors that he had a case that they were warranted in entertaining, and they, therefore, presented no bill against Tillotson. In view of the interest taken in this case, this action of the Grand Jury this case, this action of the Grand Jury

WASHINGTON, June 16 .- No new developments in the Hinds trial—for corrupting United States officials. The point is raised, that the persons bribed were temporary clerks and not United

In view of the water routes throughout The Year of the water routes throughout the South, the following is important: Judgo Wylic, in the Equity Court, in the first of the Georgetown mill cases—that of Ray vs. the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company—decided that the contract of Mr. Ray entitled him to receive dertook to make the change; and he made perpetual the injunction restraining the Canal Company from diminishing the supply of water to Ray's mill and from interfering with the gauge. Probabilities—For the Middle and South Atlantic States, nearly stationary pressure, warmer North-east to South-east winds clear and partly clearly

winds, clear and partly cloudy

LEAVENWORTH, June 16.-The grass hoppers have disappeared from this region. The air for the past four days has been black with them, going North.

Farmers are preparing to re-plant.
INDUNATOLIS, IND., June 16.—During a heavy rain-storm, yesterday, two men and a woman drove to the Central Bank, when the woman engaged one of the clerks in conversation at the carriage; the two men entered the bank and began talking with the cashier, who was presently set at work figuring out interest on a large sum which they desired to loan. While the cashier was thus engaged, the men slipped into their pockets packages to the amount of from \$5,000 to \$7,000 and got off with it. No arrests

Yesterday's Market Reports.

New York-Noon.—Money 2. Gold 16½. Exchange—long 4.88; short 4.91. Governments active, at better prices. Cotton nominal; sales 177—uplands 15½. Orleans 15½. Futures opened weak: NEW

net receipts 8,176; exports Great Britain 14,254; France 2,149. Flour less active danger now threatening the frontier. Some of the Mexican officials are watching Cortina's movements with anxiety. Should he succeed, more than one of them will be marched to the Toguna and shot. They are earnestly trying to put him down, not for what he has done to Americans, but for what he has done to Americans, but for what he may do to themselves.

Charleston, June 16.—Arrived—Steamships Champion, New York; Fanita, Philadelphia; schooner W. H. Cushing, Philadelphia, June 16.—It is understood that the agreement between the railroads is for a period of ten years; the

Baltimone. - Flour steady and firm 1.37@4.75. Wheat -1.30@1.38. firm-Corn 85@87. Lard dull—refined Corn somor. Land Corners to prime cargoes 16@184; jobbing 164@194; Conce quiet and arm—ordinary to prime cargoes 16@184; jobbing 164@194. Whiskey strong—1.20. Cotton dull and lower—middling 15½; low middling 14½; good ordinary 14; gross receipts 66; exports coastwise 75; sales 115; spinners 50. SAVANNAH.—Cotton dull—middling 15; net receipts 734; sales 817.

net receipts 734; sales 817.

CHICAGO.—Flour quiet and unchanged.
Corn lower and fair demand—693 spot.
Pork dull and lower—18.75. Lard dull and lower—13.00. Whiskey dull and drooping—1.16.

MEMPHIS.—Cotton dull and lower to sell—middling 145; net receipts 18; sales 450; stock, actual count, 10,733.

AUGUSTA—Cotton dull nothing deing

Augusta.—Cotton, dull nothing doing —middling 14½; low middling 14½; good ordinary 13½; net receipts 42; sales 116.

Boston.—Cotton dull and nominal—middling 153. middling 153; net receipts 40; gross 63;

sales 75.
WILMINGTON. -- Cotton unchanged-

middling 14½; net receipts 140.

Nonrolk.—Cotton dull and light—
middling 14½; net receipts 411; exports
constwise 40; sales 50. PHILADELPHIA. -- Cotton

PHILADELPHIA.—Cotton dull—middling 15½; low middling 1½; good ordinary 14½; net receipts 73; gross 555.

LOUISYILLE.—Flour and corn dull and unchanged.

Provisions quiet and weak.

Pork 20.00. Bacon—shoulders 9½; clear rib 121; clear 121 medical. Lord times

Pork 20.00. Bacon—shoulders 93, clear rib 121; clear 124, packed. Lard—tierce 144@15; keg 154. Whiskey 1.15.
CINCINNATI.—Flour steady. Corn dull—71@73. Pork and lard nominal. Bacon

dull and unchanged. Whiskey firm-1.15.

GALVESTON. - Cotton weak and nomi-

Galveston.—Cotton weak and nominal—middling 14½; net receipts 29; exports coastwise 22; sales 175.

3 P. M.—Cotton dull and easier—middling uplands 7½; middling Orleans 7 11-16; sales 10,000, including 5,600 American; speculation and export 2,000; to arrive ½ cheaper; basis middling uplands, nothing below low middling, deliverable June, July or August, 7 5-16(a) 7½; September 7 7-16; shipments new crop, basis middling uplands, nothing below low middling, orleans, nothing below low middling, deliverable June, 7½; July or August, 7½. verable June, 71; July or August, 71.

A despatch received from the Black A despatch received from the Black Hills Geological Exploration throws a wet blanket over the hopes of those who saw millions of gold in that section. Up to the 9th, no gold had been discovered, and what is worse, the for nations thus far discovered are of a recent geological age, and "not auriferous." Further ex-plorations are to be weden new Herrau plorations are to be made near Harney Creek, and the facts in that case will also be given to the public. As the exploring party, at the latest date, were within twenty miles of the place where gold was reported in abundance, and the geological evidences were decidedly adverse to the idea of the existence of this metal, it is not likely that any placers will be struck in the Black Hills of a paying character. This is bad news for the boys who are en route for that section. They saw well-filled purses in the prospective, and were prepared to wipe out the red and were prepared to wipe out the red men and enter into possession of the land that was stocked with gold if it did not run with "milk and honey." These geologists are sad idol breakers, and gold lot speculators had better meet an army with banners than one of this practical class of men. But it is proper that relia-ble evidence in relation to the Black Hills country should be spread before the country should be spread before the people, in order that they may act with their eyes open on this subject.

GROWING UP TO SPECIE PAYMENT. OUR exports of specie from the 1st of January to the 1st of June, were \$31,461,000. This is \$8,000,000 more than for the cor-This is \$3,000,000 more than for the corresponding period last year, and \$11,000,000 more than in the same months in 1870. Thus are we "growing up" to specie payment by the accelerating flight of our specie. The growing up process by which gold and greenbacks shall approach each other in value, is going on also in another way by the gradual rise of the gold premium to 17. The Cincinnati Gazette thinks that at this rate a smart arithmetician may reckon at what time we shall have grown up to specie. smart arithmetician may reckon at what time we shall have grown up to specie payment. There is consolation in this kind of progress that the rise in premium tends to check exportation of gold, and gives us more for it. But while a higher premium is needed to check exports of gold, it is not easy to see how gold and greenbacks can grow to an easyl value greenbacks can grow to an equal value,

The potato bug, whose ravages are so wide-spread, is a hard-shelled striped bug, nearly twice as large as the "lady bug," with a yellow and a black-spotted head, six legs and a yellow and black-spotted armor. This curse is a native of Colorado, whence its name of Colorado beetle. It was first seen in 1829, feeding on a wild potato, but when the settlers introduced the domestic potato, the bug attacked it at once. It breeds prodigiously, the female laying from 700 to 1,200 eggs, which hatch in about six days, and immediately begin work, which lasts for nineteen days. Where they are numerous, they devour the whole plant clear down to the ground. They are decidedly poisonous, and control of the stripe of the same decidedly poisonous, and control of the same decided of the same d They are decidedly poisonous, and con-sequently barn-yard fowls avoid them.

Betsy Yates, a black mother in Norfolk County, Va., last Sunday, got mad with her child, and stepped to a well in the yard and let it drop. The child was dragged up and buried and the mother inital jailed.

The Providence Journal finds a peculiar illustration of the old adage, that "shoemakers' wives have to go barefoot," in the experience of Madam Lillie, clair-voyant and fortune-teller, who, having rooms in the building in Beston lately realwest to a rain by an unaccounted-for reduced to a ruin by an unaccounted-for explosion, was so badly injured by its fall that it was necessary to take her to the hospital. It would seem to the unspiritualistic mind, that her controling spirit might have accounted their controling spirit might have accounted their controling. spirit might have warned their agent of impending danger, and that she who could foretell precisely how many hus-bands or wives, as the case might be, each inquirer would have, and describe the exact shade of their hair and eyes, might have made her power of vaticina-tion of use to herself. The madam is said to have been badly frightened, and one would think not only that she would renounce her claim to prophetic insight, that the most credulous portion of the public would lose faith in fortune-telling. However, since her employment is a lucrative one, and numbers of people like to be gulled, it is not probable that her business will be given up, nor her gains diminished.

The librarian of Princeton (N. J.) College is endeavoring to find as complete a collection as possible of books relating to the late civil wars and has sent a circular letter to the alumni of the college who reside in the South, asking for the contri-bution of any documents that will shed light upon the history of the South dur-ing the struggle. All kind of official documents, Confederate, State or municipal; military code, army orders, medicipal; mintary code, army orders, medi-cal reports, muster rolls, newspaper files, speeches, sermons, poetry, pam-phicts of every sort, as well as narratives of field operations, of local military or-ganizations, of personal adventure, and especially biography, as well as of the undistinguished as of the most famous; all are desired, whether printed or in manuscript.

It is probably not generally known that the Legislature of New York, at its recent session, passed an Act looking to specie payments by the banks of that State in 1878. The Act provides that all contracts, thereafter, made, payable in contracts thereafter, made payable in "dollars," without specifying what kind of dollars, shall be liquidated in United States gold of the standard weight and fineness. It also requires the payment of all taxes in 1878 and afterwards in gold or the notes of specie-paying banks. The Supreme Court of the United States, in a case from Oregon, has decided that the law making notes a legal tender has no reference to taxes imposed by a State. The question of rejecting such notes as a legal tender for individual taxes, by State authority, may be a doubtful one.

SHREWD PLEASANTRY. -- A Paris paper A Shrewd Pleasantra.—A Paris paper tells how an ingenious wine-shop-keeper has adapted himself to the exigencies of the hour, which demands in everything a spice of politics, by hanging conspicuously a placard in his parlors, inscribed, "Sooner or later he will return." The Bonapartists look up at it and say, "Ah, ha! that means our boy"—the young Napoleon. The Orleanists think the allusion is to the Count de Paris: the Legitision is to the Count de Paris; the Legitimists opine that it can only mean the Count de Chambord; whilst the Republicans are convinced that it refers to "little Thiers." So all are pleased, and the honest quiz, when questions are asked, merely smiles, winks and shrugs his shoulders. "He really meant his zouave boy on African service.

They have brought "reform within the party' to a rather painful climax in Washington. The Republican, the Administration organ, comes with over 52 large seven-column pages of advertised property for unpaid taxes, and nearly one-fourth of the property-owners of the one-fourth of the property-owners of the "city of magnificent distances" will find themselves homeless in a few days, to illustrate the reformatory achievements of Grant's rule. The Republican intimates that "the sale of property will bear hard upon delinquents," but it adds, what is property. that in no other way can governments be supported, and the payment of taxes is one of the onerous duties which accompanies the many privileges of citizenship.

In the United States District Court, Charleston, June 15, the petition of Jacob E. Suares, of Sumter, for voluntary bankruptcy, was referred to Registrar Scabrook. In the petition of M. Marks and others for the involuntary bankruptcy of Jacob Apple, a rule was issued for the debtor to show cause, on the other transfer of the control of the other transfer of the control of the other transfer of issued for the debtor to show cause, on the 9th of July next, why he should not be adjudged a bankrupt. J. N. Steele, of the firm of Steele & Jones, of York County, was adjudged a bankrupt. L. D. McMakin and John E. Savage, of Greenville, were finally discharged in bankruptey. bankruptey.

bankruptey.

Within the past five years there have been built and put into operation a number of narrow-gauge roads in this country of thirty-six inches, and two in Canada of forty-two inches. A striking and conclusive fact about these roads, according to the Chicago Railway Review, is that not one of those in full operation at the date of the panic has gone into bankruptey, and that every one has promptly paid its interest obligations from net earnings, and had left some surplus to the credit of income account.

An exchange lets off the following on

An exchange lets off the following on delinquent subscribers: "Looking over an old ledger, we see a long array of names of former subscribers who are indebted to us. Some of them have moved away and are lost to sight, although to memoryclear. Others are carrying the contribution boxes in our most respectable churches, and others again are angels in Heaven; but they owe us just the same.

Mr. John Shillito and Mr. Thomas Crawford, well known citizens of Abbe-ville, died last week.

The bankers of the United States meet in Philadelphia, on the 24th of June, instant, for the purpose of organizing a National Centennial Bankers' Association. They propose to have a depart-ment in which they will exhibit coins tion. and notes of the country from the date of its settlement to the present time, and specimens of all coins since civiliza-

HONEY AND DEATH .- A couple of negro men were killed by a falling limb in the woods near Greenwood, on last Friday night. They had gone out to cut down a bee tree, expecting to get a load of honey. The tree was felled and a rush made for the honey. While the negroes were hard at work, a limb of the tree, which had broken off and lodged, fell upon them and killed them.

[Abbeville Medium.

Hon. John C. New, who will shortly succeed Gen. Spinner as Treasurer of the United States, has declined a public dinner at Indianapolis, because he is yet untried in the duties of his new position, and would rather have something to show in the way of public business before he goes to banqueting. Mr. New is an exception extraordinary to the present race of public men. sent race of public men.

Mr. Lewis Maheffey, who lived near goodgions' factory, Laurens County. Goodgions' factory, Laurens County, while engaged in repairing an agricultural implement on Friday last, fell across a pile of lumber and received internal injuries, from which he died during the He was about sixty-five old and highly respected by his many friends.

The philanthropists are subscribing liberally to the fund for a ten-acre idiot asylum in Califarnia. The solicitor goes up to a philanthropist and says, "How do ye do, my good man?" Then he reads the California Republican platform to him, and the philanthropist, with an "Ah, I see—I see," cheerfully puts down \$5.500. \$500.

Frank Palmer, editor-in-chief of the Chicago Inter-Ocean, has been made a member of the commission to treat with the Indians for the Black Hills. If the expedition wants any Indian outrages manufactured in transitu, Mr. Palmer is their man. He is the miller-in-chief of the Southern outrage grist.

United States Marshal W. D. Jenkins and Wm. D. Street, scout and guide, had a desperate fight, a few days since, with a band of Cheyennes in Rawlins County, Kansas, and succeeded in driving them off after killing seven of their number.

The removal of Governor Axtell from Utah gives the Mormons much uneasiness. They are afraid that Emory, the new appointee, will exhibit anti-Mormon proclivities, and make war on polygamy. This is probably the fact. A man who went to Europe last fall to

escape the Beecher trial, burst into tears on his return to New York this week, when he heard at the wharf that it still in progress. A destructive storm of wind and rain

passed over Sumter County, on the 12th Houses and fences were demolished and limbs of trees went flying through the air. No lives lost.

A colored minister in Abbeville, who had been Beecherizing, submitted to a severe whipping from his parishioners and then left the country, rather than submit to a trial.

A party of colored boys at Hodges deliberately stoned a young companion to death, a few days ago, in imitation of Stephen.

A new post office has been established at Mountain Ridge, Spartanburg County, and D. D. Devenport appointed postmaster.

The old song, "The Sword of Bunker Hill," will be fashionable at Boston this week.

43 deaths in Charleston for the week ending the 12th-whites 11; colored 32. Maj. . Ephraim Corley, of Lexington, died on the 8th instant.

Auction Sales.

Pendleton Manufacturing Co. Stock. Pendieton Manufacturing to. Stock.

N WEDNESDAY, 23d instant, at 10
o'clock A. M., at our office, 127
Richardson street, we will sell, to the
highest bidder, for cash, on account of
whom it may concern, SEVENTEENAND-A-HALF SHARES OF THE PENDLETON MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S STOCK. Par value of each
share \$100. SEIBELS & EZELL,
June 8 Auctioneers. Anctioneers

Hay, Bacon, S. H. Syrup, &c. Hay, Bacon, S. H. Syrup, &c.

100 BALES Eastern HAY, at \$1.50, (1 bale this Hay equal to 2 of common Hay—weights guaranteed;) 10 barrels S. H. SYRUP, very low; 100 packages MACKEREL, very choice, cheap; 10 bexes BACON SIDES, SHOULDERS, &c.; 2,000 pounds HAMS, fair, at 12½ cents; Paper, Soap, Starch, Vegetables, Flour, &c., on consignment, for sale low, by W. B. BURKE, Commission Merchant, City Hall building. June 17.1 chant, City Hall building. June 17 1

Union Council, No. 5, R. & S. M. THE Regular Convocation will be held in Masonic Hall, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 clock. By order of the T. I. G. M. J. SULZBACHER, Recorder. o'elock. June 17

\$5 Reward

Will be paid for the return to the Advertiser of a Young SETTER BITCH—white with yellow spots; answers to the name of "Sue," which strayed on the evening of the 14th inst. Apply at this office. June 17

SEED PEAS!

June 1 BUSHELS select SEED PEAS, for sale by J. A. HENDRIX & BRO.