

Paris, December 21.—The President of the Bonapartist committee for an appeal to this people was dismissed.

London, December 21.—The Standard reports the total defeat of the Republican Gen. Lopez Dominiguez in Catalonia, by the Carlists.

Berlin, December 21.—Armin was acquitted on all points except offence against public order, in handling thirteen documents referring to ecclesiastical affairs. Sentence of imprisonment, before reported, and payment of costs. He may retain official dignities and title of excellency. Upon the expiration of his imprisonment, he goes to Italy for his health. Both parties will appeal.

Madrid, December 21.—700 troops embark for Cuba on the 15th proximo. QUEENSTOWN, December 21.—The City of London, hence December 11, has returned disabled. The Cuba takes her mails. The City of London broke her cylinder head when four days out.

Hong Kong, December 21.—The captain, several of the crew and passengers of the steamer Japan have arrived. The fire occurred 150 miles from Hong Kong; mails lost.

Telegraphic-American News.

New York, December 20.—120 employees of the Custom House, principally inspectors and weighers, are to be discharged this week. The reduction is made to curtail the expenses of collecting the revenue.

At Newark, N. J., Weston, the pedestrian, made 500 miles in six days. The Democratic majority in the Louisiana House of Representatives will probably reach twenty-five.

A. N. Morgan, a butter and cheese merchant, and Treasurer of the Butter and Cheese Exchange, New York, has failed, with \$100,000 liabilities. Carlos Garcia, a noted Cuban bandit, and all his followers, have laid down their arms and thrown themselves upon the clemency of the Government.

Philadelphia, December 19.—A young lady was brought to this city for abortion purposes. The body was found in a medical college on the dissecting table. Several arrests have been made.

New York, December 19.—The steamship Japan left San Francisco November 14, arriving at Yokohama December 10, and sailed thence on the 12th. She had on board 973 tons of freight and \$375,000 in treasure, when she sailed from San Francisco, but the officers of the company in this city cannot say what amount of freight was still on board when she left Yokohama. The Japan is the eighth vessel which the Pacific Mail Company has lost in the last five years, including the Bienville, which was only chartered by the company, and the Alaska, which went ashore at Hong Kong, but will, it is hoped, be got off again.

Washington, December 19.—At the caucus of the Republican Senators today, several of the caucus committee made reports. While no formal action was taken in regard to Southern affairs, there was unanimity on the point that all citizens in that section must be protected in their lawful rights. Some Senators suggested that there should be an increase of the army for that purpose, while others were of the opinion that an improved militia arrangement might better secure protection. The caucus committee on Southern Affairs will not make any recommendation with regard to Arkansas affairs until the committee appointed by the House shall have made their report to that body, and, therefore, the Arkansas question was not discussed. There was an indisposition to take action relative to the Kellogg government. As to the question of admitting Pinchback, it was said there were questions pending before the Committee on Privileges and Elections affecting him which should first be settled before discussing the propriety of giving him the vacant seat in the Senate belonging to Louisiana. Most of the time of the caucus was consumed in the consideration of the finance question, a report having been made by the committee of eleven on that subject, through its chairman, Senator Sherman. The debate took a wide range, but all who spoke expressed the opinion that something was necessary to be done, and that, therefore, it was the part of wise statesmanship for those present to harmonize their views if possible. The committee of eleven, before they brought their report into the caucus, were divided in their views, seven being in favor of the report and four against; but finally, on motion of one of the four, the report was made unanimous, and after a long discussion was adopted by the caucus. The bill agreed upon will be reported at an early day to the Senate. According to the best attainable information, it provides for the resumption of specie payments on the first day of January, 1879, for free banking, and for the retiring of greenbacks to the extent of 80 per cent. of the amount of the new national bank notes issued, and also requires the \$46,000,000 of fractional currency to be gradually withdrawn, and silver coin, in denominations of from five to fifty cents, issued in its place. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use the surplus coin in the Treasury on and after the day fixed for resumption to redeem the legal tenders, and, if necessary, to sell bonds for the same purpose, if the amount of specie is not sufficient.

Boston, December 21.—A negro who assaulted Judge Lowell's daughter, was held in \$20,000 bail. There is a prospect of the girl's recovery.

New York, December 21.—A new civil suit has been commenced against Tweed, in which Edward Marriner joined as defendant on behalf of the

city to recover from both \$550,000, alleged to have been fraudulently charged by Marriner for supplies to the street department, and fraudulently certified by Tweed, as Deputy Street Commissioner.

The coroner finds no resemblance in the drowned boy to Charlie Ross. Four inches snow, followed by hail and sleet, broke the telegraph wires. Heavy gale from the North-west.

Atlanta, Ga., December 21.—Col. Samuel J. Anderson, formerly Private Secretary to Gov. Crawford, suicided this morning; cause financial embarrassment.

Brooklyn, December 21.—Police Captain Brown was instantly killed by a companion, who was examining the captain's pistol.

Worcester, December 21.—Dr. Huntington declines the Iowa Bishopric.

Washington, December 21.—In the Supreme Court, Cambus vs. Clews et al., from the District Court of Alabama. This was the case of County bonds issued to a railroad company. The opinion re-affirms that when the proper officers have certified, their certificate is conclusive in favor of the holder of bonds. Decision below affirmed.

The commission of engineers upon levees are not entirely in accord; the civilian members favor that their report should contain a recommendation. The army engineers doubt their right to make suggestions or recommendations to Congress, and propose a dreary array of science. The Mississippi delegation in the interest of levees, consisting of Judge Jeffers, Col. Hayeroff and Col. Bruce, Federal Senator elect, visited the President. These gentlemen had previously visited the commission upon levees. The President favored a general system of levees; as partial systems, while protecting one portion, damaged another; and that to make the system effectual, there must be concert. The committee speaks highly of the President's knowledge of what is requisite to save the alluvial lands bordering on the Mississippi, its tributaries and its outlets.

New York, December 21.—The Wright brothers have been expelled from the Stock Exchange, being unable to comply with contracts. The failure of Psycho & Comings is announced.

Providence, R. I., December 21.—Joseph Knowles, Sr., publisher of the Journal since 1838, is dead.

Washington, December 21.—In the Senate, Scott gave notice that he would, at an early day, ask the Senate to consider bills from the Committee on Claims.

In the Senate, joint resolutions of the Arkansas Legislature for the repeal of the tax on leaf tobacco, were presented; to the Finance Committee. Cameron presented the memorial of the merchants, ship owners and others of New Orleans, for such legislation as will increase the efficiency of the marine hospitals. Sherman reported the finance bill. Its features verify the despatch of Saturday night. Morton gave notice that immediately after the holiday recess, he would ask the Senate to consider amendments proposed to the Constitution by Committee on Privileges and Elections, last session, in regard to the election of President and Vice-President by direct vote of the people. Bill to provide for the better government for the District of Columbia was discussed, but no vote reached. Chandler, from Committee on Commerce, reported unfavorably on bill to establish Atlanta, Georgia, as a port of delivery, and it was indefinitely postponed.

In the House, bills were introduced for improving the Cumberland River; amending Act for collection of abandoned property; restoring revenue tax. Hayes, of Alabama, offered a resolution for the appointment of a select committee to inquire into the political affairs in Alabama, and as to the use of Federal soldiers there, and the intimidation of voters, &c. Randall, of Pennsylvania, suggested that the committee should also inquire as to the distribution of rations voted by Congress in Alabama. Hayes said he had no objection to that, but that that inquiry had been already provided for in a resolution adopted last Monday. Hayes' resolution was adopted. R. B. Irwin was summoned before the bar of the House, for refusing to say what he did with \$750,000 Pacific mail money. The House passed a resolution, adjourning from Wednesday next to January 5.

The Republican Senators held a caucus this afternoon, at the solicitation of the Southern Republican Senators and Representatives, at which the condition of the South was considered. The Senators from the South advocated the sending of troops to several of the States of that section. They feared that the Republican party was hopelessly dead unless decisive steps were taken during the present session to put down turbulent whites. They confessed their inability to poll white votes. The Northern Senators did not endorse the propositions, and some of them openly expressed themselves against further interference with affairs of the South, saying they had lost many votes in the North by it. Senator Lewis, of Virginia, declared the Republican party had lost power in the South, because of the bad character of many of its would-be leaders and the advocacy of the Civil Rights Bill, which he considered a most iniquitous measure. The South could only be carried for the Republican party as at present organized by sending soldiers enough there to prevent the people from voting. The majority evidently agreed with him, as before a vote was taken, many Senators left the room, and Senator Morton, who was

relied upon by the extreme Republicans, did not come to their relief.

A Presidential proclamation, dated to-day, commands all disloyal persons in Warren County, Mississippi (Vicksburg), to retire to their homes and abstain from forcible resistance to law and submit themselves to lawful authority of that County. The State House Elections Committee decided in favor of Snyder, from the Second Alabama District. Nominations—Lewis E. Parsons, District Judge, vice Busted, resigned.

Probabilities—For the South Atlantic States, clear or fair weather, with Easterly or Southerly winds and slight changes in temperature and pressure. For the Gulf States and Tennessee, generally cloudy weather, with South-east to South-west winds and a slight rise of temperature, followed by variable winds, lower temperature, rising barometer and light rain in the North-west.

Charleston, December 19.—Arrived—Schooner Jessie R. Smith, New York; steamship Georgia, New York. Telegraphic-Commercial Reports.

COLUMBIA, December 21.—Sales cotton 70 bales—middling 13 3/4@13 1/2. New York, December 21.—Noon.—Stocks active and unsettled. Money 3. Gold 11 1/2. Exchange—long 4 85 1/2; short 4 90 1/2. Cotton quiet and asking higher; sales 326—uplands 14 1/2; Orleans 14 1/2. Pork heavy—old mess 19 80. Lard firm—steam 13 1/2. 7 P. M.—Cotton quiet; sales 1,336, at 14 1/2@14 1/4. Corn a shade firmer—88@95. Coffee 1/2c. higher and fair demand— Santos 18 1/2 gold. Sugar dull and nominal. Southern flour quiet and steady. Wheat 1c. better and moderate inquiry—1.19@1.37. Whiskey firmer—1.02. Freights steady. Cotton net receipts 2,337; gross 9,056. Futures closed steady; sales 26,800; December nominal 13 13 16@13 1/2; January 13 1/2@13 1/2; February 14 13 32; March 14 13 16; April 15 3 16@15 7 32; May 15 17 32@15 9 16; June 15 27 32@15 1/2; July 16 3 32@16 1/2; August 16 9 32@16 5 16. Money more active and firmer—3@4. Sterling steady. Gold 11 1/2@11 3/4. Governments active and strong. States quiet and steady.

Boston, December 21.—Cotton quiet—holders asking higher—middling 14 1/2; net receipts 94; gross 812; exports to Great Britain 1,819.

BALTIMORE, December 21.—Cotton dull—middling 14; low middling 13 1/2; good ordinary 12 1/2; gross receipts 1,004; exports coastwise 400; sales 350; spinners 125.

WILMINGTON, December 21.—Cotton quiet and steady—middling 13 3/4; low middling 13 1/2; good ordinary 12 1/2; net receipts 1,787; exports Great Britain 950; coastwise 1,110; sales 100.

CHICAGO, December 21.—Flour dull and unchanged. Corn in fair demand—No. 2 mixed old 78 1/2; new 65 1/2; rejected 62@62 1/4. Pork in fair demand—19. Lard in fair demand—13 Whiskey steady—97.

CINCINNATI, December 21.—Flour dull. Corn steady—70@71. Pork dull—18 1/2@19. Lard steady. Bacon dull and nominal. Whiskey firmer—97.

NORFOLK, December 21.—Cotton steady—middling 13 3/4; net receipts 1,764; exports coastwise 2,399; sales 300.

GALVESTON, December 21.—Cotton quiet and unchanged—middling 14; net receipts 2,729; gross 2,844; exports to Great Britain 4,789; coastwise 196; sales 919.

NEW ORLEANS, December 21.—Cotton quiet—middling 14; low middling 13 1/2; good ordinary 12 1/2; net receipts 9,169; gross 9,781; exports to Great Britain 9,579; sales 5,500.

SAVANNAH, December 21.—Cotton firm—middling 13 3/4; low middling 13 1/2; good ordinary 12 1/2; net receipts 5,290; exports to Great Britain 5,215; coastwise 5,372; sales 1,454.

CHARLESTON, December 21.—Cotton quiet—middling 13 3/4@13 1/2; net receipts 5,107; exports to France 1,100; coastwise 2,915; sales 1,000.

MOBILE, December 21.—Cotton quiet—middling 13 3/4@13 1/2; low middling 13 1/2; net receipts 5,827; exports to New York 2,469; coastwise 2,065; sales 2,000.

MEMPHIS, December 21.—Cotton demand fair—buyers and sellers apart—middling 13 1/4@13 1/2; low middling 13; good ordinary 12 1/2@12 1/4; net receipts 3,775; shipments 3,582; sales 1,300.

AGOSTA, December 21.—Cotton demand good—middling 13 1/2; net receipts 1,702; shipments 1,224.

PHILADELPHIA, December 21.—Cotton quiet—middling 14 1/4; net receipts 364; gross 1,042.

St. Louis, December 21.—Flour dull and unchanged. Corn in fair demand and easier—new 67@70, according to location. Whiskey steady—93. Pork nominally 19 1/2. Bacon—no sales. Lard quiet—13.

LOUISVILLE, December 21.—Flour unchanged. Corn dull—71@73. Pork quiet and unchanged. Bacon shoul ders 9 1/2; clear rib 12. Lard 14 1/2@15 1/4. Whiskey 97.

Liverpool, December 21.—3 P. M.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales 12,000, including 7,000 American; 2,000 speculation and export; sales on basis middling Orleans, nothing below good ordinary, shipped November, December or January, 7 1/2-16; sales on basis—middling upland, nothing below low middling, shipped January or February, 7 1/2.

Paris, December 21.—Rentes 61 1/2.

Della Hex, a colored woman living below Allendale, Barnwell County, was accidentally shot, on the 9th instant, by Thos. Ashe, a colored man, who had been playing with a gun, which he supposed empty, and in pointing it at her it went off and killed her almost instantly.

THE ORANGEBURG OUTRAGE.—United States Commissioner Bull has furnished the Orangeburg News a statement of the facts concerning the outrage committed by a band of armed men upon the plantation of Mr. J. D. Jones on November 28. Mr. Bull says: On the 3d instant, affidavits were made before me by Solipo Harrison, Prince Tyler, Isaac Knight, Isaac Jenkins, Elcio Walker, Andrew Jackson and Frank Jamison, (colored,) charging Jones Salley, Wm. Salley, Wm. O'Dowd, Lewis Inabinet, Martin Corbett and Walter Knight, (white,) with having broken down the doors of their dwelling houses at midnight and entered armed and in disguise; that said parties did shoot in and about their houses, driving the inmates—women and children—into the woods, representing themselves as United States soldiers sent from Columbia, S. C. Warrants of arrest were immediately issued by me and placed in the hands of Deputy Marshal Wolfe on the 4th of December, 1874. I also summoned as witnesses every person suspected as having any knowledge of the affair. On the 8th, the parties were brought before me, under arrest by the Marshal, and an examination commenced, lasting four days. The prisoners were represented by Messrs. Izlar & Dibble. The testimony elicited upon the examination showed continuously that a most dastardly and unprovoked attack had been made upon these parties and their families, at midnight, by a band of six armed men, who represented themselves as "Yankees sent from Columbia;" that they threatened the lives of all the parties, several of whom were fired at and barely escaped by running; that they threatened to burn the houses down, and did take and destroy seven guns, &c. Jones Salley, Wm. Salley, Wm. O'Dowd and Lewis Inabinet were, at the conclusion of the examination, held to bail in the sum of \$6,000 each for their appearance before the United States District Judge at the January term, 1875, of the United States District Court, at Charleston, to answer an indictment for violation of Section 6, Act of May 31, 1870. The witnesses for the Government were also required to give recognizance for their appearance.

The News says: "We understand that Commissioner Bull had a fair and full investigation, and that he acted throughout with fairness towards the accused, but after a mature consideration of the testimony elicited in his Court, deemed it an imperative duty upon himself to bind some of the parties over to the United States Court. As but one side of the case has yet been heard, we forbear expressing our opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the men implicated in this nasty affair. We do venture to say, however, that if the crime is as dastardly as it now appears to be, that the law should take its course firmly, rigidly, and with a stern hand, teach its violators that there are penalties prescribed for those who dare infringe upon it. The large portion of our intelligent citizens are doing all they can in the interest of peace and harmony, and we regret that a few men should attempt to undo what they are so zealously striving to accomplish, namely, good order, good government, and a lasting friendship between all parties."

New York don't like to see the Southern Pacific Railroad built, because the people there fear that it may do them some injury. A foolish fear and altogether unworthy of the inhabitants of that great city. If the fear is ignoble, the mode of attack is not less so. They cry out that the Southern Pacific line is a "Tom Scott" scheme, and forthwith all those who are against "Tom Scott" cry out, like frogs in the pond, the like note—"Tom Scott," "Tom Scott." "Tom Cat" would be as sensible. We do not know "Tom Scott's" relation to the matter. We do not know the man himself, and nothing about him; but imagine that he is as good as many other so-called railroad kings. We rather sympathize with him because he is so bitterly abused. There is more of vindictiveness than of-endeavored virtue in the denunciations of him. He must have done something good, we are sure. But, independent of "Tom Scott," or "Tom Cat," we adhere to the importance of a railroad via the South-west pass to California. Build it, and if we of the South don't take advantage of it, it will be our fault. It is a great national line. It has a claim upon the National Government; but as that is controlled from the North, it will have a tight squeeze to succeed, if it succeeds at all. The North wants "Northern Pacific," but does not incline to the "Southern Pacific." Oh, no; that is quite a different matter, and to be repudiated as "Tom Scott's" road. That cry don't conceal the real motive which lies at the bottom. But, notwithstanding this, we cannot see how the South can be led by mere personal prejudice to treat unkindly a project for a road which would add immensely to Southern commerce as well as national accommodation and power.—Richmond Dispatch.

BOSTON'S LATEST BOON TO AFRICA.—One of Boston's sources of revenue is its rum trade with the gold coast of Africa. At the time the British authorities raised the duty on the rum, last year, to 60 cents a gallon, there were seven American vessels on the coast, with about 387,000 gallons, two other vessels were on their way from Boston with 145,000 gallons more, and another vessel (the Starr King) was getting ready to start with a matter of 75,000 more. We leave it to whether this isn't rather dubious business for Massachusetts merchants to be engaged in.—Springfield Republican.

Professor Whitsett, of Farman University, Greenville County, offers a prize of \$25 to the student who shall pass the best examination in Greek, and \$10 to the student who shall stand second best. The examination will take place on December 10, 1875, and all persons proposing to take part in the examination must report to Prof. Whitsett before May 1, 1875. The prize will be delivered in public.

The Orangeburg News says that Judge Carpenter, in the absence of Judge Reed, has issued a writ of prohibition in the habeas corpus case of the State vs. John L. Humbert, the defaulting Treasurer, whom F. J. Moses, Jr., got into trouble. Under this writ, Humbert will have to remain in jail until the next term of the Court.

The Congressional Committee on the Civil Rights Bill sustain Judge Buskirk in his recent decision in regard to admitting colored children in the public schools. Perhaps the Republican press of Indiana will now let up on Judge Buskirk.

When King Kalakana was in San Francisco, an attempt was made to drink him drunk, but the Hawaiian monarch succeeded in Sandwicking all his friends under the table. [St. Louis Times.

A number of prominent Charleston merchants have concluded to enjoy Christmas in good old-fashioned style, and will close their places of business from Thursday evening, December 24, to Monday, November 28.

A young man, named March Legare, was murdered and robbed on St. Helena Island, S. C., on the 17th. A colored man, named Scipio Bryan, is strongly suspected.

It is said that capital punishment is likely to be restored in Iowa, as murders have multiplied since its hurried adoption, through the efforts of Mr. Bovee, two years ago.

The number of deaths from diphtheria in New York last week was about sixty, which shows a considerable decrease.

The Virginia Legislature has decided on a Christmas recess of only three days, and a suspension of per diem during that period.

14,000 partridges have been shipped from Greensboro, N. C., to England, to stock the preserves of the nobility and gentry of that country.

Judge J. P. Reed is in Charleston, and is making arrangements to hold Court early in January.

MARRIED. On the 16th instant, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Henry Murray, of Lincoln County, Georgia, by Rev. John Calaway, Mr. T. M. WILKES, of this city, to Miss E. E. MURRAY. No cards.

Funeral Invitation. The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. S. G. BURKETT are invited to attend the funeral of the former, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 3 o'clock, at the Washington Street Church.

Richard Volunteer Rifle Club. The members of the Richard Volunteer Rifle Club will meet at their hall THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late fellow-member, S. C. BURKETT. R. S. MORRISON, Secretary.

Acacia Lodge, No. 94, A. F. M. BROTHERS are requested to attend at the Hall, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to pay the last tribute of respect to our deceased brother, S. C. BURKETT. Members of sister lodges are fraternally invited to attend. By order of the W. M. Dec 21. A. CRAWFORD, Secretary.

For Sale. 100 FINE TURKEYS, cheap for cash. Apply to W. S. POPE, Dec 21. No. 12 Lady street.

Notice. FRIDAY, December 25, being Christmas Day, the Carolina National Bank will be closed for business. All paper maturing on that day will be payable on Thursday next. C. J. BREDELL, Cashier.

Capital Building & Loan Association. THE regular monthly meeting of the Stockholders of this Association will be held at theibernian Hall, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7 o'clock. Dues received and money loaned as usual. W. R. CATHART, Secretary and Treasurer.

Look After Your Stomach. THE most Medicated Confection in the World is at Heinich's, Chocolate for luncheon, Chocolate for table, Walnut Nougat, Pistache Paste, Cocoa, Caramel, Cream Chocolate, Althea and Mallow Drops, Soluble Gum Drops, Cough Confections, Ginger Drops, Euc. Mint Drops, Euc. Extract Vanilla, Euc. Extract Lemon, for sale at HEINICH'S Drug store. Dec 21.

The Egg Question. ALTHOUGH C. HAMBERG'S store is not so large, yet he can undersell any man in the town, when EGGS come into question. Barty Solomon advertises them at thirty-five cents per dozen—Mr. Hamberg sells three dozen for a dollar, and all fresh. What is the use of buying on Main street, when you can get all goods cheaper at C. HAMBERG'S. Dec 21. Near Charlotte Depot.

Acacia Lodge, No. 94, A. F. M. AN extra Communication of this Lodge will be held at Masonic Hall, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7 o'clock, for the installation of officers. By order of the W. M. A. CRAWFORD, Jr., Dec 21. Secretary.

Eutaw Encampment, No. 2, I. O. O. F. THE regular meeting of this Encampment will be held at Masonic Hall, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7 o'clock. Members are requested to be punctual in attendance. By order of the C. P. Dec 21. H. N. EMLYN, Scribe pro tem.

Apples! Apples! Apples! 200 BLS. selected Northern AP- PLES, consisting of Baldwin, Spitzenberg, Greening, North Spy, Spitzenberger, and landing this day and for sale at very low prices by C. J. LAUREY, Dec 19 6. Opposite FRENCH Offices.

Auction Sales.

Apply to Mr. C. J. LAUREY, THIS DAY, 224 South Main, before my store, opposite FRENCH OFFICE, at 10 o'clock, 67 bbls. APPLES in the order, 25 boxes Candy Toys, 2,000 Cabbages, 1,000 lbs. Bacon Sides and shoulds. Attractive Sale of Household & Kitchen Furniture.

BY H. & S. BEARD, Auctioneers. THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, 22d inst. 10 o'clock, in front of our Auction Room will sell, A general variety of good well furnished FURNITURE, consisting of Parlor & Cottage Bed-room Set, Bedsteads, Washstands, Extension Tables, Sideboard, Feather Pillows, Mattresses, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Crockery, &c. ALSO, A very superior new single BUGGY. Dec 22.

SHOES!

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES! LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S fine SHOES, far below regular prices. Now is the time to buy good goods at low prices, at old stand of R. C. SHIVER & CO. Dec 22.

GOODS

FOR THE HOLIDAYS. THE largest and best stock of FRENCH CHINA, BOHEMIAN and Bague GLASS, FINE MARBLE GOODS, JAPANESE and CHINA WARE, SILVER, SILVER-PLATED WARE, &c. To be found in any store South of Baltimore. Selected by the proprietor from the latest importation. ALSO, White Band and Decorated French China, and Superior White Iron-Stone Ware, manufactured expressly for the subscriber's retail trade. Dec 22. WM. B. STANLEY.

HO!

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!! If you want to make a desirable CHRISTMAS GIFT, GIVE something substantial: An elegant Beaver OVERCOAT. A nice SCARF or TIE. A pair of Reynier Dog Skin GLOVES. A pair of Jouven's KIDS. A dozen POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS. A dozen fine LINEN COLLARS. A pair SLEEVEBUTTONS. A dozen Nice-Fitting SHIRTS, or A New Style HAT. Our stock has been replenished especially for the holiday season, and will be sold at LOW PRICES. Give us a call and be convinced. A nice stock of Boys' Overcoats and Clothing. From \$7 to \$15. Our Custom Department. Is kept replete with a full assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, which will be made to order at short notice.

CHRISTMAS

NEW YEAR'S GIFT,

LOW PRICES.

Boys' Overcoats and Clothing.

Custom Department.

R. & W. C. SWAFFIELD.

50 Cases Catawba Champagne.

HARDY SOLOMON.

Horses! Horses! Horses!