

Sneers, Idle Sneers.

Since the newly elected Governor has put forth an indictment of the Radical Administration of the affairs of South Carolina in a graphic picture of its deplorable and disgraceful consequences, our Radical neighbor, not wishing the exposure, and not taking kindly to the stern remedies suggested in the message, has brushed up its outrage mill and set it to grinding. The Democrats who have had the misfortune to offend this virtuous journal by the successes they have gained in so many States, come in for an undue share of its choicest calumnies. In search of food for its vengeance, it explores the whole field, from Edgefield, in this State, where there are some of that way of thinking, down to Texas and round by Minnesota, to the little Democratic State of Delaware. It comes with ill-suppressed wrath at the words of commendation which "the Democratic press and the allied organs" have bestowed upon the recommendations of Governor Chamberlain. It is afraid he will be captured. It gives formal notice that the victory of his election is "ours," and no other parties need claim it. It is in a stew of apprehension very amusing to lookers on. It is in a painful state of doubt as to whether it can go the whole length of the reforms urged by the Governor. The fact is, the organ is getting out of tone. It glides into discordant tones almost unceremoniously. It can see no use and no beauty that it should desire it, in a registration law. And other similar reform measures no doubt offend its gorge.

Just now its nerves are disturbed about the whipping-post of Delaware. It looks with forgiving spirit upon the atrocities which are daily committed by the Molly Maguires of the disaffected coal region of Pennsylvania. The *Seranton Free Press* informs us that "murder runs riot and bloodshed is an every-day occurrence, while the shooting of fire-arms is heard upon the streets every night of the year. The authorities frequently awake in the morning to find the body of a man lying in the public streets, cold and stiff, withering in his gore. He had been murdered some time during the previous night, by whom no one save the perpetrators know, and no one intervenes himself to find out. The writer never saw on the borders of civilization a state of society more dangerous to business, to life and the peaceful pursuit of happiness, than the Luzerne and regions. In this community, during the past forty years, 123 murders have been committed, and only three have been hanged. Within four years twenty-four murders have occurred, and no man executed at all." All this violence and turbulence are overlooked, while Democratic Delaware is roundly abused for innocently maintaining a whipping-post for the offenders against its laws.

It is an unseemly institution, we confess, but if we are allowed to judge by its results, it is preferable to the South Carolina penitentiary as administered by Dennis and Moses, and prevents the breed of such characters as flourish in the lawless Pennsylvania coal region. It cannot be denied, as Frank Leslie's newspaper puts it, that the State which whips criminals has the fewest men within her borders who deserve whipping. Persons about to shoot, or to commit brutal assaults, are extremely clear that it would be a mistake of judgment to indulge in those pleasures within the jurisdiction of Delaware. The twin facts that Delaware whips thieves and rousts, and that thefts and assaults are less frequent in that than in any other State, in proportion to its population, cannot easily be refuted by any unprejudiced man. Let Democratic Delaware alone alone. It need not blush for its peculiar institution, or be ashamed to look South Carolina under Radical regimes. It is the fact. It has something that South Carolina has sadly needed for these many years—a specific remedy against stealing. Suppose we had it in vigorous operation here for the last half dozen years, think you that ten or twelve millions of dollars would have been stolen, that the thieves would have dwelt in fine houses, and sported blooded horses, diamonds and gold watches, and called themselves reformers? If to the legislative reforms recommended by the Governor, we could get a good, healthy, strong whipping-post added for the benefit of hundreds of rascals who go unwhipped of justice, we might perhaps by-and-by attain to something like the order, quiet and honesty which prevail

in the much abused little State of Delaware, Democratic though it be.

Rev. Robert Newmann, who has visited this State several times in the interest of immigrants, and has settled some good ones in comfortable places in Newberry and other Counties, has just been virtually dismissed by a newly appointed committee of his church (the Lutheran) from his position as missionary to emigrants at Castle Garden, New York. The circumstances of this transaction will illustrate to our people the spirit and determination which they have to contend against. The railroads have been in the habit of paying premiums for all emigrants shipped West. In August last, they united to discontinue it in name. But since then they really pay the same commissions as before, but do it secretly. Mr. Newmann, not liking this way of doing business, refused to come into the arrangement. The committee also ordered him to do certain other things, which he declined to do. They directed him to send those who wanted board to the German Emigrant Mission House, which he also declined to do. He has been discharged. We see that a strong influence is exerted to give a particular direction to emigrants. The system works directly against the Southern States. If we want emigrants to come to this State, we must meet and overcome these unfriendly and interested efforts to prevent their doing so.

NOR FOR JOE.—The New York papers recommend their idle workmen to "go West," and some of our Southern papers are inviting them to come South. The Western papers decline to take them on any terms, because that market is crowded with the same troublesome customers. God knows we do not want them in the South, while many of our own people are out of places.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.—A SHORT POSTPONEMENT OF THE FIFTH GIFT CONCERT.—As manager of the gift concert, given in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky, my position creates an important trust in behalf of the Public Library and the ticket-holders of the fifth gift concert. The Public Library of Kentucky and the ticket-holders are jointly interested in the amount of the drawing. The larger the fund to be distributed in gifts the greater will be the gift awarded to each lucky ticket-holder and the more the amount realized by the Library. To have a full drawing is so manifestly to the interest of those interested, that, rather than have a fractional drawing on the 30th instant, I deem it due to the trust confided to me by the ticket-holders and the Public Library of Kentucky, that a short postponement be made to enable me to dispose of the unsold tickets and have a full drawing. Though the very large amount now in bank would enable us to distribute handsome gifts, yet we should feel disappointed in this our last concert, should we be compelled to make a fractional drawing, however large. We have received so very large a number of letters from all parts of the country from those most largely interested, urging a postponement if all the tickets be not sold by the 30th, that we feel strengthened in our sense of duty to the ticket-holders and the Public Library, to make the postponement. Under the circumstances, we have determined, in the interest of all parties, to postpone the concert and drawing to Saturday, February 27, 1875, at which time the drawing will positively take place, and, as a guarantee of good faith toward ticket-holders, we pledge ourselves to refund to any ticket-holder his money, upon presentation of his ticket, should the drawing fail to come off at the day now fixed. The past, we feel assured, will be sufficient guarantee to all interested that they will be fairly and honestly dealt with. The money paid for tickets is sacredly preserved against all contingencies until after the payment of the gifts, after which the expenses are to be reimbursed and the Public Library is to be paid its profits.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager. NOVEMBER 29, 1874.

INSIDE LIFE IN PENNSYLVANIA.—That was a weird story told by our correspondent in *Seranton* and printed in yesterday's *Herald*. It is hard to realize that such things should be in a Christian land. Yet this is in Pennsylvania, the land of protection, and in the very country where iron masters and coal masters clamor for protection and obtain it as an encouragement to American industry. If this is the result of protection, if mine owners are to roll in wealth while the miserable laborer and his family starve, then all the rhetoric about the rights of industry is simply irony.

[New York Herald]

An illustration of the propagation of error: On the coast of Normandy a ship of the Spanish Armada, named the *Salvador*, went to pieces on a rock, and the people thereafter named the rock the *Salvador*. It was proposed to give the department the same name, but the name sent from Normandy to Paris was badly written and was misread *Calondos*, and that name was given by law.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SAUNDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1874. SENATE.

The Senate met at 12 M. The House returned, with concurrence, concurrent resolution relative to committee appointed to ascertain what bonds of the State were pledged by the Financial Agent as collateral security; also sent to the Senate concurrent resolution that the clerks of the two Houses transmit a request to the State officers to furnish their annual reports at an early date. Agreed to.

Mr. Hyne introduced bill to make appropriation for payment of Commissioners, Managers and Clerks of the general election held 3d day of November, 1874.

Mr. Cochran presented petition of sundry citizens of Anderson, praying permission be granted Mr. Henry N. White to erect a gate across a public road known as Shallowford, and a bill to same effect; also presented annual report of County Commissioners of Anderson for fiscal year ending September 1.

Mr. Jervey presented petition of John A. Bowie, of Charleston, praying to be allowed to redeem a lot and store, corner of Hazel and Meeting streets, from forfeiture for non-payment of taxes in 1871.

Mr. Hope introduced a resolution, which was agreed to, that the delegation of each County be requested to furnish a list of the number and names of the precincts where polls are to be held in the general elections, to be placed in "the bill to regulate by law the voting precincts in the several Counties of the State."

The report of the Committee on Judiciary on joint resolution to ratify the amendment to the Constitution, relative to increase of the debt of Counties, cities and towns, was laid on the table.

After consideration of general orders, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

House met at 10 55 A. M.

Mr. Brayton introduced a joint resolution to provide for payment of claim of L. J. Noah, for services as clerk in Executive office.

Mr. Vandiver presented report of County Commissioners of Anderson. Mr. S. Greene—Bill to amend an Act entitled "An Act to regulate number and pay of officers, attachés, clerks and laborers of General Assembly, and provide for manner of electing, appointing and paying same."

Mr. Bamfield introduced a resolution, which was adopted, that the Secretary of State be requested to report to this House forthwith the names and residences of all engraving or enrolling clerks appointed by him pursuant to an Act entitled "An Act to regulate number and pay of officers, attachés, clerks and laborers of the General Assembly, and to provide the manner of electing, appointing and paying same."

Mr. Coit—Bill to amend Section 61 of an Act entitled "An Act to reduce all Acts and parts of Acts providing for the assessment and taxation of property into one Act, and to amend same."

Mr. Willis introduced a resolution, which was ordered to lie over for future consideration, that owing to the great number of bills presented, that on and after Monday next the House hold night sessions, commencing at 7 P. M., and adjourning at pleasure.

Mr. Thomas—Bill to establish a new judicial and election County from a portion of the Counties of Colleton and Charleston, to be known as Dorchester.

Mr. Barker—Bill to authorize the County Commissioners of Edgefield to post and number the roads.

Mr. Duncan—Bill to provide for the appointment of a Public Weigher in the town of Orangeburg.

Mr. Morgan—Bill to make owners of steamboats responsible for loss of, or damage to, merchandise landed on the Sabbath.

Mr. P. E. Jones—Bill to amend Section 8, Chapter XXXIX, Title X, Part I, of the Revised Statutes, relating to School Trustees.

Mr. Curtis—Bill to amend an Act entitled "An Act concerning school funds."

Mr. Johnston—Bill to regulate appointment and salary of Trial Justices in and for the County of Sumter.

Mr. Hayne—Bill to require vagrant peddlers to be licensed in every County wherein they may be licensed.

Mr. Peterson—Bills to amend an Act entitled "An Act requiring a bond from County Commissioners before entering upon the duties of their office," to amend Section 33 of an Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act to establish and maintain a system of free common schools," joint resolution to allow the heirs of James S. and Langdon Bowie to redeem a store and lot in city of Charleston, forfeited for non-payment of taxes; bill to incorporate Charleston and Georgetown Railroad and Transportation Company.

Mr. Leslie—Bill authorizing and directing the County Commissioners of the several Counties of this State to make specific appropriations of the money collected for County purposes.

Resolution from Senate to furnish lists of polling precincts in several Counties to the Chairmen of the Committee on the Judiciary of the two Houses, was concurred in.

The enacting clause of a bill to set apart one mill of the special tax of three mills levied for Abbeville County, under an Act of General Assembly, approved March 14, 1874, was stricken out.

General orders were considered until adjournment.

Mr. John Price, of Pickens, and Mr. Ephraim Perry, of Oconee, old and respected citizens, died last week.

FAITH WELL FOUNDED.—In old times, at the commencement of every season, it was the fashion to take a strong cathartic as a safeguard against a change of temperature. It was a worse than senseless practice. The people of our day understand the matter better. Instead of depleting the system, they reinforce it. In the method they adopt, they exhibit a wise discrimination. Instead of resorting to the vitiated stimulants of commerce, or any of the compounds derived from them, they put their faith in the only absolutely pure invigorant procurable in the market—Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Their faith is well founded. Never has any tonic medicine been prepared with such scrupulous precision and conscientious care. It is a vegetable compound of which every ingredient is sound, wholesome, and medicinal in the true sense of the word. Now, we have three prominent national complaints. One-half of the adult population of the United States suffer, more or less, either from diseases of the stomach, derangements of the liver, or affections of the kidneys. In no other land under heaven are these maladies so general as in this country, and Hostetter's Bitters is a specific for them all, unless organic in their origin, and, therefore, beyond cure. And let those who are fortunate enough to be exempt from them at present, understand one great fact, viz: that an occasional use of this vitalizing tonic will certainly prevent them as the sun will prevent the earth from freezing where its genial beams descend. The Bitters is a genial and excellent tonic, a moderate alterative, and just enough of an aperient to regulate, without convulsing, the bowels. It is, therefore, a specific peculiarly adapted to the present season. D6½1

People will get married, and most of us do not have but one chance, so do it up in style. Moreover, it is a poor compliment to your friends to invite them to your wedding with a shabby invitation. The invitation is your bow; it introduces the life of the new couple, and should be in the best style. Walker, Evans & Cogswell, Charleston, S. C., have all the finest styles of paper, cards, &c., and execute the work in the highest style of the art. Send to them for samples and prices. N 29j

A candidate who wasn't elected in Minnesota, is said to have received the election returns according to the following classification: Defeated; perhaps; devastated; demoralized; decimated; defuncted; sold; beaten; bruised; mauled; mashed; murdered; slain; in short—scorped! At the date of the latest report, he was getting no better very fast.

It is so difficult to break up established modes of action and turn channels of one's activities in new directions, that it is not surprising that the mature in life, who have suffered from not being started right in the first place, should lay, as they are inclined to do, great stress on the importance of making all things a good beginning.

A QUEER CONVENTION.—A convention of coffin-makers was held in Cincinnati last week. One would suppose that it would have been a gloomy gathering, but it was not. Coffin-makers are by no means very solemn people. Many of them are wonderfully cheerful, except when the season is dull.

An Augusta hen-pecked husband closed his testimony in his action for divorce from his wife as follows: "I don't want to say anything agin the woman, judge, but I wish you could live with her a while, you'd think I had told the truth." The earnest sincerity of this appeal won for the poor man the decree he desired.

A pair of socks was exhibited at the last fair, in Fayetteville, N. C., made by a lady seventy-two years of age. She planted the cotton, cultivated, picked and spun it—and then made the socks. The name of this interesting exhibitor is Mrs. M. Jackson, of Cumberland County.

A Georgia paper says that the combined weight of the entire nine members of Congress just elected in Georgia, will not amount to 1,000 pounds avoirdupois. It adds, however, that "they are the ugliest and smartest set any State will have in Congress."

A La Crosse clergyman has reduced the marriage fee to fifty cents. We know of nothing better calculated to discourage matrimony than this. No woman of taste and refinement would consent to marry a man who is willing to be married to the contemptible extent of fifty cents' worth only.

The Rock Hill physicians have formed a society, and agreed to demand cash in thirty days, with ten per cent. discount, and no further attendance, unless the account be paid in a year; and that a black list shall be kept, &c.

It is no longer a mystery as to what becomes of the old hats. A trader who recently visited the Nicobar Islands discovered that the chief commercial import was old hats brought from every portion of the world, to exchange for the native tropical fruits.

When one of his constituents found fault with Henry Clay, that astute parliamentarian asked him what he usually did when his gun flashed; meaning that if he should conclude to pick his flint and try him again, he might do better next time.

An adroit thief who abstracted an ostentatiously displayed check for \$1,000 from the gifts at a Chicago wedding, the other day, only to find that the old man's balance in the bank was \$4.60, thinks there is no chance for honest industry in that city.

CITY MATTERS.—Subscribes for the Phoenix—don't borrow.

Reading matter on every page. Weather chilly, yesterday, with indications of snow.

"Inflating the truth" is the latest euphemism for lying. The new bonnet is a great improvement on the airy nothingness indulged in during last summer.

Two deaths in Columbia for the week ending the 5th—white 1; colored 1.

No child over two years of age is so dull that it doesn't know Christmas is coming.

Gen. Samuel McGowan and Col. J. S. Cochran, of Abbeville, are at the Columbia Hotel.

Some men have a Sunday soul, which they screw on in due time and take off again every Monday morning. The ladies always think of Cupid with a bow and sometimes they are all of a quiver when they refer to him.

Transient advertisements and notices must be paid for in advance. This rule will be adhered to hereafter.

"Cheap and hungry dances" are a new institution. There are no refreshments, and the fun stops at twelve o'clock.

Edward Carswell, Esq., the celebrated temperance lecturer, delivers an address in Irwin's Hall, on Wednesday evening next.

Old type metal, at 25 cents a pound, can be obtained at the PHOENIX office, for small quantities; 20 cents by the 100 pounds—delivered at the depot.

It is a bad habit to spit in the vestibule or upon the steps or aisles of a church. It is filthy and an offence to good breeding.

Job printing of every kind, from a miniature visiting card to a four-sheet poster, turned out, at short notice, from PHOENIX office. Try us.

The 1st of January is almost here, and it is now about time for every fellow to begin to draw up good resolutions.

The new postal card to be issued will be nearly white, printed with black ink; have a narrower border, and generally much neater in appearance than the one now in use.

Our telegraphic columns contain all the news of the day—murders, casualties, break-ups, market reports, etc. Who can afford to do without a daily paper?

Judge Cooks having retired, the contest for the Judgeship of the First District is now between J. P. Reed, Esq., of Anderson, and Mr. Baker, of Darlington. Mr. Reed is a skilled lawyer.

In these bright days of sunshine, the young female face, canopied in the new bonnet, has an air of abandon which must prove provocative of matrimony. The general air of the bonnet seems to possess a beckoning appearance.

Dr. Deboit, the chiroprapist, is still at the Hendrix House, and will remain until Wednesday next. Those who have been relieved of those horrible toe tormentors—corns, bunions and penetrating nails—will shed a tear over his departure.

A native of Erin's Green Isle, who has been planting in the neighborhood of Col. Tom Taylor's, with one male, obtained, during the past year, 26 bales cotton, 280 bushels corn, 200 bushels potatoes, besides other track. We want two or three regiments more of just such emigrants.

Three of the most notorious bank robbers in the country are said to be now in Charleston. The Chief of Police promises to keep an eye to these rascals, and suggests that the banks be watchful. Chief Nixon, of this city, should be on the look-out, as these birds may take a sudden flight in this direction. Business in the thieving line appears to be dull at the North at present, and the members of the fraternity are flocking South.

Mr. C. Frasher Howard, the lightning calculator, gives free open air lectures every evening. His system of calculating is simple and novel—the great wonder being that it was not sooner discovered or introduced. In Charleston and other cities he had large classes, to whom he imparted instruction. The rules are so plain, that children of eight and ten years readily comprehend. His "California Calculator" is a useful work to merchants and others using figures.

UNITED STATES COURT, COLUMBIA, December 5.—Court opened this morning, at 10 o'clock—Judges Hugh L. Bond, of the Circuit Court, and George S. Bryan, of the District Court, presiding.

There being no business, Court adjourned until Monday, December 7, at 10 A. M. On Tuesday, the case of Mattison, charged with the murder of Davis, in Anderson County, will be tried.

The City Council of Columbia will convene on Tuesday evening to consider the request of the public meeting, held last Monday, as represented by the Committee of Twenty. The committee is instructed to examine and report upon the accounts and proceedings generally of the city governors for the last ten years. The origin of the present embarrassments may, no doubt, be traced back to previous administrations. The contract for applying the city with water, for building the City Hall, the ready admission of doubtful claims, the loose method of keeping the accounts, the increase in the number and pay of the city employees, the large number of paupers supported at the public expense—these are a few of the evils which lie at the foundation of the trouble. We trust that we shall have a full expose, and that the Council will afford the committee every facility and assistance necessary to a thorough understanding of the matters which they are charged to investigate. The community will not be satisfied until everything is laid bare.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES TO-DAY.—Presbyterian Church—Rev. J. H. Bryson, pastor—11 A. M. and 7½ P. M.

Trinity Church—Rev. P. J. Shand, Rector; Rev. J. H. Stringfellow, assistant—11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

St. Peter's Catholic Church—Rev. J. L. Fullerton, first Mass 7 A. M.; second Mass 10½ A. M.; Vespers 4½ P. M. Baptist—Rev. S. B. Jones, D. D., 11 A. M., and Rev. Nicholas M. Long 7½ P. M. Sabbath school 3 P. M.

Second Baptist Congregation—Rev. J. L. Reynolds, D. D., 11 A. M. Lutheran—Rev. Mr. Bedenbaugh, 10½ A. M.

Washington Street Methodist—Rev. O. A. Darby, 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday school, 9½ A. M. Young Men's Prayer Meeting, 3½ P. M.

Marion Street Methodist—Rev. W. D. Kirkland, pastor, 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday school, 9½ A. M.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.—Northern mail opens 6.30 A. M., 3 P. M.; closes 11 A. M., 6 P. M. Charleston opens 8 A. M., 5.30 P. M.; closes 8 A. M., 6 P. M. Western opens 6 A. M., 1 P. M.; closes 6, 1.30 P. M. Greenville opens 6.45 P. M.; closes 6 A. M. Wilmington opens 4 P. M.; closes 10.30 A. M. On Sunday open from 2.30 to 3.30 P. M.

LIST OF NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Perry & Slawson—Oigars. C. Frasher Howard—Free Lectures. E. Carswell, Esq.—Lecturer. Meeting Columbia B. & L. Ass'n. Meeting Knights of Pythias. John E. Gyles—Holiday Goods. Meeting Palmetto Steam F. E. Co.

HOTEL ARRIVALS, DECEMBER 5.—Hendrix House—Dr. J. W. Deboit, M. W. Stetwell, Philadelphia; C. J. Stone-well, New York; J. D. Johnson, Miss; W. H. Bart, Baltimore; B. B. Barren, North Carolina; G. W. Redford, Wadesboro, N. C.; W. M. Eaborns, Montgomery, Ala.; H. Brandes, Y. H. Moffitt, Charleston, S. C.; A. H. Powell, Fairfield, S. C.; M. Reese, Baltimore, Md.; M. Hall, Philadelphia.

Mansion House—A Summerfield, Baltimore; Paul Villpigne, Camden; John B. Moore, R. F. Shiver, L. E. Campbell, J. A. Hoyt, Anderson.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, FOR THE CURE OF CONSUMPTION, COUGHS AND COLDS.—The great virtue of this medicine is, that it ripens the matter and throws it out of the system, purifies the blood, and thus effects a cure.

SCHENCK'S SEA WEED TONIC, FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, &c.—The Tonic produces a healthy action of the stomach, creating an appetite, forming chyle and curing the most obstinate cases of indigestion.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, FOR THE CURE OF LIVER COMPLAINT, &c.—These pills are alterative, and produce a healthy action of the liver, without the least danger, as they are free from calomel, and yet more efficacious in restoring a healthy action of the liver.

These remedies are a certain cure for Consumption, as the Pulmonic Syrup ripens the matter and purifies the blood. The Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, create a healthy bile and remove all diseases of the liver, often a cause of Consumption. The Sea Weed Tonic gives tone and strength to the stomach, makes a good digestion and enables the organ to form good blood; and thus creates a healthy circulation of healthy blood. The combined action of these medicines, as thus explained, will cure every case of Consumption, if taken in time, and the use of the medicines persevered in.

Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, corner Sixth and Arch Streets, Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. Nov8½13

The novelty of Charleston, S. C., for the next few weeks is the great reduction in our prices of all kinds of Dry Goods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, etc., at the popular house of Fareholt & Co., who, it is known, keep the largest and best selected stock of above-named goods at the lowest possible prices. Country orders entrusted to them are filled with the greatest care and dispatch. If goods are not satisfactory, money will be returned. Samples sent on application. Remit per Express or Post Office Order, or goods will be sent C. O. D. All retail orders over \$10 will be sent free of charge. N 39f