

Telegraphic-Commercial Reports.

PARIS, November 9.—The truth of the Spanish Government announcement that the siege of Iruya had been raised is denied by the Carlists here, who profess to have information that the besiegers are violently cannonading the town to-day. They also state that Don Carlos visited all outposts yesterday. A Republican battalion has landed at Fontarabia, and a decisive action is expected to take place to-morrow.

LONDON, November 10.—Two killed and several hurt in the pressure of the Lord Mayor's festival.

Austria will make a commercial treaty with Roumania, without regard to the Grand Turk's protest.

MADRID, November 10.—The municipal authorities of Seville have offered a reward of \$10,000 for the recovery of Murillo's great painting of St. Anthony which was stolen from the cathedral in that city.

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, November 10.—The hurricane of the 6th instant swept through Portland and St. Ann's, with great severity. Among the vessels damaged was the American brigantine Helen, at St. Ann's Bay.

Telegraphic-American Matters.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—The Home Insurance Company vs. Morse and another. Error in the Supreme Court of Wisconsin. In this case the Home Insurance Company, of New York, complied in writing with the statute of Wisconsin, by which, among other things, it agreed not to remove any case commenced against it in State Courts to the Federal Courts, but upon the commencement of the present case it nevertheless moved for the transfer to the Federal Court. The Court below regarded the statute and the agreement as ground for the denial of the motion. This Court reverses the judgment based upon that theory, and hold that neither a private citizen nor a corporate body may barter away substantial rights, and that the company was entitled to removal, notwithstanding the State law and the contract. Mr. Justice Hunt delivered the opinion. Mr. Chief Justice White delivered a dissenting opinion, in which Mr. Justice Davis concurred, holding that a State had power to enact such a law placing foreign and local business and corporation in the same position as to State authority and to make all doing business in the State amenable to the same tribunals.

Pollard vs. Bailey, assignee; in error to the District Court for the Middle District of Alabama. In this case the court below allowed a recovery against a stockholder of an insolvent bank without reference to the question of proportion. The judgment is here reversed—the court holding that each stockholder is liable only to pay a sum which shall bear the same proportion to the whole indebtedness that his stock bears to the whole capital. The Chief Justice delivered the opinion.

In the case of Spratt vs. the United States, the Supreme Court, to-day, affirmed a judgment of the Court of Claims, holding that the claimant, a Confederate citizen, gains no title to certain cotton by a purchase from an agent of the Confederate States, because those States were without corporate power to take, hold or convey a valid title to any property whatever, and that claimant was chargeable with notice of treasonable intent of sale by the Confederate Government, to wit: To raise money for the purchase of munitions of war. Mr. Justice Miller delivered the opinion. Mr. Justice Field dissented, taking the view that the pardon of the claimant reinstated him in all his civil rights, and gave him the assurance that he should stand in the courts of his country in as good condition as any of his fellow-citizens who had never sinned against the authority of the Government.

Boley vs. Griswold—error to the Supreme Court of Montana. The Chief Justice delivered the opinion in this case, affirming the judgment below, holding that in an action for recovery of personal property, if the Court is satisfied there can be no delivery of property, the judgment may be absolutely for the payment of value, and that such a judgment is equivalent to finding that there can be no delivery.

Lyon vs. Pollard—the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. This was the case involving Mrs. Pollard's rights as superintendent of the St. Cloud Hotel in Washington, and the judgment was in her favor. It is here reversed, the Court finding that there was error in the ruling below in not granting the prayer of defendant there, Pollard. That if a former notice of discontinuance had been withdrawn, the second notice was a renewal of it. Mr. Justice Miller delivered the opinion.

Cairo, November 10.—The Joseph Kinney, from St. Louis for Memphis, snagged and beached on the Kentucky shore.

MONTREAL, November 10.—While special services were being held in the French Parish Church, an alarm of fire occurred, and 300 persons were trampled, some fatally.

MILWAUKEE, November 10.—Returns from remote Counties indicate that Cole, Democrat, beats McDill, Republican, by 100 votes.

New York, November 10.—Ainsworth Y. Zehners, aged twenty-four, was married to Dora Myers, yesterday morning, and spent the afternoon at a place of amusement, after which they repaired to the residence of some old friends. Shortly after their arrival, Zehners stepped into a bedroom and shot himself through the heart. No cause assigned.

Boston, November 10.—The cotton traders of this city will, to-morrow, elect officers of the Cotton Exchange, which has just been formed.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 10.—The grandest demonstration ever known is progressing here to-night. All buildings are illuminated. The procession is immense in length. The entire population, men, women and children, are on the streets and in the public square, to witness the jubilee. 100 guns were fired at sunrise and sunset. Resolutions of congratulation at recent State and national victories, pledging devotion to the Constitution and the Union, and promising equal and exact justice to all, without regard to race or color, were adopted. Speeches were made by Major Williams, Congressman elect from this District, Lieutenant Governor elect Ligon, ex-Gov. Watts, W. L. Bragg, Chairman State Committee, and other distinguished citizens. All counseled harmony and moderation. The whole city is as light as day, and universal joy rules the hour.

NEW ORLEANS, November 10.—The trial of Amos Simms, a successful negro candidate at the late election in Terre Bonne Parish, charged with homicide, in killing one of the party of negroes who assaulted and pursued him, took place yesterday. The Coroner's jury, which was entirely composed of colored men, returned a verdict of justifiable homicide, and Simms was immediately released.

RICHMOND, November 10.—A conference between the Governor, Treasurer of State, and the holders of Virginia bonds, was held at noon, at the State Senate chamber. Previous to the meeting being called to order, several representatives of the city press endeavored to gain admission, but were refused, except W. D. Chesterman, of the Dispatch, who held credentials in the shape of a package of State bonds. Upon entering, he was approached by Governor Kemper, who endeavored to exact a pledge from him not to publish the proceedings, &c. Mr. Chesterman stoutly refused to make any such pledges, claiming the right to be present as a bond-holder. The Governor, finding Mr. C. determined to stand his ground, sent for a policeman to eject him, but failed to carry his determination into effect. The meeting was then organized. A resolution was at once introduced resolving the conference into secret session, and binding the members not to divulge the proceedings without authority. An hour was spent in discussion, when the resolution was adopted. Mr. Chesterman, after explaining his position, and refusing to be bound by the resolution, withdrew.

The conference had a three hours' session, and recessed till 8 o'clock to-night. Reports were submitted by the Governor and Treasurer, and committees appointed to consider the same and report at to-night's session. Hugh McCulloch, late Secretary of the United States Treasury, made a speech, representing the views of the holders of Virginia bonds in England, in the course of which he said that the foreign bond-holders were disposed to be lenient towards the State. Nothing more is known of the Governor's report than that it gave the most awful picture of the pecuniary condition of the State.

Hughes, of the United States District Court, to-day, upon the nomination of Chief Justice Waite, appointed A. W. Chilton, of Alexandria, Register in Bankruptcy for the 8th Congressional District of Virginia.

NEW YORK, November 10.—Adolphus Schaffer, to-day, received \$87,000 judgment against the North and South Railroad of Georgia, for violation of contract.

Probabilities—For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, partly cloudy weather, with South or West winds, and slight changes of temperature East of the Mississippi River, and variable winds, rising barometer, lower temperature in the Western Gulf.

MOBILE, November 10.—Commissioner Gillette rendered his decision to-day in the Wetmore case, saying there was no evidence against the persons, and they are therefore honorably discharged.

PHILADELPHIA, November 10.—Several brokers along Third street were pretty well excited and alarmed to-day, upon learning that they had purchased several thousand dollars worth of bogus city warrants, with very little hope of the money coming back to them. The brokers who have suffered are Bernay & Co., Ackley & Smith, Morris & Smith, and J. E. Ridgway. The way it was played showed beyond doubt that the swindlers were skilled operators, and had weighed the matter well before entering into it. The warrants counterfeited were those of school teachers and policemen, coming from the office of the Board of Education and the Mayor. The former are printed on yellow sheets, about square, in black letters, etc., while the latter are on white paper, printed upon with bronze ink. The counterfeiters are so well executed that, taking one up and examining it, the forgery could not be detected. The extent of the swindle is about \$10,000.

Telegraphic-Commercial Reports.

COLUMBIA, November 10.—Sales of cotton to-day 141 bales—middling 13 3/4 @ 13 1/2. Market firm.

LONDON, November 10.—Consols 93 1/4 @ 93 3/4. Eries 26 1/2 @ 26 3/4.

LIVERPOOL, November 10.—3 P. M. Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales 12,000, including 2,000 for speculation and export; sales on basis middling uplands, nothing below good ordinary, shipped December and January, 7 11-16; sales on basis middling uplands, nothing below low middling, shipped November or December, 7 5/8; sales on basis middling Orleans, nothing below low middling, shipped December or January, 7 1/4.

6 P. M.—Cotton—sales on basis of middling uplands, nothing below low middling, deliverable January and

February, 7 5/8. Yarns and fabrics at Manchester quiet and unchanged. New York, November 10.—Cotton weak and irregular; sales 770—uplands 14 3/4; Orleans 15. Futures easier: November 14 1/2, 14 17-32; December 14 1/2, 14 21-32; January 14 1/2, 14 29-32; February 15 7-32, 15 1/2; March 15 1/2, 15 9-16; April 15 1/2, 15 13-16. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and a shade firmer. Corn 1c better. Pork firm—19 75. Lard firm—steam 14 1/2. Freight firm. Stocks active and strong. Money 2 1/2. Gold 10 1/4. Exchange—long 4 85 1/2; short 4 89. Governments active. State bonds strong.

7 P. M.—Cotton—net receipts 1,565; gross 4,213. Futures closed firm; sales 17,800: November 14 17-32, 14 9-16; December 14 3/4; January 14 29-32, 14 15-16; February 15 1/4, 15 9-32; March 15 17-32, 15 9-16; April 15 13-16; May 16 3-32, 16 1/4; June 16 5-16. Cotton unchanged; sales 1,335, at 14 1/2 @ 15. Southern flour in fair request, without much change in price. Coffee nominal. Sugar dull, heavy and 1/2c lower—8 1/2 @ 8 3/4 for fair to good refining; 8 1/2 for prime; refined dull and lower—10 @ 10 1/2 for crushed and powdered; 10 3/4 @ 10 1/2 for granulated. Molasses—foreign grades dull; New Orleans quiet, at 77 @ 78. Rice dull and unchanged. Pork quiet—Western mess, job lots, 19 75 @ 20 00. Beef quiet. Lard active and firmer—prime steam 14 1/2 @ 15. Whiskey firmer, at 1 00 @ 1 01. Money more active and in sharp demand, at 3 1/2 @ 4. Exchange firm, at 4 85 1/2. Gold 10 1/4. Governments active and strong. State bonds quiet and advanced.

St. Louis, November 10.—Flour quiet, weak and lower to sell; little doing. Corn dull and lower—new No. 2 mixed 67 @ 70. Whiskey steady, at 99. Pork quiet, at 19 25 @ 19 50. Bacon firmer; only order trade. Lard higher—steam 13.

CINCINNATI, November 10.—Flour quiet and steady. Corn firm—ear 62 @ 63; shelled 61 @ 65. Lard scarce and opened strong, at 13 @ 13 1/4, closing easier. Bacon very scarce—shoulders 8 1/4; clear sides 14. Whiskey firm, at 96.

LOUISVILLE, November 10.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn—mixed 70; white 80. Pork quiet and unchanged. Sugar-cured hams 11 @ 12. Bacon, none here. Lard 13 1/2 @ 14 1/2. Whiskey 96.

BALTIMORE, November 10.—Flour dull and heavy. Wheat dull for Western; firm for Southern. Corn firm and active for Southern; mixed dull and nominal. Provisions strong. Shoulders 8 1/4. Coffee nominal and quiet. Whiskey firm. Sugar unchanged. Cotton dull and nominal—middling 14 3/4; net receipts 2 1/2; gross 2,306; exports coastwise 105; sales 1,030; stock 13,330.

NORFOLK, November 10.—Cotton dull—middling 13 3/4; net receipts 13,191; exports coastwise 3,325; sales 1,600; stock 28,782.

NEW ORLEANS, November 10.—Cotton quiet and unchanged—middling 14 1/2; net receipts 10,630; gross 12,571; sales 5,000; stock 99,715.

SAVANNAH, November 10.—Cotton quiet—middling 13 3/4; low middling 13 1/2; good ordinary 14 3/4; net receipts 4,126; gross 4,126; exports to Great Britain 4,901; continent 3 9-2; sales 1,822; stock 89,252.

GALVESTON, November 10.—Cotton firm, with active demand—middling 14 1/2; net receipts 2,547; gross 2,642; sales 2,748; stock 47,924.

WILMINGTON, November 10.—Cotton unchanged—middling 13 1/2; low middling 13 1/4; good ordinary 13 3/4; net receipts 1,674; exports to Great Britain 710; coastwise 53; stock 4,532.

CHARLESTON, November 10.—Cotton quiet—middling 13 1/2 @ 15 1-16; net receipts 2,203; gross 2,395; exports to Great Britain 2,020; France 2,563; coastwise 500; sales 1,000; stock 47,647.

MOBILE, November 10.—Cotton quiet—middling 14; net receipts 2,355; exports coastwise 1,741; sales 1,200; stock 26,523.

MEMPHIS, November 10.—Cotton quiet, weak and unchanged—middling 13 3/4 @ 14; net receipts 2,604; shipments 1,275; sales 1,000; stock 30,769.

AUGUSTA, November 10.—Cotton weak—middling 13 1/2 @ 13 3/4; low middling 13 1/4; good ordinary 12 3/4; net receipts 1,765; sales 1,605.

BOSTON, November 10.—Cotton quiet—middling 13; net receipts 920; gross 2,288; sales 500; stock 6,599.

PHILADELPHIA, November 10.—Cotton quiet—middling 14 1/4; net receipts 28; gross 212.

NEWS FROM CHINA AND JAPAN.—The following is a summary of the news brought by the steamship China, from China and Japan: YOKOHAMA, October 14.—The Chinese question remains unsettled, but the most recent intelligence is peaceful. Japanese war preparations, nevertheless, continue without interruption. Arrangements are perfected for the transportation of 70,000 troops, in case they are needed.

Bodies of citizens from all the provinces are sending petitions to be enrolled in the army or navy. A proclamation promising safety to Chinese residents has just appeared, consequently the anxiety of the Chinese is relieved.

Minister Bingham is again demanding the removal of Americans from the Formosa service. He asserts his right to prevent Mr. Wesson from returning there, but declines to exercise his authority, and insists that the Japanese Government shall restrain him.

Reports of the mortality at Formosa are greatly exaggerated. There is much sickness among the Japanese soldiers, but very few deaths. A party of French astronomers were entertained at the Imperial guest house in Yeddo as the American party had been.

VIEWS OF THE PRESIDENT ON THE ELECTION.—The President, since the results of the elections of Tuesday have become known, has conversed freely with a number of his intimate friends as to the causes which produced such a revolution and unpopular verdict. Some of the views expressed by the President may be given without any violation of confidence. He is of the opinion that the Democrats were as much surprised by the overwhelming successes of their party as were the Republicans, and he sincerely regrets that although he fully expected Republican losses, he was not prepared for the crushing defeat which has come upon the party. He does not for one moment sanction the idea that his policy or his personal acts have contributed in any degree to the party defeat. So far as Louisiana is concerned, he believes he has done his duty to take, but that he twice called the attention of Congress to affairs in that State, and requested that body to indicate its opinion as to the proper course to pursue. Congress failed to express any opinion, and there was no alternative but for him to adhere to the line of action he had initiated.

The President thinks that at the door of a Republican Congress alone may be laid the defeat of the Republican party. He does not lay much stress upon the neglect of Congress at its last session to present a financial measure which would restore confidence and revive declining trade, for in the nature of things this was next to an impossibility. A proper adjustment of finances was not a matter susceptible of party control, as the different sections of country had diverse interests and diverse views, superior to and overpowering all mere party claims and all mere party considerations. The President thinks that the great element of discord in the party was rather the unwise attempt to force upon the American people the impracticable and Utopian theories of Senator Sumner as embodied in the Civil Rights Bill last spring. It was authoritatively stated in these despatches that the President didn't favor the Civil Rights Bill. It can now be said that his views in opposition to it have become much stronger by the recent elections. He is firmly convinced that the Civil Rights Bill had more to do with the defeat of his party than all other causes combined, and he has expressed himself in such a manner as to leave no doubt upon the minds of those with whom he had conversed that if the bill shall be passed at the next session he will interpose his veto.

The President is not despondent. He gives his friends to understand that he is not by any means utterly cast down by the recent elections. He believes that the Republican party has yet before it a glorious future, and that it may retrieve the errors of the past in time to march to the music of triumph in 1876 as significant and as decisive as that of 1872. He believes that the Republican Congress, which comes together in four weeks from this time, can, in the three months of its life which is left to it, so act as to heal all the divisions within the party and to win back the confidence of the people at large. It is not improbable that in his message to Congress in December, the President will set forth some of the views herein given. He has not, so far, in any conversation on elections, indicated that he considered the third term agitation has anything to do with the result. After Cabinet meeting, the elections were discussed. In the course of the conversation, the President expressed himself more on the third term than he has conceded to do heretofore. Without renouncing any such idea on his own part, he said that a careful examination of the returns from the different States showed, conclusively, that the people, in rendering their verdict, were not influenced by wild and senseless cries on this subject which had filled the air for months past. He pointed to what he considered two noticeable instances in proof of his assertion. The South Carolina Republican Convention had emphatically pronounced in favor of a third term, and its candidate for Governor had been triumphantly elected in the face of the enormous odds against him. On the other hand, in the Ohio District, where the Republicans had always had an overwhelming preponderance, Mr. Roberts insisted upon the Congressional Convention which nominated him pronouncing against a third term, and Mr. Roberts was defeated.

FURBOTT, BENEDICT & Co., Charleston, S. C., are offering one of the largest stocks of Dry Goods and CANNERS in the United States. Parties in want of the same will save from 25 to 30 per cent, by ordering from them. They are prepared to send samples on application. All retail orders over \$10 will be sent free of charge to any part of the Southern States. Remit by P. O. Order, Express or Draft drawn to our order, or Goods will be sent C. O. D.

Catholic priests in Chicago are engaged in circulating among the workmen of their congregations pledges not merely to refrain from the use of liquor, but from the temptation also. The pledge binds the signer to avoid going into a saloon or place where liquor is sold, on any pretense.

The prophecy that the comet would bring good vintage to France, has been fulfilled, as is usual, in comet years. The vineyards are said to be in the most flourishing condition, with a large yield and prospective abundance of good wine.

The store and dwelling of Mr. L. A. Burke, at Midway, Barnwell County, was destroyed by fire on Sunday night last.

Official Returns of the Election.

ABBEVILLE.—For Governor—Chamberlain 4,176; Green 2,612—Chamberlain's majority 1,664. For Lieutenant Governor—Gleaves 4,186; Delany 2,224—Gleaves' majority 1,962. For Congress—Hoge 3,815; McGowan 2,855—Hoge's majority 962. L. Cass Carpenter received 4,175 votes for Congress, unexpired term, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of K. B. Elliott. Senator—J. Hollinshead, (reg. Rep.) Representatives—M. Goggins, (fusion), Wm. Holland, H. A. Wideman, L. L. Giffin, Jas. A. Spencer, (regulars).

Horry.—For Governor—Green 1,239; Chamberlain 697—Green's majority 692. For Lieutenant Governor—Delany 1,148; Gleaves 593—Delany's majority 655. For Congress—Lee 1,216; Rainey 587—Lee's majority 629. The entire Conservative County ticket is elected. Representatives—F. I. Sessions, Daniel Lewis.

Kershaw.—For Governor—Chamberlain 1,933; Green 1,264—Chamberlain's majority 719. For Lieutenant Governor—Gleaves 1,986; Delany 1,242—Gleaves' majority 744. For Congress—Wallace 1,837; Kershaw 1,409—Wallace's majority 428. Senator—Frank Carter, (reg. Rep.) Representatives—R. D. Gaither, S. Gary, E. F. George, (reg. Reps.).

LANCASTER.—For Governor—Chamberlain 1,169; Green 1,140—Chamberlain's majority 29. For Lieutenant Governor—Gleaves 1,169; Delany 1,123—Gleaves' majority 46. For Congress—Wallace 1,169; Kershaw 1,147—Wallace's majority 22. Regular Republican County ticket is elected. Senator—E. A. Clinton, colored. Representatives—Allen Hudson, D. C. Wolf.

MALDEN.—For Governor—Green 1,318; Chamberlain 1,841—Chamberlain's majority 523. For Lieutenant Governor—Delany 1,237; Gleaves 1,817—Gleaves' majority 610. For Congress—S. Lee 1,272; Rainey 1,854—Rainey's majority 582. Entire regular Republican ticket elected: Senator, H. J. Maxwell; Representatives, T. C. Weatherly, (Con.), J. C. Allman.

CONOHE.—For Governor—Green 1,238; Chamberlain 532—Green's majority 655. For Lieutenant Governor—Delany 926; Gleaves 481—Delany's majority 445. For Congress—McGowan 1,246; Hoge 547—McGowan's majority 699. Legislature, J. W. Livingston, B. Grant.

UNION.—For Governor—Green 1,994; Chamberlain 1,807—Green's majority 187. For Lieutenant Governor—Delany 1,918; Gleaves 1,784—Delany's majority 134. For Congress—Kershaw 1,990; Wallace 1,793—Kershaw's majority 193. Senator, T. B. Jeter, white, (Con.) Representatives, W. H. Wallace, B. H. Rice, white, (Cons.) and S. P. Farrow, colored, (reg. Rep.)

WHEN THEY TAKE SEATS.—There seems to be an impression among many persons that the members of the next Congress, elected on Tuesday last, will take their seats in December next. This, of course, is an error. The term of the present Congress does not expire until the 4th of March next; consequently, unless an extra session of Congress is called by Grant at the close of the present Congress, the new members chosen on Tuesday will not enter upon their legislative duties until the first Monday in December, 1875.

MARRIED. On the 9th instant, by Rev. J. Fullerton, Mr. JOHN A. CIVIL to Miss JANE HANNON, all of this city. No cards.

Columbia Chapter, No 5, R. A. M. The regular convocation of this Chapter will be held THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, in Masonic Hall, at 9 o'clock, by order of the H. P. J. SULZBACHER, Secretary.

Catawba Tribe, No. 1, Improved Order of Red Men. The regular Council Fire will be kindled at the Wigwag, (Old Fellows' Hall,) 11th Run, 11th Street, Beaver Moon, G. S. D. 283. The consolidation scheme will be considered. By order of the Sachem, RICHARD JONES, Chief of Records.

Notice. The South Carolina Agricultural and Mechanical Society and the Joint Stock Auxiliary Association will meet TONIGHT, at half-past 7 o'clock, in the Court House. A prompt and full attendance is requested, as business of vital importance to both bodies will be transacted. By order, T. W. WOODWARD, President.

D. WYATT ATKIN, Secretary. Nov 11

Indian Squaw Cigar Store. The packing of a flock of geese saved ancient Rome. The smoking of one of the Celebrated 5 Cent Cigars, sold at the Indian Squaw Cigar Store, inspired a representative member of the Columbia Bar to deliver his eloquent address on Women, which elicited so much applause at the recent anniversary of the Hibernian Society. Great care from little avorns grow, but more magnificent results are produced by continuing to purchase your Cigars and Tobaccos at the Indian Squaw Cigar Store. JOHN AGNEW & SON, Proprietors. Nov 11

Greenville and Columbia Railroad. GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE. Columbia, November 11, 1874. TO ALLOW THE OFFICES and employees an opportunity to visit the Fair, 430 of Cigars and Freight Depot at Columbia will be closed after 10 o'clock A. M. on THURSDAY, the 12th instant.

THOS. DODAMEAD, General Superintendent. Nov 11

Thos. Kyall, Boiler Maker. COLUMBIA, S. C.

STEAM BOILER WORK of all descriptions done in the most workman-like manner. Specimens of his work may be seen on the two engines now on exhibition at the Fair Grounds. Nov 10

Auction Sales.

Parvulito Spie. BY D. C. PEIKOTTO & SONS. THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock, we will sell, at our Auction Store, without reserve, Sundry articles of FURNITURE, consisting of Walnut Bedsteads, Chairs, Extension Table, Mahogany Secretary and Book-case, Marble Top Side Table, Sofa, Marble Top Centre Table, Bureau with Glass, Washstands, Dining-room Chairs, Rocking Chairs, Cooking Stoves, Parlor and Office Stoves, Mattresses, Feather Beds, High Fenders, Fire-logs, Sewing Machines, large Window Shades, Doors, &c. ALSO, A large collection of Cutlery, consisting of Knives and Forks—new stock—and many useful articles. Nov 11

INDIAN GIRL CIGAR STORE, COLUMBIA HOTEL BLOCK, AND BRANCH OF INDIAN GIRL CIGAR STORE FAIR GROUNDS.

Be not deceived by "Red Hot" advertisements, for the "Celebrated Five Cent Cigars," and those other brands that have made this establishment famous from New York to New Orleans, can only be bought from the ORIGINAL "INDIAN GIRL."

Greenville and Columbia Railroad. A SPECIAL PASSENGER TRAIN will be run between Newberry and Columbia on THURSDAY, the 12th November. Leave Newberry at 7 30 A. M.; returning, leave Columbia at 5 30 P. M., the same day. THOS. DODAMEAD, General Superintendent. Nov 11

Attraction for the Ladies TO-DAY, AT J. H. KINARD'S.

A LINE of handsome BLACK SILKS. Several Cases Now Style in DRESS GOODS. All the popular brands in SHIRTING and all widths in PILLOW CASING and SHEETING. TABLE DAMASKS, DOYLIES and NAP-KINS. Hosiery in every style and price. THE MILLINERY STOCK is now complete, and cannot fail to attract. All the goods I offer are in exact conformity to the present taste, and will be sold at a very small advance on the cost of importation. J. H. KINARD. Nov 11

FAIR WEEK!

EXTENSIVE preparations have been going on for some time to select and have a Stock of Goods on hand at this time, in order to please and satisfy all who will call at the

J. McKenzie, Main Street. Where full satisfaction is sure to be given. A full and well selected stock of GAMES, suitable for old and young; Building and Letter Blocks, many of them entirely new; a New Acrobat Block, (a great source of amusement in itself.) A very fine assortment of French CONFECTIONS and BON-BONS, &c. CAKES, TARTS, PIES, &c., fresh every day. Home-made JELLIES, of Pure Fruits. PRESERVED, CANNED GOODS, a great variety. BASKETS of all kinds. DOLLS, DOLL HEADS, Bodies, Armes, Legs, Shoes, Stockings, Jewelry, Besides Carriages to ride them in. NUTS, RAISINS, FIGS, GRAPES, ORANGES, &c. OYSTERS, ICE CREAM, &c., &c. Nov 11

Raffle. WILL be raffled at the Wheeler House on THURSDAY NIGHT, the 12th instant, two blooded COLTS, aged respectively eighteen and six months old. Forty chances, five dollars per chance—the highest and lowest numbers to be the winners. Their sire, Child Harold, Jr., dam Nelly, are a Monarch by Argyle, and has taken five premiums at the State Fair. The Colts will be on exhibition on the Fair Grounds. Nov 10

IRWIN'S HALL. Extraordinary Attraction Fair Week

THE QUEEN STAR of the South and the eminent comedian, ROSE AND HARRY WATKINS, And the little Southern Fairy, AMY LEE, Supported by a First Class Dramatic Troupe, IN A SERIES OF GRAND DRAMAS, COMEDIES, FARCES, ETC. W. ANDREW BOYD, Manager. F. MARTHES, Leader of Orchestra. Prices as usual. Seats secured at Moore & Cosby's, under the hall. Nov 8

PARKER'S HALL. Wednesday and Friday Evenings, NOVEMBER 11th AND 13th.

TWO GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERTS BY THE COLUMBIA CHORAL UNION.

"OLD FOLKS" CONCERT, FRIDAY EVENING. TICKETS, \$1.00. Reserved Seats without extra charge at LYBRAND'S MUSIC STORE. Nov 10